2019 ANNUAL REPORT APDES Permit No. AKS-052558

Submitted by: Municipality of Anchorage



Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities



Prepared for: Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

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	Acronyms
AK-CESL	Certified Erosion and Sediment Control Lead
ADEC	Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation
AMC	Anchorage Municipal Code
APDES	Alaska Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
ADOT&PF/DOT&PF	Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities
ARDSA	Anchorage Road and Drainage Service Area
AWC	Anchorages Waterways Council
BMP	Best Management Practice
CBERRRSA	Chugiak Birchwood Eagle River Rural Road Service Area
CGP	Construction General Permit
CO	Certificate of Occupancy
DCM	Design Criteria Manual
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
ESCP	Erosion Sediment Control Plan
FHWA	Federal Highway Administration
GIS	Geographic Information System
GPS	Global Positioning System
HMCP	Hazardous Material Control Plan
HGDB	Hydrogeodatabase
LID	Low Impact Development
M&O	DOT&PF Central Region Division Maintenance and Operation
MASS	Municipality of Anchorage Standard Specifications
MEP	Maximum Extent Practicable
MOA	Municipality of Anchorage
MS4	Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System
MS4GDB	MS4 Geodatabase
NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
O&M	Operations and Maintenance
OGS	Oil and Grit or Oil and Grease Separator
ROW	Municipal Rights of Way
SOP	Standard Operating Procedures

SWPPP	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
SWTPRGM	Storm Water Treatment Plan Review Guidance Manual
WMS	Watershed Management Services

Introduction

The Municipality of Anchorage (MOA) and the state of Alaska, Department of Transportation and Public Facilities (DOT&PF), submit this Report in fulfillment of the annual reporting requirements of Alaska Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (APDES) Permit No. AKS 05255-8, *"Authorization to Discharge Under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System"* (Permit), effective date August 1, 2015. This report satisfies the criteria set forth in Permit Section 4.4 and is organized by program to demonstrate compliance with the *"Storm Water Management Plan"* developed to meet the requirements laid out in Permit Section 2. Documents produced in compliance with this Report are included in associated Appendices A through H.

The permittees responsibilities are both joint and individual; they are laid out in their Inter-jurisdictional Agreement describing their respective roles and responsibilities related to this Permit. Coordination between groups within the permittees organizations are laid out in their Program Coordination Plans.

Responsibilities for certain requirements have been shared with the Anchorage Waterways Council (AWC). The delegated activities are in the areas of Public Education for General Audiences located in Permit Part 3.6, Watershed Planning located in Permit Part 2.7, and program evaluation of Animal Facilities, located in Part 3.3.3.

1. **Program Organization**

1.1 Storm Water Management Plan

The actions and activities of the Anchorage Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) program have been documented in its Storm Water Management Plan (SWMP). The SWMP is intended to reduce the discharge of pollutants from the MS4 into receiving waters to the maximum extent practicable (MEP). The permittees have identified the prescribed best management practices (BMP) including control measures, system design, engineering methods, and other provisions appropriate to the control and minimization of pollutants and addressing the Permit requirements as described in Sections 3 and 4 of the Permit.

The annual reports document the compliance measures taken during the year in fulfillment of the SWMP. Both documents are laid out consistent with Sections 3 and 4 of the Permit. Activities are identified in their appropriate program summaries along with results of information collected, summaries of activities, and appendix references and web-links to associated supporting materials. Also, in each program section are self-assessments of performance and summaries of planned activities for future reporting cycles.

The SWMP was updated in the 2017 annual report. There are no changes for 2019.

Program Effectiveness

The reporting date for the 2019 Annual Report fell in the fifth month of the fifth year of the permit. The Permittees accomplished the work required for submittal with the fifth annual report and are wrapping up the third term of the permit. The activities performed during the second half of the fifth year will be reported in the 2020 annual report.

Each of the monitoring program reports presented with this submittal provides a detailed presentation of results from the current monitoring year. These reports indicate what follow-up actions need to be taken as a result of the program findings.

The Quality Assurance Plan (QAP) was updated in 2018 to reflect changes in key participants. No changes were made to the QAP in 2019.

Pollutant load allocations, in the form of total maximum daily loads (TMDL), are assigned by the state to a number of creeks and lakes in Anchorage based on the State's *Primary Use* designation as drinking water sources. Dry and wet weather screening provide indicators of bacterial impacts from storm water to identified receiving systems. Wet weather bacteria continue to be occasionally high at some outfalls. Field investigations were performed in 2017 and 2018 for high bacteria levels in an outfall (07) into Chester Creek, but investigators didn't find a clear source. In an effort to address the sources of most bacteria, the permittees are continuing to provide public education about pet waste management with the Scoop the Poop message. They are also continuing to participate in efforts to manage waterfowl population impacts.

Street sweeping assessment activities were continued in 2019 to assist with improving sweeping operations. Real-time assessment provided qualitative feedback to help operators adjust practices for development of a visually clean standard.

The operations of the storm sewer system were implemented by primary coordinating groups. Coordination is managed through agreements between Municipal Watershed Management Services (WMS) and each of the participating MS4 operators; these were updated in the nine-month submittal. The M&O operators have provided 2019 MS4 Summaries for their areas of permit compliance. They are provided in Appendix A1.

Program Resources

The permittees have broken their program costs into two functional categories: Operations & Maintenance (O&M) and Program Management/Project Administration. The maintenance costs are summarized from the program breakdowns contained in the MS4 Summaries. The 2019 costs are presented in Table 1.1

	DOT&PF	Municipality	CBERRSA	GRSA	Total
Maintenance & Operations	\$2.6M	\$2.2M	\$0.62M	\$0.38M	\$5.8M
Program Management/ Administration	\$0.40M	1.0M	-	-	\$1.4M
Total	\$3.0M	\$3.2M	\$0.62M	\$.38M	\$7.1M

1: Table 1.1 – 2019 SWMP Program Costs

1.2 Watershed Planning

The permittees evaluated two existing watershed plans in the third annual report. The *Little Campbell Creek Watershed Plan* and the *Chester Creek Watershed Plan* were developed under the guidance of working groups composed of diverse agency interests and supported by staff from Watershed Management Services (WMS), U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and the Anchorage Waterways Council. The report is provided with this report as Appendix A2.

The permittees were also required to complete a scoping document for one individual watershed plan for a permittee-chosen water body prior to the expiration of the permit. The scoping document identified whether activities carried out in the watershed are beneficial in accomplishing site-based low impact development

(LID) practices and recommended future actions to obtain identified goals. The scoping document will be used to determine if a watershed plan will be developed in the next permit cycle. In 2017, Campbell Creek was chosen for the next watershed plan. The culverts were mapped and their condition assessed for fish passage and any needed corrections. Additionally, areas were field checked where bank stabilization was previously performed to address known issues. The scoping document for Campbell Creek was provided in the 2018 annual report.

2 Construction Site Management

2.1 Regulatory Mechanism and Standards

Ordinance and/or Regulatory Mechanism

DOT&PF Projects. The DOT&PF Statewide Design & Engineering Services' (D&ES) mission is to provide technical services to DOT&PF, and other state and federal agencies. They develop, publish, and manage standard construction contract specifications, standard modifications for highways and statewide special provisions for highways and airports, as well as coordinate with and advise others in the development and use of specifications for buildings, marine highways, and harbors. The DOT&PF DES Chief Engineer issues directives informing DOT&PF staff of new specifications, manuals and other standards to administer DOT&PF projects. In 2019, the D&ES Chief Engineer issued one stormwater related directive to the DOT&PF regions; it updated DOT&PF Form 25D-107, SWPPP Delegation of Signature Authority for CGP Documents – DOT&PF. This directive authorizes the DOT&PF regional stormwater specialists to report and sign DOT&PF Form 25D-143, CGP Noncompliance Notification.

DOT&PF regulates stormwater management of their highway, aviation, and public facility construction projects through its Statewide and Regional Standard Specifications:

- Section 641 Erosion, Sediment and Pollution Control for Highway Construction;
- Item P-641 (previously Item P-156) Erosion, Sediment and Pollution Control for Airport Construction
- Section 01 57 10 Erosion, Sediment and Pollution Control for Statewide Public Facilities Construction

DOT&PF updates these standard specifications every two years and they are part of the biennial statewide standard specification re-publication. Regional special specification modifications are developed on a project specific basis. DOT&PF reviews the DOT&PF SWPPP construction forms each year and updates and/or modifies individual forms as necessary.

In 2016, these Specifications were updated in their entirety to remove textual references to the EPA / DOT&PF Consent Decree requirements, and to reflect the regulatory changes introduced by the issuance of the ADEC 2016 Alaska Construction General Permit.

In 2018, Aviation Standard Specification Item P-156 Erosion, Sediment, and Pollution Control reconciled the State of Alaska Aviation Standard Specifications with the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Standard Specifications, and finalized in July of 2018.

In January 2019, Item P-156 Erosion, Sediment, and Pollution Control was re-named Item P-641 Erosion, Sediment, and Pollution Control in order to normalize discussion across design and construction groups. DOT&PF anticipated minor changes to Specification 641, Item P-641, and Specification 01 57 10 during 2019. As mentioned above, DOT&PF modified Form 25D-107 in 2019.

In 2020 and 2021, these specifications will be revised to reflect the regulatory changes brought forth by the reissuance of the ACGP in 2021.

The Standard Specification Section 641, Item P-641 (formally Item P-156), and Section 01 57 10 and the DOT&PF SWPPP construction forms are a construction contract requirement used to document permit compliance. DOT&PF personnel enforce the stormwater specifications on each construction project.

DOT&PF Central Region Construction provides guidance on contract stormwater administration to its project staff through three mechanisms:

- The Alaska Construction Manual, Chapter 3.11 & 9.9
- DOT&PF Chief Engineer's directives
- Having stormwater specialists dedicated solely to stormwater guidance and education

These three mechanisms are required to be used on all DOT&PF highway, aviation, and public facility construction projects; they outline the procedures for implementing and monitoring construction SWPPPs.

Modifications to the Alaska Construction Manual were made in 2017 and obtained the necessary final approvals from federal regulatory agencies on May 1, 2017.

Highway Standard Modification for Section 641 (see Highway 2017 Edition Standard Modifications) and Item P-641 for Airports, Erosion, Sedimentation and Pollution Control link.

http://www.dot.state.ak.us/stwddes/dcsspecs/index.shtml

DOT&PF Construction Forms link:

http://www.dot.state.ak.us/stwddes/dcsconst/pop_constforms.shtml

Alaska Construction Manual link:

http://www.dot.state.ak.us/stwddes/dcsconst/constructionmanual.shtml

DOT&PF Chief Engineer's Directives link:

http://www.dot.alaska.gov/stwddes/dcspubs/directives.shtml

Private Development. The Municipality regulates stormwater management at private construction sites through Anchorage Municipal Code (AMC) Title 21. The Municipal ordinance 2010-81, first adopted in 2010, amended Title 21 to require a permit, entailing plan review and approval, for ground disturbing activities. This ordinance added a new section, AMC 21.67.09, to municipal code. The re-write of Title 21, effective January 1, 2014, carried this permit language forward. It can be found in AMC 21.07.04.E. This code is available at:

https://www.municode.com/library/ak/anchorage/codes/code_of_ordinances?nodeId=TIT21LAUSPLNECO FFJA12014_CH21.07DEDESTNECOFFJA12014_21.07.040DRSTWATRERCOPRDI

Municipal Projects. The Municipality regulates stormwater management during construction of its own (public) projects through Municipality of Anchorage Standard Specifications (MASS), Division 20 (MASS Section 20.02). These standard specifications are contractually enforced. In 2012, MASS Section 20.02 was updated to incorporate requirements of Alaska's Construction General Permit. A link to the MASS is found at http://www.muni.org/Departments/project_management/Pages/MASS.aspx

Construction Storm Water Manual

DOT&PF Projects. Use of the Alaska Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) Guide and other related materials is directed by the DOT&PF Chief Engineer. These materials are available for download on a dedicated Stormwater/Water Quality webpage managed and maintained by the DOT&PF Statewide Design and Engineering Services Statewide Environmental Office.

DOT&PF revised its Alaska SWPPP Guide in December of 2015, and again in March of 2017. Separately, DOT&PF updated and made available for immediate use a revised Appendix B, BMP Guide to reflect emerging technologies and practices for 53 new BMP details and descriptions, and six M&O and Good Housekeeping descriptions. The Alaska Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Guide, 2017 Edition was made an official reference document and authorized for use on March 31, 2017 after receiving approval from the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and FAA. The main body of the Alaska SWPPP Guide was modified to incorporate the changes to the 2016 ACGP.

DOT&PF Statewide Design & Engineering Services Statewide Environmental Office Stormwater/Water Quality Website link:

http://www.dot.state.ak.us/stwddes/desenviron/resources/stormwater.shtml

Alaska SWPPP Guide, 2017 Edition (Body only) link:

http://dot.alaska.gov/stwddes/desenviron/assets/pdf/swppp/english/2017/swppp_guide_2017.pdf

Alaska SWPPP Guide, 2017 Edition (entire guide with appendices) link:

http://dot.alaska.gov/stwddes/desenviron/assets/pdf/swppp/english/2017/swppp_guide_2017_w_apdx.pdf

Private and Municipal Projects. The Municipality has updated its Storm Water Plan Review and Treatment Guidance Manual (SWTPRGM) to reflect the regulatory program based on the Term III APDES permit and the 2016 Alaska Construction General Permit. It is incorporated as Volume 2 of the Anchorage Stormwater Manual recently adopted by the Anchorage Assembly. It is available at <u>www.anchoragestormwater.com</u>

2.2 Plan Review and Approval

DOT&PF Projects. Sometimes, DOT&PF takes two or more projects and combines them into a single Construction Contract. DOT&PF normally files one Notice of Intent (NOI) per Construction Contract unless the projects are disconnected from each other and have vastly different site conditions/SWPPP requirements. DOT&PF will report on the number of active or carry over Construction Contracts or NOIs filed with ADEC. These DOT&PF contracts/NOIs are hereafter known as projects in this report.

During 2019, DOT&PF reviewed and approved SWPPPs for six (6) projects (i.e., Construction Contracts) eligible to discharge construction stormwater under the requirements of the 2016 ACGP within the Municipality of Anchorage MS4 permit area. All six projects filed for and received an NOI. An additional twelve (12) projects were carried over from the 2018 construction season. All 18 projects were contracted and administered by DOT&PF. A list of these 18 projects is provided in Appendix B1.

Here is a list of DOT&PF Construction Contracts/NOIs reported above that have multiple projects:

New DOT&PF 2019 Construction Contracts:

 Project No. CDRER00534 – ANC 2018 Earthquake Damage Repairs FHWY Group 1 North Tug Road Adjacent to Lake Hood Drive, and Project No. CDRER00536 – ANC 2018 Earthquake Damage Repairs FHWY Group 1 Voigt Circle & Aircraft Drive

- Project No. CFHWY00106 Minnesota Drive: Seward to Tudor Pavement Preservation, and Project No. CFHWY00257 – HSIP: Minnesota Drive Weaving Lane – International Airport to Raspberry
- 3. Project No. CFAPT00173 ANC Taxiway F Reconstruction, and Project No. CFAPT00415 – ANC RON 12-14 Lead In Lights

DOT&PF 2018 Carry Over Construction Contracts:

- Project No. Z583770000 -- C Street: 40th Avenue to Minnesota Paving Preservation, and Project No. CFHWY00304 – AMATS: Anchorage Area Wide Trails Rehabilitation II: C Street Pathway
- 2. Project No. Z584640000 -- AMATS: Anchorage Area Trails Rehabilitation: Fish Creek Trail, and Project No. CFHWY00290 -- AMATS: Fish Creek Trail Rehabilitation, Turnagain Blvd to Kona Lane

Since 2011, DOT&PF Central Region (CR) has maintained a renewable term contract with STANTEC, Inc. to perform Quality Assurance (QA) document review for required Specification Section 641, Item P-641, and Specification Section 01 57 10 prior to project certification and field implementation. In 2016, DOT&PF Statewide Public Facilities began using the services provided by STANTEC Inc. QA review is performed by the Water and Wastewater group within STANTEC for all projects requesting the service. On average between 40 and 50 DOT&PF Central Region Construction and Statewide Public Facilities projects with an NOI take advantage of this service.

Before projects apply for an NOI, STANTEC reviews the initial SWPPP and provides comments for the project to incorporate, taking into account all pertinent environmental permits. During construction, STANTEC reviews the project-site inspection reports prior to certification, including all other documentation generated by the inspection, and provides comments to edit and correct documentation with the intent of preventing any permit non-compliance caused by paperwork errors. DOT&PF Central Region Construction and Statewide Public Facilities will continue using this QA contract for the foreseeable future and has no plans to terminate the service.

The DOT&PF Pre-Construction Manual requires Erosion and Sediment Control Plans (ESCP) to be developed for each project owned, designed or administered by the DOT&PF. The DOT&PF assigns design and environmental staff, the Central Region Hydrologist and an DOT&PF Central Region Stormwater Specialist to review the ESCP.

The review process for highway projects is:

- The ESCP writer creates a project–specific ESCP at the Pre-PS&E phase
- Individuals submit their written comments to the Design Project Manager or give the ESCP writer red-lined edits of the ESCP
- The ESCP writer can discuss comments or the red-lined edits with the individual who wrote the comments. DOT&PF enters a response to all comments
- The Design Project Manager checks and verifies the ESCP review comments are incorporated at the time bid documents receive FHWA project certification. FHWA requires DOT&PF certification stating that the PS&E is complete and has been developed in accordance with applicable design standards and the Title 23 USC responsibilities assumed by DOT&PF in the Stewardship and Oversight Agreement dated December 21, 2012.
- The Design Project Manager files the ESCP comments after certification

The review process for aviation projects is:

- The ESCP writer creates a project–specific ESCP at the Plans-in-Hand phase
- Individuals enter their review comments into the Design Review Comment web page or give the ESCP writer red-lined edits of the ESCP
- ESCP writer can discuss comments or the red-lined edits with the individual who wrote the comments. DOT&PF enters all comment responses in the comment web page
- Individuals review the Revised ESCP at the Pre-PS&E phase
- Individuals review the Pre-PS&E ESCP and follow the same process as the Plans-in-Hand ESCP
- The DOT&PF Design Project Manager checks and verifies the ESCP review comments are incorporated at the time bid documents receive FAA project certification. The FAA requires DOT&PF Certifications stating that they will comply/have complied with statutory and FAA-imposed administrative requirements.
- The Design Project Manager files the ESCP comments after certification

In addition, on larger projects, a separate ESCP-focused meeting occurs after the Pre-PS&E review. This meeting discusses the ESCP comments from above and project-specific stormwater issues. The Design Project Manager follows the same process as described above to check and verify ESCP review comments and then files the comments after certification.

DOT&PF is a co-operator on projects with the Construction Contractor performing the work. After construction activities begin, most DOT&PF projects with an active NOI are subject to a documentation audit and field review performed by a Central Region Stormwater Specialist. This review is based on the EPA Appendix R NPDES Industrial Storm Water Investigation and Case Development Worksheet.

Private and Municipal Projects. The WMS continues to review construction SWPPPs for projects conducting ground disturbance greater than 10,000 square feet. The types of projects reviewed include any work requiring a building permit, utility work, new subdivisions and road projects. In 2011, WMS began regulatory review of all Municipal projects one acre and greater. The reviews encompass construction erosion control measures and permanent stormwater management practices.

In 2019, WMS reviewed and approved approximately 374 Residential permits and 172 commercial buildings, and a number of commercial and government building additions. WMS also conducted Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan reviews of 10 Municipal Projects. The Municipal Development Services Division computer-based building permit administration system continues to track and document plan reviews and approvals in 2018. It also handles documentation for Construction Site Inspections and Enforcement.

2.2.1 Inspection and Enforcement Tracking

DOT&PF Projects. A summary of inspection activities shows that DOT&PF conducted 381 site inspections on 18 projects within the Municipality of Anchorage. DOT&PF performed:

- 265 site inspections on eleven (11) highway projects ranging from major highway realignment to repaving arterial roads
- 106 site inspections on six (6) aviation projects (new construction) and ten (10) site inspections on one (1) earthquake damage repair project at the Ted Stevens Anchorage International Airport,

Lake Hood Seaplane Base, and Birchwood Airport that includes major runway reconstruction, drainage projects, facility support projects, and earthquake damage repairs

For each of these inspections, DOT&PF reviewed the SWPPP or other site documentation and performed a physical inspection of the site to confirm there were no illicit discharges or incidents of permit noncompliance. At the conclusion of the visit, DOT&PF prepared an inspection report and included the report in the SWPPP. Any required corrections were given to the site representative. In 2019, no stop work orders were given to any DOT&PF construction project within the Municipality of Anchorage. The records for site inspections along with associated compliance follow-up are available for review at individual project offices.

Private and Municipal Projects: A summary of inspection activities reveals that 252 commercial site inspections and 436 residential site inspections were conducted during 2019 including 19 construction-related inspections from the illicit discharge reporting website located at: http://www.muni.org/Departments/OCPD/development/BSD/Pages/CodeEnforcement.aspx

For each of these inspections the SWPPP or other site documentation was reviewed, and a physical inspection of the site was performed to confirm there were no illicit discharges. At the conclusion of the visit, an inspection report of findings and any required corrections were given to the site representative. Where corrections were indicated a re-inspection was scheduled to confirm compliance. When compliance isn't achieved within the specified period a stop work order is issued until compliance is achieved. In 2018 no stop work orders were given. The records for site inspections along with associated compliance follow-up are available for review at WMS.

2.2.2 Enforcement Response Policy

DOT&PF Projects: DOT&PF's Enforcement Response Policy is contained in the following documents:

- Alaska Construction Manual, 2017 Edition, Chapter 9.9 SWPPP & HMCP Implementation and Monitoring, most current edition is dated May 1, 2017
- Standard Specification Item 641 Erosion, Sediment and Pollution Control for Highway Construction, most current edition is dated October 2019
- Item P-641 for Erosion, Sediment and Pollution Control Airport Construction, most current edition is dated October 2019
- Standard Specification Item 01 57 10 Erosion, Sediment and Pollution Control for Public Facilities Construction, most current edition is dated April 2016

The Alaska Construction Manual spells out the inspector qualifications and duties, non-compliance reporting and monitoring paperwork. The standard specifications provide project and administration requirements relating to control of erosion, sedimentation, and discharge of pollutants. The work must follow applicable local, state, and federal requirements, including the CGP and the MS4 Permit. The standard specifications are contractually enforced.

The Alaska Construction Manual spells out the inspector qualifications and duties, non-compliance reporting and monitoring paperwork. The standard specifications provide project and administration requirements relating to control of erosion, sedimentation, and discharge of pollutants. The work must follow applicable local, state, and federal requirements, including the CGP and the MS4 Permit. DOT&PF personnel enforce the stormwater specifications on each construction project.

These specifications authorize DOT&PF personnel to verbally warn and provide written notices to the construction project after each inspection. The SWPPP Construction Inspection Report and the Corrective Action Log document the timely maintenance or corrective actions required.

DOT&PF revised Section 641 and Item P-641 (Item P-156 prior to 2019) Statewide and Regional Highway and Aviation Specifications in 2019, because of an initiative implemented by the DOT&PF Statewide Design and Engineering Services Office to review all DOT&PF manuals biennially, and revise them as needed.

Escalation enforcement measures include:

- Orally suspending the work if the suspension is to protect workers, the public or the environment from imminent harm
- Written suspension of work explaining the defects, reasons, corrective actions and time allowed to complete the corrective actions
- Withhold monies from the construction contractor until corrective action is completed
- Assessing damages or equitable adjustments against the contract amount
- Employing others to perform the corrective action and deduct the costs from the contract amount
- Alaska Construction Manual link: <u>http://www.dot.state.ak.us/stwddes/dcsconst/constructionmanual.shtml</u>
- Highway Standard Modification for Section 641 and Item P-641 for Aviation, Erosion, Sedimentation and Pollution Control link:

http://www.dot.state.ak.us/stwddes/dcsspecs/index.shtml

Private and Municipal Projects. The Municipality updated its escalating enforcement policy and provided it with the 2015 annual report.

2.2.3 Construction General Permit Violation Referrals

DOT&PF Projects: DOT&PF Erosion and Sediment Control Advisors provide guidance to project staff on reporting noncompliance in the Alaska Construction Manual, Chapter 9.9. In 2019, DOT&PF filed two (2) non-compliant stormwater discharge reports to the ADEC on their projects within the Municipality of Anchorage.

- Project No. Z591210000 Glenn Highway Capacity Improvements Phase II had a non-allowable discharge on March 14, 2019. See Appendix B2 for a copy of the discharge report.
- Project No. Z585110000 AMATS: Rabbit Creek Road Pavement Preservation had a non-allowable discharge on May 14, 2019. See Appendix B2 for a copy of the discharge report.

There were no instances of ACGP non-compliance within the Municipality of Anchorage MS4 permit area by DOT&PF projects in 2019. ADEC visited three (3) projects for ACGP compliance inspection in 2019. The findings of these inspections did not result in any notices of violation being issued to the DOT&PF. See appendix B3 for a copy of these reports.

 Project No. Z573100000 Jewel Lake Road Widening, 88th to Strawberry was visited by the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) for a compliance inspection on May 1, 2019. The project NOI Tracking No. is AKR10FX72.

- Project No. CFAPT00173 ANC Taxiway F Reconstruction and RON 12-14_2 was visited by the ADEC for a compliance inspection on May 29, 2019. The project NOI Tracking No. is AKR10GA08.
- Project No.CFHWy00212 Seward Highway: MP 75-90 Road and Bridge Rehabilitation Phase I was visited by the ADEC for a compliance inspection on August 1, 2019. The project NOI Tracking No. is AKR10FT51.

Private and Municipal Projects. The Permit requires the Municipality to report to ADEC when they find projects which failed to comply with the Construction General Permit prior to breaking ground. In 2019, MOA did not file any reports of non-compliance to the ADEC.

2.3 Construction Program Education and Training

During the Permit's second term, an agreement was reached by agencies and interest groups for a standardized training course targeted for construction site owners and operators and their key personnel. In 2012, the Memorandum of Understanding to establish Certified Erosion and Sediment Control Leads in Alaska (AK-CESCL) was updated by eight governing members comprised of the ADEC, the Alaska Department of Natural Resources, DOT&PF, the Alaska Railroad Corporation, the Associated General Contractors, the Municipality, the US Army Corp of Engineers, and the Associated Builders and Contractors of Alaska. The original agreement, training requirements, and course elements for the AK-CESCL program were provided in the 2010 Annual Report. The updated agreement, provided in the 2013 Annual Report, made some minor revisions to clarify the procedures of the training program. In 2015, the Alaska Storm Water Steering Committee approved a one-day eight-hour Refresher Course to satisfy the AK-CESCL renewal requirements. In 2017 the agreement was updated to continue the program as laid out in the 2012 amendment. It was provided in the corresponding annual report.

The refresher course is a summary of the two-day initial AK-CESCL class. To be eligible to take this training, you must have an active AK-CESCL number and have taken the two-day (16-hour) class or refresher class within the last three years. It thoroughly examines erosion and sediment pollution control concepts and design procedures as they apply to construction projects. The refresher course is a training and certification program to comply with the Alaska CGP and the Municipality's SWTPRGM. The refresher course will stress risk management, review proper best management practices, and provides guidance. Upon passing the 8-hour refresher course, the applicant is granted an AK-CESCL certificate. Applicants not passing the (8-hour) refresher course will be required to retake the two-day (16-hour) class.

For DOT&PF: DOT&PF participated in the following training:

- AK-CESCL Course: Alaska Certified Erosion and Sediment Control Lead is a two day, 16 hour course. The initial AK CESCL program certification is valid for three years after completing this course and requires a refresher course every three years for each individual to retain their AK-CESCL certification. Twenty participants were enrolled in the course held on May 7-8, 2019.
- AK-CESCL Refresher Course: Alaska Certified Erosion and Sediment Control Lead Refresher Course is a one day, eight hour course. This refresher course is required every 3 years for individuals to retain their AK CESCL certification. Twenty-nine participants were enrolled in the course held on March 20, 2019. Sixteen participants were enrolled in the course held on May 01, 2019.
- AK-CESCL: The Central Region DOT&PF sponsored AK CESCL classes are taught by DOT&PF Central Region Stormwater Specialists.

- International Erosion Control Association 2019 Annual Conference and Expo (IECA 2019 AC&E): DOT&PF sent Joshua James to the IECA 2019 AC&E in Denver, CO to further their knowledge and training as Stormwater Specialists and AK-CESCL Instructors. The event took place February 19-22, 2019. The event is the largest stormwater event and exposition in the world, and attracts participants from around the world. The four day event has had over 220 technical and training sessions taught by industry experts. The Expo hall gathers hundreds of vendors giving product demonstrations and providing independent education sessions.
- The Alaska Stormwater Steering Committee, an inter-agency group established to administer and monitor the AK-CESCL program, sponsored an AK-CESCL Instructor Roundtable on November 5, 2019. The purpose of this meeting was to gather all current AK-CESCL instructors to familiarize them with program updates, and to gather instructor feedback on program material. Joshua James attended this meeting in Anchorage.

For the Municipality: The Municipality conducted or participated in the following training:

- 2019 Watershed Update/APDES Annual Meeting: February 27, 2019. This half-day meeting reviewed the findings of monitoring, assessments, mapping, and new programs associated with the permit. It was attended by members of MOA, ADOT, and the private sector.
- Storm Water Solutions, Storm Water Expo provided a variety of courses covering stormwater issues in April and October of 2019. WMS staff participated in both events. Topics covered:
 - Improving Campustown: Using Green Infrastructure to Mitigate Flooding
 - Master Planning for Watershed Health
 - Protect Stormwater Channels with 3D Geocell Technology
 - Managing a Successful Stormwater Planned Maintenance Program
 - When is Gray Green?
 - Public Private partnerships Lead to Landscape-Scale, Nature-Based Green Infrastructure Biomimicry to Mitigate Drought & Flooding Liabilities
 - Green Infrastructure Plant Selection
 - Urban Green Infrastructure on I-95: The University Research Monitoring Program
- WMS staff attended Stormwater One's *The 5 steps to Managing a Successful Stormwater Planned Maintenance Program*, April 4, 2019.
- WMS staff attended CBI System's MS4Web Software Demonstration on March 6th, 2019
- WMS meets for bi-weekly staff meetings where members rotate responsibility for selection of videos covering relevant topics related to stormwater management. They range from regulatory practice to updated technical practice and current events. A list of the videos is available on the MOA Stormwater YouTube Channel: <u>https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCdr0yQY12_mDVHTMaRVBFVw</u>.

Playlists are available for various training topics.

• 2019 Anchorage Transportation Fair, February 6, 2019, is an evening event to reach out to a wide audience. WMS presented information which included permanent controls requirements and examples and construction practices for erosion and sediment control.

3 Storm Water Management for Areas of New and Redevelopment

3.1 Regulatory Mechanisms and Standards

3.1.1 Ordinance and/or Regulatory Mechanism

DOT&PF Projects: DOT&PF regulates project development through the Alaska Highway Preconstruction Manual and Alaska Aviation Preconstruction Manual. Both manuals require DOT&PF to comply with local ordinances. Therefore, all projects within the Municipality of Anchorage follow the Municipal Design Criteria Manual (DCM).

Alaska Highway Preconstruction Manual link:

http://www.dot.state.ak.us/stwddes/dcsprecon/preconmanual.shtml

Alaska Aviation Preconstruction Manual link:

http://www.dot.state.ak.us/stwddes/dcsprecon/pop_aviation_preconstman.shtml

Municipal Projects: The Municipality regulates permanent stormwater controls on its own projects through the Municipal Design Criteria Manual (DCM). The DCM has been updated by a committee of local of community experts to guide better drainage management and to reflect the goals of Permit, as discussed in Section 3.1.2. The 5-year Implementation Plan created for this term will guide the Municipality through the transition to their new design criteria.

Private Projects: The Municipality regulates permanent stormwater controls through the Anchorage Municipal Code Title 21, which refers to the DCM for policy and technical details. The DCM is discussed in the following section.

3.1.2 Storm Water Design Criteria Manual

DOT&PF Projects: Effective August 1, 2016, it is the policy of DOT&PF Central Region to apply the guidance contained within the latest approved version of the Municipality of Anchorage, Anchorage Stormwater Manual to projects located within the boundaries of the Municipality of Anchorage. This policy was revised May 9, 2018 to include relevant information specific to Central Region DOT&PF. The latest version of this policy, effective August 28, 2018, applies the guidance contained within version 1.0 of the Municipality of Anchorage, Anchorage Stormwater Manual, Volume, 1 dated December 2017 to projects located within the boundaries of the Municipality of Anchorage, with several exceptions laid out in the policy provided in the 2018 annual report.

Private and Municipal Projects: The Municipality establishes design criteria for permanent stormwater controls through Chapter 2 of its Design Criteria Manual (DCM), which is referenced from AMC Title 21. *Volume I, Management and Design Criteria*, of the recently updated manual provides guidance for new development. This manual has been updated to reflect current regulations and stormwater management practices; it may be found on the WMS website, <u>www.anchoragestormwater.com</u>.

The DCM has been revised through a process that incorporates Permit requirements and community input. The Municipality referred the new draft DCM to the Anchorage Planning and Zoning Commission for review and recommendation for adoption by the Assembly. It was subsequently adopted, and given an adoption period incorporating a choice between the old and new DCM to give the development community time to adjust to the new requirements consistent with the *Low Impact Development Implementation Plan*. The manual is now in full force for all development.

The Low Impact Development Implementation Plan Update, provided in 2015, for the new design criteria and the stormwater manual lays out a schedule and strategy for moving forward with demonstration projects and new criteria for incorporating LID into linear and vertical projects throughout Anchorage. It moves the Permittees from struggles experienced with the retention requirement in the previous permit term toward solutions in the form of detention and water quality treatment through LID/Green Infrastructure in this permit term. With the implementation of the new DCM, low impact development projects will increase in number and provide more information to apply to low impact development strategies.

3.2 Green Infrastructure/LID Strategy and Demonstration Projects

3.2.1 LID Incentives Strategy

The Municipality continues to sponsor an incentive program for rain gardens and LID projects. This program continued to support all types of vegetated LID techniques, however, there is currently no financial cost sharing available for projects. Subsequently, there were no projects completed this year. Incentive support includes, but is not limited to, technical guidance, manuals, brochures, websites, tours, hands-on workshops, private consultations, ongoing classroom support for school projects, and ongoing maintenance for public rain gardens.

New incentives became available with the implementation of the DCM and Stormwater Manuals. They include:

- 20% Area Allowance: This provision allows runoff from up to 20% of a site to be untreated as long as an equivalent volume of water is treated from somewhere else on the site using Green Infrastructure techniques. This provision is helpful for areas with unique grading challenges or roadway projects with super-elevated curves.
- Utilizing Landscape: Provisions and design criteria are provided for incorporating stormwater treatment facilities into site landscaping and grading. This helps maximize utilization of space on a site.
- Detention and Downstream Analysis Modification: The detention and downstream analysis requirements have been modified to allow more flexibility in designing on-site stormwater controls. Designers can now choose from two options to meet these requirements. The first option remains the same as what was in the old criteria, where designers provide on-site detention and ensure that there is adequate capacity in the receiving system. The second option offers a pathway for increased on-site detention with no analysis of downstream capacity.
- Local Criteria for Stormwater Controls: The new DCM offers detailed design criteria for a menu of stormwater "tools" that have been tailored to Anchorage's site-specific development challenges. These criteria demonstrate how to incorporate green infrastructure efficiently, even on challenging sites.
- Streamlined Reporting Requirements: The new DCM has streamlined and simplified drainage reporting requirements. For small and mid-size projects, full drainage reports have been replaced with drainage certification forms to help guide the designer through necessary considerations. For large projects, the report format has been updated and simplified.
- Alternative Compliance: The new DCM offers a pathway forward for projects that may have a difficult time incorporating Green Infrastructure based on other conflicting municipal requirements.

The Alternative Compliance route may waive conflicting requirements to encourage the use of Green Infrastructure at the discretion of the MOA.

3.2.2 Demonstration projects

The DOT&PF and the Municipality constructed five projects as required by Part 3.2.3 of the Permit for incorporation of LID. The new projects were evaluated for hydrologic performance and information will be used to update LID design criteria.

DOT&PF Projects: Central Region DOT&PF Design Section developed the following three LID demonstration projects: 1) West Dowling Road Extension Phase II, C Street to Minnesota Drive; 2) AMATS: O'Malley Road Reconstruction Phase 1, Seward Highway to Livingston Street; 3) Glenn Highway Capacity Improvement. They were evaluated in the 2018 annual report.

Municipal Projects: The Municipality of Anchorage completed a number of qualifying LID demonstration projects during the third term of the Permit. The permit requirement for LID demonstration improvements was completed in 2016. LID Projects were completed at Fire Station #9, the Kings Landing improvement project at Ship Creek, downhill of 3rd Avenue and the Saturday Market parking lot, and as part of the West Dimond Improvement Project. Additional MOA LID projects were completed in 2017.

3.2.3 Rain Gardens

The Permittees are required to quantitatively evaluate the effectiveness of select raingardens by the fourth year of the Permit. This requirement will be met through revisiting projects constructed in the second term of the permit. There were two rain gardens, both located within TMDL watersheds. One is located in Taku Park, part of the Campbell Creek watershed, capturing the parking lot runoff and adjacent road runoff from the bordering commercial neighborhood. The other is located at the Fisherman's Bank on Spenard Road, constructed through public-private partnership, in the Fish Creek watershed. These will be quantitatively re-evaluated, and the results will be included in the LID Monitoring Report discussed in Section 3.2.2.

3.2.4 Riparian Zone Management

During the current permit term, the permitees are required to disconnect at least one MS4 outfall from discharging to receiving waters. During the fall of 2015, the MOA completed work on disconnecting one stormwater outfall in the Campbell Creek Watershed. The outfall drains Subbasin 1221 and is categorized as a major outfall as it receives stormwater flows from an area larger than 50 acres that is comprised entirely of industrial areas. Formerly, this subbasin drained to a single outfall located near the intersection of the Old Seward Highway and International Airport Road. As part of the project, subbasin flows were split, resulting into two new subbasins. One basin drains to the location of the original outfall and a second outfall was added in the 56th Avenue Right of Way, west of the Old Seward Highway. Both new outfalls convey stormwater to Campbell Creek via a swale after it has been treated in two, new oil and grit separators.

3.2.5 Street and Parking Lot Repair

DOT&PF: In general, the Department has few opportunities to repair or reconstruct parking areas. However, the DOT&PF is implementing LID measures where possible in their projects. The Design sections are including LID practices into projects currently in design and are also working to establish direction and guidelines on using LID on all projects where it is feasible.

These LID measures include:

- a. Soil Amendments Spreading a layer of topsoil, compost or mulch on disturbed areas and then placing seed or sod.
- b. Bioretention Planting soil and plant-based filtration devices that remove pollutants through a variety of physical, biological, and chemical treatment processes.
- c. Reverse Sidewalk Slopes Sloping sidewalks to drain away from the road and into adjacent vegetated areas.
- d. Dispersion Channelizing (collecting and re-dispersing) stormwater into areas with either native vegetation or cleared land in areas outside of urban growth areas that do not have a natural or man-made drainage systems.

For example, in support of the MS4 Permit and the Green Roads initiative the AMATS: O'Malley Road Reconstruction Phase I project proposed a linear landscape drainage design that will aid in the infiltration, evaporation, and decontamination of storm water runoff. Prior to discharging storm water into the right-of-way at the wetlands of Moose Meadows or the bioswale at the Seward Highway; runoff is treated by the filtration and infiltration of grassy ditches. Silt deposits and debris is settled out in the sumps of the storm drain system and rock lined ditches filter and dissipate the water. At Moose Meadows the rock-lined ditches disperse the flow before entering the wetlands where the natural vegetation further decontaminates the runoff and allows for infiltration and evaporation of the remaining water. At the Seward Highway a landscaped bioswale was constructed to filter silts and contamination through compost socks that allow up to a half-foot of standing water for evaporation and infiltration. The wide and shallow ditch is intended to maximize the time water spends in the swale before it is discharged and conveyed into a series of culverts and grassy ditches prior to merging into the existing Old Seward Highway and O'Malley Road storm drain system.

For the Municipality: In 2019, the Municipality of Anchorage continued to evaluate the feasibility of incorporating rainfall runoff techniques in the repair and construction of public roads, streets, and parking lots.

As has been the case the last several years, within its transportation construction program, the MOA continues to focus on the rehabilitation of existing roadways rather than re-construction of existing roads and the construction of new roads. The limited scope of these projects leads to fewer opportunities to improve on-site drainage, including the inclusion of LID. During 2019, the MOA used traditional stormwater practices in all of its road upgrades due to site constraints.

During the past year, five new subdivisions also incorporated LID/Green Infrastructure measures in road and drainage infrastructure to reduce stormwater runoff. These include:

- Horizon Estates Vegetated Swales and Infiltration Basin
- Odum Industrial Park Vegetated Swales and Infiltration Basin
- Susitna Tidal Flats Subdivision Infiltration Gallery
- Pelenor Subdivision Infiltration trench

• Mountain Meads Subdivision – Infiltration Chamber

3.2.6 Parking Lot Retrofit

The permittees retrofitted a public parking lot to incorporate the use of LID for stormwater treatment. The Valley of the Moon Park parking lot, along 17th Avenue, was redesigned and reconstructed so that parking lot runoff is infiltrated in surrounding vegetation and snow melt runoff flows through a new bio-infiltration swale. The project was evaluated and reported in the 2018 LID Monitoring report provided in the 2018 annual report.

3.3 Permanent Storm Water Controls Plan Review and Approval

DOT&PF Projects: DOT&PF continues to review all projects during the three phases of the project development:

- Local Review (approximately 30 to 50 percent complete)
- Plans-In-Hand Review (approximately 75 percent complete)
- Plans, Specification and Estimate (PS&E) Review (approximately 95 percent complete)

The Central Region Hydrologist reviews permanent drainage and erosion control features for projects at all three design phases for conformance to design criteria stated in Section 3.1.2.

Municipal Projects: The Municipality performs a regulatory review of all Municipal projects 10,000 sf and greater in compliance with our MS4 Permit requirement under part 3.2.4. The reviews encompass construction erosion control measures and permanent stormwater management practices. Reviews are documented through the Municipality's online tracking system and are a requirement for development project permit issuance. The MOA will continue to coordinate with ADEC to ensure that our projects meet the ADEC waste water regulations.

3.4 Permanent Storm Water Management Controls Tracking and Enforcement

3.4.1 Inventory and Tracking

The Municipal Street Maintenance Division acquired and began implementing an asset management database used to inventory and track municipal- and state-owned stormwater controls. This inventory and tracking database allows Street Maintenance to access information about the condition and maintenance requirements of the stormwater controls owned by the permittees.

The DOT&PF and CBERRSA worked with WMS to capture information about state-owned and area-wide controls. During the second term of the permit, they mapped stormwater controls using GPS instruments and populated the asset management database. During the third term they made periodic updates to incorporate MS4 public improvements as well as new information from construction record drawings.

Private Storm Water Controls. During the second term of the permit WMS developed a database for new and existing stormwater controls and, has since, updated it annually to include new development. As-built drawings of private stormwater controls are required prior to closing a Municipal Building Permit for new and redeveloped properties. These as-builts are scanned and recorded into the database. The Municipality also requires submittal of an Operations and Maintenance (O&M) agreement for private stormwater controls. During 2019, WMS continued to improve on the functionality and accessibility of this database using web-based GIS functionality. The goal is to try and better integrate data input, data recall and site inspection.

3.4.2 O&M Agreements

In 2015, WMS started requiring a legally enforceable and transferable O&M agreement for private stormwater controls on new and redeveloped properties in order to document regular maintenance on private stormwater controls and demonstrate it to the Municipality. The location and other relevant property information for the O&M agreements are entered into a municipal database created to assist tracking and inspection of the permanent controls. Copies of the recorded agreements are kept on file by the MOA.

In 2019 the MOA received 53 legally recorded O&M agreements.

3.4.3 Inspection and Enforcement

The Permittees must ensure proper long-term operation and maintenance of permanent storm water management practices through an inspection program.

DOT&PF and Municipal Storm Water Infrastructure: See Section 5 for details on inspection and maintenance of DOT&PF and Municipal stormwater management controls and infrastructure.

Private Storm Water Management Controls: Under the updated SWTPRGM, the Municipality now requires as-built (record) drawings of all constructed stormwater controls that were approved under a Municipal permit for projects 10,000 sf and larger. The drawings are scanned into a tracking database.

Projects falling under this new requirement must request a permanent control inspection to obtain a conditional certificate of occupancy. As part of this process, projects must provide a surveyed as-built of permanent stormwater controls and a recorded maintenance agreement with the Municipality for the upkeep of these controls. The Municipality manages installed permanent stormwater controls as a "use permit" similar to elevators and will require periodic re-certification and inspections based on site sensitivity and past compliance. Maintenance records will be required from the owner/operator prior to renewal. High priority sites, requiring annual inspections, will be identified based on Checklist #3 of Building Safety Handout AG 21.

In 2019, 11 as-builts were received through the permanent controls process, and inspections were performed on the associated sites.

3.5 Permanent Storm Water Controls Training

DOT&PF: DOT&PF conducts quarterly design meetings for all design and environmental staff, including topics related to permanent stormwater controls. In addition, DOT&PF technology transfer (T2) staff set up annual training schedules with some courses specifically focused on storm water and drainage issues. Following are relevant topics presented at various quarterly design meetings in 2019:

- "Trenchless Culvert Installations", on April 23, 2019.
- "CCTV: Anchorage's DOT&PF NHS Recent Storm Drain Inspections", on July 16, 2019.
- "Snap-Tite Slip Lining Technology", on July 16, 2019.

In 2019, Central Region DOT&PF Hydrology staff participated in the following webinars related to storm water management and erosion control hosted by Storm Water Solutions and the Transportation Research Board.

Improving Campustown: Using Green Infrastructure to Mitigate Flooding

- Limitations of the Infiltration Approach to Stormwater Management
- The Renewal of Storm water Systems Using Trenchless Technologies
- Adapting Shoreline Infrastructure to Sea Level Rise and Extreme Events
- Field Performance of Corrugated Pipes Manufactured with Recycled Materials

The Central Region DOT&PF Assistant Hydrologist and numerous designers in the Highway and Aviation Design Sections attended the National Highway Institute's (NHI) Practical Highway Hydrology course.

Municipality. MOA staff received training on Stormwater Post-Construction BMPs, and LID at a number of presentations throughout the year:

The Municipality conducted and/or participated in the following training:

- 2019 Watershed Update/APDES Annual Meeting, February 27, 2019: This half-day meeting reviewed the findings of monitoring, assessments, mapping, and new programs associated with the permit. It was attended by members of MOA, Central Region DOT&PF, and the private sector.
- Storm Water Solutions, Storm Water Expo: this on-line exposition provided a variety of courses covering stormwater issues in April 2019, including:
 - Green Infrastructure Plant Selection
 - Improving Campustown Green Infrastructure to Mitigate Flooding
 - Master Planning for Watershed Health
 - Public private Partnerships for Nature Based Green Infrastructure Biomimicry
- WMS meets for bi-weekly staff meetings where members rotate responsibility for selection of videos covering relevant topics related to stormwater management. They range from regulatory practice to updated technical practice and current events. A list of the videos is available on the MOA Stormwater YouTube Channel:

<u>https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCdr0yQY12_mDVHTMaRVBFVw</u>. Playlists are available for various training topics: Cold Weather/Climate, LID, Stormwater Management, Stormwater Construction Practices, Maintenance, and Rain Gardens.

• Design Criteria Training, Discussion of Design Issues, with designers and engineers on June 20, 2019.

4 Industrial and Commercial Discharge Management

4.1 Inventory of Industrial and Commercial Facilities

An inventory and map of facilities discharging to the MS4 was updated during the second year of the Permit, a year ahead of schedule. It contains the industrial sectors currently tracked as well as all industrial sectors listed in 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14), and a number of commercial locations including vehicle or equipment wash systems and animal facilities with the potential to negatively impact the MS4. A revised inventory and map were provided in the 2016 report. In comparing the 2016 review to prior years' inventories, the permittees identified facilities that did not appear to have current Industrial SWPPPs. ADEC was notified of the discrepancies. In 2018, the inventory was updated and provided in the Annual Report.

4.1.1 Performance Standards

4.1.2 Permit part 3.3.1.3 requires the permittees to identify a storm water discharge that is not adequately addressed and develop performance standards for the activity. This requirement s due by the end of the permit term.

The permittees have chosen breweries and distilleries for the focus of stormwater performance standards. The report is provided at Appendix D1.

4.2 Snow Disposal Sites

Part 3.3.2 requires permittees, within one year of the Permit effective date, and annually thereafter, to "...inventory and map locations of all permittee-owned and privately-owned snow disposal sites that discharge directly to the MS4 or to receiving waters." with mapping updates performed annually thereafter. In 2015, the permittees reviewed conditional use permits, and interviewed rights-of-way staff and WMS inspectors for changes to the map and list of all permittee-owned and all known privately-owned snow disposal sites and found there were no changes from previous submittals. In 2019, field checks demonstrated some of the permitted snow disposal sites have been developed for other uses and are no longer being used for hauled snow disposal, and these were removed from the inventory. An up-to-date map of snow disposal sites operating in the MOA can be found at: http://bit.ly/1eDh4XA.

During the second permit term a decision was made to place additional regulation on snow disposal sites as part of the Anchorage Municipal Code Title 21 revision of December 2010 and the larger Title 21 Land Use Code re-write adopted in 2015. This project summary of considerations and resulting regulatory updates was submitted in 2011. The relevant ordinance in Title 21.07.004.F of the Land Use Code was implemented in January 2014. It is available at www.muni.org. As follow-up to this regulatory change, and by the end of the fourth year of the third term, the MOA must evaluate the program for effectiveness in protecting water quality.

During the second year the permittees began the evaluation of the additional regulation of the snow sites for water quality protection. The private snow sites were visited and their conditional use permits reviewed. The Municipality found that sites frequently were being used for more than one purpose, and that these uses sometimes conflicted with each other. In response to this finding, we placed language in the new DCM (2017 update) that allowed multiple uses but specified requirements for maintenance of the site to protect water quality during snow melt runoff periods. With the new DCM in place, WMS began working with conditional use permit applicants operating private snow sites regarding multi-use requirements and better site performance. In 2018, a site in south Anchorage received a stop-work order until proper controls could be established, as a result, this site is no longer in operation. In 2019, the permittees continued working with private snow disposal sites to improve operating practices including assistance to a site going through the conditional use permit process and creating a large snow pad meeting the requirements of the snow site design criteria.

4.3 Animal Facilities

The Municipality of Anchorage continues to track animal control facilities under the current program, based on Permit Part 3.3.3. During 2018, the MOA conducted an evaluation of the program implemented in 2010 for animal facilities to prevent waste from facilities or other locations from entering the MS4 and to protect water quality. The contractor's report was included in the 2018 annual report. The evaluation identified a number of items that may warrant further investigation and contained a set of recommendations for future action.

During 2019, consistent with the 2018 evaluation, WMS began to take a lead role in performing field inspections of licensed animal facilities. During site inspections, particular attention was given to how animal waste was being managed, separation distances from streams and other potential receiving waters, and overall site drainage. The new role for WMS in these inspections is reflected in a corresponding update to MOA Title 21 (21.05.050) that speaks to the land use requirements for licensed animal facilities.

5 Storm Sewer System Inventory and Mapping

The Municipality and DOT&PF annually update their MS4 inventory from construction record drawings as required under Permit part 3.4.1. This inventory includes:

- Pipe systems
- Inlets, catch basins and outfalls
- Structural stormwater treatment controls
- Receiving waters of the MS4
- Subbasin of each outfall
- MS4 roads and parking lots, and
- MS4 maintenance and storage facilities and snow disposal sites.
- MS4 maintenance and storage facilities and snow disposal sites.

In 2016, the Municipality and DOT&PF began work on additional requirements of the Permit Section 3.4.1 that must be completed within three years of the effective date of the Permit. These requirements include developing a maintenance tracking database for the portions of the MS4 that are not covered by current databases, updating existing coverages, and collecting information related to OGSs outlined in Permit Section 3.4.1.7. Work was substantially completed in 2017. In 2019, the permittees continued to share this data with the public and continue to make improvements on how it is distributed based on changes in technology.

These maps showing the combined DOT&PF and MOA infrastructure, are updated regularly and are available at: <u>http://www.anchoragestormwater.com/maps.html</u>.

5.1 Catch Basin and Inlet Inspections and Maintenance

In compliance with Permit part 3.4.2 the permittees are required to conduct an inspection program to evaluate all permittee-owned or operated catch basins and inlets at least annually and take appropriate maintenance action based on these inspections. All principle MS4 maintenance agencies of the permittees have implemented an inspection and maintenance program.

Central Region Division's Maintenance & Operations (M&O), the maintenance arm for DOT&PF's Anchorage MS4 jurisdiction, is continuing mapping efforts to correct existing DOT&PF pipe mapping as well as capture new pipe features for inclusion in maintenance mapping sets. In 2019, DOT&PF inspected 3,587 structures and cleaned 1,739 catch basins. In addition, they inspected and cleaned 50 OGS. In all, they cleaned 13,050 linear feet of pipe in the MS4 system.

The Municipality's authorized MS4 maintenance agency for the Chugiak-Birchwood-Eagle River Rural Road Service Area (CBERRRSA) implemented a comprehensive catch basin and inlet inspection and maintenance program for their service area. In 2019, 1014 structures were inspected and cleaned.

The Municipality's authorized MS4 maintenance agency for the Girdwood Road Service Area (GRSA) implemented a comprehensive catch basin and inlet inspection and maintenance program for their service area. In 2018, 45 catch basin and manhole structures were inspected, and none were in need of cleaning.

The Municipality's Anchorage Road and Drainage Service Area (ARDSA), comprising most of the roads in Anchorage not maintained by road service areas or owned by DOT&PF, continued its ongoing OGS and catch basin inspection and maintenance program. During 2019, 9770 controls were inspected, and 272 OGS units and 3252 catch basins were cleaned.

The Permittees collected fill rate data, submitted in the 2018 annual report, for their catch basins and updated their respective cleaning schedules accordingly. This project was undertaken by the Municipality and DOT&PF, by identifying representative basins according to land use and tracking fill rates over a three year period. These rates can be applied to basins of similar character, and basins can be cleaned according to the rate-of-fill schedule unless information is gained about specific basins which supersedes the applied rate. Cleaning schedules are proposed to be set based on the following criteria.

- Material depth over a specified time period;
 - Basins where material is below 1" accumulation during a single year are proposed for inspection/cleaning every four years for inspection and cleaning
 - Basins where material is above 1" during a single year are visited annually or bi-annually for cleaning/inspection;
- Location; a structure of a given configuration may have a different cleaning schedule when it is located at the bottom of a hill compared to an identical structure located at the top of a hill;

Additionally, Permittees have developed Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for treatment and disposal of their catchbasin and OGS wastes, refer to Appendix E1.

5.2 Street and Road Maintenance

5.2.1 Standard operating procedures

SOPs are reviewed annually by Municipal and DOT&PF street maintenance agencies. The full submission for them was in the 2016 annual report. Subsequent updates, when they are made, are submitted with the corresponding annual report. Appendix E2 contains the current set of SOPs for each permittee.

5.2.2 Inventory of materials

Part 3.4.4.2 of the Permit requires permittees to "..maintain an inventory of street/road maintenance material, including use of sand and salt.." and report the inventory in the annual report. Road maintenance materials used by all Anchorage MS4 operators include primarily winter traction enhancing materials. The types of materials used vary somewhat from agency to agency and from street-to-street but mostly include application of traction-enhancing sands and a variety of deicers and anti-icers. The bulk of deicers are added to the sand prior to its application to the road surface to maintain sand fluidity in sanding vehicles and to help embed the sand particles in road ice. Sand gradations vary by agency with DOT&PF operators typically using a somewhat finer gradation for their mostly higher speed roads than Municipal operators both for safety reasons and to improve stability of the sand on the road surface. Inventory tables of these materials are summarized in Table 5.1 below.

			Ŭ				
			Amt.	Amt.	Amt.		
Item	Туре	Units	Stored	Ordered	Used	Storage Location	
			DOT&F	I		j	
Sand	M&O spec.	ton	2,500	15,000	13,214	Anchorage	
Sand	M&O spec.	ton	12,000	0	0	Birchwood	
Sand	M&O spec.	ton	14,000	4,000	2,934	Girdwood	
NaCl	granular	ton	250	1,350	848	Anchorage	
NaCl	granular	ton	0	0	0	Birchwood	
NaCl	granular	ton	0	150	150	Girdwood	
MgCl2	brine	gal	-	-	-	Girdwood	
CaCl2	brine	tons			50	Anchorage	
			MOA-CBER	RRSA			
Sand	ARDSA spec.	ton	16,500	11,500	6466	Hiland	
NaCl	granular	ton	40	37.5	10	Hiland	
MgCl2	brine	gal	10,500	As needed	1435	Hiland	
			MOA-AR	DSA			
Sand	ARDSA spec.	ton	10,000		10,000	Anchorage	
NaCl	Granular	Ton	200		200	Anchorage	
MgCl2	brine	gal	28,000		21,043	Anchorage	
	MOA-GRSA						
Sand	E-chips	Ton	544	940	1583	Girdwood	
NaCl	Granular	Ton	35	60	100	Girdwood	
MgCl2	brine	gal	0	0	0	Girdwood	

2: Table 5.1 – Anchorage MS4 Street Materials Inventory, 2019

5.2.3 Covered Sand Storage

Within four years of the effective date of the Permit the Permitees must complete an evaluation of the performance of the sand storage facilities developed during the second term at each of their primary materials storage locations. The evaluation was included in the 2018 annual report.

5.3 Street and Road Sweeping

5.3.1 Sweeping Management Plan

The permittees updated their Street Sweeping Management Plans to address recommendations of the *Anchorage Street Sweeping and Storm Water Controls: 2013 Performance Evaluation.* In the second term MOA and DOT&PF submitted a combined plan, however, in the third term, permittees each developed individual sweeping plans, submitted with the 9-month report as required by Permit Part 3.4.5.1., to accommodate differences in their respective sweeping operations.

A list of roads where sweeping is technically infeasible was provided in the 2015 Annual Report, and it included alternative control measures as required by Permit Part 3.4.5.3. A visual inspection was performed to identify trash or other pollutant issues, and these were addressed and documented in the

form of ditch cleaning and catch basin cleaning. Additional measures may be identified for these roads as needed.

In 2017 the Permittees began sweeping the streets according to the new schedules and sweeping plan. The 2019 sweeping activities were performed consistent with their new plan and schedule. The DOT&PF and MOA Sweeping Reports are provided in Appendix E3.

5.3.2 Sweeping Assessment

Permit Part 3.4.5.4 requires the permittees to "...perform annual assessments of street sweeping effectiveness to minimize pollutant discharges to storm drains and creeks..." on the basis of permit defined performance factors. The permittees have provided their 2019 summaries of street sweeping activities in their sweeping reports.

5.4 Pesticide, Herbicide, and Fertilizer Applications

The Municipal pesticide code is located in Title 15.75, available at: <u>https://library.municode.com/ak/anchorage/codes/code_of_ordinances?nodeId=TIT15ENPR_CH15.75PEC_0</u>

The pesticide code was updated during the second term to strengthen application restrictions, notifications, and certification requirements. These code requirements are enforced at Municipal facilities and an application log is maintained.

During 2019 permittees used pesticides in their greenhouses, the application log is presented in Appendix E4.

5.5 Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plans

Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plans for certain permittee-owned activities were developed in the second term of the Permit term. Permittees developed plans for their material storage facilities, maintenance yards, and snow disposal sites. They are updated regularly and available at the italicized facilities for each owner in Table 5.3 and where practical at each facility site.

Inspection

In 2019 inspections indicated by Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plans were performed at the facilities indicated in Table 5.3. Corrections were made as needed. The inspection reports are on file at each of the facility offices and provided in Appendix E5.

5.6 Training

The Municipality and DOT&PF met periodically during 2019 to coordinate their respective activities and discuss operational issues. Street managers from DOT&PF and MOA participated in the 2019 Annual Meeting summarized in Section 2.4.

DOT&PF crew members participated in a number of meetings which are identified in the MS4 Summary in Appendix A1.

Municipal Maintenance crews, at regular staff meetings, are given information regarding APDES Permit requirements in a variety of presentations and staff meetings to assist their understanding, decisions, and record-keeping about activities associated with Permit compliance. Training was conducted for:

- Ongoing at Regular Staff Meetings -Sweeping Practices/Protocol, project BMP's, SOP's, Spill Prevention/Response using SOPs, and *Illicit Discharge Detection & Elimination, a Grate Concern* video, Excal Visual;
- 02/27/2019 APDES Annual Meeting
- MOA-ARDSA has 14 AK-CESCL certified staff.
- Held a training session to familiarize all staff on construction and facility SWPPP requirements.
- The MOA maintains a YouTube channel for training, MOA Stormwater: <u>https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCdr0yQY12_mDVHTMaRVBFVw</u>.

Playlists are available for various training topics: Cold Weather/Climate, LID, Stormwater Management, Stormwater Construction Practices, Illicit Discharges, Inspection, Maintenance, Rain Gardens.

Facility	Location	Activities					
DOT&PF							
Birchwood Maintenance	20651 Birchwood Spur Rd., Birchwood	Equipment & Materials Storage					
Girdwood Maintenance	MP 90 Seward Hwy./ 888 Toad Stool Drive, Girdwood	Equipment & Materials Storage, Maintenance					
Anchorage Maintenance	5300 E. Tudor Rd., Anchorage	Equipment & Materials Storage, Maintenance					
O'Malley Snow Disposal	10675 Old Seward Hwy, Anchorage	Snow Storage					
Tudor Snow Disposal	6110 Tudor Road, Anchorage	Snow Storage (operating under ARDSA SWPPP)					
iland Road Snow Disposal	8500 Hiland Road, Eagle River	Snow Storage					
CBERRRSA							
Eagle River Maintenance	8501 Hesterberg Ln, Eagle River	Equipment & Materials Storage					
Chugiak Maintenance Facility	19200 Kerbow Ln., Chugiak	Equipment & Materials Storage					
ARDSA							
Kloep Maintenance Facility	5701 Northwood Drive, Anchorage	Equipment Maintenance, Materials Storage & Snow Storage					
Muldoon Maintenance & Storage Facility	7909 Boundary Ave., Anchorage	Equipment Maintenance & Materials Storage					
Native Heritage Snow Disposal	8902 Heritage Center Drive, Anchorage	Snow Storage					
Commercial Dr. Snow Disposal	2941 Commercial Drive, Anchorage	Snow Storage					
Mountain View Snow Disposal	5100 Mountain View Drive, Anchorage	Snow Storage					
Sitka Street Snow Disposal	1525 Sitka Street, Anchorage	Snow Storage					
Tudor Snow Disposal	5300 Tudor Road, Anchorage	Snow Storage					
C Street Snow Disposal	395 W 100 th Avenue, Anchorage	Snow Storage					
Dowling Snow Disposal Site	6531 Spruce Street, Anchorage	Snow Storage					

3: Table 5.3 – MS4 Facilities with Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plans

6 Illicit Discharge Management

6.1 Illicit Discharge Regulatory Strategy

The Municipal regulatory authority for stormwater pollution control is found in Title 21.07.040, <u>http://library.municode.com/index.aspx?clientId=12717</u>. This code provides the basis for managing discharges to the storm sewer system and to waters of the U.S. It was updated effective January 2011 to conform to Permit requirements consistent with Part 3.5.1.1, provide a stormwater permit for discharges not covered under building permits, and accommodate CGP review authorities. It was carried forward into the Title 21 rewrite to its new position in Title 21.07.04. It is up to date for current permit requirements.

6.2 Illicit Discharge Reporting and Response

The Pollution Hotline, (907)343-4141, continues to operate with staff taking calls during regular business hours and retrieving messages from callers with complaints during non-business times. These hotline complaints are recorded into the Municipality's Infor (Hansen) Complaint Management System and forwarded to the appropriate department for response.

The Infor Public Sector System (a new version of the Hansen System software, implemented in 2015) is also available to community members on the Municipal



Development Services Building Safety Land Use Code Enforcement website <u>http://www.muni.org/Departments/OCPD/development/BSD/Pages/CodeEnforcement.aspx</u> for on-line complaint recording and tracking.

Table 6.1 (below) tallies complaints recorded through the on-line tracking system. Complaints were followed up within the required two working days, and resolved within a week. *Stormwater – construction* complaints were handled with the inspections in the Construction Site Management Program. *Prohibited discharges* complaints were handled as illicit discharge complaints.

	4. Table 0.1 – Dervice Requests by Complaint Type, 2015							
Department	Complaint Type	Number of Requests	Number Resolved					
WMS	Stormwater – Construction	19	19					
WMS	Prohibited Discharges – Private property	8	7					
ROW	Prohibited Discharges – ROW	7	7					

4: Table 6.1 – Service Requests by Complaint Type, 2019

Illicit Discharge mapping

Appendix F1 contains a location map of 2019 Anchorage prohibited discharge complaints. Inspectors visited all sites and, where appropriate, initiated clean-up. There were no recurrences associated with any of the discharges.

6.3 Dry Weather Screening

The permittees continued to implement the re-designed dry weather screening program in compliance with Permit requirements. The 2019 report is provided in Appendix F2. In 2019, there were no exceedances for fecal coliform.

6.4 Spill Prevention and Response

The permittees must prevent, respond to, contain and clean up all sewage and other spills that may discharge into the MS4. To meet this requirement the permittees convened a group of interested participants and mapped out the current Anchorage response. The information that came from these discussions was drafted into a Spill Response Program Agreement. The working group continues to coordinate the spill response program and they updated the Agreement in 2016 to reflect administrative changes.

2019 Spill Response

Spills that enter the MOA MS4 or receiving waters are reported to and archived by MOA staff via Infor computer software. Spills that WMS staff responded to that were contained and isolated to ground surfaces, but did not enter the storm drain system, are not included.

In 2019 the MOA staff reported responded to two spills. The first was a spill of hydraulic fluid from a trash compactor at the Dimond Center Mall, located at 800 E. Dimond Blvd., at approximately 8:30am on May 6th, 2019. The spill was self-reported to the MOA by Alaska Waste employees on site when the spill occurred, who indicated that some material had made it into the private storm drain system in the mall parking lot. Alaska Waste employees had initiated spill containment in the form of oil absorbent pads and booms and had a contractor on the way to clean out the storm drain at the time it was reported to the MOA. Alaska Waste also reported the spill to ADEC and were referred to DOT&PF for additional reporting as adjacent storm drain systems in Dimond Blvd. and Old Seward Hwy. are both DOT&PF maintained systems, in case any material had moved beyond the mall system.

The second spill MOA staff responded to in 2019 was a spill of cooking oil to a storm drain inlet in a parking lot located at 225 E Street in Anchorage. On September 4th, 2019 MOA WMS staff received an email and photos of what appeared to be oil or grease stains on the curb and parking lot pavement adjacent to a storm drain inlet in the parking lot. On September 5th, 2019 MOA WMS staff visited the site and inspected the storm drain system, determining that two catch basins contained cooking oil/grease and needed cleaning. MOA ARDSA Street Maintenance personnel were contacted and used a vacuum truck to clean out the affected catch basins before any material could migrate further down the system. As the parking lot where the spill occurred is used on weekends by the Anchorage Downtown Market (which has several vendors who cook with oil), WMS staff contacted Anchorage Markets manager Mike Fox. Though Mike stated he wasn't aware of any spills the weekend prior and didn't think it was one of his vendors, he did take the opportunity to re-educate the vendors about Municipal Code and proper used cooking oil disposal, reminding them that there are used oil recycling containers on site for vendors to use and to report any spills immediately. He also stated that they would be staging some absorbent pads and booms in the parking lot to help with containment of any future spills.

6.5 Used Oil and Toxic Materials

6.6 The permittees have an ongoing program for accepting hazardous materials including used oil and toxic waste at the Anchorage Regional Landfill and Central Transfer Station. Those locations will accept up to five gallons of household hazardous waste for free. Information and public education materials for this program are found on the Municipal Solid Waste Services homepage at http://www.muni.org/departments/sws/pages/default.aspx

6.7 Training

Training for identifying and eliminating illicit discharges, spills, and illicit connections to the MS4 was performed with the implementation of the Dry Weather Screening Monitoring as outlined in the Monitoring Plan.

Staff training was supported by:

- 2019 Watershed Update/APDES Annual Meeting: February 27, 2019. This half-day meeting reviewed the findings of monitoring, assessments, mapping, and new programs associated with the permit. It was attended by members of MOA, DOT&PF, and the private sector.
- Storm Water Solutions- Storm Water Expo: provided a variety of courses covering stormwater issues in April of 2019.
- WMS meets for bi-weekly staff meetings where members rotate responsibility for selection of videos covering relevant topics related to stormwater management. They include illicit discharge identification, cleanup, and education. A list of the videos on WMS's YouTube Training Channel: <u>https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCdr0yQY12_mDVHTMaRVBFVw</u>

7 Public Education and Involvement

7.1 Public Education and Involvement

The Municipality, on behalf of the permittees, entered into an agreement with the Anchorage Waterways Council (AWC) to conduct the ongoing public education required by the Permit. A full account of education activities for 2019 is provided in Appendix G1.

In addition to the AWC activities, the Municipality conducted these additional activities:

- 2019 Transportation Fair: February 6, 2019: This half-day event at the UAA Alaska Airlines Center included tables with information and representatives from government agencies and private sector interests, and was attended by members of the MOA, DOT&PF, and the public. WMS representatives staffed a table with handouts and materials covering the Construction Sediment and Erosion Control program, SWPPPs, online hydrography mapping, and rain gardens/LID.
- 2019 Scoop the Poop Day: April 13, 2019: This annual full-day event occurs at several dog
 parks around Anchorage. WMS in coordination with the Anchorage Waterways Council,
 staffed a table at the University Lake dog park, handing out bags, buckets, shovels and
 scoops, while encouraging members of the public to help clean up dog poop in the park and
 discussing how animal ownership and environmental stewardship can affect the watershed.
- 2019 Anchorage Waterways Council Annual Meeting: April 23, 2019: AWC's Annual Meeting was held in the evening at Resolution Brewing Company in Anchorage. A member of WMS'

staff provided AWC members and the general public in attendance with a presentation on Anchorage's storm drain system and stormwater management techniques.

- Anchorage Climate Action Fair: June 19, 2019: This half-day event was held in downtown Anchorage's Town Square Park to celebrate the adoption of the Anchorage Climate Action Plan (which WMS also consulted on). WMS staff attended with handouts and materials, and spoke with representatives from other government agencies, universities, non-profits, and members of the public in attendance.
- During 2019, WMS initiated a new stormdrain program with the South Central Chapter of Trout Unlimited. A small number of drains were marked in 2019, with efforts primarily focused on planning the logistics for a more extensive effort in 2020.

7.2 Targeted Education and Training

See the following sections of this Annual Report regarding targeted training for permittee staff:

- Construction Section 2.4
- New and Redevelopment Section 3.5
- Stormwater Infrastructure Section 4.10
- Illicit Discharge Section 5.6

7.3 Annual Meeting

The 2019 Annual Meeting provided information to participants about the activities related to the MS4 Permit. The meeting was held the morning of February 27th at the BP Energy Center and attended by over 70 people with an interest in stormwater management. The meeting used an "open house" format and included poster displays summarizing ongoing permit activities. Information was presented about relevant topics including a proposed stormwater utility, stream setbacks, illicit discharge, monitoring, and a storm pipe condition assessment. A description of the planned 2019 activities was provided. MOA, DOT&PF staff and contractors were on hand to answer any questions about the items that were presented as part of the meeting. Presentation slides, program agenda, and poster summary are available in Appendix G2.

7.4 Bi-Annual Meetings

Bi-annual meetings between the permittees and ADEC were conducted in 2018 and 2019 to provide a forum of discussion regarding permit activities and issues. These meeting summaries are available in Appendix G3.

7.5 Storm Water Website

In 2019 the permittees provided access to their website found at

anchoragewatershed.com or anchoragestormwater.com

This homepage, contains all program information including draft and final project reports, data, map products, forms, permit applications, Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) guidance, and watershed plans.

8 Monitoring and Assessment

8.1 Discharges to Water Quality Impaired Waters

As listed in the Permit, pollutants of concern in Anchorage receiving waters include fecal coliform, petroleum products, and, for one lake, dissolved oxygen. The Municipality, acting on behalf of the permittees, will measure and evaluate the effectiveness of activities to control these pollutants of concern through the following means:

- Stormwater outfall monitoring
- Controls effectiveness monitoring
- Dry weather screening and follow-up
- Public education and involvement program

8.2 Monitoring Plan

The Municipality, on behalf of the permittees, updated the "Quality Assurance Project Plan" for third term activities. The Municipality, on behalf of the permittees, conducts monitoring for various purposes as summarized in Table 8.1.

Monitoring Program			Proposed Sampling Dates		
Component	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Pesticide Screening	None	Aug-Sept	none	Aug-Sept	None
Dry Weather Screening	May-Sept	May-Sept	May-Sept	May-Sept	May-Sept
Control Measure Effectiveness	April-Nov	April-Nov	April-Nov	April-Nov	April-Nov
Snow Storage Site Retrofits	None	None	Mar-Jun	Mar-Jun	None
Stormwater Outfalls	Apr-Nov	Apr-Nov	Apr-Nov	Apr-Nov	Apr-Nov
LID Monitoring	May-Oct	May-Oct	May-Oct	May-Oct	May-Oct

5: Table 7.1 – Storm and Surface Water Monitoring Program Schedule

8.2.1 Pesticide Screening

This sampling program is a continuation of the program started in the first permit term. Sampling was conducted in the second year and will be repeated in the fourth year of the permit term. The results of the second year were reported with the 2016 annual report. The fourth year is presented in the 2018 annual report.

8.2.2 Snow Storage Site Retrofits

The APDES stormwater discharge permit for the Anchorage MS4 requires monitoring of the retrofitted public snow storage sites relative to criteria already developed and published by the MOA Watershed Management Section regarding siting, and design and operation of these types of facilities.

The permittees are required to perform monitoring at Tudor Road Municipal snow disposal site and Spruce Street Municipal snow disposal site twice during two years of the third permit term. Sampling was performed in 2017 and repeated again in 2018. The 2018 annual report contains the snow site evaluation.

8.2.3 Storm Water Outfall Monitoring

Storm Water Outfall Monitoring was continued in 2019 according to the plan approved for the third term. Results are provided in Appendix H1.

An evaluation of monitoring results is required in years one and four of the Permit term with results provided with the applicable annual report. The first-year evaluation discussing the effectiveness of street sweeping to reduce turbidity and fecal coliform in the outfall and public education to reduce fecal coliform bacteria in the outfall was provided in the 2016 annual report. The fourth year was provided in the 2018 annual report.

8.2.4 Quality Assurance Plan

The Quality Assurance Plan (QAP) was last updated in 2018 to reflect changes in staffing for key participants. There are no changes in 2019.