Glossary of Terms

Accrual The accumulation or increase of something over time, especially

payments or benefits.

ACCS Alaska Cargo and Cold Storage

ACDA Anchorage Community Development Authority

ACFR The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) is a set of

government financial statements that comprise the financial report of the Municipality and its compliance with accounting requirements (generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP. The information is compiled

by municipal staff and audited by an external accountant.

ACPA Anchorage Center for the Performing Arts

Ad Valorem Tax A tax based on value. Property taxes in the Municipality are an ad

valorem tax. Taxpayers pay set rate per dollar of assessed value of

taxable property.

ADA Americans with Disability Act is a civil rights law that prohibits, under

certain circumstances, discrimination based on disability.

AEDC Anchorage Economic Development Corporation

AIM Assembly Information Memorandums

Allocated Revenues Revenues received or earned by the Municipality which are not attributed

to a particular department, program or service. Examples are state revenue sharing and interest earned on cash investments. These revenues are distributed to funds (for service areas) and not to specific programs. The method of allocation varies, depending on the type of

revenue.

Allowed Budget Amount the total budget can be without exceeding the tax limitation. It is

calculated by adding the amount of taxes allowed under the tax limitation and other anticipated revenues (programs and allocated revenues and intragovernmental charges to non-tax-supported units such as grants and

utilities).

AMATS Anchorage Metropolitan Area Transportation Solutions. Every

metropolitan area with a population of more than 50,000 residents must have a designated Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for transportation in order to qualify for federal highway or transit assistance. AMATS is the MPO for the Anchorage Bowl and Chugiak-Eagle River

areas when federal transportation funds are used.

AMC Anchorage Municipal Code

AMEA Anchorage Municipal Employee Association, Inc.

Amendment A change to a budget that is made after the budget has been proposed.

Amortization Depreciation of intangible assets.

ANC Ted Stevens Anchorage International Airport

Anchorage Charter The governing document that created the Municipality of Anchorage as a

home rule government. The charter was adopted in 1975 and may be amended only by a majority of those voting on the approved amendment.

ANS Alaska North Slope

AO Assembly Ordinances

APDEA Anchorage Police Department Employee Association

APDES Alaska Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

Appropriation An authorization by the Assembly to make expenditures. The Assembly

makes appropriations in the operating budget for each department's direct cost and each fund's function cost. Appropriations lapse at the end

of the fiscal year.

Approved Budget Budget approved by the Assembly in November/December of each year

that goes into effect on January 1st. This version includes amendments approved by the Assembly to the budget that was originally proposed by

the Mayor in October.

Areawide Services Services provided throughout the entire Municipality. Examples are

education, planning and zoning, library, health, and transit.

ARRA American Recovery and Reinvestment Act

ASD Anchorage School District

Assessed Valuation The value of real estate and other taxable property established by the

Municipality as a basis for levying taxes. By State law, all taxable property must be assessed annually at 100% of market value.

ATU Anchorage Telephone Utility

Audit An official inspection of an individual's or organization's accounts,

typically by an independent body.

Average Mill Rate The average tax rate (mill levy) computed by:

Total Property ÷ Total Areawide x 1,000 = Average Tax Required Assessed Mill Rate

Valuation

AWWU The Anchorage Water & Wastewater Utility, a public corporate authority

of the Municipality of Anchorage, operator of the public water and sewer

system.

BABsBuild America Bonds are taxable municipal bonds that carry special tax

credits and federal subsidies for either the bond issuer or the bond holder. Build America Bonds were created under Section 1531 of Title I of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) in 2009. This

program expired December 31, 2010.

BAC Budget Advisory Commission

Balanced Budget A budget in which sufficient revenues are available to fund anticipated

expenditures.

Bond Rating An indicator of the credit worthiness of the Municipality (the same as

credit ratings for individuals). Ratings are assigned by credit rating agencies such as Moody's Standard & Poor's (S&P), and Fitch Ratings at the time the Municipality will be issuing (selling) a bond. A high rating indicates a high quality bond, which means lower interest rates that the Municipality will have to pay. The Municipality has earned high ratings:

AA Stable from S&P; AA+ Stable from Fitch.

Bonds A financial instrument, similar to a loan, by which the Municipality borrows

money for a specified purpose that it then repays plus interest over time.

Budget A document that lays out a plan for financial operation for the Municipality

based on estimates of proposed expenditures and revenue for the upcoming fiscal year. It also is a controlling document by setting the

upper limit for the amount that can be spent by a department.

CAMA Computer Assisted Mass Appraisal (CAMA) is a software package used

by government agencies to help establish real estate appraisals for

property tax calculations.

CAP Community Assistance Program

> infrastructure-from buildings, to park trails, to roads. These activities can be new construction, expansion, renovation, or replacement of existing infrastructure. Capital expenditures can include the cost of land, engineering, architectural planning, and contractual services required to

complete the project.

Capital Improvement

Budget (CIB)

A plan for capital expenditures and the means to finance them.

Capital Improvement Program (CIP)

A longer-range plan for capital improvement projects and proposed

sources of funding for the next six years.

CARES Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act, also

known as the CARES Act, is a \$2.2 trillion economic stimulus bill passed by the 116th U.S. Congress and signed into law by President Donald Trump on March 27, 2020, in response to the economic fallout of the

COVID-19 pandemic in the United States.

CBA Collective Bargaining Agreements

CEA Chugach Electric Association

CFO Chief Fiscal Officer

Charter The governing document that created the Municipality of Anchorage as a

home rule government. The charter was adopted in 1975 and may be amended only by a majority of those voting on the approved amendment.

CHAT Crisis Health Action Team

Code Local laws by which the Municipal Charter is interpreted and

implemented. The code is approved by the Assembly and may also be revised by an ordinance. Passage of a code or code change requires approval by at least six (out of eleven members) of the Assembly.

Component Unit A legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the

primary government are financially accountable, or another organization for which the nature and significance of its relationship with a primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's

financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

As of March 2019, component units include Anchorage School District, Anchorage Community Development Authority, Alaska Center for the

Performing Arts and CIVIC Ventures, LLC.

Continuation Level Projection of what it would cost in the budget year to continue existing

programs and services at the same level of activity.

COPs Police & Fire Retiree Certificates of Participation

CPI Consumer Price Index (CPI) measures changes in the price level of

consumer goods and services purchased by households over time.

CWIP Construction work in progress (CWIP)

Debt Service Principal and interest payments on debt incurred (bonds sold) by the

Municipality.

Deficit An excess of expenditure or liabilities over income or assets in a given

period.

Depreciation The systematic allocation and expensing of the cost of a capital asset

over the estimated useful life of the asset based on the asset class.

Depreciation of an intangible asset is called Amortization.

Direct Costs Salaries and other personnel expenses, supplies, contracts and other

purchased services, debt service, machinery and other capital expenses

(basically a department's operating budget).

EIA Energy Information Agency

Employee Benefits The cost for contribution to employee retirement, social security, health,

and workers' compensation programs.

EMS Emergency Medical Services

Endowment Fund An investment made by or on the behalf of a foundation that uses the

earnings from the investment to fund its operations.

Enterprise Activities An enterprise charges external users for goods or services they receive.

The Municipality has three enterprises: Merrill Field, the Port of

Anchorage, and Solid Waste Services. Budgets for these organizations are not included in General Government's operating budget; they are

budgeted separately.

ERP Enterprise resource planning (ERP) is an integrated software application

to facilitate the flow of information between all business functions inside the boundaries of the organization and manage the connections to

outside stakeholders.

Expense General government expenses include salaries, wages, supplies,

contracts, debt service, and purchases of machinery and equipment.

FASB Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB)

Federal Revenue This is a category of revenue that helps pay for government services.

The Municipality only gets about \$1 million each year, which is about 0.2

percent of revenue. This amount does not include Federal funds

received as a grant for a specific program or service.

Fees A charge to cover the cost of a service (i.e. building inspection fee,

zoning fee, etc.)

FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency

FERC Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

Fiduciary Fund Used in governmental accounting to account for assets held in trust for

others.

First Quarter Budget

Amendments

A process in April of each year during which the current year spending and revenues are finalized. Based on these final numbers, mill levies are

calculated upon which property tax bills are based.

Fiscal Year An accounting term for the budget year. The fiscal year of the

Municipality is January through December 31.

FTE Full Time Equivalent (FTE) is a metric used to show how labor hours

equate to full-time employees for the budget year. For the Municipality, a typical full-time position is 40 hours per work-week, every week of the

year, and would be considered 1 FTE.

Function Cost The appropriation level for funds (or service areas). Function cost is

calculated as follows:

Direct + Intragovernmental - Intragovernmental = Function

Cost Charges from Charges to Others Cost

Others

The function cost of a particular fund is the sum of the function costs of all budget units assigned to the fund. The Assembly appropriates a

fund's function costs for the fiscal year.

Fund An accounting entity designed to separately track the expenses and

revenues of a particular program or service. Funds are classified according to type: general, enterprise, debt service, etc. The expenses and revenues are accounted for according to generally accepted

accounting principles. Each service area established in the Municipality

is assigned a unique fund number and name.

Fund Balance The unused balance of governmental funds, which includes certain set

asides of funds established for certain purposes (see Reserves).

GAAP Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) refer to a common set

of accounting principles, standards, and procedures issued by the

Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB).

GASB Governmental Accounting Standards Board

GCP General Cash Pool

General Obligation Bonds A municipal bond backed by the credit and taxing power of the issuing

jurisdiction. Voter approval is required to incur this debt. General Obligation (GO) bonds appear on a general election ballot and require approval by a majority of those voting in that service area. The debt is

repaid over time by property tax payers in that service area.

GFOA Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) is a professional

association of state and local finance officers in the US and Canada whose members are dedicated to the sound management of government

financial resources.

GGOB General Government Operating Budget

GIS Geographic Information Systems (GIS) Services supports all municipal

departments by providing geographic data, data management, products,

and services.

Grant A contribution or gift of cash or other assets from another government or

organization to be used or expended for the specified purpose, activity,

or facility.

HLB Heritage Land Bank

IAFF International Association of Fire Fighters (Local 1264)

IBEW International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers Union (Local 302)

Inflation

A change in the general level of prices of goods and services in an economy over a period of time. When the general price level rises, each dollar buys fewer goods and services. As a result, inflation also reflects erosion in purchasing power. A primary measure of inflation is the inflation rate, the annualized percentage change in the Consumer Price Index over time.

Infrastructure

Assets that are long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets. Common examples of infrastructure include established networks like roads, bridges, gas delivery lines, water and sewer systems and water treatment plants.

Interest and Other Earnings

A category of revenue that primarily includes interest earnings on investments (i.e. the Municipality's Trust Fund (created with the earnings from the sale of the Anchorage Telephone Utility); management of pools cash and other dividend income).

Intragovernmental Charge (IGC)

The charge for a service that one budget unit (servicer) provides to another (requester). Charges to other budget units are counted as revenues; charges from others are counted as expenses.

Major Fund

Funds whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets, or liabilities (excluding extraordinary items) are at least 10 percent of corresponding totals for all governmental or enterprise funds and at least 5 percent of the aggregate amount for all governmental and enterprise funds.

Mandated Increase

Budget increase required to meet Federal, State, or Municipal legally mandated services or programs.

Mayor's Veto

The Charter gives Anchorage's mayor the authority to stop an action approved by the Assembly. A mayor can stop (veto) an ordinance (code change) from being enacted. Anchorage's mayor also has "line-item" veto authority, which enables the mayor to reduce the dollar amount approved in a budget. Eight (out of eleven) members of the Assembly then can override a mayor's veto, thereby allowing the ordinance to become law.

MCT

Mobile Crisis Team

MESA

Municipally owned enterprises (Port, Merrill Field, Solid Waste Services) do not pay property taxes. Municipal Enterprise Service Assessment (MESA) is a payment similar to a property tax that is assessed on these entities.

Mill Levy or Rate A rate of tax to be assessed on all taxable property. Rates are

expressed in terms of \$1 of tax per \$1,000 of assessed value. Mill Levy

is computed as follows:

Property Tax Total Assessed

Required in a ÷ Value of Taxable x 1,000 = Mill Levy

Service Area Property in the

Service Area

MOA Municipality of Anchorage

MUSA Municipally owned utilities do not pay property taxes. Municipal Utility

Service Assessment (MUSA) is a payment similar to a property tax that is

assessed on these entities.

NENA National Emergency Number Association

Net Program CostThe amount required to support a program that is not completely funded

by revenues earned by the program. Net program cost must be funded

by allocated revenues or property taxes. It is computed as follows:

Direct + Intragovernmental - Intragovernmental - Program
Cost Charges from Charges to Revenues

=Net Program Cost

NFIP National Flood Insurance Program

Non-Major Fund Funds whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets, or liabilities

(excluding extraordinary items) are not at least 10 percent of

corresponding totals for all governmental or enterprise funds and at least 5 percent of the aggregate amount for all governmental and enterprise

funds.

Non-Property Taxes A category of revenue that helps pay for city services. It consists of all

taxes other than property taxes: automobile registration, aircraft

registration, room, and motor vehicle rental.

NPR-A National Petroleum Reserve-Alaska

OMB Office of Management & Budget

Ombudsman The Office of the Ombudsman is a non-partisan, neutral, fact finding

agency that ensures the municipality actions are fair and reasonable.

OnBase Internal assembly document tracking system.

OPEC Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries

Operating Budget The funding allotted to departments to pay for the day-to-day operations

of municipal services. This does not include funding for capital projects.

OTP Other Tobacco Products

Performance Measures Measures that can be consistently used to analyze and improve service.

They must be meaningful to both program managers and citizens, useful,

and sustainable.

Permanent FundOne of the five governmental fund types established by GAAP. It is

classified as a restricted true endowment fund for governments and non-

profit organizations.

PERS Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) for Alaskan state and local

governments.

PFD Permanent Fund Dividend

PILT Payment-in-Lieu-of Taxes

POA Port of Alaska

Program Revenue or Program-Generated

Property Tax

Revenues earned by a program, including fees for service, license and

permit fees, and fines.

Total amount of revenue to be raised by levying taxes on real and

personal property. Property tax is computed as follows:

Net Program CostsAllocated RevenuesProperty Taxfor all Budget- Assigned to the= Required forUnits in aFund and Fundthe Fund toParticular FundBalanceMeet the Budget

Proposed Budget The budget for the upcoming year submitted by the mayor to the

Assembly for its consideration, amendment, and approval. The

Assembly conducts two public hearings on the proposed budget at which the public can testify. The Mayor is required to submit the proposed budget by October 1 of each year for the fiscal year that starts on

January 1.

Proprietary Fund A fund used in governmental accounting to account for activities that

involve business-like interactions, either within the government or outside of it. These activities are similar to what would be found in the private sector, so the reporting resembles what would be used by a private

business.

PVRs

"Anchorage: Performance. Value. Results." Initiative is a framework designed to communicate to citizens the services currently being delivered and the results being achieved. This strategic framework aligns program purposes with key services and measures by which citizens and decision makers can evaluate program results.

Reserves

Amounts of revenue set aside for a specific purpose. One major reserve protects the Municipality's high bond rating. About \$26 million (8.25% of revenue) is set aside to assure those that purchase a bond will get repaid. This assurance results in the Municipality paying a lower interest rate. Another \$6 to \$9 million (1 to 3% of revenue) is set aside in a second reserve for emergencies.

Resources

The personnel and financial requirements of each program. Personnel resources are stated in terms of full time, part-time and temporary positions. Financial resources are stated in terms of five major expense categories (personal services, supplies, other services, debt services and capital outlay).

Revenues

Various sources of money that pay for expenditures approved in the budget. Major categories of revenue are: federal; state; property and non-property taxes; interest earnings; and program-generated revenues (fees and fines).

Revised Budget

The budget approved in April by the Assembly after first quarter budget

amendments.

RevPAR Revenue Per Available Room

RFP Request for Proposal

SAFER

Staffing for adequate fire and emergency response grant program was created to provide funding directly to fire departments in order to help increase the number of trained, "front line" firefighters available in communities. The goal of SAFER is to enhance the local fire departments' abilities to comply with staffing and operational standards established by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) and Occupational Safety Health Administration (OSHA).

SAP

"System Applications & Products in Data Processing" is a software company known for its enterprise resource planning (SAP ERP) applications and is the software that the Municipality uses, as of 2017, for the majority of its financial processing.

SEE Summary of Economic Effects

SEMT Supplemental Emergency Medical Transportation

Service Area

A legal entity that funds particular governmental services. Service areas are created, altered or abolished only with the approval of a majority of those voting on the question within the affected area. Services in a specific service area are paid for from taxes on property within that area (after all other available revenue is put toward the cost of that service). Areawide services (i.e. education, emergency services) are provided to, and paid for by, taxpayers throughout the Municipality. Other services are limited to smaller geographic areas. Examples of service areas are:

- Chugiak Fire Service Area
- □ Anchorage Metropolitan Police Service Area
- □Anchorage Roads and Drainage Service Area (ARDSA)
- Girdwood Valley Service Area
- □Glen Alps Limited Road Service Area (LRSA)

SOA State of Alaska

SRO School Resource Officer

State Revenue A category of revenue that comes from the State of Alaska that helps pay

for the operating budget. The primary program is a form of revenue sharing that provide general assistance to support municipal programs (it doesn't have a specified purpose). The Municipality also receives grants

from the state that are for specified programs.

SWS Solid Waste Services

TANS Tax Anticipation Notes - A short term debt security issued by a state or

local government to finance current operations or immediate projects that will be repaid with future tax collections. The duration of a tax anticipation

note is typically one year or less.

TAPS Trans-Alaska Pipeline System

Tax Limitation or Tax Cap A charter amendment passed by the voters of Anchorage in October

1983 that sets an upper limit on the amount of taxes the Municipality amount levied in the previous year, increased by the five year average rate of inflation and population growth. Exceptions to the limit are taxes allowed for payment of debt service, voter approved services, and

judgments against the Municipality.

Tax Requirement The amount of property tax allowed and necessary to fund the budget.

Taxes Compulsory charges levied by a government for the purpose of financing

services performed for the common benefit. Taxes levied in Anchorage

are approved by the Assembly.

Tax-supported A term used to indicate programs or funds that require as a source of

revenue. Programs or funds that are not tax-supported earn sufficient program revenues, allocated revenues and/or intragovernmental charge

revenues in order to balance their budgets.

TIP Transportation Improvement Program – The TIP is the region's short

range project plan for transportation improvements. It outlines the investment program of capital improvements to the metropolitan

transportation system.

UCR Uniform Crime Report

UI Unemployment Insurance

Utilities The municipality owns Anchorage Water & Wastewater Utility (AWWU).

The entity submits its own budget which is separate and distinct from

general government.