Utility/Enterprise Budget Process and Procedures

Utility/Enterprise Departments

Anchorage Water & Wastewater (AWWU), Municipal Light & Power (ML&P), and Solid Waste Services (SWS) are utility departments; Merrill Field Airport and the Port of Alaska (Port) are enterprise departments. Many of the basic services Anchorage residents rely on daily: safe water, reliable electricity, safe and efficient delivery of goods, come from municipal-owned utilities and enterprise departments.

The goal of the utilities/enterprise departments is to continue to provide quality service at reasonable rates. These departments continue to meet debt service requirements, prudently increase equity, adequately maintain cash reserves, and generate sufficient revenue to maintain their plants in good working condition. The primary source of revenue required to support the operating and capital budget comes from rate payers or users of their respective services. The budget is presented for a calendar year, in line with the Municipality's fiscal year.

Governance

The authority for operation and management of the utility/enterprise departments is under the control of the Mayor.

ML&P, Port, and SWS established a commission to provide guidance to the Mayor and Assembly in regards to each entity's strategic plan, budget, policies, economic impacts, expansions, and improvements. (AMC 4.70.10).

AWWU established a Board of Directors to provide guidance to the Mayor and Assembly in regards to AWWU's strategic plan, long term fiscal plan, budget, tariff rates, and fees. (AMC 4.80.020).

Merrill Field Airport established Municipal Airports Aviation Advisory Commission to provide recommendations to the Mayor and Assembly on all matters pertaining to the annual operating budget, rules, regulations, and administrative guidelines (AMC 4.60.160).

The Regulatory Commission of Alaska (RCA) regulates AWWU and ML&P by approving all rates and tariffs prior to implementation. They also regulate service areas and quality.

Utility/Enterprise Accounting

The accrual basis of accounting is used for utility/enterprise funds. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable. Expenses are recognized in the period incurred, if measurable.

The direct cost budget allocates spending among several categories: labor (salaries and benefits); non-labor (supplies, travel, contracts, etc); contributions; debt service; and non-cash accounts such as depreciation and amortization, which are not appropriated. Each department is responsible for managing and monitoring their respective budget at these category levels. The function cost budget includes interfund charges for general government services to the total direct cost budget. Actual expenses may not exceed function cost budget appropriations at the enterprise and utility fund levels (AMC 6.10.036).

The Assembly may, by resolution, reduce or increase appropriations during the course of the fiscal year. A resolution reducing or increasing appropriations by an amount in excess of \$100,000 shall be subject to a public hearing (AMC 6.10.085).

The Budget Office is authorized to transfer budget amounts within the appropriated departments and funds. Revisions that change the total expenditures of any department or fund must be approved by the Assembly. Operating appropriations that are not expended, encumbered, or designated to be carried over, lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Municipal Utility/Enterprise Service Assessment (MUSA/MESA)

Each year, payments-in-lieu of taxes are included in the operating budgets for the utility/enterprise departments to cover the cost of tax supported services they receive, other than services received on a contract or interfund basis. It is the public policy to require the utilities (AWWU, ML&P, and SWS) to pay a municipal utility service assessment (MUSA). Merrill Field and the Port are required to pay a municipal enterprise service assessment (MESA).

The MUSA shall be calculated by applying the millage rate established annually for each service area by the assembly to the net classified plant in service as of January 1 of the current year of each utility. Net book value of plant will be the MUSA basis for the refuse collection utility and solid waste disposal utility. The millage rate so established will be that rate assessed other owners of real, personal and business property in each service area. Payment must be made on or before July 15th of each calendar year. (AMC 26.10.025)

The MESA shall be calculated by applying the value of adjusted plant in service multiplied by the annual mill rate. Adjusted plant in service means the final, year-end, audited net classified non-contributed plant in service value, less exclusions specified, for the calendar year preceding the mill rate year. Payment shall be made on the first business day of July of each calendar year. (AMC 11.50.280)

Utility/Enterprise Revenues

Utility/enterprise departments are operated in a manner as to provide a reasonable profit in accordance with applicable regulatory provisions and law. Surplus revenues from operations are to be reinvested in the department. If a municipal utility has or is anticipated to have net income accruing from its operations in any year, a portion of the net income may be pledged by inclusion in the respective municipal utility and general government budgets for the subsequent year. The pledged amount shall be described as "Utility Revenue Distribution."

The Assembly shall hold a public hearing as part of the annual budget process on the proposed Utility Revenue Distribution and use of funds. Payment of any approved and budgeted Utility Revenue Distribution shall be made in two equal payments on or before the 15th calendar day of August and October of such subsequent year only after the income has been collected by the municipality pursuant to lawful authority and the annual audit has been completed. (AMC 26.10.065).

Operating revenues are collected from rate payers for operating activities and services provided. Examples of some of the services provided from rate collections include: electricity, clean water, airport tie-downs, recycling collections, and dock revenue. Non-Operating revenues are earned from activities such as: operating grants, interest income, and unrealized gains/losses.

Utility/Enterprise Capital

The Municipality has two documents that govern planning and funding of capital projects:

- Capital Improvement Budget (CIB) identifies projects and funding sources for the upcoming fiscal year; and
- Capital Improvement Program (CIP) a longer-term outlook that identifies projects for the next six years, including the upcoming fiscal year.

Once approved by the Assembly, the amount of specific appropriations, project descriptions, and budget years for individual projects within the CIB/CIP are considered permanent legislative actions of the Assembly and may be altered in subsequent years only by majority vote of the Assembly (AMC 6.10.045).

The funding sources that are obtained for the capital projects could be: debt, State/Federal grants, and/or equity. Most utility/enterprise department capital projects are funded by equity, but can be funded by multiple sources.

Budget Planning and Timeline

The Mayor is required to submit the proposed enterprise/utilities operating and capital budgets to the Assembly 90 days prior to the end of the fiscal year (October 2st) (AMC 13.03).

Prior to that (120 days prior to the end of the fiscal year), the Administration is required to provide preliminary information on the capital budget/capital program, business plans, update to utility/enterprise strategic plans, and major reorganizations (AMC 6.10.040).

Key Dates in Budget Process				
Summer	Preliminary budget			
	information gathered			
September 2	Preliminary budget			
	information to Assembly			
October 2	Mayor proposed budgets			
October, November	Assembly deliberates, holds			
	public hearings			
December	Deadline for Assembly			
	approval			
April	First Quarter budget			
	revisions			

Preparation of the budget starts much earlier. A preliminary planning phase gets underway in the summer. The Office of Management & Budget (OMB) works with departments in reviewing their programs and responsibilities, assessing what is being done during the current year, and assisting in making plans for the next budget year in line with Administration goals. Some considerations during this phase are:

- Contractually obligated increases, such as labor contracts and health insurance premiums;
- New facilities that will open during the next fiscal year that will require staff, supplies, and other operating expenses;
- New responsibilities or programs required by Federal, State, or local laws;
- New or changed programs to meet community needs or interests;
- Programs that can be eliminated because they are ineffective, no longer required, or desired; and/or
- Efficiencies and savings that can be achieved through organizational management.

During this period of time, OMB also reviews projected revenue information in order to get an early indication of the Municipality's ability to afford current spending levels and/or the potential need for reductions.

Mayor Proposes/Assembly Appropriates

The Mayor submits the proposed operating and capital budgets to the Assembly in early October, the Assembly holds public work sessions at which the Administration and department directors discuss the Mayor's proposal.

Public Comment

The budget books are available on the Office and Management and Budget's website, as well as the Mayor's website, for the public to view. The Assembly is required to hold two public hearings on the Mayor's proposed budget, which is the official opportunity for the public to comment and for the Assembly to consider amendments. These are usually held during October and November. The Anchorage Charter requires that the Assembly approve the budget 21 days before the end of the year (by December 10). But if for some reason they still have not reached agreement, the Charter was amended to allow the Assembly and Mayor to continue to work. Once agreement is reached, that budget is known as the "Approved Budget."

Veto Process

The Mayor has the ability to strike or reduce an appropriation in the operating or capital budget within 7 days from Assembly action. The Assembly then has 21 days from the Mayor's veto to override his/her action and must have a super-majority of 8 Assembly members to be successful. If a veto is sustained, the Mayor's action is implemented (AMC 5.02.c).

First Quarter Budget Amendments

During the spring following the budget's approval, the Administration finalizes the prior year's spending numbers and firms up revenues available to support the current year budget. This process, called "First Quarter Budget Amendments," takes place in April and May and results in the Assembly's approval of a "Revised Budget."

Unlike the proposed budget process in the fall that requires two public hearings, the first quarter amendment process only requires one public hearing and usually is at the Assembly meeting that follows the Mayor's introduction of the proposed amendments.

Based on these final spending decisions for general government, the Assembly then sets the tax rates for each service area.

Budget Monitoring, Controls, and Reporting

Each utility/enterprise department is responsible for managing and monitoring their respective budget at the spending category levels. Department managers also monitor their program performance measures throughout the year to ascertain if goals are being met.

Actual expenditures in a fiscal year that consume operating budgets may not exceed the function level budget appropriations by fund; which is all spending categories within a fund. At the end of the fiscal year, actual expenditures less revenues fall to fund balance. Some of the fund balance (equity) is transferred to the capital fund to support capital projects. There are also other requirements on minimum fund balance reserves that are defined in the annual financial statements. The capital budget is controlled by fund, division, and project.

P.V.R. – Performance. Values. Results. Performance measures and corresponding data for each program, as identified by each department, are reported quarterly to communicate and demonstrate the results and effectiveness of the program in achieving its stated purpose and to accurately capture the costs to deliver the intended results (AMC 6.40.016).

The last assembly meeting prior to June 30 of each year, the Mayor provides a memorandum to the assembly identifying the frequency, data, and format of the reporting requirements (AMC 6.40.015).

Currently, spending reports are provided quarterly to the assembly by spending category; labor, overtime, non-labor expenditures, and revenues compared to budget. A budget to actuals report for travel and the contributions to nonprofit organizations are provided to the Assembly, separately (AMC 6.10.034).

The accounting records at AWWU must conform to the Uniform System of Accounts prescribed by the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC). ML&P is responsible for financial analysis and reporting in the manner prescribed by Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC).

Municipality of Anchorage Operating & Capital Budgets -- General Government / Utilities / Enterprises 2020 Budget Preparation Calendar (Preliminary) - May 2019

Action	Date		Category
Rollover of QuesticaBudget prior-year revised to budget-year proposed operating and capital	June		All
Questica budget available to departments	June 5		All
OMB distributes Mayor's funding guidance and priorities to departments	June 14		Operating
OMB request CIB/CIP projects from Departments	June 17		Capital
All Department preliminary capital budget changes to CIB due to OMB	June 28		Capital
OMB review, analyze, compile preliminary CIB to Mayor	July 1-12		Capital
Mayor's first preliminary review of list of projects	July 15-17		Capital
Send preliminary CIB to Finance for fund certification	July 17-19		Capital
CIB discussion with Mayor	July 22-26		Capital
All departments submit proposed changes to operating budgets to OMB	July 29		Operating
OMB compiles summaries of department operating budget changes for Mayor review	July 30-Aug 2		All
Mayor meets with Departments Heads	Aug 12-16		Operating
Public Finance to provide OMB: review of utility/enterprise 8 year summaries, revenue/expense statements, and statement of cash sources and uses with focus on: debt, debt/equity ratios, cash pool, cash pool earnings, etc.	Aug		All
Mayor's decisions on proposed CIB/CIP to OMB	Aug 19		Capital
OMB submits Six-Year Fiscal Program to Mayor	Aug 19		All
OMB run IGCs	Aug 23		Operating
("120 Day Memo") Mayor's Preliminary budget information to Assembly and online (revenues, tax limit, service priorities, reorganizations, utility/enterprise business plans, update to utility/enterprise strategic plans, and proposed CIPs) { note: due Sat. Sept 1 by code, Monday Sept 3rd MOA holiday}	Aug 30	A	All
OMB completes GG operating and utility/enterprise budget books and Six- Year Fiscal Program	Sept 9-13		All
OMB completes assembly documents for GG operating and utility/enterprise budgets and Six-Year Fiscal Program	Sept 16-20		All
OMB submits budgets and Six-Year Fiscal Program to Assembly and online (NLT October 2)	Oct 2	В	All
Assembly worksession, Overview & Highlights of Proposed Budgets	Oct 4		All
Formal introduction of Mayor's budgets to Assembly	Oct 8		All
Assembly Worksession - General Government Operating & Capital	Oct 18		All
Assembly Public Hearing # 1 on proposed budgets	Oct 22	С	All
Assembly Worksession - Utilities/Enterp. Budgets & Legislative Program	Oct 25		Utl / Ent / Leg
Assembly Public Hearing # 2 on proposed budgets	Nov 5		All
Assembly Worksession - Assembly proposed amendments	Nov 15		All

Municipality of Anchorage

Operating & Capital Budgets -- General Government / Utilities / Enterprises 2020 Budget Preparation Calendar (Preliminary) - May 2019

Action	Date	Category
Administration prepares S-Version	Nov 14-18	All
Assembly Meeting - Assembly amendments and adoption of budgets	Nov 19 D	All
OMB upload adopted budget into financial system for budget year use	Dec 2	Operating

Note: All dates are subject to change.

Α

6.10.040 Submittal and adoption of municipal operating and capital budget. September

- A. At least 120 days before the end of the fiscal year the Mayor shall submit to the Assembly the following:
- 1. A preliminary general government capital budget/capital program and utilities capital budget/capital program.
- 2. Proposed utility business plans and update to utility strategic plans.
- 3. Preliminary general government revenue plan, tax limitation, and administration service priorities.
- **4.** Major departmental consolidations, reorganizations or establishments necessitating changes to Chapter 3.10 or 3.20, pertaining to executive organization, and required by proposed budgets for the next fiscal year.

В

Section 13.02. Six-Year Fiscal Program. October

At least 90 days before the end of the fiscal year of the municipality the mayor shall submit to the assembly, with recommendations from the planning commission, a six-year program for public services, fiscal policies and capital improvements of the municipality. The program shall include estimates of the effect of capital improvement projects on maintenance, operation and personnel costs. The assembly shall hold at least one public hearing on the six-year program prior to adoption.

Section 13.03. Operating and capital budget. October

At least 90 days before the end of the fiscal year of the municipality the Mayor shall submit to the Assembly a proposed operating and capital budget for the next fiscal year. The form and content of the budget shall be consistent with the proposed six-year program. The Mayor shall submit with the budget an analysis of the fiscal implications of all tax levies and programs.

С

Section 13.04. Budget hearing.

The Assembly shall hold at least two public hearings on the proposed operating and capital budget for the next fiscal year, including one hearing at least 21 days after the budget is submitted to the Assembly, and one hearing at least seven but not more than 14 days prior to the adoption of the budget.

D

6.10.040 Submittal and adoption of municipal operating and capital budget.

B. The general government capital budget/capital program will be adopted at least 21 days prior to the end of the fiscal year of the municipality.