

Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation



Amendments to State Air Quality Control Plan

Vol. II: Appendix III.D.2.5

PM₁₀ Design Values for Eagle River 2nd 10-year PM-10 Limited Maintenance Plan

DRAFT

[Date]

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Appendix to Volume II., Section III.D.2.5

PM₁₀ Design Values for Eagle River and Qualification for Second 10-year limited Maintenance Plan

Computation of 24-hr Design Value

Computational methods for determining the 24-hour design value (DV) are outlined in the *PM₁₀ SIP Development Guideline (EPA-450/2-86-001, June 1987)*. The empirical frequency distribution approach (see Section 6.3.3. of the guidance) was used to determine the site-specific PM₁₀ concentration that would be expected to be exceeded at a frequency of once every 365 days.

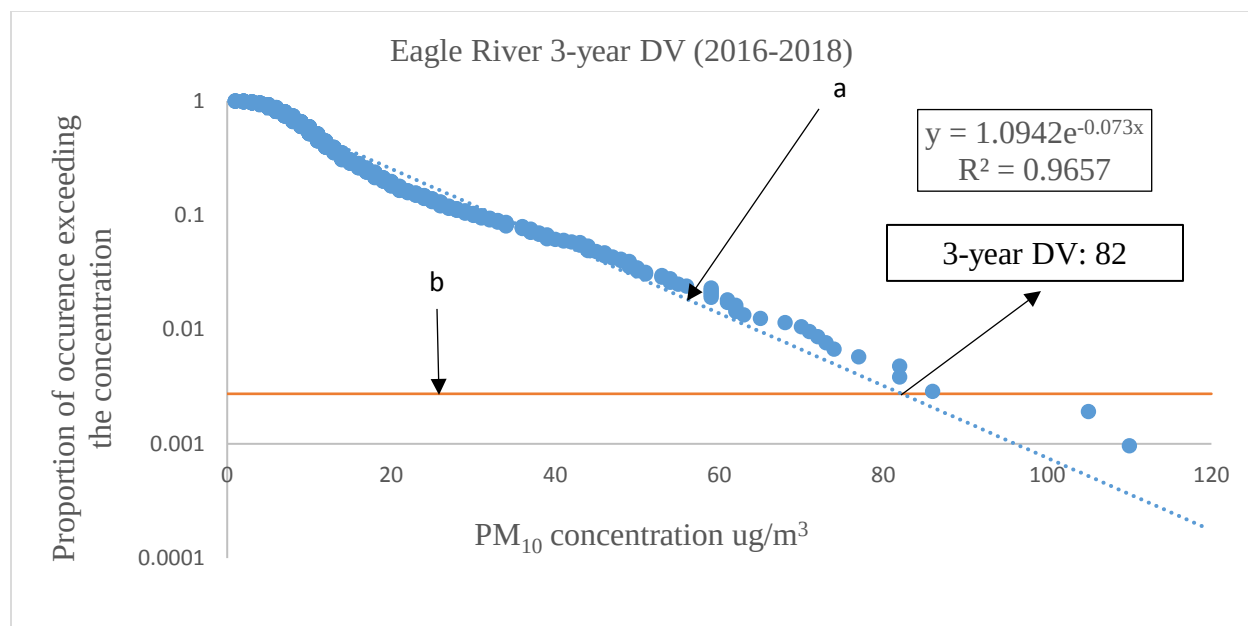
All observations by PM₁₀ concentration were ranked for each 3-year block during the 2009 – 2018 period in descending order. Since PM₁₀ concentrations were monitored generally on a one-in-six-days basis, each 3-year block had approximately 180 observations. Thus, the lowest concentration measured in each 3-year block had a rank order approximately 180.

Next, for a concentration ranked (*i*), the proportion of PM₁₀ observations that exceed that concentration is calculated as:

$$i / \text{total number of observations}$$

The empirical frequency distribution for each 3-year block was then graphed by plotting the proportion of occurrence against PM₁₀ concentrations. Figure 1 below shows an example of 2016-2018 period.

Figure 1
Example – Determination of 24-hr DV for 2016-2018



Since the DV is a concentration that corresponds to an exceedance frequency of 1/365 (line b), the DV was graphically determined as the intersecting point of Lines **a** and **b** in the Figure 1.

Line **a** = the empirical frequency distribution for all the observations during the 2016-2018 period. Line **b** = DV frequency by definition (1/365). Total number of observations = 1043. For this particulate period, DV was determined to be 82 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$.

Table 1 below shows the calculated DVs for the last decade, all eight 3-year blocks, to demonstrate that there is no increasing trend in DVs over the period. The average DV during the last 5-year period (2014-2018) was 96 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$, which is below the LMP criteria of 98 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$.

Table 1
Computation of Average DV for Parkgate Site in Eagle River

3-yr Period	Equation of Line Describing Empirical Frequency Distribution	R²	DV(computed from previous 3 years data using empirical frequency distribution ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$))
2009-2011	$y = 1.0959e^{-0.062x}$	0.9103	96
2010-2012	$y = 1.1021e^{-0.067x}$	0.9306	90
2011-2013	$y = 1.1116e^{-0.068x}$	0.9640	88
2012-2014	$y = 1.0152e^{-0.055x}$	0.9770	106
2013-2015	$y = 1.0367e^{-0.056x}$	0.9789	106
2014-2016	$y = 1.0698e^{-0.055x}$	0.9840	109
2015-2017	$y = 1.1496e^{-0.070x}$	0.9795	86
2016-2018	$y = 1.0942e^{-0.073x}$	0.9657	82
Average DV 2014-2018 =			96 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
LMP Qualification Criteria			< 98 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$

*In this equation y is the proportions of concentrations exceeding a particular PM10 concentrations and x is the concentration of interest. If y is set = 1/365 = 0.0027, the equation can be used to solve for x, the concentration that would be expected to be exceeded once per year.

Computation of a Site-Specific Design Value

Attachment B of the Limited Maintenance Plan guidance (Wegman memo, EPA, August 9, 2001) outline a procedure for computing a site-specific value (called a critical design value or CDV) that may serve as alternative to the 98 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ value used to determine whether an area qualifies for LMP option or meets the Motor Vehicle Regional Emissions Analysis Test. The computation is described below:

$$\text{CDV} = \text{NAAQS}/(1+\text{tcCV})$$

Where:

CDV = the critical design value

CV = the coefficient of variation of the annual design values (the ratio of standard deviation divided by the mean design value in the past)

t_c = the critical one-tail t-value corresponding to a given probability of exceeding the NAAQS in the future and the degree of freedom in the estimate for the CV.

The Tables below illustrate the guidance received from EPA Region 10 staff. CDV was calculated based on 3-yr DVs from tabular ADV (see attached Appendix A for details), the ADV for all empirical data, ADV for empirical greater than $40 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$, and ADV for upper 10% Tail Dist, using 10% to determine the appropriate critical one-tail t value (t_c) in the computation

Table 2
3-Year Average Design Values (ADV) Data

Years	3-Yr OBS	Tabular-ADV = lower		Empirical – ADV	Empirical – ADV	Upper 10% Tail Dist - ADV
		upper	lower	all data	$\geq 40 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	
2011-2014	1041	111	109	108	114	108
2012-2015	1037	111	109	106	114	105
2013-2016	1038	110	109	108	109	107
2015-2017	1045	90	86	86	93	96
2016-2018	1043	105	86	82	91	95

Table 3
Critical Design Value Calculation

CDV = $\text{NAAQS}/(1+t_c\text{CV})$	Tabular	Empirical (all)	Empirical (>39)	U10% Tail Dist
SD	12.6	12.9	11.3	6.2
Mean	99.8	98.0	104.2	102.2
CV	0.126	0.131	0.109	0.061
NAAQS	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0
n	5	5	5	5
df	4	4	4	4
t_c (10%, one-tail)	1.533	1.533	1.533	1.533
Critical Design Value (CDV)	<u>125.7</u>	<u>124.8</u>	<u>128.5</u>	<u>137.2</u>

With the 5-year ADV ($96 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) for this monitoring station, less than the CDV ($124.8 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$), these CDVs provide additional evidence that the Eagle River Maintenance Area continues to remain eligible for a Limited Maintenance Plan. Hence, there is less than 10% probability of violating the PM_{10} 24-hr standard in the future at the Parkgate site in Eagle River.

All the site-specific values are considerably greater than the “default” value of $98 \mu\text{g} / \text{m}^3$. The site-specific value ($124.8 \mu\text{g} / \text{m}^3$) was used as a margin of safety (MOS) value in the Motor Vehicle Regional Emissions Analysis Test.

Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation



Amendments to State Air Quality Control Plan

Vol. II: Appendix III.D.2.6

2017 PM₁₀ Emission Inventory for Eagle River 2nd 10-year PM-10 Limited Maintenance Plan

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Overview

With the exception of the on-road vehicle emissions and the non-road emissions sections which are new, all other sections of this appendix document for the second 10-year Limited Maintenance Plan (LMP) are updates of the appendix to the first 10-year LMP.

A maintenance plan typically contains an emission or modeling demonstration that shows how the area will stay in compliance through the 10-year maintenance period. This demonstration requires a projected emissions inventory usually. However, an area meeting the LMP qualification criteria is at little risk of violating the standard because emissions are not expected to grow sufficiently to threaten the maintenance of the standard. As stated in Section V.b. *Maintenance Demonstration of the Wegman memo*, “if the tests described in Section IV are met, we will treat that as a demonstration that the area will maintain the NAAQS. Consequently, there is no need to project emission over the maintenance period.”

This document describes the assumptions and methods used to develop the 2017 base year PM₁₀ emission inventory. The 2007 inventory is also shown for illustrative purposes. As shown in the inventory, the most significant sources of the crustal material (dust), in the maintenance area, are dust stirred up by vehicle traffic traveling on paved roadways and wind-lofted dust from roads, parking lots and un-vegetated areas within the area. This finding is consistent with past source apportionment studies that have consistently shown that the vast majority of PM₁₀ in Eagle River and Anchorage consists of crustal material.¹

In 1991, when the attainment plan for Eagle River was prepared, the most important source of PM₁₀ was unpaved roads. Since that time, however, all of the roads in the area have been paved, so unpaved road emissions are no longer included in the inventory. Unlike the first 10-year LMP, six PM₁₀ source categories were inventoried for the second 10-year LMP. These include (1) dust from paved roads; (2) wind-generated dust from roads, parking lots and un-vegetated areas; (3) fireplaces and woodstoves; (4) natural gas combustion; (5) exhaust, tire and brake wear emissions from motor vehicles; and (6) non-road emissions

AP-42, “Compilation of Air Pollution Emissions Factors,” is an EPA publication that provides guidance on the estimation of emissions on a large variety of air pollution emission sources. Similar to the first 10-year LMP, emissions from significant sources within the 9 km² area were estimated using same standard methodologies outlined in AP-42 for fugitive PM₁₀ sources. However, MOVES2014b, instead of MOBILES6.2, as shown in the attached spreadsheet, was used to estimate the contribution of motor vehicle exhaust, tire and brake wear emissions, and non-road equipment emissions to PM₁₀. The methods and assumptions used to estimate emissions from each of these sources are described in the next five sections.

¹ Four studies have been performed to characterize the sources of particulate and Anchorage and Eagle River. These include two chemical mass balance/source apportionment studies (Pritchett & Cooper, 1985, Cooper & Vodovinos, 1988) and two studies that used microscopy (Crutcher, 1994, R.J. Lee, Inc., 1995) to identify and quantify the types (and probable sources) of particulate.

(1) Dust from Paved Roads

Dust from paved roads is a major source of PM₁₀ in Eagle River and Anchorage. Roads are often laden with large amounts of “sediment” and other fine-grained minerals left over from winter sanding operations, material abraded from the road surface itself by traffic (especially from vehicles equipped with studded tires), and spillage from hauling activities. Roads tend to be dirtiest during the spring break-up period which generally occurs between mid-March and the end of April. Although the grain size of most of the sediment on the roads is too large to be PM₁₀, some of this material has been pulverized to a grain size less than 10 microns. When these very fine grained particles are re-entrained into the air by turbulence from traffic traveling on the road, they become PM₁₀.

Section 13.2.1 of AP-42 outlines procedures for estimating PM₁₀ emissions from paved roads. According to AP-42, emissions from a paved road are a function of how much fine-grained sediment or silt is on the road and the weight of vehicles using the road.² Paved road emissions increase in direct proportion to the amount of traffic or vehicle miles travelled (VMT) on the roads. Higher traffic volumes result in greater emissions.

The air quality conformity analysis for the 2007 Chugiak-Eagle River Long Range Transportation Plan (CE/LRTP) included VMT estimates for analysis years 2007, 2017, and 2027. These VMT estimates served as the basis for the 2017 inventory presented here. Since 2017 was one of the five most recent years used for the calculation of ADV, it was selected as the base year. The VMT estimate for 2033, used for computation of the motor vehicle regional emissions analysis test, was obtained from the TDM consultant for Anchorage Transportation Planning Department of the Municipality of Anchorage. The projected VMT estimate for 2033 was calculated from the travel demand model of the road networks within the maintenance area (see attached Appendix B for details).

In the conformity analysis for the CE/LRTP, the FHWA-approved Anchorage Transportation Model was used to estimate VMT on arterials and freeways in the Eagle River Maintenance area; the model did not provide VMT estimates for local roads. In the first 10-year LMP, VMT on local roads was estimated by assuming that each household within the maintenance area makes seven home-based trips per day, each involving 0.62 miles of travel on local roads.³ Each household was assumed to generate 4.34 miles (*7 trips x 0.62 m*) of local road VMT each day.

² Silt is defined as the finer-grained soil particles that pass a #200 mesh sieve; these are particles nominally 75 microns and smaller.

³ For example, a trip from home to the local grocery store and back would count as two home-based trips.

Table 1
Estimated VMT in Eagle River PM10 Maintenance Area for Year 2017

Local Road VMT (based on housing Stock)					Arterial and Freeway VMT (Anchorage Transportation Model Estimates)	
Year	Housing Stock	Local Unpaved VMT	Paved (RAP)* VMT	Paved (SP/CG)** VMT	Arterials	Glenn Highway
2007	4,548	0	7,659	12,079	68,664	77,532
2017	4,908	0	8,264	13,034	83,370	107,640

* RAP = recycled asphalt pavement

** SP/CG = strip paved or curb and gutter

Data was extracted from the Air Quality Conformity Analysis for the 2007 Chugiak-Eagle River Long Range Transportation Plan (CE/LRTP)

Paved Road Emission Factor

Section 13.2.1 of AP-42 (updated November 2006) outlines recommended procedures for estimating PM₁₀ emissions from paved roads. The paved road emission factor, the amount of PM₁₀ generated in pounds per vehicle mile traveled (VMT), is a function of the “silt loading” on the road and the average weight of the vehicles traveling on the road.

The AP-42 paved road emission factor equation is:

$$E = k(sL/2)^{0.65} \times (W/3)^{1.5} - C$$

where

E = PM₁₀ emissions in lbs/VMT

k = 0.016 (AP-42 specified particle size multiplier for PM₁₀)

sL = road surface silt loading (varies by roadway type)

W = mean vehicle weight in tons (assumed to be 2 tons)

C = vehicle exhaust, tire and brake wear emissions (AP-42 recommendation = 0.00047 lbs/VMT)

Data collected in Anchorage in 1996 (Montgomery-Watson, 1996) showed that silt loading varied by roadway type (for this inventory, Eagle River was assumed to have silt loadings identical to Anchorage).

The Municipality of Anchorage maintains a detailed inventory of the surface treatment of roads in the Chugiak – Eagle River area. While the majority of the roads in the area are paved with “traditional” hot asphalt paving (HAP) about one-third of the local roads in the maintenance area are constructed with recycled asphalt paving or RAP. Although air quality monitoring data suggest RAP treatment has proven to be an effective means in reducing PM₁₀ from gravel roads in Eagle River, the surface of these roads is less durable and more erodible than those constructed using HAP. Because roadway abrasion is a significant source of silt on roads, it seems reasonable to assume that the silt loadings on RAP roads are higher than those surfaced with HAP.⁴ For the purpose of this inventory, RAP-constructed roads were assumed to have silt loadings twice those constructed with HAP.

Table 2 shows average silt loading measurements and the computed AP-42 PM₁₀ emission factor for roadway type for the spring and fall PM₁₀ seasons.

Table 2
Typical Silt Loadings and PM₁₀ Emission Factors by Season for Paved Roads in Eagle River

Roadway Type	Spring		Fall	
	Silt Loading (g/m²)	PM₁₀ Emission Factor (lbs/VMT)	Silt Loading (g/m²)	PM₁₀ Emission Factor (lbs/VMT)
Arterial Paved Roads	6.7	0.0207	1.1	0.0061
Freeways (Glenn Hwy)	20.4	0.0433	2.6	0.0110
Local Paved Roads (hot asphalt paving)	18.4	0.0404	4.7	0.0164
Local Paved Roads (recycled asphalt)	36.8 [#]	0.0637	9.4 [#]	0.0260

[#] Silt loading estimated to be double those of local roads constructed with hot asphalt paving
Data was extracted from the appendix to the first 10-year LMP

Using AP-42 Emission Factors and VMT Estimates to Compute Paved Road PM₁₀

Paved road PM₁₀ emissions can be readily computed from the emission factor and VMT on each roadway type. Table 3 shows estimated emissions for the spring and fall periods for base year 2017.

Table 3
Estimated PM₁₀ 2017 Emissions from Paved Roads in the Eagle River Maintenance Area

Road Type	2017		
	VMT	Spring Emissions (tons/day)	Fall Emissions (tons/day)
Arterial Paved Roads	83,370	0.86	0.25

⁴ The Municipality of Anchorage recently completed a study that suggests that roadway abrasion is the source of about 25% of the “dirt” on the road surface during spring break-up.

Freeways (Glenn Hwy)	107,640	2.33	0.59
Local Paved Roads (hot asphalt paving)	13,034	0.26	0.11
Local Paved Roads (recycled asphalt)	8,264	0.26	0.11
Total	212,308	3.71	1.06

(2) Wind Generated Dust from Roads, Parking Lots and Un-vegetated Areas

Although EPA guidance allows the flagging of PM₁₀ exceedances that occur as a result of extreme wind events such as those that occurred on October 30, 2009, in Eagle River, PM₁₀ observations resulting from commonly occurring, less energetic wind-related events are considered valid data and are not excluded when determining the design value for an area or determining whether the area is in compliance with the NAAQS. Monitoring data suggest that wind-generated dust frequently contributes to elevated PM₁₀ concentrations in Eagle River.

Estimating the Amount of Area Covered by Roads, Parking Lots and Un-vegetated Areas

Wind-generated dust generally originates from paved surfaces laden with dirt and silt. These paved surfaces include roadways and parking lots in the maintenance area. There are also some cleared, un-vegetated areas that are unpaved.

Estimates of the amount of area available for the generation of windblown dust are shown in Table 4. The area amount of roadway was estimated by the length of each type of roadway and the average width of that type of roadway. For example, there are 6.2 miles of arterial roadway in the maintenance area and arterial roadways have an average paved width of approximately 60 feet.

The surface area of the arterial roadways in the maintenance area is therefore:

$$(6.2 \text{ miles length})(5,280 \text{ ft/mi})(60 \text{ ft width}) = 1,964,160 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$1,964,160 \text{ ft}^2 / 43,560 \text{ ft}^2 / \text{acre} = 45.1 \text{ acres}$$

In 2010 when the first 10-year LMP was developed, the amount of acreage covered by parking lots, paved school playgrounds, and similar areas was estimated by inspecting Google satellite photos of the maintenance area. The acreage of unvegetated, cleared areas was estimated in like manner. The Google map utility includes a distance key that allows the dimensions and acreage of a particular surface feature to be estimated. For example, a parking lot with dimensions of 250 feet by 500 feet is approximately 3 acres in size. Because parking areas, particularly those serving retail establishments serve the local population, it was assumed that the total area covered by parking lots and the likes would increase in direct proportion with housing stock. Housing stock was projected to increase by 7.9% between 2007 and 2017; paved parking areas were assumed to increase by same proportion.

The total amount of paved or cleared area in the maintenance area in base year 2017 was estimated to be 292 acres. This constitutes about 12.6% of the land surface in the maintenance area.

Table 4
Estimated Surface Area Coverage of Roads, Parking Lots and Un-vegetated Areas in Eagle River PM10 Maintenance Area

	2007		2017	
	Roadway Length (miles)	Estimated Area (acres)	Roadway Length (miles)	Estimated Area (acres)
Glenn Highway	1.1	13	1.1	13
Arterials	6.2	45	6.2	45
Local Roads	45.6	165	45.6	165
Parking Lots	----	55	----	59
Un-vegetated Areas	----	10	----	10
Total		288		292

Note: To compute the total paved area of roadways, a paved width of 100 feet was assumed for the Glenn Highway, 60 feet for arterials, and 30 feet for local roads

Wind Blown Dust Emission Factor Estimation

AP-42 does not provide an emission factor methodology specific to estimating PM₁₀ emission from roads, parking lots and un-vegetated areas. However, it does outline a methodology (see AP-42 Section 13.2.5.1) for estimating emissions from aggregate storage piles and open areas within an industrial facility. After examining other alternatives, the methodology recommended for estimating wind-generated PM₁₀ emissions from open areas in industrial facilities seemed to offer the best fit available for estimating wind-generated PM₁₀ in Eagle River.

The AP-42 Section 13.2.5.1 outlines a step-by-step procedure for estimating wind generated PM₁₀ emission factor for open areas in industrial facilities. This methodology was applied to the estimation of emissions from open areas in Eagle River.

AP-42 provides the following equation for estimating PM₁₀ emissions from wind-blown dust:

Equation 1

$$EF_{wind} = 0.5(58(u^* - u_t^*)^2 + 25(u^* - u_t^*))$$

where:

u^* = friction velocity (m/s)

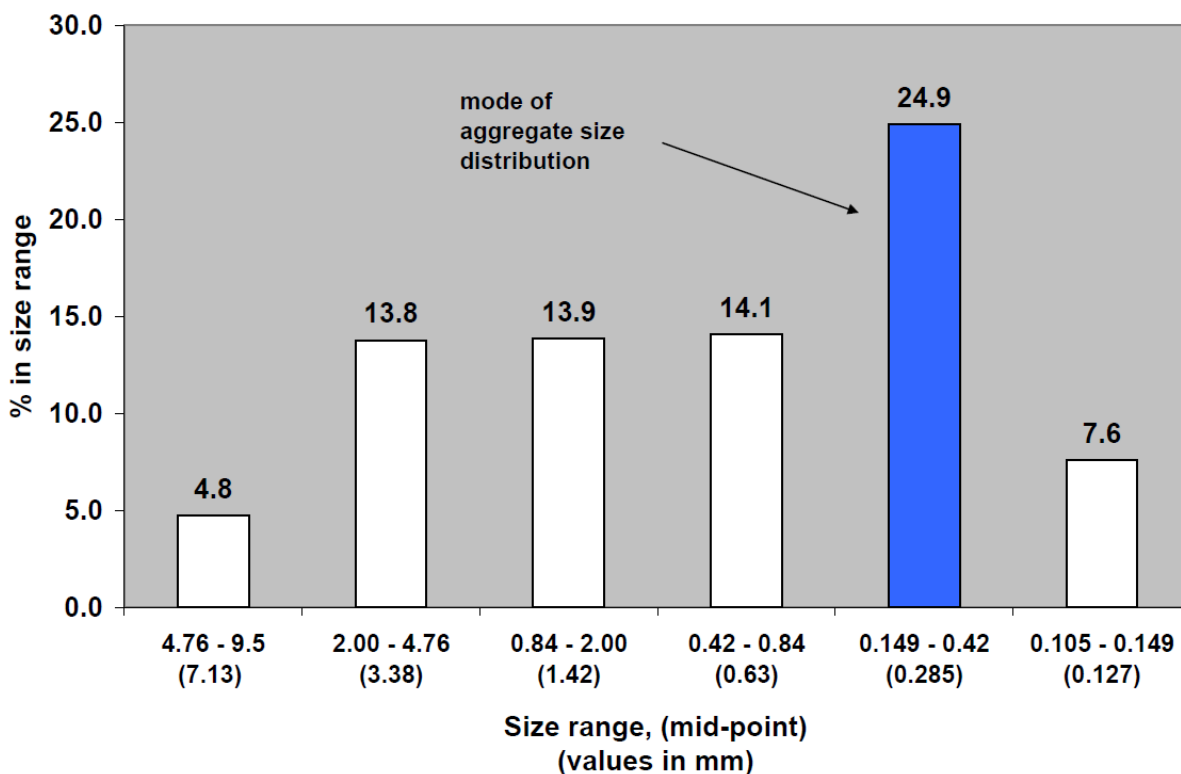
u_t^* = threshold friction velocity (m/s)

The next two sub-sections will describe how the variables u^* and u_t^* were determined.

Determining u_t^*

AP-42 outlines a field procedure and lab test (sieve analysis) for estimating the threshold friction velocity (u_t^*). The mode of the aggregate size distribution is determined and can be related empirically (see AP-42 Table 13.2.5-1) to u_t^* . In order to estimate u_t^* for the aggregate material in the Eagle River maintenance area, existing sieve analysis data from street sediment collected in Anchorage was used.⁵ Over 300 street sediment samples were collected and sieved. Although the sieves used in this analysis did not correspond exactly to those prescribed in Table 13.2.5-1, they were similar enough so that a reasonable estimate of u_t^* could be made.⁶ The mode size was determined from the average of all 300+ sieve analysis results. On average, 24.9% of the total street sediment was “captured” between sieves #40 (0.42 mm) and #100 (0.149 mm). The midpoint size between these two sieves is 0.285 mm (See Figure 1).

Figure 1
Sieve Analysis Results for Anchorage Street Sediment Data



Note: The figure was extracted from the appendix document to the 1st 10-year LMP

Table 13.2.5-1 recommends a value for $u_t^* = 0.43$ m/s for a midpoint size range of 0.375 mm. Again, because different sieves were used to characterize the size distribution of Anchorage

⁵ These data were collected in spring of 1996 by Montgomery-Watson, Inc. for the MOA Watershed Management Section as part of an analysis of street sediment impacts on streams and lakes in Anchorage.

⁶ The sieves used in the Anchorage Street Sediment Testing were #4, #9, #20, and #100. The method recommends using sieves #5, #9, #16, #32, and #60.

Road Sediment than prescribed by AP-42, our midpoint value is slightly different. Nevertheless the data suggest that 0.43 m/s is a reasonable assumption of u_t^* for Eagle River road sediment.

Determining u^*

The friction wind velocity (u^*) is the estimated wind velocity at the ground surface where street sediment and other fine materials lay available for re-entrainment by the wind. Wind speed measurements are taken at 10 meters above the ground (u_{10}^+), however, the actual wind speed at the ground surface is significantly lower. AP-42 recommends the following equation to estimate u^* :

$$u^* = 0.053 u_{10}^+ \text{ (expressed in m/sec)}$$

For the first 10-year year LMP, to estimate the contribution of wind-blown dust to PM_{10} , the five highest PM_{10} days during spring break-up (March, April) and fall freeze-up (October, November) were identified over the 10-year period 1998-2007, as illustrated in Table 5.

Note: The same conservative approach was made for the second 10-year LMP.

Table 5
Equivalent Friction Wind Velocities on High PM_{10} Days
During Spring Break-up and Fall Freeze-up (2009-2018)

Date	PM_{10} ($\mu g/m^3$)	Max 2-min Wind Speed u_{10}^+ (mph)	Equivalent Friction Wind Velocity u^* (m/s)	Date	PM_{10} ($\mu g/m^3$)	Max 2-min Wind Speed u_{10}^+ (mph)	Equivalent Friction Wind Velocity u^* (m/s)
3/10/2003	92	23	0.55	11/13/2006	65	16	0.38
3/17/2005	90	15	0.36	11/7/1998	55	7	0.17
3/4/2003	82	23	0.55	10/21/2000	52	20	0.47
4/15/2004	70	8	0.19	10/31/2005	51	14	0.33
3/14/2001	69	13	0.31	11/7/2006	48	20	0.22
Selected value for $u^* =$			0.55	Selected value for $u^* =$			0.47

Computing the Wind Blown Dust Emission Factor from Equation (1)

With the determination of the threshold friction velocity u_t^* and equivalent wind friction velocity u^* for the spring and fall PM_{10} seasons, the Equation 1 can be used to compute the PM_{10} emission factor for wind-blown dust.

$$\text{(Equation 1) } EF_{\text{wind}} = 0.5(58(u^* - u_t^*)^2 + 25(u^* - u_t^*))$$

Substituting the values for $u_t^* = 0.43$ m/sec and $u^* = 0.55$ m/s (spring) and 0.47 m/s (fall), the resultant spring and fall windblown dust PM_{10} emission factor are:

Spring Windblown Dust PM₁₀ Emission Factor = 1.9 g/m²/day = 17 lbs/acre/day

Fall Windblown Dust PM₁₀ Emission Factor = 0.5 g/m²/day = 5 lbs/acre/day

Table 6
Estimated Windblown Dust PM₁₀ Emissions from Roads, Parking Lots and Un-Vegetated Areas

Year	Total Estimated Area of Roads, Parking Lots, and Un-vegetated Areas (acres)	Spring Break-up		Fall Freeze-up	
		Wind Blown Dust PM ₁₀ Emission Factor (lbs/acre)	Total PM ₁₀ Emission Factor (tons/day)	Wind Blown Dust PM ₁₀ Emission Factor (lbs/acre)	Total PM ₁₀ Emission Factor (tons/day)
2007	288	17	2.45	5	0.72
2017	292	17	2.48	5	0.73

(3) Fireplace and Woodstoves

Basic assumptions regarding fireplace and wood stove were obtained from a telephone survey conducted by ASK Marketing and Research in 1990. This survey asked Anchorage residents how many hours per week they burned wood in their fireplace or wood stove. Because the AP-42 emission factors for fireplaces and wood stoves (See AP-42, Sections 1.9 and 1.10) are based on the amount of wood (dry weight) burned, hourly usage rates from the survey had to be converted into consumption rates. Based on discussions between MOA and several reliable sources (OMNI Environmental Services, Virginia Polytechnic Institute, Colorado Department of Health), average burning rates (in wet weight) of 11 pounds per hour for fireplaces and 3.5 pounds per hour for wood stoves were assumed.

Residential wood burning assumptions are detailed in Table 7.⁷

⁷ Assumptions regarding wood burning activity levels (i.e. the number of households engaging in wood burning on a winter season design day) were corroborated by a more recent telephone survey conducted by In 2003 Ivan Moore Research (IMR) asked approximately 600 Anchorage residents whether they had used their fireplace or woodstove during the preceding day. The survey was conducted when the preceding day had a minimum temperature between 5 and 15 °F. Although the IMR survey did not provide as detailed information as the ASK survey, its results were roughly consistent with the assumptions used in this inventory.

Table 7
Estimation of Residential Wood Burning PM₁₀ Emission Factors for Eagle River

Device	Average use per weekday (hours/household/day)	Average dry weight of wood consumed (lbs/hour)*	Average amount of wood burned per household (dry lbs /day)	AP-42 Emission Factor for PM ₁₀ (g/dry lb wood burned)	Estimated PM ₁₀ emissions per household (g/day)
Fireplaces	1.04	7.15	7.44	7.9	58.8
Wood Stoves	0.85	2.275	1.94	5.4**	10.5
Total	1.89	-----	9.38	-----	69.3

Note: Data was extracted from the appendix document to the 1st 10-year LMP

* The moisture content of wood burned was assumed to be 35%. Thus, dry burning rates were 65% of wet rates.

** The wood stove emission factor was determined by assuming that the wood stove population in Eagle River is comprised of equal proportions of conventional, catalyst, and non-catalyst stoves. The emission factor above was calculated as the weighted average of the AP-42 emission factors for each stove type. AP-42, 5th Edition (Oct 1996)

PM₁₀ emissions from residential wood burning can be estimated from the emission factor computed above and the estimated number of households. Table 8 shows estimated PM₁₀ emissions from residential wood burning for illustrative year 2007 and base year 2017.

Table 8
Estimated PM₁₀ Emissions from Residential Wood Burning in Eagle River Maintenance Area 2007 and 2017

Year	Housing Stock in Inventory Area	AP-42 PM ₁₀ Wood Burning Emission Factor for Eagle River (g/household/day)	Estimated PM ₁₀ Emissions from Fireplaces and Woodstoves (tons/day)
2007	4,548	64.5	0.32
2017	4,908	64.5	0.35

Note: Wood burning rates per household were assumed to be the same in 2007 and 2017.

(4) Natural Gas Combustion

Natural gas is the main fuel source for space heating in the Municipality of Anchorage, including Eagle River. Survey information suggests that the vast majority of households use natural gas as their primary source of heat. Average household natural gas consumption during a peak heating day in the winter in the Anchorage area has been estimated to be 658 ft³/day. We, however, were interested in estimating natural gas consumption (and consequent PM₁₀ emissions) during

spring break-up and fall freeze-up when temperatures are warmer. Estimates of peak household natural gas consumption were estimated for a day when the average ambient temperature was approximately -10 °F while the typical average daily temperature during the spring and fall PM₁₀ seasons is approximately +30 °F. Natural gas consumption for a +30 °F day can be estimated from consumption on a -10 °F day by assuming that consumption is proportional to heating degrees. The computation is as follows:

Peak-day natural gas consumption per household = 658 ft³/day

Ambient temperature on day of peak natural gas consumption = -10 °F, heating degrees = 75

Ambient temperature on typical fall or spring day in PM₁₀ season = +30 °F, heating degrees = 35

Assume natural gas consumption is proportional to heating degree days, then

Natural gas consumption during fall or spring PM₁₀ day = 658 ft³/day × (35/75) = 307 ft³/day

The Eagle River maintenance area is predominantly residential. While there are some commercial natural gas users, there is little if any industrial or utility usage. Because “nonresidential use” is relatively small within the maintenance area, it seemed reasonable to assume that combined commercial and industrial use would be no more than 50% of residential. Thus, for the purpose of this inventory, total natural gas use was assumed to be 150% of estimated residential use.

The emission factor for “total” particulate matter (see AP-42 Section 1.4, July 1998) is estimated to be 7.6 lbs per 10⁶ ft³ of natural gas consumed. PM₁₀ emissions from natural gas combustion in the Eagle River maintenance area can be readily computed from the amount of gas consumed and this emission factor. Table 9 shows the results of this computation.

Table 9
Estimation of PM₁₀ Emissions from Natural Gas Combustion in Eagle River
Maintenance Area

	Natural Gas Consumption per Household (ft³)	Housing Stock	Total Residential Natural Gas Consumption (ft³)	Estimated Commercial and Industrial Natural Gas Consumption (ft³)	Combined Residential, Commercial and Industrial Natural Gas Consumption (ft³)	AP-42 PM₁₀ Emission Factor (lbs per 10⁶ ft³)	Estimated PM₁₀ Emissions (tons/day)
2007	307	4,548	1.40 x 10 ⁶	0.70 x 10 ⁶	2.10 x 10 ⁶	7.6	0.008
2017	307	4,908	1.51 x 10 ⁶	0.75 x 10 ⁶	2.26 x 10 ⁶	7.6	0.009

(5) Exhaust, Tire and Brake Wear Emissions from Motor Vehicles

In addition to the PM₁₀ that vehicles stir-up as they travel along dirty roadways, motor vehicles are also responsible for more “direct” PM emissions. These include tail pipe exhaust emissions, and emissions that result from tire and break wear. These emissions were estimated by using the latest EPA's mobile source emission factor model, MOVES2014b. For the first 10-year LMP, MOBILE6.2 was used. The county-level on-road vehicle emissions (Table 10) were developed from the local fleet data submitted to EPA for the 2017 NEI and the 2010 U.S. Census block level populations, using ArcGIS and the planning area map. As shown in Table 11, the on-road emissions for the Eagle River Maintenance area were calculated by scaling the data in Table 10 by a factor of 0.0339 (see attached Appendix C for details).

Table 10
County-Level MOVES2014b On-road Vehicle 2017 PM₁₀ Emissions (tons/day)

	Break-up	Freeze-up
Vehicle Regulatory Type	Mar-Apr	Oct-Nov
Motorcycles	0.001	0.001
Light Duty Vehicles	0.116	0.123
Light Duty Trucks	0.353	0.373
Class 2b Trucks with 2 Axles and 4 Tires (8,500 lbs < GVWR <= 10,000 lbs)	0.049	0.051
Class 2b Trucks with 2 Axles and at least 6 Tires or Class 3 Trucks (8,500 lbs < GVWR <= 14,000 lbs)	0.034	0.035
Class 4 and 5 Trucks (14,000 lbs < GVWR <= 19,500 lbs)	0.040	0.041
Class 6 and 7 Trucks (19,500 lbs < GVWR <= 33,000 lbs)	0.046	0.047
Class 8a and 8b Trucks (GVWR > 33,000 lbs)	0.133	0.135
Urban Bus (see CFR Sec 86.091_2)	0.003	0.003
On-Road Fleet Totals	0.775	0.809

Table 11
Estimation of Eagle River On-road Vehicle 2017 PM₁₀ Emissions (tons/day)

	Break-up	Freeze-up
Vehicle Regulatory Type	Mar-Apr	Oct-Nov
Motorcycles	0.000	0.000
Light Duty Vehicles	0.004	0.004
Light Duty Trucks	0.012	0.013
Class 2b Trucks with 2 Axles and 4 Tires (8,500 lbs < GVWR <= 10,000 lbs)	0.002	0.002
Class 2b Trucks with 2 Axles and at least 6 Tires or Class 3 Trucks (8,500 lbs < GVWR <= 14,000 lbs)	0.001	0.001
Class 4 and 5 Trucks (14,000 lbs < GVWR <= 19,500 lbs)	0.001	0.001

Class 6 and 7 Trucks (19,500 lbs < GVWR <= 33,000 lbs)	0.002	0.002
Class 8a and 8b Trucks (GVWR > 33,000 lbs)	0.005	0.005
Urban Bus (see CFR Sec 86.091_2)	0.000	0.000
On-Road Fleet Totals	0.026	0.027

(6) Non-road Emissions

In the first 10-year LMP, the emissions from non-road sector in Eagle River were assumed to be zero. However, to ensure that all the PM₁₀ emissions are accounted for in this second 10-year LMP, DEC made MOVES2014b runs to see if there are any emissions from the sector in the Maintenance area for 2017. Unlike the on-road emissions which were developed from the county-level NEI data, the non-road estimates are based on MOVES defaults. However, similar to the on-road estimates, the non-road emissions for the maintenance area (Table 12) were calculated from the county-level data by using a scaling factor of 0.0339 or zeroing out where applicable (see attached Appendix D for details).

Table 12
Estimation of Eagle River Non-road Vehicle 2017 PM₁₀ Emissions (tons/day)

	Break-up	Freeze-up
Non-Road Equipment Sector	Mar-Apr	Oct-Nov
Recreational	0.0011	0.0011
Construction	0.0080	0.0078
Industrial	0.0003	0.0003
Lawn/Garden	0.0030	0.0030
Agriculture	0.0000	0.0000
Commercial	0.0011	0.0011
Airport Support	0.0000	0.0000
Oil Field	0.0000	0.0000
Pleasure Craft	0.0000	0.0000
Railroad	0.0000	0.0000
Non-Road Totals	0.0135	0.0132

Eagle River PM₁₀ Emissions Inventory Summary

The Eagle River PM₁₀ emissions inventory for the base year 2017 is summarized in Table 13. The inventory consists of the two peak PM₁₀ periods, fall freeze-up and the spring break-up. As shown in the Table, the most significant sources of PM₁₀ in the Eagle River maintenance area for the second 10-year LMP, similar to the first 10-year LMP, are paved roads, wind-blown dust, and fireplaces and wood stoves.

Table 13
Eagle River 2nd 10-year Limited Maintenance Area PM₁₀ 2017 Emissions Inventory
(All Emissions in tons/day with % of Total)

Source Category	Spring Break-up (March, April) (tons/day)	Fall Freeze-up (October, November) (tons/day)
Paved Roads	3.71 (56.3%)	1.06 (48.4%)
Wind-blown Dust from Paved Roads, Parking Lots and Un-Vegetated Areas	2.48 (37.6%)	0.73 (33.3%)
Fireplaces and Wood Stoves	0.35 (5.31%)	0.35 (16.0%)
Natural Gas Combustion	0.009 (0.14%)	0.009 (0.41%)
Exhaust, Tire and Brake Wear Emissions from Motor Vehicles	0.026 (0.39%)	0.027 (1.23%)
Non-Road Equipment Emissions	0.0135 (0.20%)	0.0132 (0.60%)
Total	6.589 (100%)	2.1892 (100%)

5-Yr ADVs

Years	5-Yr OBS	Tabular-ADV = 5th Max		Empirical - ADV all data	Empirical - ADV ≥ 40 ug/m3	Upper 10% Tail Dist - ADV
2010-2014	1719	4 Max	5 Max			
2011-2015	1727	109	108	101	120	104
2012-2016	1732	108	105	98	105	102
2013-2017	1737	109	105	103	109	107
2014-2018	1734	109	105	99	107	104
		105	105	96	99	103

Critical Design Value Calculation				
St. Dev	Tabular	Empirical (all)	Empirical (≥ 99)	U10% Tail Dist
Mean	125.8	98.3	98.0	102.2
CV	0.126	0.131	0.129	0.061
NAAQS	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0
T Stat*	1.533	1.533	1.533	1.533
Critical Design Value	125.2	124.8	124.5	122.2

Note: I'm thinking the CDV could not be computed from 5-yr ADVs.
I think the CDV should be based on 3-yr DVs from the data below (A30-G46)

PM10 SIP Development Guideline (JAGER Corrected Table)

No. of Daily Values	Rank of Upper Bound	Rank of Lower Bound	Value Used for ADV
≤ 847		1	Highest Value
848 to 695	1	2	Second Highest Value
696 to 543	2	3	Third Highest Value
544 to 391	3	4	Fourth Highest Value
392 to 239	4	5	Fifth Highest Value
240 to 87	5	6	Sixth Highest Value

1979 Ozone Guideline

No. of Daily Values	Rank of Upper Bound	Rank of Lower Bound	Value Used for ADV
≤ 364		1	2 nd Value Above 1 st Value Above the record
365 to 729	1	2	Highest Value
730 to 1094	2	3	Second Highest Value
1095 to 1459	3	4	Third Highest Value
1460 to 1824	4	5	Fourth Highest Value
1825 to 2189	5	6	Fifth Highest Value

PM10 SIP Development Guideline

No. of Daily Values	Rank of Upper Bound	Rank of Lower Bound	Value Used for ADV
≤ 847		1	Highest Value
848 to 695	1	2	Second Highest Value
696 to 543	2	3	Third Highest Value
544 to 391	3	4	Fourth Highest Value
392 to 239	4	5	Fifth Highest Value
240 to 87	5	6	Sixth Highest Value

2087 (handwritten)
2435 (handwritten)

7th (handwritten)

3-Yr ADVs

Years	3-Yr OBS	Tabular-ADV = lower		Empirical - ADV all data	Empirical - ADV ≥ 40 ug/m3	Upper 10% Tail Dist - ADV
2011-2014	1041	upper	lower			
2012-2015	1037	111	109	108	114	108
2013-2016	1038	111	109	108	114	105
2014-2017	1045	110	109	108	109	107
2015-2018	1043	90	86	86	93	96
		105	86	82	91	95

Critical Design Value Calculation				
St. Dev	Tabular	Empirical (all)	Empirical (≥ 99)	U10% Tail Dist
Mean	12.6	12.9	11.3	6.2
CV	98.8	98.0	104.2	102.2
NAAQS	0.126	0.131	0.129	0.061
T Stat*	1.533	1.533	1.533	1.533
Critical Design Value	125.2	124.8	124.5	122.2

Eagle River Total Vehicle Miles Traveled			
Total AM VMT	Total PM VMT	Total OP VMT	Total VMT
39,126	68,400	158,205	265,731

Appendix B

[illegible]

County-Level MOVES2014b On-Road Vehicle 2017 PM10 Emissions (tons/day) based on DEC's 2017 NEI MOVES Inputs
(includes exhaust, brakewear and tirewear)

Vehicle Regulatory Type	Municipality of Anchorage		
	Break-up	Freeze-up	Annual
	Mar-Apr	Oct-Nov	
Motorcycles	0.001	0.001	0.001
Light Duty Vehicles	0.116	0.123	0.112
Light Duty Trucks	0.353	0.373	0.343
Class 2b Trucks with 2 Axles and 4 Tires (8,500 lbs < GVWR <= 10,000 lbs)	0.049	0.051	0.050
Class 2b Trucks with 2 Axles and at least 6 Tires or Class 3 Trucks (8,500 lbs < GVWR <= 14,000 lbs)	0.034	0.035	0.034
Class 4 and 5 Trucks (14,000 lbs < GVWR <= 19,500 lbs)	0.040	0.041	0.039
Class 6 and 7 Trucks (19,500 lbs < GVWR <= 33,000 lbs)	0.046	0.047	0.046
Class 8a and 8b Trucks (GVWR > 33,000 lbs)	0.133	0.135	0.135
Urban Bus (see CFR Sec 86.091_2)	0.003	0.003	0.003
On-Road Fleet Totals	0.775	0.809	0.764

Calculation of Census Population-Based Factors for Scaling County-Level to LMP Maintenance Area Emissions
(using GIS analysis of census block-level data from 2010 U.S. Census)

	Anchorage County	Eagle River Maint Area	Scaling Factor
Census Blocks:	4,337	137	-
Population:	291,826	9,885	0.0339

LMP Maintenance Area On-Road Vehicle 2017 PM10 Emissions (tons/day)
(includes exhaust, brakewear and tirewear)

Vehicle Regulatory Type	Eagle River		
	Break-up	Freeze-up	Annual
	Mar-Apr	Oct-Nov	
Motorcycles	0.000	0.000	0.000
Light Duty Vehicles	0.004	0.004	0.004
Light Duty Trucks	0.012	0.013	0.012
Class 2b Trucks with 2 Axles and 4 Tires (8,500 lbs < GVWR <= 10,000 lbs)	0.002	0.002	0.002
Class 2b Trucks with 2 Axles and at least 6 Tires or Class 3 Trucks (8,500 lbs < GVWR <= 14,000 lbs)	0.001	0.001	0.001
Class 4 and 5 Trucks (14,000 lbs < GVWR <= 19,500 lbs)	0.001	0.001	0.001
Class 6 and 7 Trucks (19,500 lbs < GVWR <= 33,000 lbs)	0.002	0.002	0.002
Class 8a and 8b Trucks (GVWR > 33,000 lbs)	0.005	0.005	0.005
Urban Bus (see CFR Sec 86.091_2)	0.000	0.000	0.000
On-Road Fleet Totals	0.026	0.027	0.026

DATE _____

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sourceTypeID	HPMSVtypeID	sourceTypeName	rollingTermA	rotatingTermB	dragTermC	sourceMass	regClassID	regClassName	regClassDesc
11	10	Motorcycle	0.0251	0	0.000315	0.285	0	Doesn't Matter	Doesn't Matter
21	20	Passenger Car	0.155461	0.00200193	0.000493546	1.4788	10	MC	Motorcycles
31	30	Passenger Truck	0.22112	0.00283757	0.000968282	1.86686	20	LDV	Light Duty Vehicles
32	30	Light Commercial Truck	0.235008	0.00303859	0.00047753	2.05979	30	LDT	Light Duty Trucks
41	40	Intercity Bus	1.29515	0	0.00373491	19.5937	40	LHD <= 10k	Class 2b Trucks with 2 Axles and 4 Tires (8,500 lbs < GVWR <= 10,000 lbs)
42	40	Transit Bus	1.0944	0	0.00358702	16.556	41	LHD <= 14k	Class 2b Trucks with 2 Axles and at least 6 Tires or Class 3 Trucks (8,500 lbs < GVWR <= 14,000 lbs)
43	40	School Bus	0.746718	0	0.00217584	9.06989	42	LHD45	Class 4 and 5 Trucks (14,000 lbs < GVWR <= 19,500 lbs)
51	50	Refuse Truck	1.41705	0	0.00357228	20.6845	46	MHD67	Class 6 and 7 Trucks (19,500 lbs < GVWR <= 33,000 lbs)
52	50	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	0.561913	0	0.00166002	7.64159	47	MHD8	Class 8a and 8b Trucks (GVWR > 33,000 lbs)
53	50	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	0.498699	0	0.00147383	6.25047	48	Urban Bus	Urban Bus (see CFR sec 86.091-2)
54	50	Motor Home	0.617371	0	0.00210545	6.73483			
55	60	Combination Short-haul Truck	1.96354	0	0.00402054	29.2275			
62	60	Combination Long-haul Truck	2.08126	0	0.00418844	31.4038			

processID	processName	SCCProcID	occursOn	RealRoads	shortName	process	DisplayGroupID	isAffected	ByOnroad	isAffected	ByNonroad	ActivityType ID	ActivityType Description
1	Running Exhaust	X	Y	Running Exh	NULL	1	1	1		1		1	Distance traveled
2	Start Exhaust	X	N	Start Exh	NULL	1	0	1		2		2	Source Hours
9	Brakewear	B	Y	Brakewear	NULL	1	0	1		3		3	Extended Idle Hours
10	Tirewear	T	Y	Tirewear	NULL	1	0	1		4		4	Source Hours Operating
11	Evap Permeation	V	Y	Evap Permeation	NULL	1	0	1		5		5	Source Hours Parked
12	Evap Fuel Vapor Venting	V	Y	Evap Fuel Vent	NULL	1	0	1		6		6	Population
13	Evap Fuel Leaks	V	Y	Evap Fuel Leak	NULL	1	0	1		7		7	Starts
15	Crankcase Running Exhaust	X	Y	Crank Run Exh	NULL	1	1	1		9		9	Average Horsepower
16	Crankcase Start Exhaust	X	N	Crank Start Exh	NULL	1	0	1		10		10	Fraction Retrofitted
17	Crankcase Extended Idle Exhaust	X	N	Crank Ext Idle	NULL	1	1	1		11		11	Number Units Retrofitted
18	Refueling Displacement Vapor Loss	V	N	Refuel Disp Vap	NULL	1	1	1		12		12	Load Factor
19	Refueling Spillage Loss	V	N	Refuel Spillage	NULL	1	1	1		13		13	Hotelling Diesel Aux
20	Evap Tank Permeation	V	N	NR Tank Perm	2	0	1	1		14		14	Hotelling Battery or AC
21	Evap Hose Permeation	V	N	NR Hose Perm	2	0	1	1		15		15	Hotelling All Engines Off
22	Evap RecMar Neck Hose Permeation	V	N	RecMar NeckPerm	2	0	0	1					
23	Evap RecMar Supply/Belt Hose Permeation	V	N	RecMar SuppPerm	2	0	0	1					
24	Evap RecMar Vent Hose Permeation	V	N	RecMar VentPerm	2	0	0	1					
30	Diurnal Fuel Vapor Venting	V	N	NR Diurnal	1	0	1	1					
31	HotSoak Fuel Vapor Venting	V	N	NR Hotsoak	1	0	1	1					
32	RunningLoss Fuel Vapor Venting	V	N	NR RunLoss	1	0	1	1					
40	Nonroad	X	N	Nonroad	3	0	0	1					
60	Extended Idle Exhaust	X	N	Ext Idle Exh	NULL	1	0	1					
91	Auxiliary Power Exhaust	X	N	Aux Power Exh	NULL	1	0	1					
99	Well-to-Pump	NULL	N	Well-to-Pump	NULL	1	0	1					

pollutantID	pollutantName	energyOrMass	global	WarningPotential	NEIPollutantCode	pollutant	DisplayGroupID	shortName	isAffected	ByOnroad	isAffected	ByNonroad
1	Total Gaseous Hydrocarbons	mass	NULL	HC	36	Total Gas HC	36	HC	1	1	1	1
2	Carbon Monoxide (CO)	mass	NULL	CO	36	CO	36	CO	1	1	1	1
3	Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx)	mass	NULL	NOX	37	NOx	37	NOx	1	1	1	1
5	Methane (CH4)	mass	25	CH4	35	Methane (CH4)	35	Methane (CH4)	1	1	1	1
6	Nitrous Oxide (N2O)	mass	208	N2O	42	N2O	42	N2O	1	1	1	1
20	Benzene	mass	NULL	71432	57	Benzene	57	Benzene	1	1	1	1
21	Ethanol	mass	NULL	58	58	Ethanol	58	Ethanol	1	1	1	1
22	MTBE	mass	1634044	59	59	MTBE	59	MTBE	1	1	1	1
23	Naphthalene particle	mass	NULL	91203	65	Naphthalene P	65	Naphthalene P	1	1	1	1
24	1,3-Butadiene	mass	NULL	106990	60	1,3-Butadiene	60	1,3-Butadiene	1	1	1	1
25	Formaldehyde	mass	NULL	50000	61	Formaldehyde	61	Formaldehyde	1	1	1	1
26	Acetaldehyde	mass	NULL	75070	62	Acetaldehyde	62	Acetaldehyde	1	1	1	1
27	Acrolein	mass	NULL	107028	63	Acrolein	63	Acrolein	1	1	1	1
30	Ammonia (NH3)	mass	NULL	NH3	41	NH3	41	NH3	1	1	1	1
31	Sulfur Dioxide (SO2)	mass	NULL	SO2	50	SO2	50	SO2	1	1	1	1
32	Nitrogen Oxide (NO)	mass	NULL	NO	38	NO	38	NO	1	1	1	1
33	Nitrogen Dioxide (NO2)	mass	NULL	NO2	39	NO2	39	NO2	1	1	1	1
34	Nitrous Acid (HONO)	mass	NULL	7783-77-6	1	HONO	1	HONO	1	1	1	1
35	Nitrate (NO3)	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5- NO3	44	PM2.5- NO3	1	1	1	1
36	Ammonium (NH4)	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5- NH4	44	PM2.5- NH4	1	1	1	1
40	2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	mass	NULL	54081	64	2,2,4-Trimethylpentar	64	2,2,4-Trimethylpentar	1	1	1	1
41	Ethyl Benzene	mass	NULL	100414	64	Ethyl Benzene	64	Ethyl Benzene	1	1	1	1
42	Hexane	mass	NULL	110543	64	Hexane	64	Hexane	1	1	1	1
43	Propionaldehyde	mass	NULL	123386	64	Propionaldehyde	64	Propionaldehyde	1	1	1	1
44	Styrene	mass	NULL	100425	64	Styrene	64	Styrene	1	1	1	1
45	Toluene	mass	NULL	108883	64	Toluene	64	Toluene	1	1	1	1
46	Xylene	mass	NULL	1332027	64	Xylene	64	Xylene	1	1	1	1
51	Chloride	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5- Cl	44	PM2.5- Cl	1	1	1	1
52	Sodium	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5- Na	44	PM2.5- Na	1	1	1	1
53	Potassium	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5- K	44	PM2.5- K	1	1	1	1
54	Magnesium	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5- Mg	44	PM2.5- Mg	1	1	1	1
55	Calcium	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5- Ca	44	PM2.5- Ca	1	1	1	1
56	Titanium	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5- Ti	44	PM2.5- Ti	1	1	1	1
57	Silicon	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5- Si	44	PM2.5- Si	1	1	1	1
58	Aluminum	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5- Al	44	PM2.5- Al	1	1	1	1
59	Iron	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5- Fe	44	PM2.5- Fe	1	1	1	1
60	Mercury Elemental Gaseous	mass	NULL	200	66	Hg Gas	66	Hg Gas	1	1	1	1
61	Mercury Divalent Gaseous	mass	NULL	201	66	Hg Daps	66	Hg Daps	1	1	1	1
62	Mercury Particulate	mass	NULL	202	66	Hg Part	66	Hg Part	1	1	1	1
63	Arsenic Compounds	mass	NULL	93	66	As	66	As	1	1	1	1
65	Chromium 6+	mass	NULL	18540299	66	Cr-6	66	Cr-6	1	1	1	1
66	Manganese Compounds	mass	NULL	7439965	44	Mn	44	Mn	1	1	1	1
67	Nickel Compounds	mass	NULL	7440020	66	Ni	66	Ni	1	1	1	1
68	Dibenzofluoranthene particle	mass	NULL	53703	65	Dibenzofluoranthracene	65	Dibenzofluoranthracene	1	1	1	1
69	Fluoranthene particle	mass	NULL	206440	65	Fluoranthene P	65	Fluoranthene P	1	1	1	1
70	Acenaphthene particle	mass	NULL	83329	65	Acenaphthene P	65	Acenaphthene P	1	1	1	1
71	Acenaphthylene particle	mass	NULL	208968	65	Acenaphthylene P	65	Acenaphthylene P	1	1	1	1
72	Anthracene particle	mass	NULL	120127	65	Anthracene P	65	Anthracene P	1	1	1	1
73	Benzo(a)anthracene particle	mass	NULL	56553	65	Benzo(a)anthracene P	65	Benzo(a)anthracene P	1	1	1	1
74	Benzo(a)pyrene particle	mass	NULL	50328	65	Benzo(a)pyrene P	65	Benzo(a)pyrene P	1	1	1	1
75	Benzo(b)fluoranthene particle	mass	NULL	205992	65	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	65	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1	1	1	1
76	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene particle	mass	NULL	191242	65	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene f	65	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene f	1	1	1	1
77	Benzo(k)fluoranthene particle	mass	NULL	207089	65	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	65	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1	1	1	1
78	Chrysene particle	mass	NULL	218019	65	Chrysene P	65	Chrysene P	1	1	1	1
79	Non-Methane Hydrocarbons	mass	NULL	NMHC	31	NMHC	31	NMHC	1	1	1	1
80	Non-Methane Organic Gases	mass	NULL	NMORG	32	NMORG	32	NMORG	1	1	1	1
81	Fluorene particle	mass	NULL	86737	65	Fluorene P	65	Fluorene P	1	1	1	1
82	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene particle	mass	NULL	193395	65	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	65	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1	1	1	1
83	Phenanthrene particle	mass	NULL	85018	65	Phenanthrene P	65	Phenanthrene P	1	1	1	1
84	Pyrene particle	mass	NULL	129000	65	Pyrene P	65	Pyrene P	1	1	1	1
86	Total Organic Gases	mass	NULL	TOG	33	TOG	33	TOG	1	1	1	1
87	Volatile Organic Compounds	mass	NULL	VOC	34	VOC	34	VOC	1	1	1	1
88	NonHAPTOG	mass	NULL	NHTOG	70	NHTOG	70	NHTOG	1	1	1	1
90	Atmospheric CO2	energy	1	CO2	55	Atmospheric CO2	55	Atmospheric CO2	1	1	1	1
91	Total Energy Consumption	energy	NULL	CO2	51	Total Energy	51	Total Energy	1	1	1	1
92	Petroleum Energy Consumption	energy	NULL	CO2	52	Petrol Energy	52	Petrol Energy	1	1	1	1
93	Fossil Fuel Energy Consumption	energy	NULL	CO2	53	Fossil Energy	53	Fossil Energy	1	1	1	1
98	CO2 Equivalent	mass	NULL	CO2	56	CO2 Equivalent	56	CO2 Equivalent	1	1	1	1
99	Brake Specific Fuel Consumption (BSFC)	mass	NULL	NULL	54	BSFC	54	BSFC	0	1	1	1
100	Primary Exhaust PM10 - Total	mass	NULL	PM10- PRI	47	PM10 Total Exh	47	PM10 Total Exh	1	1	1	1
106	Primary PM10 - Brakewear Particulate	mass	NULL	PM10- PRI	48	PM10 Brakewear	48	PM10 Brakewear	1	1	1	1
107	Primary PM10 - Tirewear Particulate	mass	NULL	PM10- PRI	49	PM10 Tirewear	49	PM10 Tirewear	1	1	1	1
110	Primary Exhaust PM2.5 - Total	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	43	PM2.5 Total Exh	43	PM2.5 Total Exh	1	1	1	1
111	Organic Carbon	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5 OC	44	PM2.5 OC	1	1	1	1
112	Elemental Carbon	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5 EC	44	PM2.5 EC	1	1	1	1
115	Sulfate Particulate	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5 Sulfate	44	PM2.5 Sulfate	1	1	1	1
116	Primary PM2.5 - Brakewear Particulate	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	45	PM2.5 Brakewear	45	PM2.5 Brakewear	1	1	1	1
117	Primary PM2.5 - Tirewear Particulate	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	46	PM2.5 Tirewear	46	PM2.5 Tirewear	1	1	1	1
118	Composite - NonECM	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5 NonECM	44	PM2.5 NonECM	1	1	1	1
119	H2O (aerosol)	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5 H2O Aero	44	PM2.5 H2O Aero	1	1	1	1
120	Primary PM2.5 - NonECMNonSO4PM	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5 NonECMNonSO4	44	PM2.5 NonECMNonSO4	1	1	1	1
121	CMQAQ5.0 Unspecified (PM10THR)	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5 Unspecified	44	PM2.5 Unspecified	1	1	1	1
122	Non-carbon Organic Matter (NCOM)	mass	NULL	PM2.5- PRI	44	PM2.5 NCOM	44	PM2.5 NCOM	1	1	1	1
130	1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	mass	NULL	1948743	67	1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachloro	67	1,2,3,7,				

175	Benzo(b)fluoranthene gas	mass	NULL	205992	65	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1	1
176	Benzo(a,h)perylene gas	mass	NULL	191242	65	Benzo(a,h)perylene (	1	1
177	Benzo(b)fluoranthene gas	mass	NULL	207089	65	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1	1
178	Chrysene gas	mass	NULL	218019	65	Chrysene G	1	1
181	Fluorene gas	mass	NULL	86737	65	Fluorene G	1	1
182	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene gas	mass	NULL	193395	65	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyr	1	1
183	Phenanthrene gas	mass	NULL	85018	65	Phenanthrene G	1	1
184	Pyrene gas	mass	NULL	129000	65	Pyrene G	1	1
185	Naphthalene gas	mass	NULL	91203	65	Naphthalene G	1	1
1504	CB6CMAQ CH4	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ CH4	1	0
1520	CB6CMAQ BENZ	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ BENZ	1	0
1502	CB6CMAQ ALDX	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ ALDX	1	0
1501	CB6CMAQ ALDZ	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ ALDZ	1	0
1519	CB6CMAQ ACET	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ ACET	1	0
1500	CB6CMAQ Mechanism	gmole	NULL	68	68	CB6CMAQ Mech	1	0
1018	CB05 XYL	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB05 XYL	1	0
1017	CB05 UNR	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB05 UNR	1	0
1015	CB05 TOL	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB05 TOL	1	0
1014	CB05 TERP	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB05 TERP	1	0
1013	CB05 PAR	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB05 PAR	1	0
1012	CB05 OLE	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB05 OLE	1	0
1011	CB05 MEOH	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB05 MEOH	1	0
1010	CB05 ISOP	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB05 ISOP	1	0
1009	CB05 IOLE	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB05 IOLE	1	0
1008	CB05 FORM	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB05 FORM	1	0
1007	CB05 ETON	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB05 ETON	1	0
1006	CB05 ETHA	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB05 ETHA	1	0
1005	CB05 ETH	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB05 ETH	1	0
1004	CB05 CH4	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB05 CH4	1	0
1003	CB05 BENZENE	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB05 BENZENE	1	0
1002	CB05 ALDX	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB05 ALDX	1	0
1001	CB05 ALDZ	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB05 ALDZ	1	0
1000	CB05 Mechanism	gmole	NULL	68	68	CB05 Mech	1	0
1505	CB6CMAQ ETH	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ ETH	1	0
1506	CB6CMAQ ETHA	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ ETHA	1	0
1521	CB6CMAQ ETOH	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ ETOH	1	0
1507	CB6CMAQ ETOH	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ ETOH	1	0
1508	CB6CMAQ FORM	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ FORM	1	0
1509	CB6CMAQ OLE	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ OLE	1	0
1510	CB6CMAQ ISOP	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ ISOP	1	0
1522	CB6CMAQ KET	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ KET	1	0
1511	CB6CMAQ MEOH	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ MEOH	1	0
1547	CB6CMAQ NAPH	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ NAPH	1	0
1512	CB6CMAQ OLE	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ OLE	1	0
1513	CB6CMAQ PAR	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ PAR	1	0
1523	CB6CMAQ PRPH	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ PRPH	1	0
1558	CB6CMAQ SOAALK	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ SOAALK	1	0
1514	CB6CMAQ TERP	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ TERP	1	0
1515	CB6CMAQ TOL	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ TOL	1	0
1517	CB6CMAQ UNR	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ UNR	1	0
1560	CB6CMAQ XYLMN	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	CB6CMAQ XYLMN	1	0
2000	SAPRC07T Mechanism	gmole	NULL	68	68	SAPRC07T Mech	1	0
2019	SAPRC07T ACET	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T ACET	1	0
2024	SAPRC07T ACRO	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T ACRO	1	0
2025	SAPRC07T ACYE	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T ACYE	1	0
2026	SAPRC07T ALK1	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T ALK1	1	0
2027	SAPRC07T ALK2	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T ALK2	1	0
2028	SAPRC07T ALK3	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T ALK3	1	0
2029	SAPRC07T ALK4	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T ALK4	1	0
2030	SAPRC07T ALK5	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T ALK5	1	0
2031	SAPRC07T APIN	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T APIN	1	0
2032	SAPRC07T ARO1	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T ARO1	1	0
2033	SAPRC07T ARO2MXN	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T ARO2MXN	1	0
2034	SAPRC07T B124	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T B124	1	0
2035	SAPRC07T BALD	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T BALD	1	0
2036	SAPRC07T BDE13	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T BDE13	1	0
2020	SAPRC07T BENZ	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T BENZ	1	0
2037	SAPRC07T CCHO	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T CCHO	1	0
2034	SAPRC07T CH4	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T CH4	1	0
2038	SAPRC07T CRES	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T CRES	1	0
2039	SAPRC07T ETHE	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T ETHE	1	0
2007	SAPRC07T ETOH	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T ETOH	1	0
2040	SAPRC07T GLY	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T GLY	1	0
2041	SAPRC07T HCHO	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T HCHO	1	0
2042	SAPRC07T IPBD	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T IPBD	1	0
2010	SAPRC07T ISOP	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T ISOP	1	0
2043	SAPRC07T MACR	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T MACR	1	0
2044	SAPRC07T MEK	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T MEK	1	0
2011	SAPRC07T MEOH	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T MEOH	1	0
2045	SAPRC07T MIVK	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T MIVK	1	0
2046	SAPRC07T MXYL	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T MXYL	1	0
2048	SAPRC07T NAPHTH	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T NAPHTH	1	0
2049	SAPRC07T NIDQS	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T NIDQS	1	0
2050	SAPRC07T OLE1	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T OLE1	1	0
2051	SAPRC07T OLE2	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T OLE2	1	0
2052	SAPRC07T OXYL	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T OXYL	1	0
2053	SAPRC07T PACD	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T PACD	1	0
2054	SAPRC07T PRD2	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T PRD2	1	0
2055	SAPRC07T PRPH	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T PRPH	1	0
2056	SAPRC07T PYTL	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T PYTL	1	0
2057	SAPRC07T RCHO	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T RCHO	1	0
2058	SAPRC07T SOAALK	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T SOAALK	1	0
2014	SAPRC07T TERP	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T TERP	1	0
2059	SAPRC07T TOLU	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T TOLU	1	0
2016	SAPRC07T UNK	gmole	NULL	-1	-1	SAPRC07T UNK	1	0

LMP Maintenance Area Non-Road Equipment 2017 PM10 Emissions (tons/day)

Non-Road Equipment Sector	Eagle River		Annual
	Break-up Mar-Apr	Freeze-up Oct-Nov	
Recreational	0.0011	0.0011	0.0147
Construction	0.0080	0.0078	0.0076
Industrial	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003
Lawn/Garden	0.0030	0.0030	0.0035
Agriculture	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Commercial	0.0011	0.0011	0.0011
Airport Support	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Oil Field	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Pleasure Craft	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Railroad	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Non-Road Totals	0.0135	0.0132	0.0271

MOVES20148/NONROAD COUNTY-LEVEL PM10 EMISSIONS IN CALENDAR YEAR 2017 BY SCC AND MONTH

City/Name: Anchorage			Census-Based Pop'n Scaling Factor:												0.0339		Eagle River LMP Area			
City/ID:	2020		31	28	31	30	31	30	31	31	30	31	30	31	30	365	Eagle River LMP Area	Scaled Emissions (lbs/day)		
SCC		Description		2017 PM10 Emissions by Month (lbs/day)														Annual		
SectorID	Sector Name	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Avg	Scaling Factor	Mar-Apr	Oct-Nov	Annual		
2260001010	2-Str Offroad Motorcycles	1	Recreational	14.6	16.2	41.7	43.1	41.7	85.6	82.8	82.8	43.1	41.7	43.1	14.6	46.1	0.0339	1.44	1.44	1.56
2260001020	2-Str Snowmobiles	1	Recreational	3133.3	3469.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3133.3	796.3	0.0339	0.00	0.00	27.04	
2260001030	2-Str All Terrain Vehicles	1	Recreational	3.5	3.9	10.0	10.3	10.0	20.5	19.8	19.8	10.3	10.0	10.3	3.5	11.0	0.0339	0.34	0.34	0.37
2260001060	2-Str Specialty Vehicle Carts	1	Recreational	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265001010	4-Str Offroad Motorcycles	1	Recreational	0.4	0.4	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.4	1.1	0.0339	0.03	0.03	0.04
2265001030	4-Str All Terrain Vehicles	1	Recreational	3.2	3.5	9.0	9.3	9.0	18.5	17.9	17.9	9.3	9.0	9.3	3.2	10.0	0.0339	0.31	0.31	0.34
2265001050	4-Str Golf Carts	1	Recreational	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.4	1.4	1.4	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.8	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265001060	4-Str Specialty Vehicle Carts	1	Recreational	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2267001060	LPG - Specialty Vehicle Carts	1	Recreational	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	
2270001060	Dsl - Specialty Vehicle Carts	1	Recreational	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.2	1.1	1.1	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.6	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2260002006	2-Str Tampers/Rammers	2	Construction	5.7	6.3	8.3	8.6	8.3	9.6	9.3	9.3	8.3	8.1	8.3	5.7	8.0	0.0339	0.29	0.28	0.27
2260002009	2-Str Plate Compactors	2	Construction	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.0339	0.01	0.01	0.01
2260002021	2-Str Paving Equipment	2	Construction	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.0339	0.01	0.01	0.01
2260002027	2-Str Signal Boards/Light Plants	2	Construction	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2260002039	2-Str Concrete/Industrial Saws	2	Construction	15.0	16.6	21.9	22.6	21.9	25.1	24.3	24.3	21.8	21.1	21.8	15.0	21.0	0.0339	0.75	0.73	0.71
2260002054	2-Str Crushing/Proc. Equipment	2	Construction	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265002003	4-Str Pavers	2	Construction	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265002006	4-Str Tampers/Rammers	2	Construction	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265002009	4-Str Plate Compactors	2	Construction	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.0339	0.01	0.01	0.01
2265002015	4-Str Rollers	2	Construction	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265002021	4-Str Paving Equipment	2	Construction	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.0339	0.01	0.01	0.01
2265002024	4-Str Surfacing Equipment	2	Construction	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265002027	4-Str Signal Boards/Light Plants	2	Construction	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265002030	4-Str Trenchers	2	Construction	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.0339	0.01	0.01	0.01
2265002033	4-Str Bore/Drill Rigs	2	Construction	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265002039	4-Str Concrete/Industrial Saws	2	Construction	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.0339	0.02	0.02	0.01
2265002042	4-Str Cement & Mortar Mixers	2	Construction	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0339	0.01	0.01	0.01
2265002045	4-Str Cranes	2	Construction	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265002054	4-Str Crushing/Proc. Equipment	2	Construction	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265002057	4-Str Rough Terrain Forklift	2	Construction	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265002060	4-Str Rubber Tire Loaders	2	Construction	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265002066	4-Str Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	2	Construction	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265002072	4-Str Skid Steer Loaders	2	Construction	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265002078	4-Str Dumpers/Tenders	2	Construction	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265002081	4-Str Other Construction Equipment	2	Construction	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2268002081	CNG - Other Construction Equipment	2	Construction	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2270002003	Dsl - Pavers	2	Construction	2.4	2.7	3.6	3.7	3.6	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.5	3.4	3.5	2.4	3.4	0.0339	0.12	0.12	0.12
2270002006	Dsl - Tampers/Rammers	2	Construction	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2270002009	Dsl - Plate Compactors	2	Construction	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.0339	0.01	0.01	0.01
2270002015	Dsl - Rollers	2	Construction	7.7	8.5	11.2	11.5	11.2	12.8	12.4	12.4	11.1	10.8	11.1	7.7	10.7	0.0339	0.38	0.37	0.36
2270002018	Dsl - Scrapers	2	Construction	6.7	7.4	9.8	10.1	9.8	11.2	10.9	10.9	9.8	9.4	9.8	6.7	9.4	0.0339	0.34	0.33	0.32
2270002021	Dsl - Paving Equipment	2	Construction	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.8	0.0339	0.03	0.03	0.03
2270002024	Dsl - Surfacing Equipment	2	Construction	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.0339	0.02	0.02	0.02
2270002027	Dsl - Signal Boards/Light Plants	2	Construction	1.2	1.3	1.7	1.8	1.7	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.2	1.6	0.0339	0.06	0.06	0.06
2270002030	Dsl - Trenchers	2	Construction	5.6	6.2	8.2	8.5	8.2	9.4	9.1	9.1	8.2	7.9	8.2	5.6	7.9	0.0339	0.28	0.27	0.27
2270002033	Dsl - Bore/Drill Rigs	2	Construction	5.2	5.8	7.6	7.9	7.6	8.7	8.5	8.5	7.6	7.3	7.6	5.2	7.3	0.0339	0.26	0.25	0.25
2270002036	Dsl - Excavators	2	Construction	18.3	20.3	26.8	27.6	26.8	30.7	29.8	29.8	26.7	25.8	26.7	18.3	25.7	0.0339	0.92	0.89	0.87
2270002039	Dsl - Concrete/Industrial Saws	2	Construction	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.0339	0.02	0.02	0.02
2270002042	Dsl - Cement & Mortar Mixers	2	Construction	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.0339	0.01	0.01	0.01
2270002045	Dsl - Cranes	2	Construction	5.3	5.8	7.7	8.0	7.7	8.9	8.6	8.6	7.7	7.4	7.7	5.3	7.4	0.0339	0.27	0.26	0.27
2270002048	Dsl - Tampers/Rammers	2	Construction	4.2	4.7	6.2	6.4	6.2	7.1	6.9	6.9	6.2	6.0	6.2	4.2	5.9	0.0339	0.21	0.21	0.21
2270002051	Dsl - Off-Highway Trucks	2	Construction	11.8	13.1	17.2	17.8	17.2	19.8	19.2	19.2	17.2	16.6	17.2	11.8	16.5	0.0339	0.59	0.57	0.56
2270002054	Dsl - Crushing/Proc. Equipment	2	Construction	1.2	1.3	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.2	1.6	0.0339	0.06	0.06	0.05
2270002057	Dsl - Rough Terrain Forklifts	2	Construction	13.9	15.4	20.4	21.0	20.4	23.4	22.6	22.6	20.3	19.7	20.3	13.9	19.5	0.0339	0.70	0.68	0.66
2270002060	Dsl -																			

2265004031	4-Str Leafblowers/Vacuums (com)	4	Lawn/Garden	0.3	0.3	1.0	1.1	1.0	2.4	2.3	2.3	1.1	1.0	1.1	0.3	1.2	0.0339	0.04	0.04	0.04
2265004035	4-Str Snowblowers (res)	4	Lawn/Garden	0.8	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.2	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.01
2265004036	4-Str Snowblowers (com)	4	Lawn/Garden	1.4	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.4	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.01
2265004040	4-Str Rear Engine Riding Mowers (res)	4	Lawn/Garden	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.0339	0.01	0.01	0.01
2265004041	4-Str Rear Engine Riding Mowers (com)	4	Lawn/Garden	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.01
2265004046	4-Str Front Mowers (com)	4	Lawn/Garden	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0339	0.01	0.01	0.01
2265004051	4-Str Shredders < 6 HP (com)	4	Lawn/Garden	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0339	0.01	0.01	0.01
2265004055	4-Str Lawn & Garden Tractors (res)	4	Lawn/Garden	1.4	1.5	5.0	5.1	5.0	11.8	11.4	11.4	5.1	5.0	5.1	1.4	5.8	0.0339	0.17	0.17	0.20
2265004056	4-Str Lawn & Garden Tractors (com)	4	Lawn/Garden	0.5	0.6	1.8	1.9	1.8	4.4	4.2	4.2	1.9	1.8	1.9	0.5	2.1	0.0339	0.06	0.06	0.07
2265004066	4-Str Chippers/Stump Grinders (com)	4	Lawn/Garden	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.0339	0.01	0.01	0.01
2265004071	4-Str Commercial Turf Equipment (com)	4	Lawn/Garden	2.0	2.2	7.4	7.6	7.4	17.5	16.9	16.9	7.6	7.4	7.6	2.0	8.6	0.0339	0.25	0.25	0.29
2265004075	4-Str Other Lawn & Garden Exp. (res)	4	Lawn/Garden	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.0339	0.01	0.01	0.01
2265004076	4-Str Other Lawn & Garden Exp. (com)	4	Lawn/Garden	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.0339	0.01	0.01	0.01
2267004066	LPG - Chippers/Stump Grinders (com)	4	Lawn/Garden	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2270004031	Dsl - Leafblowers/Vacuums (com)	4	Lawn/Garden	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2270004036	Dsl - Snowblowers (com)	4	Lawn/Garden	0.4	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2270004046	Dsl - Commercial Mowers (com)	4	Lawn/Garden	1.0	1.1	3.7	3.8	3.7	8.7	8.4	8.4	3.8	3.7	3.8	1.0	4.3	0.0339	0.13	0.13	0.15
2270004056	Dsl - Lawn & Garden Tractors (com)	4	Lawn/Garden	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.7	0.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.2	0.7	0.0339	0.02	0.02	0.03
2270004066	Dsl - Chippers/Stump Grinders (com)	4	Lawn/Garden	1.4	1.5	5.0	5.2	5.0	11.8	11.4	11.4	5.2	5.0	5.2	1.4	5.8	0.0339	0.17	0.17	0.20
2270004071	Dsl - Commercial Turf Equipment (com)	4	Lawn/Garden	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.0339	0.01	0.01	0.01
2270004076	Dsl - Other Lawn & Garden Exp. (com)	4	Lawn/Garden	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2260005035	2-Str Sprayers	5	Agriculture	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.3	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265005010	4-Str 2-Wheel Tractors	5	Agriculture	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265005015	4-Str Agricultural Tractors	5	Agriculture	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265005025	4-Str Balers	5	Agriculture	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265005030	4-Str Agricultural Mowers	5	Agriculture	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265005035	4-Str Sprayers	5	Agriculture	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265005040	4-Str Tillers > 6 HP	5	Agriculture	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.2	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265005045	4-Str Swathers	5	Agriculture	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265005055	4-Str Other Agricultural Equipment	5	Agriculture	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265005060	4-Str Irrigation Sets	5	Agriculture	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2268005060	CNG - Irrigation Sets	5	Agriculture	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2270005015	Dsl - Agricultural Tractors	5	Agriculture	12.4	13.8	45.4	46.9	45.4	107.2	103.8	103.8	46.9	45.4	46.9	12.4	52.7	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2270005020	Dsl - Combines	5	Agriculture	1.1	1.2	4.0	4.1	4.0	9.5	9.2	9.2	4.1	4.0	4.1	1.1	4.7	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2270005025	Dsl - Balers	5	Agriculture	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2270005035	Dsl - Sprayers	5	Agriculture	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.4	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2270005045	Dsl - Swathers	5	Agriculture	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.1	0.5	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2270005055	Dsl - Other Agricultural Equipment	5	Agriculture	0.2	0.3	0.9	0.9	0.9	2.1	2.0	2.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.2	1.0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2270005060	Dsl - Irrigation Sets	5	Agriculture	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.4	1.4	1.4	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.7	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2260006005	2-Str Generator Sets	6	Commercial	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0339	0.03	0.03	0.03
2260006010	2-Str Pumps	6	Commercial	7.3	8.1	7.3	7.5	7.3	7.5	7.3	7.3	7.5	7.3	7.5	7.3	7.4	0.0339	0.25	0.25	0.25
2260006015	2-Str Air Compressors	6	Commercial	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2260006035	2-Str Hydro Power Units	6	Commercial	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2265006005	4-Str Generator Sets	6	Commercial	3.5	3.8	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.5	0.0339	0.12	0.12	0.12
2265006010	4-Str Pumps	6	Commercial	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	0.0339	0.04	0.04	0.04
2265006015	4-Str Air Compressors	6	Commercial	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.0339	0.02	0.02	0.02
2265006025	4-Str Welders	6	Commercial	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0339	0.03	0.03	0.03
2265006030	4-Str Pressure Washers	6	Commercial	2.1	2.4	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.2	0.0339	0.07	0.07	0.07
2265006035	4-Str Hydro Power Units	6	Commercial	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2267006005	LPG - Generator Sets	6	Commercial	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0339	0.01	0.01	0.01
2267006010	LPG - Pumps	6	Commercial	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2267006015	LPG - Air Compressors	6	Commercial	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2267006025	LPG - Welders	6	Commercial	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2267006030	LPG - Pressure Washers	6	Commercial	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2267006035	LPG - Hydro Power Units	6	Commercial	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2268006005	CNG - Generator Sets	6	Commercial	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2268006010	CNG - Pumps	6	Commercial	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2268006015	CNG - Air Compressors	6	Commercial	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0339	0.00	0.00	0.00
2268006020	CNG - Gas Compressors	6	Commercial	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0339	0.01	0.01	0.01
2270006005	Dsl - Generator Sets	6	Commercial	18.6	20.6	18.6	19.2	18.6	19.2	18.6	19.2	18.6	19.2	18.6	18.9	0.0339	0.64	0.64	0.64	
2270006010	Dsl - Pumps	6	Commercial	4.6	5.1	4.6	4.8	4.6	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.8	4.6	4.8	4.6	4.7	0.0339	0.16	0.16	0.16
2270006015	Dsl - Air Compressors	6	Commercial	8.3	9.2	8.3	8.6	8.3	8.6	8.3	8.3	8.6	8.3	8.6	8.3	8.5	0.0339	0.29	0.29	0.29
2270006025	Dsl - Welders	6	Commercial	11.2	12.4	11.2	11.6	11.2	11.6	11.2	11.2	11.6	11.2	11.6	11.2	11.4	0.0339	0.39	0.39	0.39
2270006030	Dsl - Pressure Washers	6	Commercial	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.0339	0.02	0.02	0.02
2270006035	Dsl - Hydro Power Units	6	Commercial	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.0339	0.01	0.01	0.01
2265008005	4-Str Airport Support Equipment	8	Airport Support	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0	0.00	0.0	

MOVES/NONROAD LOOKUP TABLES

NRFuelType

fuelTypeID	default Formulation		humidity Correction Coeff	humidity Correction Coeff CV	fuel Density	subject To Evap Calculations
	ID	fuelTypeDesc				
1	10	Gasoline	0.0038	0.5	2819	Y
3	30	Compressed Natural Gas (CNG)	0	0.5	500	N
4	40	Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG)	0	0.5	1923	N
23	23	Nonroad Diesel Fuel	0.0026	0.5	3167	N
24	24	Marine Diesel Fuel	0.0026	0.5	3167	N

NRFuelSubType

fuelSubtype ID	fuelType ID	fuelSubtypeDesc	fuelSubtype Petroleum Fraction	fuelSubtype Petroleum Fraction CV	fuelSubtype Fossil Fraction	fuelSubtype Fossil Fraction CV	carbon Content	oxidation Fraction	carbon Content CV	oxidation Fraction CV	energy Content
10	1	Conventional Gasoline	0.95	NULL	1	NULL	0.0196	1	NULL	NULL	43.488
11	1	Reformulated Gasoline (RFG)	0.95	NULL	1	NULL	0.0196	1	NULL	NULL	42.358
12	1	Gasohol (E10)	0.94	NULL	0.94	NULL	0.0196	1	NULL	NULL	41.762
13	1	Gasohol (E8)	0.945	NULL	1	NULL	0.0196	1	NULL	NULL	42.1
14	1	Gasohol (E5)	0.945	NULL	1	NULL	0.0196	1	NULL	NULL	42.605
15	1	Gasohol (E15)	0.94	NULL	0.94	NULL	0.0196	1	NULL	NULL	40.92
18	5	Ethanol (E20)	0.9	NULL	0.9	NULL	0.0194	1	NULL	NULL	40.077
20	2	Conventional Diesel Fuel	1	NULL	1	NULL	0.02	1	NULL	NULL	42.791
21	2	Biodiesel (BD20)	0.81	NULL	0.81	NULL	0.0199	1	NULL	NULL	41.738
22	2	Fischer-Tropsch Diesel (FTD100)	0	NULL	1	NULL	0.0205	1	NULL	NULL	43.247
23	23	Nonroad Diesel Fuel	1	NULL	1	NULL	0.02	1	NULL	NULL	43.306
24	24	Marine Diesel Fuel	1	NULL	1	NULL	0.02	1	NULL	NULL	43.306
30	3	Compressed Natural Gas (CNG)	0	NULL	1	NULL	0.0161	1	NULL	NULL	48.632
40	4	Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG)	0	NULL	1	NULL	0.0161	1	NULL	NULL	46.607
50	5	Ethanol	0.26	NULL	0.26	NULL	0.0194	1	NULL	NULL	26.592
51	5	Ethanol (E85)	0.26	NULL	0.26	NULL	0.0194	1	NULL	NULL	29.12
52	5	Ethanol (E70)	0.46	NULL	0.46	NULL	0.0194	1	NULL	NULL	31.649
90	9	Electricity	0.02	NULL	0.87	NULL	0	0	NULL	NULL	NULL

Sector

sectorID	description
0	Highway mobile
1	Recreational
2	Construction
3	Industrial
4	Lawn/Garden
5	Agriculture
6	Commercial
7	Logging
8	Airport Support
9	Underground Mining
10	Oil Field
11	Pleasure Craft
12	Railroad

NRSCC

SCC	NREquip Type ID	description	fuelType ID
2260001010	2	2-Str Offroad Motorcycles	1
2260001020	1	2-Str Snowmobiles	1
2260001030	3	2-Str All Terrain Vehicles	1
2260001060	5	2-Str Specialty Vehicle Carts	1
2260002006	7	2-Str Tampers/Rammers	1
2260002009	8	2-Str Plate Compactors	1
2260002021	10	2-Str Paving Equipment	1
2260002027	12	2-Str Signal Boards/Light Plants	1
2260002039	15	2-Str Concrete/Industrial Saws	1
2260002054	18	2-Str Crushing/Proc. Equipment	1
2260003030	27	2-Str Sweepers/Scrubbers	1
2260003040	28	2-Str Other General Industrial Eqp	1
2260004015	34	2-Str Rotary Tillers < 6 HP (res)	1
2260004016	35	2-Str Rotary Tillers < 6 HP (com)	1
2260004020	36	2-Str Chain Saws < 6 HP (res)	1
2260004021	37	2-Str Chain Saws < 6 HP (com)	1
2260004025	38	2-Str Trimmers/Edgers/Brush Cutter (res)	1
2260004026	39	2-Str Trimmers/Edgers/Brush Cutter (com)	1
2260004030	40	2-Str Leafblowers/Vacuums (res)	1
2260004031	41	2-Str Leafblowers/Vacuums (com)	1
2260004035	42	2-Str Snowblowers (res)	1
2260004036	43	2-Str Snowblowers (com)	1
2260004071	51	2-Str Commercial Turf Equipment (com)	1
2260005035	59	2-Str Sprayers	1
2260006005	64	2-Str Generator Sets	1

2260006010	65	2-Str Pumps	1
2260006015	66	2-Str Air Compressors	1
2260006035	70	2-Str Hydro Power Units	1
2260007005	71	2-Str Chain Saws > 6 HP	1
2265001010	2	4-Str Offroad Motorcycles	1
2265001030	3	4-Str All Terrain Vehicles	1
2265001050	4	4-Str Golf Carts	1
2265001060	5	4-Str Specialty Vehicle Carts	1
2265002003	6	4-Str Pavers	1
2265002006	7	4-Str Tampers/Rammers	1
2265002009	8	4-Str Plate Compactors	1
2265002015	9	4-Str Rollers	1
2265002021	10	4-Str Paving Equipment	1
2265002024	11	4-Str Surfacing Equipment	1
2265002027	12	4-Str Signal Boards/Light Plants	1
2265002030	13	4-Str Trenchers	1
2265002033	14	4-Str Bore/Drill Rigs	1
2265002039	15	4-Str Concrete/Industrial Saws	1
2265002042	16	4-Str Cement & Mortar Mixers	1
2265002045	17	4-Str Cranes	1
2265002054	18	4-Str Crushing/Proc. Equipment	1
2265002057	19	4-Str Rough Terrain Forklift	1
2265002060	20	4-Str Rubber Tire Loaders	1
2265002066	21	4-Str Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	1
2265002072	22	4-Str Skid Steer Loaders	1
2265002078	23	4-Str Dumpers/Tenders	1
2265002081	24	4-Str Other Construction Equipment	1
2265003010	25	4-Str Aerial Lifts	1
2265003020	26	4-Str Forklifts	1
2265003030	27	4-Str Sweepers/Scrubbers	1
2265003040	28	4-Str Other General Industrial Eqp	1
2265003050	29	4-Str Other Material Handling Eqp	1
2265003060	30	4-Str ACRefrigeration	1
2265003070	31	4-Str Terminal Tractors	1
2265004010	32	4-Str Lawn mowers (res)	1
2265004011	33	4-Str Lawn mowers (com)	1
2265004015	34	4-Str Rotary Tillers < 6 HP (res)	1
2265004016	35	4-Str Rotary Tillers < 6 HP (com)	1
2265004025	38	4-Str Trimmers/Edgers/Brush Cutter (res)	1
2265004026	39	4-Str Trimmers/Edgers/Brush Cutter (com)	1
2265004030	40	4-Str Leafblowers/Vacuums (res)	1
2265004031	41	4-Str Leafblowers/Vacuums (com)	1
2265004035	42	4-Str Snowblowers (res)	1
2265004036	43	4-Str Snowblowers (com)	1
2265004040	44	4-Str Rear Engine Riding Mowers (res)	1
2265004041	45	4-Str Rear Engine Riding Mowers (com)	1
2265004046	46	4-Str Front Mowers (com)	1
2265004051	47	4-Str Shredders < 6 HP (com)	1
2265004055	48	4-Str Lawn & Garden Tractors (res)	1
2265004056	49	4-Str Lawn & Garden Tractors (com)	1
2265004066	50	4-Str Chippers/Stump Grinders (com)	1
2265004071	51	4-Str Commercial Turf Equipment (com)	1
2265004075	52	4-Str Other Lawn & Garden Eqp. (res)	1
2265004076	53	4-Str Other Lawn & Garden Eqp. (com)	1
2265005010	54	4-Str 2-Wheel Tractors	1
2265005015	55	4-Str Agricultural Tractors	1
2265005020	56	4-Str Combines	1
2265005025	57	4-Str Balers	1
2265005030	58	4-Str Agricultural Mowers	1
2265005035	59	4-Str Sprayers	1
2265005040	60	4-Str Tillers > 6 HP	1
2265005045	61	4-Str Swathers	1
2265005055	62	4-Str Other Agricultural Equipment	1
2265005060	63	4-Str Irrigation Sets	1
2265006005	64	4-Str Generator Sets	1
2265006010	65	4-Str Pumps	1
2265006015	66	4-Str Air Compressors	1
2265006025	68	4-Str Welders	1
2265006030	69	4-Str Pressure Washers	1
2265006035	70	4-Str Hydro Power Units	1
2265007010	72	4-Str Shredders > 6 HP	1
2265007015	73	4-Str Forest Eqp - Feller/Bunch/Skidder	1
2265008005	74	4-Str Airport Support Equipment	1
2265010010	75	4-Str Other Oil Field Equipment	1
2267001060	5	LPG - Specialty Vehicle Carts	4
2267002003	6	LPG - Pavers	4
2267002015	9	LPG - Rollers	4
2267002021	10	LPG - Paving Equipment	4
2267002024	11	LPG - Surfacing Equipment	4
2267002030	13	LPG - Trenchers	4

2267002033	14	LPG - Bore/Drill Rigs	4
2267002039	15	LPG - Concrete/Industrial Saws	4
2267002045	17	LPG - Cranes	4
2267002054	18	LPG - Crushing/Proc. Equipment	4
2267002057	19	LPG - Rough Terrain Forklift	4
2267002060	20	LPG - Rubber Tire Loaders	4
2267002066	21	LPG - Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	4
2267002072	22	LPG - Skid Steer Loaders	4
2267002081	24	LPG - Other Construction Equipment	4
2267003010	25	LPG - Aerial Lifts	4
2267003020	26	LPG - Forklifts	4
2267003030	27	LPG - Sweepers/Scrubbers	4
2267003040	28	LPG - Other General Industrial Eqp	4
2267003050	29	LPG - Other Material Handling Eqp	4
2267003070	31	LPG - Terminal Tractors	4
2267004066	50	LPG - Chippers/Stump Grinders (com)	4
2267005055	62	LPG - Other Agricultural Equipment	4
2267005060	63	LPG - Irrigation Sets	4
2267006005	64	LPG - Generator Sets	4
2267006010	65	LPG - Pumps	4
2267006015	66	LPG - Air Compressors	4
2267006025	68	LPG - Welders	4
2267006030	69	LPG - Pressure Washers	4
2267006035	70	LPG - Hydro Power Units	4
2267008005	74	LPG - Airport Support Equipment	4
2268002081	24	CNG - Other Construction Equipment	3
2268003020	26	CNG - Forklifts	3
2268003030	27	CNG - Sweepers/Scrubbers	3
2268003040	28	CNG - Other General Industrial Eqp	3
2268003060	30	CNG - ACRrefrigeration	3
2268003070	31	CNG - Terminal Tractors	3
2268005055	62	CNG - Other Agricultural Equipment	3
2268005060	63	CNG - Irrigation Sets	3
2268006005	64	CNG - Generator Sets	3
2268006010	65	CNG - Pumps	3
2268006015	66	CNG - Air Compressors	3
2268006020	67	CNG - Gas Compressors	3
2268006035	70	CNG - Hydro Power Units	3
2268010010	75	CNG - Other Oil Field Equipment	3
2270001060	5	Dsl - Specialty Vehicle Carts	23
2270002003	6	Dsl - Pavers	23
2270002006	7	Dsl - Tampers/Rammers	23
2270002009	8	Dsl - Plate Compactors	23
2270002015	9	Dsl - Rollers	23
2270002018	76	Dsl - Scrapers	23
2270002021	10	Dsl - Paving Equipment	23
2270002024	11	Dsl - Surfacing Equipment	23
2270002027	12	Dsl - Signal Boards/Light Plants	23
2270002030	13	Dsl - Trenchers	23
2270002033	14	Dsl - Bore/Drill Rigs	23
2270002036	77	Dsl - Excavators	23
2270002039	15	Dsl - Concrete/Industrial Saws	23
2270002042	16	Dsl - Cement & Mortar Mixers	23
2270002045	17	Dsl - Cranes	23
2270002048	78	Dsl - Graders	23
2270002051	79	Dsl - Off-highway Trucks	23
2270002054	18	Dsl - Crushing/Proc. Equipment	23
2270002057	80	Dsl - Rough Terrain Forklifts	23
2270002060	20	Dsl - Rubber Tire Loaders	23
2270002066	21	Dsl - Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	23
2270002069	81	Dsl - Crawler Tractor/Dozers	23
2270002072	22	Dsl - Skid Steer Loaders	23
2270002075	82	Dsl - Off-Highway Tractors	23
2270002078	23	Dsl - Dumpers/Tenders	23
2270002081	24	Dsl - Other Construction Equipment	23
2270003010	25	Dsl - Aerial Lifts	23
2270003020	26	Dsl - Forklifts	23
2270003030	27	Dsl - Sweepers/Scrubbers	23
2270003040	28	Dsl - Other General Industrial Eqp	23
2270003050	29	Dsl - Other Material Handling Eqp	23
2270003060	30	Dsl - ACRrefrigeration	23
2270003070	31	Dsl - Terminal Tractors	23
2270004031	41	Dsl - Leafblowers/Vacuums (com)	23
2270004036	43	Dsl - Snowblowers (com)	23
2270004046	83	Dsl - Commercial Mowers (com)	23
2270004056	49	Dsl - Lawn & Garden Tractors (com)	23
2270004066	50	Dsl - Chippers/Stump Grinders (com)	23
2270004071	51	Dsl - Commercial Turf Equipment (com)	23
2270004076	53	Dsl - Other Lawn & Garden Eqp. (com)	23
2270005010	54	Dsl - 2-Wheel Tractors	23

2270005015	55	Dsl - Agricultural Tractors	23
2270005020	56	Dsl - Combines	23
2270005025	57	Dsl - Balers	23
2270005030	58	Dsl - Agricultural Mowers	23
2270005035	59	Dsl - Sprayers	23
2270005040	60	Dsl - Tillers > 6 HP	23
2270005045	61	Dsl - Swathers	23
2270005055	62	Dsl - Other Agricultural Equipment	23
2270005060	63	Dsl - Irrigation Sets	23
2270006005	64	Dsl - Generator Sets	23
2270006010	65	Dsl - Pumps	23
2270006015	66	Dsl - Air Compressors	23
2270006020	67	Dsl - Gas Compressors	23
2270006025	68	Dsl - Welders	23
2270006030	69	Dsl - Pressure Washers	23
2270006035	70	Dsl - Hydro Power Units	23
2270007010	72	Dsl - Shredders > 6 HP	23
2270007015	73	Dsl - Forest Eqp - Feller/Bunch/Skidder	23
2270008005	74	Dsl - Airport Support Equipment	23
2270009010	84	Dsl - Other Underground Mining Equip	23
2270010010	75	Dsl - Other Oil Field Equipment	23
2282005010	85	2-Str Outboard	1
2282005015	86	2-Str Personal Water Craft	1
2282010005	87	4-Str Inboard/Sterndrive	1
2282020005	87	Dsl - Inboard/Sterndrive	24
2282020010	85	Dsl - Outboard	24
2285002015	88	Dsl - Railway Maintenance	23
2285004015	88	4-Str Railway Maintenance	1
2285006015	88	LPG - Railway Maintenance	4

**Calculation of Census Population-Based Factors for Scaling County-Level to LMP Maintenance Area Emissions
(using GIS analysis of census block-level data from 2010 U.S. Census)**

	Anchorage County	Eagle River Maint Area	Scaling Factor
Census Blocks:	4,337	137	-
Population:	291,826	9,885	0.0339