

## **Summary**:

# Urban Residential Neighborhood R-4A Zone Mixed-Use Text Amendment

An Update to Anchorage's Zoning Rules for Residential Mixed-use Development in the R-4A Zoning District











**October 2020 Community Discussion Draft** 

Anchorage 2040 Land Use Plan Implementation Action 3-1



Review Item A: Info Summary



## R-4A Zone Mixed-Use Text Amendment

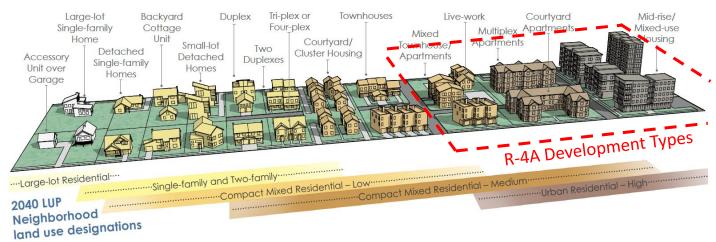
A Title 21 zoning code change for Anchorage's R-4A mixed-use zoning district

### Why is this important?

#### Anchorage's densest residential mixed-use district

The R-4A zoning district integrates high-density residential development with on-site commercial uses in a mixed-use neighborhood setting. This project will make the R-4A district easier to use and interpret while achieving the goals of the Anchorage 2040 Land Use Plan.





#### **Project Overview**

This project will make the R-4A zoning district more flexible and effective by...

- Consolidating and simplifying the R-4A development standards.
- Allowing a higher proportion of by-right commercial uses in mixed-use developments without extra reviews.
- Allowing a wider range of commercial uses that contribute to the urban mixed-use residential context.
- Supplementing the minimum housing density requirement with incentives to provide even more housing.
- Enabling phased developments to construct some commercial space prior to the accompanying residential uses.
- Varying design standards by primary and secondary frontages, with more lenient standards on secondary frontages.
- Simplifying the process for increasing building heights while reducing shadowing.

#### Step 1

**Discussion Draft Released for Public Comment** 

#### Step 2

**Public Hearing Draft** Submitted to Planning & **Zoning Commission** 

#### Step 3

**Planning & Zoning Commission Draft to** Assembly for Approval



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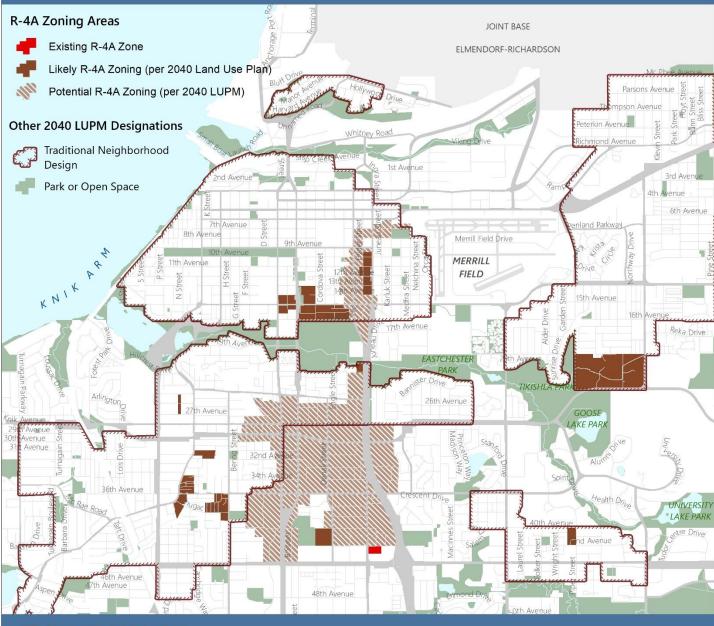




## **R-4A Zoning District Locations**



Action 3-1: R-4A Zone Mixed-Use Text Amendment





#### **Future R-4A Districts**

The Anchorage 2040 Land Use Plan Map (2040 LUPM) designates areas of future growth. Areas with the "Urban Residential- High" land use designation that is overlaid with the "Residential Mixed Use Development" growth-supporting feature of the 2040 LUPM may be rezoned to R-4A in the future. These areas are shaded brown in the map above. The "City Center" land use designation outside of Downtown Anchorage is also a candidate for R-4A, especially where the "Residential Mixed Use Development" growth-supporting feature is present. Additionally, part of Fairview's "Main Street Corridor" land use designation is identified for R-4A per the Fairview Neighborhood Plan. These City Center and Fairview Main Street areas are shown in a diagonal line pattern above.

#### Traditional Neighborhood Design

Older urban neighborhoods and districts in Anchorage have a more highly interconnected street system, smaller block sizes, greater connectivity, and sidewalks. Traditional Neighborhood Design is a 2040 Land Use Plan Map designation that is intended to promote compact, accessible infill development.

(I)	0	3,000	6,000 Feet
	0	0.5	
			Miles

## Summary of Major Changes

#### Current

**Proposed** 



 $\downarrow$  = Relaxed  $\uparrow$  = More Stringent

#### **Required Residential Housing Units**

20 dwelling units per net acre.

20 dwelling units per net acre.

#### Residential vs. Non-Residential Floor Area for the Development Site

Up to 10% of gross floor area may be nonresidential by-right.

- > 10% to ≤ 20% non-residential gross floor area requires major site plan review.
- > 20% to ≤ 49% non-residential gross floor area requires a conditional use permit.
- $\downarrow$  Up to 35% of gross floor area may be non-residential by-right.
- $\downarrow$  > 35% to  $\leq$  50% of gross floor area may be nonresidential:

By-right with 35 dwelling units per acre on the development site; or

Through a conditional use permit or small area implementation plan.

- $\downarrow$  > 50% of gross floor area may be non-residential with a small area implementation plan and when two additional dwelling units per acre (above 20) are provided for each percentage increase of non-residential gross floor area.
- $\downarrow$  Wider range of commercial uses types allowed.

#### Phasing of Residential & Non-Residential Uses

All residential floor area must be provided prior to non-residential construction.

↓ Non-residential uses may be constructed prior to residential uses when a detailed phasing plan is provided through a development agreement or small area implementation plan.

#### **Building Height Increases**

75 feet allowed by-right, with a maximum of 90 feet when six conditions are met.

- $\uparrow$  65 ft. allowed by-right, max. of 90 ft. when conditions met. Step-back required above 65 ft.
- ↓ Simplifies conditions for increasing height to 90 ft.

#### **District-Specific Design Standards**

Within 100 ft. of most street frontages and walkways:

Non-residential uses: At least 50% of length and 25% of area of ground-level walls require visual access windows.

Residential uses: At least 25 percent of the length and 12 percent of the area of ground floor walls require windows.

All uses: Blank walls must be < 30 ft. in length.

Max setback: 20 feet for 50% of the building.

#### Secondary Frontage:

- -Max. setback 50 ft.
- -Non-residential ground floor requires 25% visual access window area.
- -All other floors require 20% window area.
- -Blank wall must be less than 50 ft. in length.

#### T Primary Frontage:

- -Max. setback 30 ft.
- -Non-residential around floor requires 50% visual access window area.
- -All other floors require 20% window area.
- -Blank wall must be less than 30 ft. in length.
- lacklet Clarifies and simplifies standards, making them easier to apply.