ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2023



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report December 31, 2023

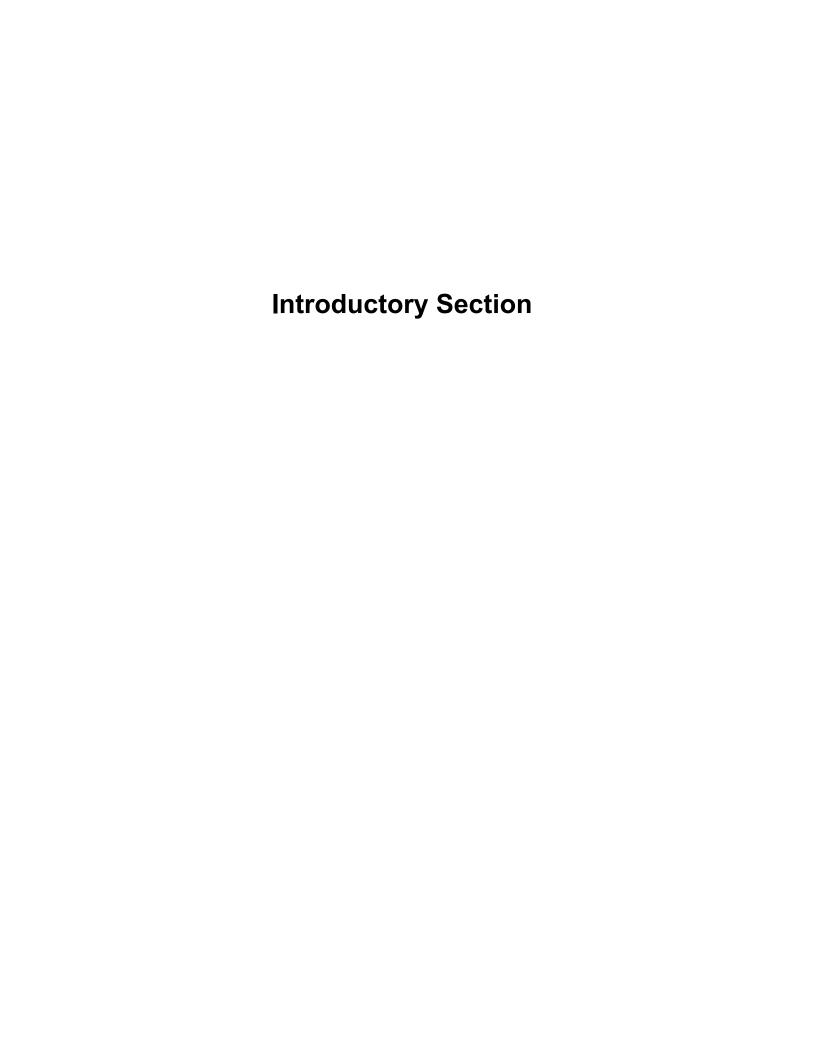
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MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE

Office of the Chief Fiscal Officer



Phone: (907) 343-6610

Philippe D. Brice, CFO

August 15, 2025

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Assembly, and Citizens of the Municipality of Anchorage:

Transmittal of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Municipality of Anchorage (Municipality) for the year ended December 31, 2023, is hereby submitted. The Anchorage Home Rule Charter and Anchorage Municipal Code require an annual report on financial and administrative activities with an independent audit of all municipal accounts by a certified public accountant. BDO USA, P.C. performed the independent audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Management is responsible for the accuracy, completeness, and fairness of the presentation including all disclosures.

As a recipient of federal grant awards, the Municipality is required to undergo an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the audit requirements of Title 2 of the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and associated OMB Compliance Supplement. The independent auditor's report on compliance for each major federal program as well as the report on internal control over compliance with applicable laws and regulations and the report on schedule of expenditures of federal awards will be included in a separately issued audit. A schedule of findings and questioned costs will also be included in that separately issued audit.

As a recipient of State of Alaska grant awards, the Municipality is also required to undergo an audit in accordance with the provisions of Alaska State Regulation 2 AAC 45.010 and State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits. Additionally, the audit of compliance was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The independent auditor's report on compliance for each major state program as well as a report on internal control over compliance with applicable laws and regulations and a report on the schedule of State Financial Assistance Schedule is included in a separately issued audit. A schedule of findings and questioned costs will also be included in that separately issued audit.

BDO USA, P.C. was retained to perform both the financial and the compliance audits of Federal and State financial assistance programs for the year ended December 31, 2023. BDO USA, P.C. audited all 2023 financial records. BDO USA, P.C. reports are included in the financial section of the ACFR and in both financial assistance reports.

Profile of the Municipality of Anchorage

The City of Anchorage was originally incorporated in 1920 and unified with the Greater Anchorage Area Borough in 1975 to create the Municipality of Anchorage. The Municipality is located in the southcentral part of the State of Alaska. It encompasses a geographic area of approximately 1,958 square miles and in 2023 served a population of an estimated 285,000 people.

The Municipality operates under a strong mayor form of government. The Mayor is elected at large for a three-year term but may not serve more than two consecutive terms. The Mayor is responsible for appointing the Chief of Staff, the Municipal Manager, the Municipal Attorney, the Chief Fiscal Officer, and heads of all departments. Additionally, the Mayor is responsible for running the day-to-day governmental activities. The Assembly, which consists of twelve members, serves as the legislative branch. Assembly members are elected by district. They serve three-year staggered terms but cannot serve more than three consecutive terms. The Assembly is responsible for approving ordinances, municipal contracts, budgets, and certain appointments. A compilation of municipal ordinances can be reviewed online in the Anchorage Municipal Code at www.muni.org.

The Municipality provides a full range of services. Certain services such as education, planning and zoning, health services, animal control, environmental quality, taxing and assessing, emergency medical services, and public transportation are provided on an area-wide basis. Other services such as fire protection, police protection, road maintenance, parks and recreation, and building safety are provided on a geographic basis. These are referred to as special purpose service areas.

The Administration is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to provide reasonable assurance that municipal assets are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and that adequate accounting records are maintained to prepare the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of controls should not exceed the benefit likely to be derived and that valuation of costs and benefits requires the use of estimates and judgments.

The Assembly approves operating budgets and appropriations of direct costs at the department level, and revenues, direct costs, and indirect costs at the fund level. During the year, the Assembly may approve supplemental appropriations to increase or decrease the budget or to transfer all or part of any unencumbered balance from one appropriation to another. The Assembly, by ordinance, may authorize a contract, lease or other obligation requiring financing from future appropriations. The Mayor may transfer all or part of an unencumbered balance between categories within an appropriation. No obligation involving the expenditure of money may be made unless the Chief Fiscal Officer has certified that the funds required have been appropriated and/or are available for that purpose.

The accounting records are maintained on a budgetary basis whereby encumbrances are recorded for budgetary control. However, year-end financial statements present actual amounts in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America which excludes encumbrances.

The financial reporting entity includes the four component units for which the Municipality is financially accountable. This includes CIVICVentures, the Anchorage School District (ASD), Anchorage Community Development Authority (ACDA), and the Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. (ACPA). Additional information on each of these component units can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The Municipality owns and operates several utilities and other enterprise activities including water, wastewater, hydropower, refuse collection, solid waste disposal, port, and the Municipal airport. The Municipality contracts for management of its sports arenas, performing arts center, convention centers, ice arenas, golf courses, and equestrian center.

Additional information regarding the Municipality's government, services, current events, economic indicators and other statistics is located on its municipal website at www.muni.org.

Local Economy and Outlook

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Municipality operates. The Municipality had an approximate population of 285,000 in 2023, representing a slight decrease from the prior year. As the largest Alaskan city, the Municipality is home to approximately 40 percent of the State's residents. The Anchorage School District had 42,500 students enrolled for the 2022–2023 academic year, continuing a modest decline in enrollment. The Municipality is also home to the University of Alaska Anchorage, a State-operated university, and the Alaska Pacific University, a tribal university.

Unemployment in the Municipality continued to decline in 2023. The average unemployment rate was 3.2 percent, down from 3.6 percent in 2022. This rate was slightly below the national average and continued to reflect a strengthening local labor market. Anchorage added approximately 4,000 jobs over the course of 2023, with notable gains in healthcare, education, and public administration.

Inflation moderated in 2023 compared to the prior year, with Anchorage experiencing an average inflation rate of 4.2 percent. While still elevated compared to historical norms, this represented a significant improvement from the 8.1 percent rate in 2022.

Anchorage's tourism sector remained a vital contributor to the local economy. Visit Anchorage reported continued growth in hotel demand, with room taxes exceeding \$43 million. The leisure and hospitality industry saw a 7.8 percent increase in employment, driven by strong visitor numbers and expanded seasonal offerings.

Anchorage continues to serve as a central hub for commerce, education, and recreation in Alaska, and the Municipality remains committed to supporting sustainable growth and fiscal responsibility.

The Don Young Port of Alaska (the Port) is ice-free year-round and is served by two major maritime carriers, TOTE, Inc. and Matson, Inc., along with petroleum and cement operators. The Port serves 90 percent of the State of Alaska's population and handles approximately 75 percent of Alaska's inbound cargo, driving over \$14 billion in statewide economic activity annually. It is one of 22 strategic ports nationwide deploying equipment and supplies internationally to and from five military installations. The Port brought in 5.4 million tons of fuel and freight in 2023, an increase of 200,000 tons over 2022. The Port is currently undergoing a modernization project to replace aging terminals with new, state-of-the-art facilities. Phase 1, the construction of a new petroleum and cement terminal, was completed in 2022. Groundbreaking for the new administration building occurred in 2023 and was completed in 2024. Additionally, the North Extension Stabilization phase, awarded a \$68.7 million Ports and Infrastructure Development Grant in 2022, remains on track for completion in 2025.

Construction employment within the Municipality increased in 2023 by approximately 3.5 percent, or 650 jobs over July of the prior year. The Municipality recorded an increase of \$205.6 million in total new construction assessed value, composed of \$157.2 million for residential properties and \$48.4 million for commercial properties during 2023. The total assessed value of all properties, including new construction, reflected a 4.8 percent increase.

Professional and business services added 750 jobs in 2023, a 2.7 percent increase over the prior year. The federal Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, signed in November 2021, continues to drive demand for engineering, architecture, environmental, and other professional services. The Act is expected to inject approximately \$5 billion in infrastructure funding into Alaska's economy over five years.

Health care employment remains a cornerstone of the Municipality's service-producing industry. After a flat year in 2022, the sector added 300 jobs in 2023, bringing the total to approximately 39,600 jobs as of July 2023. The Municipality continues to serve as Alaska's healthcare hub, offering advanced medical facilities and technologies that allow residents to access care locally. With a growing senior population—estimated at 34,200 individuals aged 65 and older, or 12.0 percent of the population—demand for health care services is expected to expand further.

Relevant Financial Policies

The Municipality's Assembly-approved Fund Balance Policy, established by Resolution No. 2015-84, governs the management of the general fund, which includes five major sub-funds and forty nonmajor sub-funds. The policy consists of three key components:

- The Municipality prepares and manages budgets for its five major general fund sub-funds to maintain an unrestricted general fund balance equal to 10 percent of current year expenditures, designated as a bond rating set-aside and classified as committed fund balance.
- Nonmajor general fund operating sub-funds (limited and rural service areas) are managed to maintain an unrestricted fund balance of 8.25 percent of current year expenditures, also designated as a bond rating setaside and classified as committed fund balance.
- Budgets for the five major sub-funds are also managed to maintain unrestricted fund balances between 2 percent and 3 percent of current year expenditures as a working capital reserve, classified as unassigned fund balance. Limited and rural service areas have additional working capital reserve set-aside percentages that contribute to the unassigned fund balance.

Expenditures are defined as total expenditures reported in the ACFR's Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, General Fund, and are reduced by contributions to education and by on-behalf payments made by the State of Alaska directly to the Public Employees Retirement System.

Long-term Financial Planning

The Municipality has no legal debt limit mandated by Municipal Charter, Municipal Code, or State Statute. It continues to maintain strong credit ratings on all outstanding debt.

Acknowledgements

This report would not have been possible without the dedicated efforts of the entire staff of the Controller Division and the cooperation of employees throughout the Municipality who provided detailed information, support, and assistance. To all of you, we extend our sincere gratitude.

Respectfully submitted,

Philippe Brice

Chief Fiscal Officer

Municipality of Anchorage Mayor **Assembly Equal Rights** Municipal Attorney Equity & Justice Equal Opportunity Management & Budget Internal Audit Chief Fiscal Municipal Manager Officer Community Culture, Entertainment, Development & Arts Venues **Building Services Development Services** Planning Public Works Maintenance & Operations · Other Service Areas Anchorage Fire Department Project Management & Engineering Anchorage Health Department Traffic Engineering Human Resources Payroll Heritage Land Bank Information Technology Real Estate Services Board Managed Parks & Recreation Anchorage Community Development Authority Anchorage Police Department Public Transportation Utilities/Enterprise Activities Anchorage Hydropower Anchorage Water & Wastewater Utility Merrill Field Notable Division Department Port of Alaska Solid Waste Services Board Managed Police & Fire Retirement System

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

The legislative power of Anchorage is vested in a twelve member elected assembly. The Assembly, by Charter, is required to meet twice monthly. The body meets on Tuesdays in the Assembly Chambers at 3600 Denali Street (Z.L. Loussac Library). Numerous special meetings anD work sessions are scheduled throughout the year.

The following citizens were elected to service on the Assembly:

Christopher Constant, Chair
Daniel Volland
Erin Baldwin Day
Felix Rivera
George Martinez
Jared Goecker

Anna Brawley, Vice Chair Kameron Perez-Verdia Keith McCormick Scott Meyers Yarrow Silvers Zachary Johnson

Executives:

Jamie Heinz, Municipal Clerk
Darrel Hess, Ombudsman
Dean Gates, Assembly Counsel
Matthew Farina, Assembly Program and Budget Analyst

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

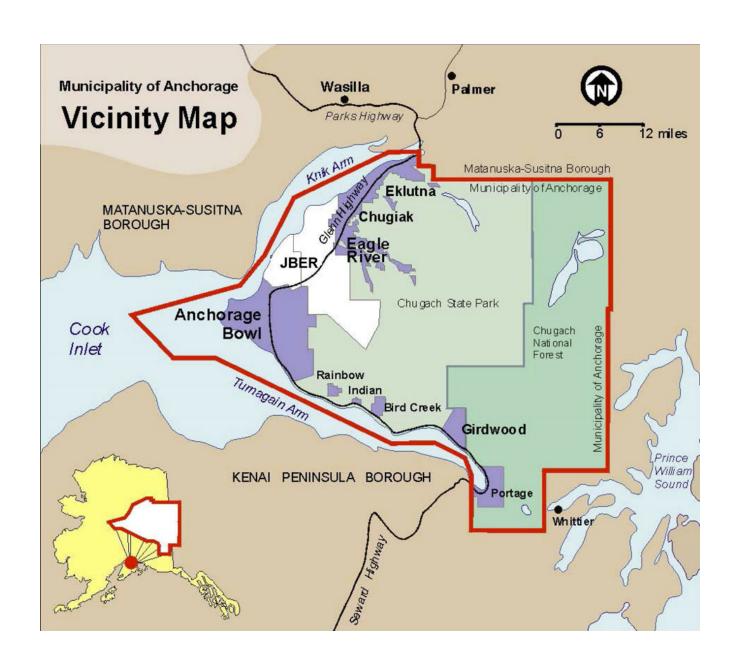
The executive and administrative power of Anchorage is vested in the mayor. The mayor, by charter, is required to appoint all heads of municipal departments and the chief medical officer of the municipality, and may participate in all assembly meetings to the same extent as an assembly member, but may not vote.

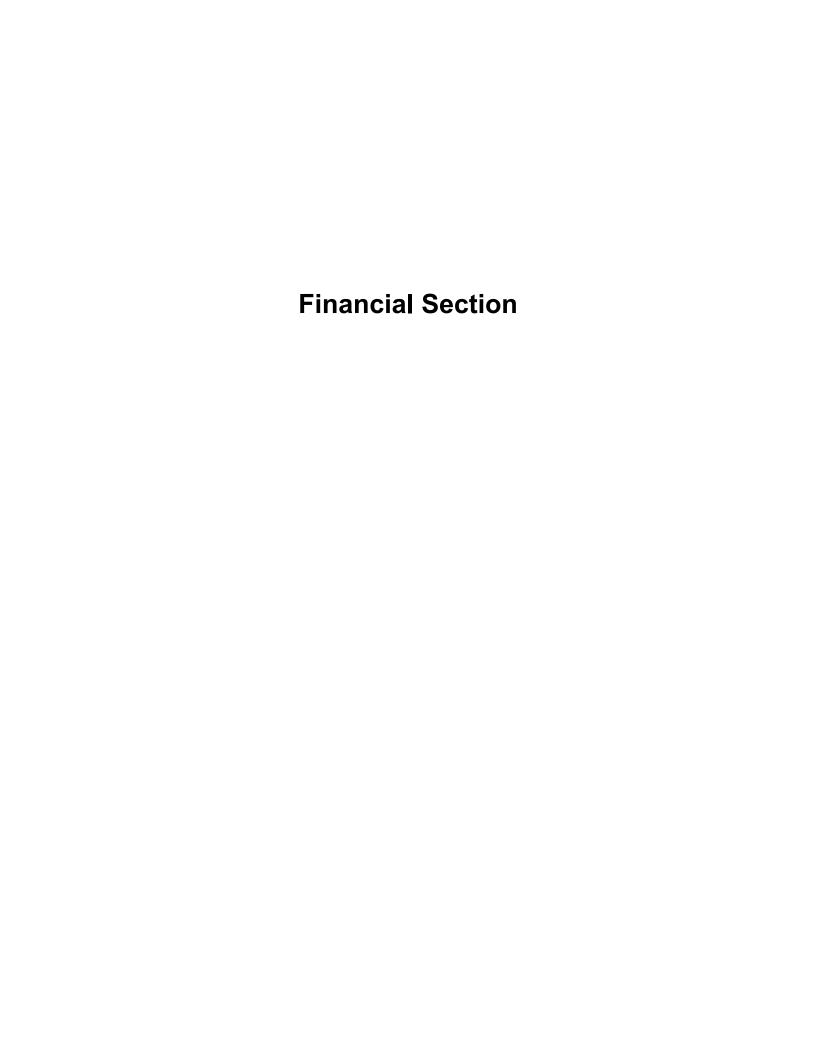
The citizens of Anchorage elected:

Suzanne LaFrance, Mayor

Executives:

Eva Gardner, Municipal Attorney
Rebecca A. Windt Pearson, Municipal Manager
William D. Falsey, Chief Administrative Officer
Philippe D. Brice, Chief Fiscal Officer
Alden Thern, Director of Internal Audit
Ona R. Brause, Director – Office of Management and Budget







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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Assembly Municipality of Anchorage, Alaska

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Municipality of Anchorage, Alaska, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Municipality of Anchorage's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Municipality of Anchorage, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Alaska Center for Performing Arts, Inc., which represent 0.3%, 0.3% and 1.4%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units as of December 31, 2023. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Alaska Center for Performing Arts, Inc., are based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Municipality of Anchorage and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 8 to the financial statements, the Municipality of Anchorage adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 96, SBITAs. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.



Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Municipality of Anchorage's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality of Anchorage's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Municipality of Anchorage's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the general fund budgetary comparison schedule, condition rating of the Municipality of Anchorage's road network, and pension and other postemployment benefit schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Municipality of Anchorage's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary budgetary comparison schedules and the combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary budgetary comparison schedules and the combining fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 15, 2025 on our consideration of the Municipality of Anchorage's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality of Anchorage's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Municipality of Anchorage's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BOO USA, P.C.

Anchorage, Alaska August 15, 2025

Primary Government

		rnmental		siness-Type		
Assets	Act	ivities		Activities		Total
Current assets:						
Cash	\$	83,133	\$	6,375	¢	89,508
Cash and investments in central treasury		364,885,369	Ψ	104,902,837	Ψ	469,788,206
Equity in bond and grant capital acquisition and construction pool	`	7,760,758		7,671,686		15,432,444
Investments				-		-
Accrued interest on investments		3,636,050		1,161,491		4,797,541
Interest receivable, other		-		223,986		223,986
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		39,857,066		19,549,584		59,406,650
Due to primary government		-		-		-
Due from component unit		235,461		-		235,461
Due from fiduciary funds		316,015		-		316,015
Internal balances		23,862,323		(23,862,323)		-
Intergovernmental receivables		20,007,416		7,273,556		27,280,972
Inventories		1,491,392		4,412,142		5,903,534
Prepaid items and deposits`		14,290,915		1,148,708		15,439,623
Leases receivable		348,882		1,485,946		1,834,828
Assets held for resale		-		-		-
Restricted current assets:						
Escrow for LED lighting project		.		-		.
Investments	4	458,473,714		-		458,473,714
Investments in Angel Fund programs		4,504,523				4,504,523
Equity in general cash pool-bond and loan debt service		-		17,161,703		17,161,703
Equity in bond and grant capital acquisition and construction pool		-		37,886,511		37,886,511
Total current assets		939,753,017		179,022,202		1,118,775,219
Noncurrent assets:						
Receivable - installment sale of Electric Utility		-		96,841,316		96,841,316
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)				416,927		416,927
Leases receivable		3,574,828		76,522,916		80,097,744
Unamortized debt expense		-		666,832		666,832
Unbilled special assessments		-		1,843,695		1,843,695
Regulatory and other assets		4 000 764		7,529,398		7,529,398
Assets held for resale Net OPEB assets		4,888,761 149,928,788		242,093 20,727,167		5,130,854 170,655,955
Internal balances		(647,082)		647,082		170,000,900
Loans receivable, net		3,429,419		047,002		3,429,419
Restricted noncurrent assets:		3,423,413		-		5,425,415
Equity in general cash pool - customer deposits		_		435,095		435,095
Cash legal settlement set aside		_		1,950,000		1,950,000
Landfill postclosure cash reserve		_		19,736,075		19,736,075
Endowment fund		_		-		-
Debt service investments		_		5		5
Investments for operations		_		3,000,000		3,000,000
Investments held for debt service		_		5,215,400		5,215,400
Intergovernmental receivables		_		52,082,898		52,082,898
Capital assets, not being depreciated	2,8	809,387,668		256,135,537		3,065,523,205
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	(649,703,433		1,489,800,311		2,139,503,744
Total noncurrent assets	3,6	620,265,815		2,033,792,747		5,654,058,562
Total assets		560,018,832		2,212,814,949		6,772,833,781
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred charge on refunding		10,839,711		2,377,033		13,216,744
Related to pension		34,717,547		3,527,197		38,244,744
Related to OPEB		12,365,049		1,415,068		13,780,117
Total deferred outflows of resources		57,922,307		7,319,298		65,241,605
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 4,6	617,941,139	\$	2,220,134,247	\$	6,838,075,386

	Co			
	Anchorage School District	Anchorage Community Development Authority	Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc.	Total Reporting Entity
Assets Current assets:				
Current assets: Cash	\$ -	\$ 6,572,826	\$ 5,604,102	\$ 12,266,436
Cash and investments in central treasury	-	φ 0,072,020	ψ 0,004,102 -	469,788,206
Equity in bond and grant capital acquisition and construction pool	-	-	-	15,432,444
Investments	292,405,489	-	-	292,405,489
Accrued interest on investments	-	-	-	4,797,541
Interest receivable, other	- 60 117 526	- 610 F14	246 904	223,986 129,390,594
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Due to primary government	69,117,536 132,201,993	619,514	246,894	132,201,993
Due from component unit	102,201,000	-	-	235,461
Due from fiduciary funds	-	-	-	316,015
Internal balances	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental receivables		-	-	27,280,972
Inventories	4,527,483	-	- 20 007	10,431,017
Prepaid items and deposits` Leases receivable	2,611,590	213,928 893,486	36,967	18,302,108 2,728,314
Assets held for resale	-	2,215,350	-	2,720,314
Restricted current assets:		2,210,000		2,210,000
Escrow for LED lighting project	-	500,470	-	500,470
Investments	-	-	-	458,473,714
Investments in Angel Fund programs	-	-	-	4,504,523
Equity in general cash pool-bond and loan debt service	-	-	-	17,161,703
Equity in bond and grant capital acquisition and construction pool Total current assets	500,864,091	11,015,574	5,887,963	37,886,511 1,636,542,847
Noncurrent assets:	300,004,091	11,015,574	5,007,903	1,030,342,041
Receivable - installment sale of Electric Utility	_	_	_	96,841,316
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	-	-	-	416,927
Leases receivable	-	-	-	80,097,744
Unamortized debt expense	-	-	-	666,832
Unbilled special assessments	-	-	-	1,843,695
Regulatory and other assets Assets held for resale	-	-	-	7,529,398
Net OPEB assets	208,724,706	1,042,481	-	5,130,854 380,423,142
Internal balances	200,724,700	1,042,401	_	-
Loans receivable, net	-	-	-	3,429,419
Restricted noncurrent assets:				
Equity in general cash pool - customer deposits	-	-	667,190	1,102,285
Cash legal settlement set aside	-	-	-	1,950,000
Landfill postclosure cash reserve Endowment fund	-	-	298,385	19,736,075 298,385
Debt service investments	-	-	290,303	290,303
Investments for operations	-	-	-	3,000,000
Investments held for debt service	-	-	-	5,215,400
Intergovernmental receivables	-	-	-	52,082,898
Capital assets, not being depreciated	43,023,804	12,728,795	405 440	3,121,275,804
Capital assets, being depreciated, net Total noncurrent assets	1,264,236,964	5,377,591	105,442	3,409,223,741
Total assets Total assets	<u>1,515,985,474</u> 2,016,849,565	19,148,867 30,164,441	1,071,017 6,958,980	7,190,263,920 8,826,806,767
10(a) 4330(3	2,010,043,303	30,104,441	0,000,000	0,020,000,707
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred charge on refunding	5,664,583	-	-	18,881,327
Related to pension	49,841,781	158,485	-	88,245,010
Related to OPEB Total deferred outflows of resources	25,673,485	89,476	-	39,543,078
rotal deletted outflows of resources	81,179,849	247,961	-	146,669,415
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 2,098,029,414	\$ 30,412,402	\$ 6,958,980	\$ 8,973,476,182

Primary Government

	(Governmental Activities	E	Business-Type Activities		Total
Liabilities		Activities		Activities		Total
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and retainages	\$	25,619,943	\$	5,922,470	\$	31,542,413
Accrued payroll liabilities		15,541,822		2,463,808		18,005,630
Capital acquisition and construction accounts and retainage payable		3,306,421		8,585,281		11,891,702
Accrued interest payable		7,870,605		5,378,827		13,249,432
Contingent liabilities		1,600,060		-		1,600,060
Due to primary government		-		-		-
Due to component unit		87,834,264		-		87,834,264
Unearned revenue and deposits		12,348,272		513,684		12,861,956
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		-		4,212,293		4,212,293
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year:						
Bonds, leases, compensated absenses, pollution remediation,						
claims, IBNR, obligations, direct financing agreements, and closure liabilities		109,658,126		33,688,734		143,346,860
Due within more than one year:						
Bonds, leases, compensated absenses, pollution remediation,						
claims, IBNR, obligations, direct financing agreements, and closure liabilities		615,388,108		655,832,829		1,271,220,937
Liabilities payable from restricted assets - customer deposits				435,095		435,095
Net pension liability - actuarially funded		398,565,713		44,252,078		442,817,791
Net OPEB liability		139,897,419		-		139,897,419
Total liabilities		1,417,630,753		761,285,099		2,178,915,852
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Contributions in aid of construction (net of amortization)				224 002 264		224 002 264
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2 702 447		331,883,264		331,883,264
Related to leases Time restricted health permit receipts		3,793,447		75,789,365		79,582,812
·		1,027,359		-		1,027,359
Related to land sales Related to pension		1,211,488		-		1,211,488
Related to OPEB		7,046,031		974,092		8,020,123
		7,040,031		·		
Related to installment sale of Electric Utility General property tax receipts		-		96,841,316		96,841,316
Debt service tax receipts		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		13,078,325		505,488,037		518,566,362
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		1,430,709,078		1,266,773,136		2,697,482,214
Total liabilities and deletted filliows of resources		1,430,703,070		1,200,773,130		2,031,402,214
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		2,867,757,143		808,328,740		3,676,085,883
Restricted for:						
Debt service		14,640,420		5,215,400		19,855,820
Maintenance and operations		-		-		-
Acquisition and construction		18,771,505		54,032,898		72,804,403
Operations		2,030,165		3,000,000		5,030,165
Alcoholic beverages retail sales taxes		5,946,679		-		5,946,679
Convention center operating reserve		37,752,881		-		37,752,881
E911 surcharge		4,561,338		-		4,561,338
Nuisance abatement		364,973		-		364,973
Legal settlement (opioid)		1,058,900		-		1,058,900
Police and fire retiree medical liability		34,235,680		-		34,235,680
Grant activity		9,675,370		-		9,675,370
Perpetual care - nonexpendable		150,000		-		150,000
Fines and forfeitures		816,799		-		816,799
MOA Trust		410,100,520		-		410,100,520
Broadway Alaska		-		-		-
Endowment		-		-		-
Individual contributions		-		-		-
Bond rating		-		=		-
Federal Impact Aid 8003(d)		-		=		-
Pupil transportation		-		=		-
Student allotment		-		-		-
Unrestricted net position (deficit)		(220,630,312)		82,784,073		(137,846,239)
Total net position		3,187,232,061		953,361,111		4,140,593,172
T. (11:122 - D. (- 11 () - 12	•	4.047.044.466	Φ.	0.000.101.0:=	Φ.	0.000.075.000
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$	4,617,941,139	\$	2,220,134,247	\$	6,838,075,386

_		Co	_		
		Anchorage chool District	Anchorage Community Development Authority	Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc.	Total Reporting Entity
Liabilities					<u>-</u>
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and retainages Accrued payroll liabilities Capital acquisition and construction accounts and retainage payable	\$	13,782,427 15,017,669	\$ 555,390 -	\$ 671,995 -	\$ 46,552,225 33,023,299 11,891,702
Accrued interest payable Contingent liabilities		5,245,797 -	- - -	- - -	18,495,229 1,600,060
Due to primary government Due to component unit		-	125,676	320,251	445,927 87,834,264
Unearned revenue and deposits Liabilities payable from restricted assets Noncurrent liabilities:		1,287,054 -	369,569	2,677,637	17,196,216 4,212,293
Due within one year: Bonds, leases, compensated absenses, pollution remediation,					
claims, IBNR, obligations, direct financing agreements, and closure liabilities Due within more than one year: Bonds, leases, compensated absenses, pollution remediation,	6	73,515,554	188,815	-	217,051,229
claims, IBNR, obligations, direct financing agreements, and closure liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets - customer deposits	3	453,208,662	419,278	95,850	1,724,944,727 435,095
Net pension liability - actuarially funded Net OPEB liability		416,490,714 -	2,192,544	-	861,501,049 139,897,419
Total liabilities		978,547,877	3,851,272	3,765,733	3,165,080,734
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Contributions in aid of construction (net of amortization)		-	-	-	331,883,264
Related to leases		-	853,100	-	80,435,912
Time restricted health permit receipts Related to land sales		-	-	-	1,027,359 1,211,488
Related to pension		8,208,753	_	_	8,208,753
Related to OPEB		13,785,567	65,238	-	21,870,928
Related to installment sale of Electric Utility		-	· -	-	96,841,316
General property tax receipts		113,040,463	-	-	113,040,463
Debt service tax receipts		18,701,540		-	18,701,540
Total deferred inflows of resources		153,736,323	918,338		673,221,023
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		1,132,284,200	4,769,610	3,765,733	3,838,301,757
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		816,917,444	17,567,235	-	4,510,570,562
Debt service		4,037,112	-	<u>-</u>	23,892,932
Maintenance and operations		-	-	667,190	667,190
Acquisition and construction Operations		-	-	-	72,804,403 5,030,165
Alcoholic beverages retail sales taxes		_	-	_	5.946.679
Convention center operating reserve		_	_	_	37,752,881
E911 surcharge		-	-	-	4,561,338
Nuisance abatement		-	-	-	364,973
Legal settlement (opioid)		-	-	-	1,058,900
Police and fire retiree medical liability		-	-	-	34,235,680
Grant activity Perpetual care - nonexpendable		-	-	-	9,675,370 150,000
Fines and forfeitures		_	-	_	816,799
MOA Trust		_	_	_	410,100,520
Broadway Alaska		-	-	330,608	330,608
Endowment		-	-	298,385	298,385
Individual contributions		-	-	126,062	126,062
Bond rating		26,348,401	-	-	26,348,401
Federal Impact Aid 8003(d) Pupil transportation		292,214	-	-	292,214
Pupil transportation Student allotment		3,000,859 2,478,655	-	-	3,000,859 2,478,655
Unrestricted net position (deficit)		112,670,529	8,075,557	1,771,002	(15,329,151)
Total net position		965,745,214	25,642,792	3,193,247	5,135,174,425
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$	2,098,029,414	\$ 30,412,402	\$ 6,958,980	\$ 8,973,476,182

Statement of Activities Year ended December 31, 2023

Net (Expenses), Revenue, and Change	es in	n Net Position	1
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Program Revenues

Functions/Programs Expenses Charges for Services Operating Grams of Contributions Primary Government: General government activities: \$42,730,844 \$6,843,939 \$52,104,437 \$5,237,869 Fire services 113,696,145 11,661,431 23,896,772 1,590,915 Police services 138,736,248 15,809,221 5,026,912 200,000 Health and human services 59,399,567 1,461,799 20,215,879 121,416 Economic and community development 100,397,022 13,953,618 8,598,994 2,045,277 Public transportation 39,276,813 3,673,484 8,598,994 2,045,277 Public works 44,666,384 398,773 2,382,257 624,357 Public transportation or roads and facilities 43,475,522 60,085 2,398,257 624,354 Education 260,087,517 61 2,398,257 624,354 Interest and fiscal agent charges on long-term det 21,718,366 2 2 2,398,257 Water 45,998,137 69,070,407 222,018 - <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>										
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General government			_	(-		•	•		
Governmental Activities: General government \$ 42,730,844 \$ 6,843,939 \$ 52,104,437 \$ 5,237,899 Fire services 113,696,145 11,661,431 23,896,772 1,590,915 Police services 138,736,248 15,809,221 5,026,912 200,000 Health and human services 59,399,567 1,461,799 20,215,879 121,416 Economic and community development 100,397,022 13,953,616 9,632,292 4,570,857 Public transportation 39,276,813 3,673,484 8,598,994 2,045,277 Public works 44,666,384 398,730 2,832,061 17,682,524 Maintenance and operations of roads and facilities 43,475,522 630,656 2,398,257 624,354 Education 260,087,517 - - - - Interest and fiscal agent charges on long-term debt 21,718,366 - 124,705,604 32,073,212 Business-type Activities: Water 45,998,137 69,070,407 222,018 - Water 45,9			Expenses		Services	and	d Contributions	C	ontributions	
General government \$ 42,730,844 \$ 6,843,939 \$ 52,104,437 \$ 5,237,869 Fire services 113,696,145 11,661,431 23,896,772 1,590,915 Police services 138,736,248 15,809,221 5,026,912 200,000 Health and human services 59,399,567 1,461,799 20,215,879 121,416 Economic and community development 100,397,022 13,953,616 9,632,292 4,570,857 Public transportation 39,276,813 3,673,484 8,598,994 2,045,727 Public works 44,666,384 398,730 2,832,061 17,682,524 Maintenance and operations of roads and facilities 43,475,522 630,656 2,398,257 624,354 Education 260,087,517 - - - - Interest and fiscal agent charges on long-term debt 21,718,366 - - - - Total governmental activities 45,998,137 69,070,407 222,018 - - Water 45,998,137 69,070,407 222,018 - -	•									
Fire services 113,696,145 11,661,431 23,896,772 1,590,915 Police services 138,736,248 15,809,221 5,026,912 200,000 Health and human services 59,399,567 1,461,799 20,215,879 121,416 Economic and community development 100,397,022 13,953,616 9,632,292 4,570,857 Public transportation 39,276,813 3,673,484 8,598,994 2,045,277 Public works 44,666,384 398,730 2,832,061 17,682,524 Maintenance and operations of roads and facilities 43,475,522 630,656 2,398,257 624,354 Education 260,087,517 - - - - Interest and fiscal agent charges on long-term debt 21,718,366 - - - - Total governmental activities 45,998,137 69,070,407 222,018 - - Waster 45,998,137 69,070,407 222,018 - - Wastewater 50,600,993 68,400,008 204,939 -		•	40.700.044	•	0.040.000	•	50 404 407	•	5 007 000	
Police services 138,736,248 15,809,221 5,026,912 200,000 Health and human services 59,399,567 1,461,799 20,215,879 121,416 Economic and community development 100,397,022 13,953,616 9,632,292 4,570,857 Public transportation 39,276,813 3,673,484 8,598,994 2,045,277 Public works 44,666,384 398,730 2,832,061 17,682,524 Maintenance and operations of roads and facilities 43,475,522 630,656 2,398,257 624,354 Education 260,087,517 - - - - Interest and fiscal agent charges on long-term debt 21,718,366 - - - Total governmental activities 864,184,428 54,432,876 124,705,604 32,073,212 Business-type Activities: Water 45,998,137 69,070,407 222,018 - Wastewater 50,600,993 68,400,008 204,939 - Port 29,419,692 19,968,478 14,174 86,477,961		\$		\$		\$		\$		
Health and human services 59,399,567 1,461,799 20,215,879 121,416 Economic and community development 100,397,022 13,953,616 9,632,292 4,570,857 Public transportation 39,276,813 3,673,484 8,598,994 2,045,277 Public works 44,666,384 398,730 2,832,061 17,682,524 Maintenance and operations of roads and facilities 43,475,522 630,656 2,398,257 624,354 Education 260,087,517 - - - - Interest and fiscal agent charges on long-term debt 21,718,366 - 124,705,604 32,073,212 Business-type Activities: 864,184,428 54,432,876 124,705,604 32,073,212 Water 45,998,137 69,070,407 222,018 - Wastewater 50,600,993 68,400,008 204,939 - Port 29,419,692 19,968,478 14,174 86,477,961 Municipal Airport 10,618,304 1,920,425 162,160 7,880,049 Disposal 33,478,326<							, ,			
Economic and community development 100,397,022 13,953,616 9,632,292 4,570,857 Public transportation 39,276,813 3,673,484 8,598,994 2,045,277 Public works 44,666,384 398,730 2,832,061 17,682,524 Maintenance and operations of roads and facilities 43,475,522 630,656 2,398,257 624,354 Education 260,087,517 - - - - Interest and fiscal agent charges on long-term debt 21,718,366 - - - - Total governmental activities 864,184,428 54,432,876 124,705,604 32,073,212 Business-type Activities: Water 45,998,137 69,070,407 222,018 - Wastewater 50,600,993 68,400,008 204,939 - Port 29,419,692 19,968,478 14,174 86,477,961 Municipal Airport 10,618,304 1,920,425 162,160 7,880,049 Disposal 33,478,326 28,719,477 6,198 1,997,955					, ,				,	
Public transportation 39,276,813 3,673,484 8,598,994 2,045,277 Public works 44,666,384 398,730 2,832,061 17,682,524 Maintenance and operations of roads and facilities 43,475,522 630,656 2,398,257 624,354 Education 260,087,517 -	Health and human services								,	
Public works 44,666,384 398,730 2,832,061 17,682,524 Maintenance and operations of roads and facilities 43,475,522 630,656 2,398,257 624,354 Education 260,087,517 - - - - Interest and fiscal agent charges on long-term debt Total governmental activities 21,718,366 - - - - Business-type Activities: Water 45,998,137 69,070,407 222,018 - Wastewater 50,600,993 68,400,008 204,939 - Port 29,419,692 19,968,478 14,174 86,477,961 Municipal Airport 10,618,304 1,920,425 162,160 7,880,049 Disposal 33,478,326 28,719,477 6,198 1,997,955 Refuse 14,846,317 14,209,738 43,785 - Anchorage Hydropower 543,897 4,865,524 - - Total primary government 185,505,666 207,154,057 653,274 96,355,965 Total primary go	Economic and community development		100,397,022		13,953,616		9,632,292		4,570,857	
Maintenance and operations of roads and facilities 43,475,522 630,656 2,398,257 624,354 Education 260,087,517 - - - Interest and fiscal agent charges on long-term debt 21,718,366 - - - - Total governmental activities 864,184,428 54,432,876 124,705,604 32,073,212 Business-type Activities: Water 45,998,137 69,070,407 222,018 - Wastewater 50,600,993 68,400,008 204,939 - Port 29,419,692 19,968,478 14,174 86,477,961 Municipal Airport 10,618,304 1,920,425 162,160 7,880,049 Disposal 33,478,326 28,719,477 6,198 1,997,955 Refuse 14,846,317 14,209,738 43,785 - Anchorage Hydropower 543,897 4,865,524 - - Total primary government 185,505,666 207,154,057 653,274 96,355,965 Total primary government	Public transportation		39,276,813		3,673,484		8,598,994		2,045,277	
Education 1260,087,517	Public works		44,666,384		398,730		2,832,061		17,682,524	
Education 1260,087,517	Maintenance and operations of roads and facilities		43,475,522		630,656		2,398,257		624,354	
Business-type Activities: 864,184,428 54,432,876 124,705,604 32,073,212 Water 45,998,137 69,070,407 222,018 - Wastewater 50,600,993 68,400,008 204,939 - Port 29,419,692 19,968,478 14,174 86,477,961 Municipal Airport 10,618,304 1,920,425 162,160 7,880,049 Disposal 33,478,326 28,719,477 6,198 1,997,955 Refuse 14,846,317 14,209,738 43,785 - Anchorage Hydropower 543,897 4,865,524 - - Total primary government \$1,049,690,094 261,586,933 125,358,878 128,429,177 Component Units: Anchorage School District \$646,930,708 7,492,825 170,383,977 32,128,802 Anchorage Community Development Authority 9,581,229 12,653,906 - - - - Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 11,954,445 10,974,307 765,501 -	Education		260,087,517		-		-		-	
Business-type Activities: Water 45,998,137 69,070,407 222,018 - Wastewater 50,600,993 68,400,008 204,939 - Port 29,419,692 19,968,478 14,174 86,477,961 Municipal Airport 10,618,304 1,920,425 162,160 7,880,049 Disposal 33,478,326 28,719,477 6,198 1,997,955 Refuse 14,846,317 14,209,738 43,785 - Anchorage Hydropower 543,897 4,865,524 - - Total business-type activities 185,505,666 207,154,057 653,274 96,355,965 Total primary government \$1,049,690,094 \$261,586,933 \$125,358,878 \$128,429,177 Component Units: Anchorage School District \$646,930,708 7,492,825 \$170,383,977 \$32,128,802 Anchorage Community Development Authority 9,581,229 12,653,906 - - - Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 11,954,445 10,974,307 <td< td=""><td>Interest and fiscal agent charges on long-term debt</td><td></td><td>21,718,366</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>	Interest and fiscal agent charges on long-term debt		21,718,366		-		-		-	
Water 45,998,137 69,070,407 222,018 - Wastewater 50,600,993 68,400,008 204,939 - Port 29,419,692 19,968,478 14,174 86,477,961 Municipal Airport 10,618,304 1,920,425 162,160 7,880,049 Disposal 33,478,326 28,719,477 6,198 1,997,955 Refuse 14,846,317 14,209,738 43,785 - Anchorage Hydropower 543,897 4,865,524 - - Total business-type activities 185,505,666 207,154,057 653,274 96,355,965 Total primary government \$1,049,690,094 261,586,933 125,358,878 128,429,177 Component Units: Anchorage School District \$646,930,708 7,492,825 170,383,977 32,128,802 Anchorage Community Development Authority 9,581,229 12,653,906 - - - Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 11,954,445 10,974,307 765,501 -	Total governmental activities		864,184,428		54,432,876		124,705,604		32,073,212	
Water 45,998,137 69,070,407 222,018 - Wastewater 50,600,993 68,400,008 204,939 - Port 29,419,692 19,968,478 14,174 86,477,961 Municipal Airport 10,618,304 1,920,425 162,160 7,880,049 Disposal 33,478,326 28,719,477 6,198 1,997,955 Refuse 14,846,317 14,209,738 43,785 - Anchorage Hydropower 543,897 4,865,524 - - Total business-type activities 185,505,666 207,154,057 653,274 96,355,965 Total primary government \$1,049,690,094 261,586,933 125,358,878 128,429,177 Component Units: Anchorage School District \$646,930,708 7,492,825 170,383,977 32,128,802 Anchorage Community Development Authority 9,581,229 12,653,906 - - - Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 11,954,445 10,974,307 765,501 -	Business-type Activities:									
Wastewater 50,600,993 68,400,008 204,939 - Port 29,419,692 19,968,478 14,174 86,477,961 Municipal Airport 10,618,304 1,920,425 162,160 7,880,049 Disposal 33,478,326 28,719,477 6,198 1,997,955 Refuse 14,846,317 14,209,738 43,785 - Anchorage Hydropower 543,897 4,865,524 - - - Total business-type activities 185,505,666 207,154,057 653,274 96,355,965 Total primary government \$1,049,690,094 \$261,586,933 \$125,358,878 \$128,429,177 Component Units: Anchorage School District \$646,930,708 7,492,825 \$170,383,977 \$32,128,802 Anchorage Community Development Authority 9,581,229 12,653,906 - - - Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 11,954,445 10,974,307 765,501 -	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		45.998.137		69.070.407		222.018		_	
Port 29,419,692 19,968,478 14,174 86,477,961 Municipal Airport 10,618,304 1,920,425 162,160 7,880,049 Disposal 33,478,326 28,719,477 6,198 1,997,955 Refuse 14,846,317 14,209,738 43,785 - Anchorage Hydropower 543,897 4,865,524 - - Total business-type activities 185,505,666 207,154,057 653,274 96,355,965 Total primary government \$1,049,690,094 \$261,586,933 \$125,358,878 \$128,429,177 Component Units: Anchorage School District \$646,930,708 7,492,825 \$170,383,977 32,128,802 Anchorage Community Development Authority 9,581,229 12,653,906 - - - Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 11,954,445 10,974,307 765,501 -	Wastewater						,		_	
Municipal Airport 10,618,304 1,920,425 162,160 7,880,049 Disposal 33,478,326 28,719,477 6,198 1,997,955 Refuse 14,846,317 14,209,738 43,785 - Anchorage Hydropower 543,897 4,865,524 - - Total business-type activities 185,505,666 207,154,057 653,274 96,355,965 Total primary government \$1,049,690,094 \$261,586,933 \$125,358,878 \$128,429,177 Component Units: Anchorage School District \$646,930,708 7,492,825 170,383,977 32,128,802 Anchorage Community Development Authority 9,581,229 12,653,906 - - - Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 11,954,445 10,974,307 765,501 -	Port		, ,		, ,		,		86.477.961	
Disposal 33,478,326 28,719,477 6,198 1,997,955 Refuse 14,846,317 14,209,738 43,785 - Anchorage Hydropower 543,897 4,865,524 - - Total business-type activities 185,505,666 207,154,057 653,274 96,355,965 Total primary government \$ 1,049,690,094 \$ 261,586,933 \$ 125,358,878 \$ 128,429,177 Component Units: Anchorage School District \$ 646,930,708 \$ 7,492,825 \$ 170,383,977 \$ 32,128,802 Anchorage Community Development Authority 9,581,229 12,653,906 - - - Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 11,954,445 10,974,307 765,501 -							,			
Refuse 14,846,317 14,209,738 43,785 - Anchorage Hydropower 543,897 4,865,524 - - Total business-type activities 185,505,666 207,154,057 653,274 96,355,965 Total primary government \$ 1,049,690,094 \$ 261,586,933 \$ 125,358,878 \$ 128,429,177 Component Units: Anchorage School District \$ 646,930,708 \$ 7,492,825 \$ 170,383,977 \$ 32,128,802 Anchorage Community Development Authority 9,581,229 12,653,906 - - - Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 11,954,445 10,974,307 765,501 -	, ,									
Anchorage Hydropower 543,897 4,865,524 - - Total business-type activities 185,505,666 207,154,057 653,274 96,355,965 Total primary government \$ 1,049,690,094 \$ 261,586,933 \$ 125,358,878 \$ 128,429,177 Component Units: Anchorage School District \$ 646,930,708 \$ 7,492,825 \$ 170,383,977 \$ 32,128,802 Anchorage Community Development Authority 9,581,229 12,653,906 - - Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 11,954,445 10,974,307 765,501 -	•						,		1,007,000	
Total business-type activities 185,505,666 207,154,057 653,274 96,355,965 Total primary government \$ 1,049,690,094 \$ 261,586,933 \$ 125,358,878 \$ 128,429,177 Component Units: Anchorage School District \$ 646,930,708 \$ 7,492,825 \$ 170,383,977 \$ 32,128,802 Anchorage Community Development Authority 9,581,229 12,653,906 - - - Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 11,954,445 10,974,307 765,501 -							-10,700		_	
Component Units: \$ 1,049,690,094 \$ 261,586,933 \$ 125,358,878 \$ 128,429,177 Component Units: Anchorage School District \$ 646,930,708 \$ 7,492,825 \$ 170,383,977 \$ 32,128,802 Anchorage Community Development Authority 9,581,229 12,653,906 - - - Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 11,954,445 10,974,307 765,501 -	3 , 1						653 274		06 355 065	
Component Units: Anchorage School District \$ 646,930,708 \$ 7,492,825 \$ 170,383,977 \$ 32,128,802 Anchorage Community Development Authority 9,581,229 12,653,906 - - - Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 11,954,445 10,974,307 765,501 -	• •	\$		\$		\$		\$		
Anchorage School District \$ 646,930,708 \$ 7,492,825 \$ 170,383,977 \$ 32,128,802 Anchorage Community Development Authority 9,581,229 12,653,906 - - - Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 11,954,445 10,974,307 765,501 -	rotal primary government		1,043,030,034	Ψ	201,000,000	Ψ	120,000,010	Ψ	120,420,177	
Anchorage Community Development Authority 9,581,229 12,653,906 - - Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 11,954,445 10,974,307 765,501 -	Component Units:									
Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 11,954,445 10,974,307 765,501 -	Anchorage School District	\$	646,930,708	\$	7,492,825	\$	170,383,977	\$	32,128,802	
Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 11,954,445 10,974,307 765,501 -	Anchorage Community Development Authority		9,581,229		12,653,906		-		-	
							765,501		-	
	<u> </u>	\$	668,466,382	\$	31,121,038	\$	171,149,478	\$	32,128,802	

General Revenues:

Property taxes

Motor vehicle taxes

Hotel and motel taxes

Alcoholic beverages taxes

Tobacco taxes

Marijuana taxes

Fuel products taxes

Assessments in lieu of taxes

Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs

Appropriation from Municipality of Anchorage

Investment income

Other

Transfers:

Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year

Net position, end of year

Statement of Activities
Year ended December 31, 2023

Net (Expenses), Revenue, and Changes in Net Position

	Primary Government Component Units							
Governmental Business- Activities Activitie		ness-Type	Total	Anchorage School District	Anchorage Community Development Authority	Alaska Center fo	r Total Reporting Entity	
\$	21,455,401	\$	_	\$ 21,455,401	\$ -	\$	- \$	- \$ 21,455,401
Ψ	(76,547,027)	Ψ	_	(76,547,027)		Ψ	-	- (76,547,027
	(117,700,115)		_	(117,700,115)			_	- (117,700,115
	(37,600,473)		_	(37,600,473)			_	- (37,600,473
	(72,240,257)		_	(72,240,257)			_	- (72,240,257
	(24,959,058)		_	(24,959,058)			_	- (24,959,058
	(23,753,069)		_	(23,753,069)			_	- (23,753,069
	(39,822,255)		_	(39,822,255)			_	- (39,822,255
	(260,087,517)		_	(260,087,517)			_	- (260,087,517
	(21,718,366)			(21,718,366)			_	- (21,718,366
	(652,972,736)			(652,972,736)				- (652,972,736
	(002,912,100)			(032,912,130)	<u> </u>			(032,912,130
	-	:	23,294,288	23,294,288	-		-	- 23,294,288
	_		18,003,954	18,003,954	-		-	- 18,003,954
	_		77,040,921	77,040,921	-		-	- 77,040,921
	_		(655,670)	(655,670)	_		-	- (655,670
	_		(2,754,696)	(2,754,696)			_	- (2,754,696
	_		(592,794)	(592,794)			_	- (592,794
	_		4,321,627	4,321,627	_		_	- 4,321,627
	_	1	18,657,630	118,657,630	_		-	- 118,657,630
	(652,972,736)		18,657,630	(534,315,106)	-		-	- (534,315,106
					(436,925,104)		-	- (436,925,104
					-	3,072,6	77	- 3,072,677
					-		- (214,637	7) (214,637
					(436,925,104)	3,072,6	77 (214,63	7) (434,067,064
	609,175,663		-	609,175,663	-		-	- 609,175,663
	21,425,497		-	21,425,497	-		-	- 21,425,497
	43,343,603		-	43,343,603	-		-	- 43,343,603
	16,319,854		-	16,319,854	-		-	- 16,319,854
	20,695,515		-	20,695,515	-		-	- 20,695,515
	5,835,085		-	5,835,085	-		-	- 5,835,085
	14,398,632		-	14,398,632	-		-	- 14,398,632
	13,099,475		-	13,099,475	-		-	- 13,099,475
	-		-	-	334,947,650		-	- 334,947,650
	-		-	-	256,691,028		-	- 256,691,028
	68,903,624		13,399,638	82,303,262	8,646,216	416,2	40 29,796	91,395,514
	-		-	-	22,414,719		-	- 22,414,719
	24,895,917	(24,895,917)				-	<u> </u>
	838,092,865	(11,496,279)	826,596,586	622,699,613	416,2	40 29,796	1,449,742,235
_	185,120,129	1	07,161,351	292,281,480	185,774,509	3,488,9	17 (184,84	1) 481,360,065
	3,002,111,932		46,199,760	3,848,311,692	779,970,705	22,153,8		
\$	3,187,232,061	\$ 9	53,361,111	\$ 4,140,593,172	\$ 965,745,214	\$ 25,642,7	92 \$ 3,193,247	7 \$ 5,135,174,425

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet December 31, 2023

	General	MOA Trust	Roads and Drainage Capital Project	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets	4 400-0	•	•		
Cash	\$ 10,370	\$ -	т	\$ 72,763	\$ 83,133
Cash and investments in central treasury	98,342,462	29,302		205,563,424	305,440,092
Investments	- 0.70.007	409,981,338		48,492,376	458,473,714
Accrued interest on investments	2,872,987	743,743	-	19,320	3,636,050
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	28,929,645	-		7,938,641	36,868,286
Intergovernmental receivables	1,306,674	-	680,915	18,019,827	20,007,416
Special assessments receivable, net	1,526,715	-	85,232	153,309	1,765,256
Leases receivable	1,068,237	-	-	2,855,473	3,923,710
Due from component units Due from other funds	426 25,139,272	-	-	235,035 6,922,526	235,461
Due from fiduciary funds	25,159,272	-	-	316,015	32,061,798 316,015
Inventories	958,052	-	-	310,013	958,052
Prepaid items and deposits	1,991,921	-	_	10,378,689	12,370,610
Assets held for resale	4,888,761	_	_	10,570,009	4,888,761
Advances to other funds	47,492,739	-	-	765,000	48,257,739
Investments in Angel Fund program	47,492,739	-	-	4,504,523	4,504,523
Loans receivable, net	_	_	_	3,429,419	3,429,419
Total assets	\$ 214,528,261	\$ 410,754,383	\$ 2,271,051	\$ 309,666,340	\$ 937,220,035
rotal accets	Ψ 211,020,201	Ψ 110,701,000	Ψ 2,271,001	Ψ 000,000,010	Ψ 001,220,000
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and retainages	\$ 15,294,356	\$ 653,863	\$ 2,258,545	\$ 9,605,910	\$ 27,812,674
Accrued payroll liabilities	14,611,271	-	50,338	315,687	14,977,296
Due to other funds	-	-	5,157,689	2,956,785	8,114,474
Due to component unit	87,834,264	-	-	-	87,834,264
Unearned revenue and deposits	2,778,237	-	-	9,570,035	12,348,272
Advances from other funds	5,838,311	-	-	17,248,681	23,086,992
Total liabilities	126,356,439	653,863	7,466,572	39,697,098	174,173,972
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Time restricted health permit receipts	1,027,359	_	_	_	1,027,359
Unavailable revenues:	1,027,000				1,021,000
Intergovernmental revenues	_	_	_	413,679	413,679
Loans	_	_	_	2,140,062	2,140,062
Property taxes	11,560,498	_	_	_, ,	11,560,498
Risk management claims	450,827	_	_	_	450,827
Special assessments	1,568,526	_	220,757	2,077	1,791,360
Leases	1,011,273	_	,	2,782,174	3,793,447
Library charges	51,431	_	_	-	51,431
Land sales	_	_	_	1.211.488	1,211,488
Total deferred inflows of resources	15,669,914	-	220,757	6,549,480	22,440,151
			•		<u> </u>
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	55,331,473	-	-	10,606,558	65,938,031
Restricted	2,030,165	410,100,520	-	127,824,545	539,955,230
Committed	54,948,008	-	-	45,353,676	100,301,684
Assigned	- (00 007 700)	-	- (5.440.070)	79,976,116	79,976,116
Unassigned (deficit)	(39,807,738)	440 400 500	(5,416,278)	(341,133)	(45,565,149)
Total fund balances	72,501,908	410,100,520	(5,416,278)	263,419,762	740,605,912
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 214,528,261	\$ 410,754,383	\$ 2,271,051	\$ 309,666,340	\$ 937,220,035

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because: Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$	740,605,912
Total fully balances - governmental fullys		Ψ	740,000,012
The PERS ARHCT, RMP and ODD OPEB plans have been funded in excess of required contributions.			
This asset is not a financial resource and therefore it is not reported in the funds.			149,928,788
Capital assets used in government are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds	::		3,459,091,101
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore,			
are deferred in the funds:			
Property taxes	\$ 11,560,498		
Intergovernmental revenues	413,679		
Risk management claims	450,827		
Library fees	51,431		
Special assessments	1,791,360		
Long-term loan receivable	2,140,062	_	
			16,407,857
Deferred outflows of resources represent costs applicable to future periods, and therefore			
are not reported in governmental funds:	40 000 744		
Deferred charges on bond refunding	10,839,711		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	34,717,547		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	12,365,049	-	57,922,307
Internal service funds charge the costs of fleet management, insurance, and information			31,922,301
technology to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in			
governmental activities in the statement of net position:			
Total internal service funds equity related to governmental activities	40,217,940		
Net of amounts included in:	40,217,540		
Capital assets, net of depreciation and amortization	(55,560,141)		
Accrued interest payable	55,432		
Compensated absences	1,014,655		
SBITAs payable	3,415,896		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	306,005		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	(1,108,052)		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	(444,536)		
Net pension obligation	13,901,574		
Net OPEB asset	(6,511,337)		
			(4,712,564)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest, are not due and payable in			
the current period and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds:			
General obligation bonds, including premium and discount	(462,256,663)		
Certificates of participation bonds	(41,135,000)		
Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. bonds	(2,702,378)		
Direct financing agreements	(5,436,695)		
Pollution remediation	(4,396,945)		
CIVICVentures revenue bonds	(78,176,175)		
Loan payable	(18,300,000)		
Compensated absences	(27,771,869)		
Leases payable	(34,811,378)		
SBITAs payable	(3,644,469)		
Net pension liability	(398,565,713)		
Net OPEB liability	(139,897,419)		
Accrued interest payable	(7,870,605)		(1 224 065 200)
			(1,224,965,309)
Deferred inflows of resources represent resources or benefits applicable to future periods and			
therefore are not reported in governmental funds:			
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(7,046,031)	_	
			(7,046,031)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	3,187,232,061
		<u></u>	

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year ended December 31, 2023

	General	MOA Trust		Roads and Drainage apital Project	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 688,391,157	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 41,675,457	\$	730,066,614
Assessments in lieu of taxes	13,099,475	-		-	-		13,099,475
Special assessments	228,353	-		19,927	938,767		1,187,047
Licenses and permits	10,591,506	-		-	-		10,591,506
Intergovernmental	27,889,883	-		2,434,942	101,260,956		131,585,781
Charges for services	21,626,398	-		-	561,740		22,188,138
Fines and forfeitures	6,911,284	-		-	437,270		7,348,554
E911 surcharges	-	-		-	8,060,562		8,060,562
Investment income	12,061,691	44,967,803		-	9,213,079		66,242,573
Interest income on leases	24,383	-		-	132,792		157,175
Restricted contributions	99,955	-		-	1,963,840		2,063,795
Other	2,542,515	-		-	1,683,849		4,226,364
Total revenues	783,466,600	44,967,803		2,454,869	165,928,312		996,817,584
Expenditures	· · ·			, ,	, ,		· · ·
Current:							
General government	25,152,050	2,088,398		-	3,447,362		30,687,810
Fire services	115,596,215	-		_	6,917,107		122,513,322
Police services	139,737,594	_		_	11,849,655		151,587,249
Health and human services	18,364,516	_		_	40.366.818		58,731,334
Economic and community development	67,237,665	_		_	21,369,701		88,607,366
Public transportation	29,462,525	_		_	8,500,876		37,963,401
Public works	7,603,368	_		_	1,169,430		8,772,798
Maintenance and operations	7,000,000				1,100,400		0,772,700
of roads and facilities	42,513,265	_		_	102,762		42,616,027
Education	260,087,517	_		_	102,702		260,087,517
Debt service:	200,007,017	_		_	_		200,007,317
Principal Principal	45,616,852				7,090,390		52,707,242
Interest and fiscal agent charges	21,955,878	-		-	5,233,152		27,189,030
Bond issuance costs	526,683	-		-	5,233,132		526,683
Debt service - Leases:	320,063	-		-	-		320,003
	1 220 125						4 220 425
Principal Interest	4,330,435	-		-	-		4,330,435
Debt service - SBITAs:	840,659	-		-	-		840,659
	04 500				EC 000		420 220
Principal	81,529	-		-	56,800		138,329
Interest	5,053	-		-	27 040 726		5,053
Capital outlay	1,662,344	-		33,762,707	37,248,736		72,673,787
Capital outlay - SBITAs	569,066	-		-			569,066
Total expenditures	781,343,214	2,088,398		33,762,707	143,352,789		960,547,108
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	2,123,386	42,879,405		(31,307,838)	22,575,523		36,270,476
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers from other funds	40,820,725	2,562,967		3,920,490	49,721,136		97,025,318
Transfers to other funds	(44,900,695)	(16,300,000)	1	-,,	(12,868,580)		(74,069,275)
Premium on tax anticipation notes	1,272,500	(10,000,000)		_	(12,000,000)		1,272,500
Draws on direct financing agreements	19,252,291	_		_	_		19,252,291
Insurance recoveries	273,186	_		_	_		273,186
Other financing source SBITAs	356,457	-		- -	- -		356,457
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	510,950	_		_	2,025,540		2,536,490
Total other financing sources (uses)	17,585,414	(13,737,033)		3,920,490	38,878,096		
Total other inialiding sources (uses)	17,505,414	(13,131,033)		3,320,430	30,070,090		46,646,967
Net change in fund balances	19,708,800	29,142,372		(27,387,348)	61,453,619		82,917,443
Fund balances, beginning of year	 52,793,108	380,958,148		21,971,070	201,966,143		657,688,469
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 72,501,908	\$ 410,100,520	\$	(5,416,278)	\$ 263,419,762	\$	740,605,912
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	•		/	•		

Exhibit B-4

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended December 31, 2023

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different bed. Net change in fund balance – total governmental funds	ause:	\$	82,917,443
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense:			
Capital outlay and equipment purchases	\$ 38,725,158		
Contributed assets	24,664,576		
Depreciation and amortization expense	(48,100,032		
	(10,100,002	_	15,289,702
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are deferred in the funds. This is the increase (decrease) in:			
Intergovernmental revenues	(1,678,079		
Property taxes	1,127,235		
Special assessments	(39,881		
Library charges	51,431		
Loans receivable	1,137,922		
Risk management claims	(90,061	<u>) </u>	508,567
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while long-term debt principal repayments consume current financial government fund resources. Neither transaction, however, affects net position. Also, governmental funds report the effects of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:			
Premium on bond sales and tax anticipation notes	(1,272,500)	
Principal repayment on bonds	52,707,242	-	
Direct financing agreements - proceeds	(952,291)	
Loan proceeds	(18,300,000)	
Principal repayments on leases	4,330,435		
Principal repayments on SBITAs	138,329		
Net change in premiums, discounts, and deferred charges - bonds	5,729,357	_	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as government fund expenditures. These are the (increase) decrease in:			42,380,572
Compensated absences	938,215		
Pollution remediation	(563,000		
Changes in pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	19,025,451		
Changes in OPEB assets and liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	22,170,415		
Accrued interest payable	(973,817)	
			40,597,264
Internal service funds charge insurance, fleet management, and information technology costs to individual funds. The net revenue (expenses) of certain internal service fund activities			2 400 504
is reported with governmental activities.			3,426,581
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	185,120,129

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

		Water	٧	Vastewater				
Assets		Utility		Utility		Port	Di	sposal Utility
Current assets:								
Cash	\$	-	\$	2,200	\$	500	\$	2,424
Cash and investments in central treasury		31,616,835		28,201,761		-		31,619,021
Equity in bond and grant capital acquisition and construction pool		-		-		-		4,318,652
Accrued interest on investments		302,010		279,366		185,149		-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Intergovernmental receivables		5,969,589		7,346,081		1,389,522		2,951,346
Inventories		3,261,098		776,583		329,025		45,436
Prepaid items and deposits		618.252		413.123		81,224		6,949
Special assessments receivable		57,101		49,947		01,224		0,545
Leases receivable, current portion		179,781		15,153		1,022,334		_
Interest receivable leases		170,701		10,100		180,227		_
Unbilled reimbursable projects		160,527		120,967		100,227		_
Restricted assets:		100,521		120,307				
Equity in bond and grant capital acquisition and construction pool		23,350,905		14,535,606		_		_
Equity in general cash pool-bond and loan debt service		8,517,365		8,644,338		_		_
Total current assets	-	74.033.463		60.385.125		3.187.981		38,943,828
Noncurrent assets:		,,				-,,,,,,,,,,		
Receivable - installment sale of Electric Utility		_		_		_		_
Leases receivable, net current portion		1,611,524		132,297		59,229,139		_
Assets held for resale		-		-		242,093		_
Advances to other funds		_		_		,		_
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		416,927		_		_		_
Net OPEB asset		9,207,550		8,499,276		587,816		257,068
Unamortized debt expense		388,050		278.782		-		- ,
Unbilled special assessments		968,979		874,716		_		_
Regulatory and other assets		2,675,291		3,366,444		_		_
Restricted assets:		,, -		.,,				
Restricted equity in general cash pool - customer deposits		328,286		106,809		_		_
Cash legal settlement set aside		-		-		1,950,000		-
Landfill postclosure cash reserve		_		-		-		19,736,075
Debt service investments		_		-		-		3
Intergovernmental receivables		_		_		50,084,943		1,997,955
Investments for operations		-		-		· · · · -		· · ·
Investments held for debt service		_		_		5,215,400		-
Capital assets, net		559,187,085		434,089,536		437,973,259		168,189,008
Total noncurrent assets		574,783,692		447,347,860		555,282,650		190,180,109
Total assets		648,817,155		507,732,985		558,470,631		229,123,937
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred charge on refunding		1,505,849		871,184		_		_
Related to pension		1,566,873		1,446,345		100,030		43,746
Related to OPEB		628,611		580,255		40,131		17,550
Total deferred outflows of resources		3,701,333		2,897,784		140,161		61,296
	Φ.		r		ρ		Φ.	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	652,518,488	\$	510,630,769	\$	558,610,792	\$	229,185,233

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds (Continued)

		-iiteipiise i t	iius	(Continueu)				
Assets		lonmajor interprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds		overnmental Activities – Internal Service Funds		Total Proprietary Funds
Current assets:								
Cash	\$	1,251	\$	6,375	\$	-	\$	6,375
Cash and investments in central treasury		13,465,220		104,902,837		59,445,277		164,348,114
Equity in bond and grant capital acquisition and construction pool		3,353,034		7,671,686		7,760,758		15,432,444
Accrued interest on investments		394,966		1,161,491		-		1,161,491
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		1,504,504		19,161,042		1,223,524		20,384,566
Intergovernmental receivables		7,273,556		7,273,556		-		7,273,556
Inventories		-		4,412,142		533,340		4,945,482
Prepaid items and deposits		29,160		1,148,708		1,920,305		3,069,013
Special assessments receivable		-		107,048		-		107,048
Leases receivable, current portion		268,678		1,485,946		-		1,485,946
Interest receivable leases		43,759		223,986		-		223,986
Unbilled reimbursable projects		-		281,494		-		281,494
Restricted assets:								
Equity in bond and grant capital acquisition and construction pool		-		37,886,511		-		37,886,511
Equity in general cash pool-bond and loan debt service		-		17,161,703		-		17,161,703
Total current assets		26,334,128		202,884,525		70,883,204		273,767,729
Noncurrent assets:								
Receivable - installment sale of Electric Utility		96,841,316		96,841,316		-		96,841,316
Leases receivable, net current portion		15,549,956		76,522,916		-		76,522,916
Assets held for resale		-		242,093		-		242,093
Advances to other funds		-		-		5,838,311		5,838,311
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		-		416,927		-		416,927
Net OPEB asset		2,175,457		20,727,167		6,511,337		27,238,504
Unamortized debt expense		-		666,832		-		666,832
Unbilled special assessments		-		1,843,695		-		1,843,695
Regulatory and other assets		1,487,663		7,529,398		-		7,529,398
Restricted assets:								
Restricted equity in general cash pool - customer deposits		-		435,095		-		435,095
Cash legal settlement set aside		-		1,950,000		-		1,950,000
Landfill postclosure cash reserve		-		19,736,075		-		19,736,075
Debt service investments		2		5		-		5
Intergovernmental receivables		-		52,082,898		-		52,082,898
Investments for operations		3,000,000		3,000,000		-		3,000,000
Investments held for debt service		-		5,215,400		-		5,215,400
Capital assets, net		146,496,960		1,745,935,848		55,560,141		1,801,495,989
Total noncurrent assets		265,551,354		2,033,145,665		67,909,789		2,101,055,454
Total assets		291,885,482		2,236,030,190		138,792,993		2,374,823,183
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred charge on refunding		-		2,377,033		_		2,377,033
Related to pension		370,203		3,527,197		1,108,052		4,635,249
Related to OPEB		148,521		1,415,068		444,536		1,859,604
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	518,724		7,319,298		1,552,588		8,871,886
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	292,404,206	\$	2,243,349,488	\$	140,345,581	\$	2,383,695,069
rotal assets and deletted outllows of resources	Ф	292,404,206	Ф	2,243,349,488	φ	140,345,581	Ф	2,363,093,069

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

Liabilities	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Port	Disposal Utility
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable, other accrued liabilities and retainages	\$ 1,514,533	\$ 1,112,721	\$ 626,320	\$ 2,435,082
Accrued payroll liabilities	973,203	750,285	132,018	394,356
Capital acquisition and construction accounts and retainage payable	-	-	7,011,939	395,749
Compensated absences	1,074,147	1,127,903	175,124	516,592
Claims payable and incurred but not reported	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	22,505,599	-
Accrued interest payable	1,316,135	2,603,219	339,068	733,590
Accrued interest on leases	-	-	842	1,774
Pollution remediation obligation	93,000	465,000		
Long-term obligations maturing within one year	14,140,972	13,170,993	525,000	1,675,390
Unearned revenue and deposits	-	-	-	34
Leases payable, current portion	3,916	3,291	41,520	35,645
SBITAs payable, current portion	4,375	-	4,375	-
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:				
Customer refunds and deposits payable	26	131	-	-
Unearned revenue	471,397	57,852	-	-
Capital acquisition and construction accounts and retainage payable	1,485,481	2,197,406	- 04 004 005	- 0.400.040
Total current liabilities	21,077,185	21,488,801	31,361,805	6,188,212
Noncurrent liabilities:		05 000 070		
Revenue bonds payable (net of unamortized discounts and premiums)	-	85,022,870	-	-
Advances from other funds	- 00 070 047	70 070 444	-	
Alaska Clean Water and Drinking Water loans payable	82,073,017	76,872,141	-	5,641,686
Direct financing agreements	-	-	-	-
Claims payable and incurred but not reported	- 660 630	202 507	115 600	-
Compensated absences	660,620 108,846,414	383,597	115,689 67,511,429	68,273,898
Bonds payable, net current portion		1 000		, ,
Notes payable, net current portion	1,000 19,657,929	1,000 18,145,780	40,000,000	20,699,380
Net pension liability Leases payable, net current portion	90,123	56,159	1,254,975 415,313	548,836 947,325
SBITAs payable, net current portion	4,607	30,139	4,607	941,323
Liabilities payable from restricted assets - customer deposits	328,286	106,809	4,007	-
Other liabilities:	320,200		_	-
Pollution remediation obligation	-	2,175,000	-	-
Future landfill closure costs	-	-	4 700 500	47,021,798
Other long-term obligations	- 044 004 000	400 700 050	1,720,582	- 440,400,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	211,661,996	182,763,356	111,022,595	143,132,923
Total liabilities	232,739,181	204,252,157	142,384,400	149,321,135
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Contributions in aid of construction (net of amortization)	184,946,064	146,937,200	-	-
Related to OPEB	432,718	399,431	27,625	12,081
Related to leases	1,729,957	141,692	58,516,497	-
Related to installment sale of Electric Utility	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	187,108,739	147,478,323	58,544,122	12,081
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	192,447,870	125,235,266	322,459,076	70,519,935
Restricted for:				
Debt service	-	-	5,215,400	=
Acquisition and construction	-	-	52,034,943	1,997,955
Operations	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted net position (deficit)	40,222,698	33,665,023	(22,027,149)	7,334,127
Total net position	232,670,568	158,900,289	357,682,270	79,852,017
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 652,518,488	\$ 510,630,769	\$ 558,610,792	\$ 229,185,233

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

> Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds (Continued)

		interprise i ui		Jonanaca,	_				
Linkilleina		Nonmajor Enterprise		Total Enterprise		overnmental Activities – Internal Service	Tot	al Proprietary	
Liabilities		Funds		Funds		Funds		Funds	
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable, other accrued liabilities and retainages	\$	233,814	\$	5,922,470	\$	2,569,335	\$	8,491,805	
Accrued payroll liabilities		213,946		2,463,808		564,527		3,028,335	
Capital acquisition and construction accounts and retainage payable		1,177,593		8,585,281		144,415		8,729,696	
Compensated absences		273,291		3,167,057		831,234		3,998,291	
Claims payable and incurred but not reported		-		-		28,397,421		28,397,421	
Due to other funds		1,356,724		23,862,323		85,000		23,947,323	
Accrued interest payable		384,199		5,376,211		55,432		5,431,643	
Accrued interest on leases		· -		2,616		, <u>-</u>		2,616	
Pollution remediation obligation		_		558,000		_		558,000	
Long-term obligations maturing within one year		358,200		29,870,555		5,137,634		35,008,189	
Unearned revenue and deposits		513,650		513,684		0,107,004		513,684	
Leases payable, current portion		313,030		84,372		_		84,372	
SBITAs payable, current portion		-				1 000 500		1,091,343	
		-		8,750		1,082,593		1,091,343	
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:				4.53				4.5-	
Customer refunds and deposits payable		-		157		-		157	
Unearned revenue		-		529,249		-		529,249	
Capital acquisition and construction accounts and retainage payable		-		3,682,887		-		3,682,887	
Total current liabilities		4,511,417		84,627,420		38,867,591		123,495,011	
Noncurrent liabilities:									
Revenue bonds payable (net of unamortized discounts and premiums)		-		85,022,870		-		85,022,870	
Advances from other funds		-		-		31,009,058		31,009,058	
Alaska Clean Water and Drinking Water loans payable		_		164,586,844		-		164,586,844	
Direct financing agreements		_		-		2,751,912		2,751,912	
Claims payable and incurred but not reported		_		_		10,127,695		10,127,695	
Compensated absences		_		1,159,906		183,421		1,343,327	
Bonds payable, net current portion		38,404,068		283,035,809		100,421		283,035,809	
Notes payable, net current portion		8,890,506		69,591,886		_		69,591,886	
Net pension liability						12 001 574			
·		4,644,558		44,252,078		13,901,574		58,153,652	
Leases payable, net current portion		-		1,508,920				1,508,920	
SBITAs payable, net current portion		-		9,214		2,333,303		2,342,517	
Liabilities payable from restricted assets - customer deposits Other liabilities:		-		435,095		-		435,095	
Pollution remediation obligation		_		2,175,000		_		2,175,000	
Future landfill closure costs		_		47,021,798		_		47,021,798	
Other long-term obligations		_		1,720,582		_		1,720,582	
Total noncurrent liabilities		51,939,132		700,520,002		60,306,963		760,826,965	
Total liabilities		56,450,549		785,147,422		99,174,554		884,321,976	
Total liabilities		30,430,349		103,141,422		99,174,334		004,321,970	
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Contributions in aid of construction (net of amortization)		_		331,883,264		_		331,883,264	
Related to OPEB		102,237		974,092		306,005		1,280,097	
Related to leases		15,401,219		75,789,365		300,003		75,789,365	
				96,841,316		-			
Related to installment sale of Electric Utility		96,841,316				206.005		96,841,316 505,794,042	
Total deferred inflows of resources		112,344,772		505,488,037		306,005		505,794,042	
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets		97,666,593		808,328,740		44,110,284		852,439,024	
Restricted for:				. ,				• •	
Debt service		_		5,215,400		_		5,215,400	
Acquisition and construction		_		54,032,898		_		54,032,898	
Operations		3,000,000		3,000,000		_		3,000,000	
Unrestricted net position (deficit)						(3.245.262)		, ,	
. ,		22,942,292		82,136,991		(3,245,262)		78,891,729	
Total net position		123,608,885	Φ.	952,714,029	Φ.	40,865,022	φ.	993,579,051	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position		292,404,206	ф	2,243,349,488	\$	140,345,581	Ф	2,383,695,069	

Proprietary Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Year ended December 31, 2023

Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds

			٧					
	٧	Vater Utility		Utility		Port	Dis	posal Utility
Operating Revenues								
Charges for sales and services	\$	65,998,739	\$	66,139,596	\$	12,110,735	\$	28,475,735
Lease revenues		198,332		16,968		-		-
Other		2,340,940		1,461,359		4,226,279		243,742
Total operating revenues		68,538,011		67,617,923		16,337,014		28,719,477
Operating Expenses								
Operations		26,710,309		32,625,510		10,799,722		18,377,393
Change in landfill closure liability		-		_		_		4,400,287
Depreciation and amortization		12,814,557		12,429,825		13,023,730		5,978,685
Total operating expenses		39,524,866		45,055,335		23,823,452		28,756,365
Operating income (loss)		29,013,145		22,562,588		(7,486,438)		(36,888)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)								
Investment income		4,066,855		3,386,278		13,998		2,136,157
Investment loss on landfill								
postclosure cash reserve		-		-		-		2,377,833
Installment sale		-		_		_		-
Other revenues		26,146		20,294		1,744,242		-
Intergovernmental revenue		222,018		204,939		14,174		6,198
Lease interest income		38,384		3,371		1,887,222		-
Interest expense		(5,512,401)		(4,532,501)		(3,787,861)		(4,648,296)
Interest expense on leases		(5,668)		(3,156)		(17,021)		(17,659)
Allowance for funds used during construction (AFUDC)		467,866		758,420		-		-
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		-		-		21,775		_
Long-term debt issuance expenses		-		_		(42,500)		_
Other expenses		(919,080)		(981,450)		(1,730,616)		_
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(1,615,880)		(1,143,805)		(1,896,587)		(145,767)
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers		27,397,265		21,418,783		(9,383,025)		(182,655)
Capital contributions		_		_		86,477,961		1,997,955
Transfers of capital assets to governmental activities		-		-		-		-
Transfers from other funds		-		_		_		_
Transfers to other funds		(10,732,018)		(6,958,865)		(1,976,009)		(1,804,341)
Change in net position		16,665,247		14,459,918		75,118,927		10,959
Net position, beginning of year		216,005,321		144,440,371		282,563,343		79,841,058
Net position, end of year	\$	232,670,568	\$	158,900,289	\$	357,682,270	\$	79,852,017

Proprietary Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Year ended December 31, 2023

Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds (Continued)

	E	nterprise Fun	as ((Continuea)		
		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	ļ	Total Enterprise Funds	overnmental Activities – Internal Service Funds	Total Proprietary Funds
Operating Revenues						
Charges for sales and services	\$	16,723,041	\$	189,447,846	\$ 103,304,093	\$ 292,751,939
Lease revenues		520,411		735,711	-	735,711
Other		561,464		8,833,784	111,470	8,945,254
Total operating revenues		17,804,916		199,017,341	103,415,563	302,432,904
Operating Expenses						
Operations		17,448,079		105,961,013	91,613,995	197,575,008
Change in landfill closure liability		-		4,400,287	-	4,400,287
Depreciation and amortization		6,041,351		50,288,148	14,467,502	64,755,650
Total operating expenses		23,489,430		160,649,448	106,081,497	266,730,945
Operating income (loss)		(5,684,514)		38,367,893	(2,665,934)	35,701,959
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Investment income		1,418,517		11,021,805	2,661,051	13,682,856
Investment loss on landfill						
postclosure cash reserve		-		2,377,833	-	2,377,833
Installment sale		2,565,103		2,565,103	_	2,565,103
Other revenues		353		1,791,035	396,511	2,187,546
Intergovernmental revenue		205,945		653,274	157,005	810,279
Lease interest income		555,334		2,484,311	-	2,484,311
Interest expense		(2,504,151)		(20,985,210)	(584,395)	(21,569,605)
Interest expense on leases		-		(43,504)	-	(43,504)
Allowance for funds used during construction (AFUDC)		_		1,226,286	-	1,226,286
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		69,981		91,756	(34,949)	56,807
Long-term debt issuance expenses		, -		(42,500)	-	(42,500)
Other expenses		-		(3,631,146)	(10,000)	(3,641,146)
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)		2,311,082		(2,490,957)	2,585,223	94,266
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers		(3,373,432)		35,876,936	(80,711)	35,796,225
Capital contributions		7,880,049		96,355,965	2,762,889	99,118,854
Transfers of capital assets to governmental activities		-		-	(1,371,104)	(1,371,104)
Transfers from other funds		-		-	1,952,290	1,952,290
Transfers to other funds	_	(3,424,684)		(24,895,917)	(12,416)	(24,908,333)
Change in net position		1,081,933		107,336,984	3,250,948	110,587,932
Net position, beginning of year		122,526,952		845,377,045	37,614,074	882,991,119
Net position, end of year	\$	123,608,885	\$	952,714,029	\$ 40,865,022	\$ 993,579,051
		-		-	•	

Adjustments to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise

(175,633) funds

Change in net position of business-\$ 107,161,351 type activities

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year ended December 31, 2023

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

Cook Floure From Oneration Activities	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Port	Disposal Utility
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from customers	¢ 60 137 25/	\$ 66,843,707	\$ 15,288,280	\$ 28,140,223
Other operating cash receipts	φ 00,13 <i>1</i> ,234	\$ 00,045,707 -	φ 13,200,200 -	φ 20,140,225 -
Receipts for interfund services provided	-	-	-	_
Payments to employees	(18,656,552)	(18,087,424)	(2,693,804)	(8,360,832)
Payments to vendors	(8,273,116)	(14,353,907)	(6,775,686)	(8,550,625)
Payments for interfund services used	(1,761,742)	(1,710,712)	(1,217,693)	(1,910,498)
Net cash from operating activities	39,445,844	32,691,664	4,601,097	9,318,268
Cash Flows From Non-capital Financing Activities				
Transfers to other funds	(10,732,018)	(6,958,865)	(1,976,009)	(1,804,341)
Security contract	-	-	(1,730,616)	-
Right of way and security fees	-	-	1,744,242	-
Due to other funds	-	-	22,505,599	-
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from installment sale Advance to other funds		-		
Net cash from (for) non-capital financing activities	(10,732,018)	(6,958,865)	20,543,216	(1,804,341)
Trot odon from (1817) from odphan financing doublines	(10,102,010)	(0,000,000)	20,010,210	(1,001,011)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Proceeds from issuance of long-term obligations		1,665,847	.	13,959,070
Principal payments on long-term obligations	(15,022,934)	(12,221,615)	(715,000)	(1,038,558)
Financing costs on long-term obligations Interest payments on long-term obligations	- (8,078,681)	- (5.010.447)	(42,500)	(3,995,959)
Proceeds from issuance of Direct Financing Agreements	(0,070,001)	(5,910,447)	(3,913,933)	(3,995,959)
Capital grant proceeds	_	-	-	_
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(7,424,098)	(9,327,331)	(75,484,540)	(20,847,863)
Interest payments on leases & SBITAs			(16,956)	(18,079)
Principal payments on leases & SBITAs	(3,810)	(3,209)	(41,359)	(18,388)
Proceeds from leases	-	-	1,923,467	-
Proceeds from the sale or disposition of capital assets Transfers from other funds	-	-	21,775	-
Capital contributions – customers	260,308	179,414	-	-
Capital contributions – intergovernmental	-	-	42,712,665	-
Net cash from capital and related financing activities	(30,269,215)	(25,617,341)	(35,556,381)	(11,959,777)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities	4 044 046	2 424 002	(00.040)	4 544 507
Investment Income (loss)	4,214,316	3,434,993	(88,912)	4,514,527
Net increase (decrease) in cash	2,658,927	3,550,451	(10,500,980)	68,677
Cash, beginning of year	61,154,464	47,940,263	17,666,880	55,607,498
Cash, end of year	63,813,391	51,490,714	7,165,900	55,676,175
·				
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position				
Cash	-	2,200	500	2,424
Cash and investments in central treasury	31,616,835	28,201,761	-	31,619,021
Equity in bond and grant capital acquisition and construction accounts, unrestricted				4,318,652
Restricted equity in bond and grant capital acquisition	-	-	-	4,310,032
and construction accounts	23,350,905	14,535,606	_	_
Cash legal settlement set aside			1,950,000	-
Debt service investments	-	-	5,215,400	3
Restricted investments for operations	-	<u>.</u>	-	-
Restricted equity in general cash pool - customer deposits	328,286	106,809	-	-
Reserved for equity in general cash pool - bond and loan debt service	8,517,365	8,644,338	-	-
Restricted for debt service Restricted for Landfill postclosure cash reserve	-	-	-	19,736,07 <u>5</u>
Total cash, end of year	\$ 63,813,391	\$ 51,490,714	\$ 7,165,900	\$ 55,676,175
Total Sasti, Sila di you	Ψ 00,010,031	Ψ Ο 1, π 20, 1 14	ψ 1,100,300	Ψ 00,010,110

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year ended December 31, 2023

	Business-Ty	pe Activities -		
			Governmental	
	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities – Internal Service Funds	Total Proprietary Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	. . .			
Receipts from customers	\$ 17,434,749	\$ 195,844,213	\$ -	\$ 195,844,213
Other operating cash receipts Receipts for interfund services provided	284,247	284,247	- 103,669,836	284,247 103,669,836
Payments to employees	(5,611,671)	(53,410,283)	(12,291,263)	(65,701,546)
Payments to vendors	(10,266,664)	(48,219,998)	(76,238,543)	(124,458,541)
Payments for interfund services used	(1,449,730)	(8,050,375)	(3,962,676)	(12,013,051)
Net cash from operating activities	390,931	86,447,804	11,177,354	97,625,158
Cash Flows From Non-capital Financing Activities	(2.424.604)	(04.005.047)	(40,446)	(24,000,222)
Transfers to other funds Security contract	(3,424,684)	(24,895,917) (1,730,616)	(12,416)	(24,908,333) (1,730,616)
Right of way and security fees		1,744,242		1,744,242
Due to other funds	1,220,957	23,726,556	_	23,726,556
Due from other funds	-	-	157,005	157,005
Proceeds from installment sale	2,565,103	2,565,103	· -	2,565,103
Advance to other funds		-	3,307,526	3,307,526
Net cash from (for) non-capital financing activities	361,376	1,409,368	3,452,115	4,861,483
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Proceeds from issuance of long-term obligations	5,927,252	21,552,169	_	21,552,169
Principal payments on long-term obligations	0,021,202	(28,998,107)	(7,399,580)	(36,397,687)
Financing costs on long-term obligations	-	(42,500)	-	(42,500)
Interest payments on long-term obligations	(2,137,364)	(24,036,384)	(413,236)	(24,449,620)
Proceeds from issuance of Direct Financing Agreements	-	-	368,520	368,520
Capital grant proceeds	7,024	7,024		7,024
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(8,563,065)	(121,646,897)	(6,597,935)	(128,244,832)
Interest payments on leases & SBITAs	-	(35,035)	(226,304)	(261,339)
Principal payments on leases & SBITAs Proceeds from leases	560,613	(66,766) 2,484,080	(1,400,904)	(1,467,670) 2,484,080
Proceeds from the sale or disposition of capital assets	134,998	156,773	(74,624)	82,149
Transfers from other funds	104,550	100,770	1,952,290	1,952,290
Capital contributions – customers	-	439,722	-	439,722
Capital contributions – intergovernmental	4,410,353	47,123,018	2,762,889	49,885,907
Net cash from capital and related financing activities	339,811	(103,062,903)	(11,028,884)	(114,091,787)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Investment Income (loss)	1,400,857	13,475,781	2,661,051	16,136,832
invocational modifie (1888)	1,100,001	10, 110,101	2,001,001	10,100,002
Net increase (decrease) in cash	2,492,975	(1,729,950)	6,261,636	4,531,686
Cash, beginning of year	17,326,532	199,695,637	60,944,399	260,640,036
Cash, end of year	19,819,507	197,965,687	67,206,035	265,171,722
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position				
Cash	1,251	6,375	_	6,375
Cash and investments in central treasury	13,465,220	104,902,837	59,445,277	164,348,114
Equity in bond and grant capital acquisition and	.0,.00,==0	.0.,002,00.	00, 0,	, ,
construction accounts, unrestricted	3,353,034	7,671,686	7,760,758	15,432,444
Restricted equity in bond and grant capital acquisition				
and construction accounts	-	37,886,511	-	37,886,511
Cash legal settlement set aside	-	1,950,000	-	1,950,000
Debt service investments	2 000 000	5,215,403	-	5,215,403
Restricted investments for operations	3,000,000	3,000,000 435,095	-	3,000,000 435,095
Restricted equity in general cash pool - customer deposits Reserved for equity in general cash pool - bond and loan debt service	-	435,095 17,161,703	-	435,095 17,161,703
Restricted for debt service	2	17,101,703	-	17,101,703
Restricted for Landfill postclosure cash reserve	-	19,736,075	-	19,736,075
Total cash, end of year	\$ 19,819,507	\$ 197,965,687	\$ 67,206,035	\$ 265,171,722
-				

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year ended December 31, 2023

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Port	Disposal Utility
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash From Operating Activities:				
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities:	\$ 29,013,145	\$ 22,562,588	\$ (7,486,438)	\$ (36,888)
Change in landfill closure liability	-	-	-	4,400,287
Depreciation and amortization	12,814,557	12,429,825	13,023,730	5,978,685
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(43,829)	(36,917)	-	-
Pension and OPEB relief-noncash revenue	222,018	204,939	14,174	6,198
Other revenues / expenses	26,146	20,187	-	-
Changes in assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and liabilities that increase (decrease) cash:				
Accounts receivable, net	(237,798)		(343,909)	(579,288)
Leases receivable	5,039	6,328	(6,728,907)	-
Inventories	(394,357)	(28,242)		2,258
Net OPEB asset	-	-	(5,857)	33,957
Prepaid items and deposits	(393,613)	(218,687)	28,010	748
Unbilled reimbursable projects	(131,619)	(17,787)	-	-
Unbilled special assessments	(4,311)	76,403	-	-
Customer deposits and refunds payable	(91,872)	5,906	-	-
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	3,159	2,915	14,003	13,280
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	127,349	117,554	14,775	9,907
Accounts payable, other accrued liabilities, and retainages	331,486	144,262	209,146	(392,015)
Accrued payroll liabilities	174,545	101,522	47,321	141,724
SBITAs payable	8,982	2 027	44.477	(7E 40E)
Compensated absences	(30,625)	3,837	14,477	(75,125)
Claims payable	(202 520)	(187,864)	- (107 E00)	- (470 EE7)
Net pension liability Net OPEB asset	(203,520) (1,195,038)	(1,103,111)	(187,588)	(172,557)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(256,073)	(236,376)	(22,403)	(12,937)
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	(31,339)	(8,074)	6,024,087	(12,337)
Unearned revenues and deposits	(27,986)	56,400	0,024,007	34
Other long-term obligations	(27,300)	-	(13,524)	-
Regulatory debits	(238,602)	(321,608)	(10,024)	_
Total cash from operating activities	39.445.844	32,691,664	4,601,097	9,318,268
Total cash non operating activities	-	02,001,004	4,001,001	3,010,200
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:				
Capital purchases on account	900,806	1,183,108	7,011,939	395,749
Contributed capital for equipment	724,120	594,072	50,084,943	1,997,955
Portion of plant from AFUDC	467,866	758,420	-	
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$ 2,092,792	\$ 2,535,600	\$ 57,096,882	\$ 2,393,704

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year ended December 31, 2023

	Business-Ty	pe Activities -	_	
	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities – Internal Service Funds	Total Proprietary Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash From				
Operating Activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (5,684,514)	\$ 38,367,893	\$ (2,665,934)	\$ 35,701,959
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from				
operating activities:				
Change in landfill closure liability	-	4,400,287	-	4,400,287
Depreciation and amortization	6,041,351	50,288,148	14,467,502	64,755,650
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	-	(80,746)	-	(80,746)
Pension and OPEB relief-noncash revenue	52,456	499,785	-	499,785
Other revenues / expenses	353	46,686	396,511	443,197
Changes in assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and				
liabilities that increase (decrease) cash:				
Accounts receivable, net	(168,915)	(2,212,246)		(2,327,446)
Leases receivable	(1,934,283)	(8,651,823)	-	(8,651,823)
Inventories	-	(420,341)	(113,532)	(533,873)
Net OPEB asset	(624,019)	(595,919)		(1,203,880)
Prepaid items and deposits	(21,418)	(604,960)		307,424
Unbilled reimbursable projects	-	(149,406)	-	(149,406)
Unbilled special assessments	-	72,092	-	72,092
Customer deposits and refunds payable	-	(85,966)		(85,966)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	(66,203)	(32,846)		15,853
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	(2,147)	267,438	112,431	379,869
Accounts payable, other accrued liabilities, and retainages	2,686	295,565	67,315	362,880
Accrued payroll liabilities	13,097	478,209	23,272	501,481
SBITAs payable		8,982	-	8,982
Compensated absences	(2,151)	(89,587)		(161,905)
Claims payable	-	-	(342,603)	(342,603)
Net pension liability	798,844	47,315	(731,737)	(684,422)
Net OPEB asset	-	(2,298,149)		(2,298,149)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(31,131)	(558,920)	(201,475)	(760,395)
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	1,673,875	7,658,549	-	7,658,549
Unearned revenues and deposits	343,050	371,498	-	371,498
Other long-term obligations	-	(13,524)		(13,524)
Regulatory debits		(560,210)		(560,210)
Total cash from operating activities	390,931	86,447,804	11,177,354	97,625,158
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:				
Capital purchases on account	1,177,593	10,669,195	144,415	10,813,610
Contributed capital for equipment	7,880,049	61,281,139	· -	61,281,139
Portion of plant from AFUDC	-	1,226,286	-	1,226,286
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$ 9,057,642	\$ 73,176,620	\$ 144,415	\$ 73,321,035

Pension and

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA

Fiduciary Funds
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
December 31, 2023

	Other Postemployment Benefits Plans
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 83,557
Accrued interest	804,548
Investments:	
Money market funds	11,179,146
Certificate of deposit	7,711,874
U.S. treasuries	5,005,453
U.S. agencies	4,746,258
Corporate fixed income securities	58,115,976
Domestic fixed income funds	952,622
International fixed income funds	6,744,198
Domestic equity securities	132,829,159
International equity securities	86,481,530
Real estate funds	48,239,297
Total investments	362,005,513
Capital assets, net	918
Total assets	362,894,536
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	95,471
Due to other fund	316,015
Total liabilities	411,486
Net Position	
Restricted for:	
Pensions	339,545,824
Postemployment benefits other than pensions	22,937,226
Total net position	\$ 362,483,050

Pension and

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year ended December 31, 2023

	Other Postemployment Benefits Plans
Additions	
Contributions from the Municipality	\$ 3,841,538
Contributions from plan members	9,750
Investment income:	
Interest	2,168,351
Dividends	4,329,395
Net increase in fair value of investments	38,312,802
Less: investment expense	(1,710,033)
Net investment income	43,100,515
Total additions	46,951,803
Deductions	
Regular benefit payments	37,492,287
Administrative expenses	848,785
Total deductions	38,341,072
Change in fiduciary net position	8,610,731
Net position, beginning of year	353,872,319
Net position, end of year	\$ 362,483,050

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2023

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Municipality of Anchorage (the Municipality) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The Municipality operates under an elected nonpartisan Mayor-Assembly form of government. The Mayor is elected at large for a three-year term. Legislative power is vested in the Assembly with executive and administrative power vested in the Mayor. The financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the Municipality (primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the primary government.

Blended Component Unit

CIVICVentures is a nonprofit corporation that owns and maintains two Anchorage-based properties: The Dena'ina Civic and Convention Center (the Civic Center), and the William A. Egan Civic and Convention Center (the Egan Center). The Mayor appoints all CIVICVentures board members. As of December 31, 2023, two of the five CIVICVentures Directors were executive employees of the Municipality, and management and accounting functions are performed by the Municipality. CIVICVentures is accounted for as a debt service fund.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Anchorage School District (ASD) is a legally separate governmental entity, which is responsible for elementary and secondary education within the Municipality. School Board Members are elected by the voters; however, ASD is a component unit and integral part of the primary government, the Municipality. ASD is fiscally dependent upon the primary government because the Assembly approves the municipal tax appropriation and the total budget, and levies and collects taxes for the District. The Assembly also approves the borrowing of funds and issuance of bonds for the District. ASD has a June 30 fiscal year end; therefore, the financial information presented in these financial statements is as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

The Anchorage Community Development Authority (Authority or ACDA) is a legally separate public corporation created to operate and manage parking, and to purchase, develop, and sell properties and to pursue other economic development activities. The Board's voting majority is composed of members appointed by the Mayor and includes one municipal executive employee. The budget is required to be approved annually by the primary government and the primary government has the ability to impose its will on the Authority.

The Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. (ACPA) is a legally separate non-profit entity that operates, maintains, and promotes the performing arts center. The performing arts center is owned by the primary government; the Municipality contracts with ACPA to manage the facility. The budget is approved annually by the primary government, and the entity is fiscally dependent upon the primary government. ACPA manages the performing arts center and provides facility management services for the Municipality to the public.

Component unit financial statements may be obtained from applicable respective administrative offices:

Anchorage School District 5530 East Northern Lights Boulevard Anchorage, Alaska 99504-3135 CIVICVentures c/o Municipality of Anchorage Box 196650 Anchorage, Alaska 99519-6650

Anchorage Community Development Authority 245 West 5th Avenue, Suite 122 Anchorage, Alaska 99501

The Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 621 West 6th Avenue Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Certain indirect costs are included in program expense reported for individual functions and activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Under this measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property and other taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants, contributions, and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. Return of restricted contributions are recorded as a reduction of revenue, if unused.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Municipality considers revenues to be available if they are collected within six months of the end of the current fiscal period, except for property taxes which must be collected within 60 days following year end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, and expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments and pension and OPEB, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, lodging, and other taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current period is susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are measurable and available only when received by the Municipality.

The Municipality reports the following major governmental funds based on the quantitative criteria:

- The **General Fund** is the Municipality's primary operating fund. It accounts for resources that are not required legally or by sound management to be accounted for in any other fund.
- The MOA Trust Fund (MOA Trust) accounts for the endowment fund authorized by municipal voters.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Additionally, the Municipality has elected to present the following as a major governmental fund because of its significance to the public:

• The **Roads and Drainage Capital Project Fund** accounts for the capital projects related to the roads and drainage system.

The Municipality reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The Water Utility Enterprise Fund accounts for the operations of the Municipal-owned Water Utility.
- The Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund accounts for the operations of the Municipal-owned Wastewater Utility.
- The **Port Enterprise Fund** accounts for the operations of the Municipal-owned port.
- The **Disposal Utility Enterprise Fund** accounts for the operations of the Municipal-owned landfill and transfer station.

Additionally, the Municipality reports the following fund types:

- Internal Service Funds account for the management and maintenance of general government equipment and vehicles, information technology, and for general liability, workers' compensation, medical/dental, and unemployment compensation insurance coverage provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.
- **Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Funds** account for the Police and Fire Retirement Systems Pension plans and the Police and Fire Retiree Medical plans for eligible Police and Fire retirees.

The Water and Wastewater Utilities (the Utilities) meet the criteria, and accordingly, follow the accounting and reporting requirements for Regulated Operations. Utility rates are regulated by the Regulatory Commission of Alaska (RCA), and as a result, revenues intended to recover certain costs are provided either before or after the costs are incurred, resulting in regulatory assets or liabilities. The Utilities receive contributions in aid of construction (CIAC), which the Utilities record as contributed plant in service and deferred inflow of resources. For rate-making purposes, the Utilities amortize contributed plant over the life of the respective utility plant as a reduction of depreciation expense and a reduction of deferred inflow of resources. Consequently, CIACs are recorded as a regulatory deferred inflow of resources in the accompanying basic financial statements. The Utilities' rates also include an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction (AFUDC), which is capitalized in the accompanying financial statements. As a regulated operation, the Utilities apply the accounting and reporting requirements applicable to regulated operations to the accounting for debt issuance costs. Accordingly, the Utilities' debt issuance costs are recorded as an asset and are amortized over the life of the debt.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position - proprietary funds includes AFUDC as an item of non-operating revenues in a manner that indicates the basis for the amount capitalized.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Municipality's various business-type functions and other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance/Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To obtain flexibility in cash management, the Municipality uses a central treasury. Pooled cash is invested in various securities to maximize return while maintaining reasonable liquidity to meet maturing obligations. Investments in securities to satisfy bond reserve and other requirements are maintained in separate accounts. Details regarding cash and cash equivalents are discussed in Note 3.

Investments

Year-end investments are reported at fair value using the techniques presented in GASB Statement No. 72 - Fair Value Measurement and Application (GASB 72). Some investments are held at either amortized costs or Net Asset Value (NAV). Investment income on cash pool investments is allocated to the various funds based on their cash pool equity balances as of the month end prior to the month the investment income is earned. Funds that have negative balances in the cash pools are charged interest; the interest income is allocated to those funds having equity in the cash pools. Details regarding investments and required disclosures under GASB 72 are discussed in Note 3.

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Details regarding interfund activity is discussed in Note 7.

All trade and property taxes receivable, including those in business-type activities, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Allowance calculations vary depending on the type of receivable, with property taxes using weighted percentages between zero and over 90 days, and trade accounts using weighted percentages between zero and over 180 days. Details regarding receivables are discussed in Note 4.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach a lien on property on the first day of the tax year in which taxes are levied. For 2023, real and personal property taxes were levied on June 1. Real property taxes were payable in two installments on June 30 and August 31, and personal property taxes on November 30.

The Municipality is responsible for assessing and collecting property taxes and remitting the amount approved by the Assembly to ASD. The Municipality collected property taxes on behalf of ASD for its general fund and debt service fund in the amounts of \$260,087,517 and \$18,701,540, respectively. ASD had accrued taxes and deferred inflows of resources of \$113,040,463 for financing half of the 2023-2024 budget as of June 30, 2023. Accordingly, amounts reported by the Municipality as due to component units on the statement of net position may not agree with the amounts reported by ASD as due from primary government.

On December 31, 2023, property taxes receivable for the Municipality was \$14,794,379 including penalties and interest of \$593,078 and excluding allowance for uncollectible property tax receivable of \$72,102.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost (specific identification), except for the inventories of the Utilities. The Water and Wastewater Utilities value inventories using average cost. All Municipality inventories are recorded as expenditures or expenses when used (consumption method), except the Paint and Sign Shop, which records expenditures when purchased (purchase method).

Prepaids

Prepaids are recognized when incurred and the expenditure/expense is recorded in the period that is benefited using the consumption method.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Regulatory and Other Assets

The Water and Wastewater Utilities record Miscellaneous Deferred Debits, in accordance with its regulatory National Association of Regulatory Utility Commission chart of accounts. Three accounts are allowed, unless otherwise approved by the RCA: deferred rate case expenses, other deferred debits, and regulatory assets. These accounts are reflected as regulatory and other assets on the statement of net position.

Restricted Assets

Assets whose use is subjected to constraints by external constraints or enabling legislation, such as bond covenants, grant provisions, or other requirements are classified as restricted assets. For governmental activities, restricted assets include the following:

- The "investments account" reports the MOA Trust investment balance, which is restricted for a specific purpose under Municipal Code 6.50.060; the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund, which is restricted for a specific purpose under Municipal Code 3.88; the CIVICVentures debt service fund bond reserve; and unspent Electric Utility sale proceeds.
- The "Investment in Angel Fund programs" reports the fair market value of investments made under the 49th State Angel Fund program.

For business-type activities, restricted assets include some of the following:

- The "equity in bond and grant capital acquisition and construction pool" reports proceeds of bond issuances that are restricted for use in construction.
- The "interim rate escrow investment" holds funds collected from customer sales arising from interim and refundable rates granted by the RCA.
- The "landfill post-closure cash reserve account" accumulates funds to offset future landfill closure costs as required by Municipal Code 26.80.060(c)(3) and by federal law.
- The "investments held for debt service" and "cash legal settlement set aside" report proceeds from debt sold by the Port and legal settlements used for the Port Expansion Project.

"Intergovernmental receivables" represent grant receivables due from state and federal governments for capital purposes. Liabilities payable from such restricted assets are separately classified.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, drainage systems, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Municipality as assets with an estimated useful life greater than one year and an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000, or \$1,000 for computer hardware and software. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction at the acquisition date.

Although the Municipality holds title to capital assets of the school district, ASD has the risk and benefits of ownership associated with its capital assets. ASD, under Alaska law, cannot legally hold title to real property nor incur long-term debt. However, the Municipality has delegated the construction management of school projects to ASD. To reflect all the capital assets used for school purposes and the related obligations serviced by ASD, real property and the associated obligations have been reported in ASD's financial statements.

The Utilities capitalize AFUDC to capture the cost of using both debt and equity funds to finance Utility plant additions during the construction period in accordance with regulatory requirements. AFUDC was capitalized in 2023 in the amounts of \$467,866 and \$758,420 for the Water and Wastewater Utilities, respectively.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For all regulated utility property replaced or retired, the average cost of the property unit, plus removal cost less salvage value, is charged to accumulated depreciation. For the Water and Wastewater Utilities, gain or loss on the sale or retirement of plant is not recognized, except for extraordinary retirement. For all other proprietary fund types, gain or loss on the sale or retirement is recognized.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant, equipment, the right to use leased equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Lives
10 - 47 years
5 - 90 years
50 - 85 years
14 years
3 - 25 years
30 - 75 years
10 years
5 - 20 years
2 - 5 years

The Municipality has elected to use the modified approach for its paved road infrastructure network and to depreciate all other infrastructure networks. Under this election, the Municipality does not depreciate paved road infrastructure assets that are part of a network or subsystem of a network that meet two specific requirements. First, the Municipality manages the paved road infrastructure network using an asset management system that has certain specified characteristics. Second, the Municipality documents that the paved road infrastructure network is being preserved approximately at (or above) the condition level that is established and disclosed. Details regarding capital assets are discussed in Note 5.

Compensated Absences

It is the Municipality's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused annual leave benefits. All annual leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they are due and payable, for example, because of employee resignations or retirements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable statements of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable unamortized bond premiums and discounts. Deferred charges on bond refunding are reported as deferred outflows of resources and are amortized over the shorter of the refunding debt or the refunded debt. Debt issuance costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. For the regulated utilities, debt issuance costs are amortized over the life of the debt.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, and bond issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures for the period in which they are incurred.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Municipality implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 88 - Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. This Statement's provisions require segregating debt disclosures into direct borrowings, direct placements, and other debt. Direct borrowings are defined as a loan agreement issued with a single lender. Direct placements are defined as debt securities issued to a single investor. General obligation bonds, revenue bonds, and certificates of participation bonds are considered other debt. Additional disclosures related to unused lines of credit, assets pledged as collateral, and terms specific to events of default and termination with finance-related consequences and subjective acceleration clauses are also required, if applicable. Long-term obligation details are discussed in Note 10.

Net Pension and Net OPEB Assets and Liabilities

For purposes of measuring net pension and net OPEB assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Net pension and OPEB assets and liabilities are also reported for the Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust and the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust. Details regarding net pension and OPEB assets and liabilities are discussed in Notes 12 and 13, respectively.

Contributions in Aid of Construction

The Utilities receive CIAC, which they record as contributed plant in service and deferred inflows of resources. For rate-making purposes, the Utilities amortize contributed plant over the life of the respective plant as a reduction of depreciation expense and a reduction of deferred inflows of resources. Consequently, CIAC is recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the accompanying financial statements. Utility rates also include an AFUDC, which is capitalized in the accompanying financial statements. On December 31, 2023, Water and Wastewater Utility deferred inflow of resources balances related to CIAC were \$184,946,064, and \$146,937,200, respectively.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources represent the consumption/acquisition, respectively, of net position that applies to future periods. In the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary fund statements, deferred outflows of resources are reported for deferred charges on refunding and grant match advances, and deferred inflows of resources for the installment sales, land sales, and time restricted health permit receipts. Deferred inflows of resources for property taxes, special assessments, risk management claims, intergovernmental revenues and other unavailable revenues are reported in the governmental fund statements. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB assets and liabilities and CIAC are noted above.

Net Position and Flow Assumptions

Net position represents the residual interest in the Municipality's assets and deferred outflows of resources after liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are deducted and consists of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets includes capital assets (tangible and intangible), net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, reduced by outstanding debt and capital related liabilities incurred to acquire, construct, or improve those capital assets, excluding unspent proceeds. The restricted net position represents the balance of assets restricted for use by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, net of restricted liabilities for those same purposes. Unrestricted net position consists of the net position that does not meet the definition of either of the other two components. It is the Municipality's policy to first use restricted resources to make certain payments when both restricted and unrestricted assets are available for the same purpose.

Fund Balance

The Assembly adopted a fund balance policy through resolution, which is used by the Municipality to report fund balance. Detailed disclosures regarding the fund balance policy, flow assumptions and reporting are discussed in Note 14.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

E. Leases & Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

Lessee:

The Municipality is party to multiple leases of nonfinancial assets as a lessee. The Municipality recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the Municipality initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the Municipality determines (1) the discount rate used to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments. The Municipality uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Municipality generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the Municipality is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Municipality monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure lease assets and liabilities if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of any lease liability. Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Lessor:

The Municipality leases multiple nonfinancial assets to third parties. The Municipality recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide, proprietary fund and governmental fund financial statements where applicable.

At the commencement of the lease, the Municipality initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable and adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the Municipality determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts. The Municipality uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable are composed of fixed payments from the lessee. The Municipality monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure the leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the leases receivable.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs):

The Municipality is party to multiple SBITAs of nonfinancial assets. The Municipality recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. At the commencement of the subscription term, which is when the subscription asset is placed into service, the Municipality initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for payments made before commencement of the subscription term, plus capitalizable implementation costs, less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its subscription term.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Key estimates and judgments related to subscription include how the Municipality determines (1) the discount rate used to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments. The Municipality uses the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor is not provided, the Municipality generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate. The subscription term includes the period during which the Municipality has a noncancellable right to use the subscription assets, also includes periods covered by an option to extend or terminate. Activities associated with a SBITA, other than making subscription payments, should be grouped in to the following three stages, and their costs should be accounted for accordingly: 1) Preliminary Project Stage, 2) Initial Implementation Stage, and 3) Operation and Additional Implementation Stage. The nature of the activity should be the determining factor.

The Municipality monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its subscription and will remeasure subscription assets and liabilities if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of any subscription liability. Subscription assets are reported with other capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

F. Utility Revenues

Utility revenues are based on cycle billings rendered monthly to customers. The Water and Wastewater Utilities accrue an estimate of revenues at the end of the fiscal year for services sold but not billed on such date. All other utilities do not accrue revenue of any fiscal period for services sold but not yet billed at such date as such amounts are not material.

G. Statement of Cash Flows

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Municipality has defined cash as the demand deposits and all investments maintained in the central treasury (regardless of maturity period), because the funds use the pool essentially as a demand deposit account. The Utilities report certain cash balances in central treasury as restricted or reserved assets for specific purposes. These balances are considered cash for the purposes of the statement of cash flows.

H. Use of Estimates

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. This also requires the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant accounting estimates include those for the allowance for uncollectible accounts, reserves for claims incurred but not reported for self-insured general liability/workers' compensation and medical and dental plans, changes in assumptions for pension and OPEB plans, and landfill closure liability.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, ACCOUNTABILITY, AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

The Assembly approves operating budgets and appropriations of direct costs at the department level, and revenues and direct costs at the fund or sub fund level.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, no expenditures exceeded appropriations in the departments of the general fund:

Departmental budgets, original and final, and actual amounts do not include PERS on-behalf expenditures and indirect charges.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

B. Deficit Fund Balance and Deficit Net Position

As of December 31, 2023, an overall deficit fund balance and net deficit position were reported for the following funds:

Major Governmental Funds:

Roads and Drainage Capital Projects Fund \$ (5,123,363)

Non-major Governmental Funds:

Other Restricted Resources \$ (341,133)

Internal Service Funds:

General Liability/Worker's Compensation \$ (15,004,175) Information Technology (10,167,242)

The Roads and Drainage Capital Projects fund reported an overall deficit fund balance because of revenues and other financing sources in excess of expenditures in 2023 not being sufficient to cover the overall deficit fund balance from 2022.

The Other Restricted Resources fund reported an overall deficit fund balance due to more than one year of cumulative expenditures being more than the special assessment revenues. This fund has presented a fund deficit consistently since 2006. The deficit was increased by \$146,243 during 2023.

The General Liability/Worker's Compensation fund again reported an overall net deficit because premiums charged to departments have been insufficient to cover claims, insurance premiums, and administrative costs for many consecutive years.

The Information Technology Fund reported an overall net deficit because for many consecutive years, the charges allocated to other departments have been insufficient to offset the total cost of the information Technology Department, including the cost of the SAP system.

C. Related Party Transaction and Revenue Sharing Agreements - ACDA

Leased Parking Spaces

The Municipality has leased 493 spaces located on five sites to the Authority for a period of 35 years.

Purchased building on 716 West 4th Avenue (Anchorage Police Department (APD))

The Municipality was leasing the building at 716 West 4th Avenue for the APD office until July 31, 2023. On August 1, 2023, the Municipality purchased the building at the total consideration of \$18,000,000.

Anchorage Police Department (APD) Parking Citations

Under a Memorandum of Understanding, ACDA processes parking citations written by the APD, which is part of the Municipality. All citation revenues collected are paid to the APD, and APD then pays ACDA based on the number of citations written and the revenue received. APD was charged \$29,596 for citation processing in 2023; ACDA has a receivable from APD in the amount of \$16,491 on December 31, 2023. ACDA paid APD \$50,484 of citation revenues in 2023. On December 31, 2023, ACDA has a payable to APD of \$35,529.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Municipal Enterprise Service Assessment

Under Anchorage Municipal Code (AMC, or Code) 9.60.125, enacted June 25, 2002, ACDA pays the Municipality a Municipal Enterprise Service Assessment (MESA). The first MESA payment under this ordinance was due in 2003. Payment is calculated by applying the mill rate for the service area (established by the Assembly) to the net book value of the plant in service plus 1.25% of ACDA's gross operating revenue for the preceding year. Gross operating revenue is defined as total operating revenue for the parking services department plus operating revenues plus cash contributions, less operating expenses excluding depreciation in the development department. ACDA paid the Municipality \$591,505 in MESA in 2023.

Revenue Sharing Agreement

Under an MOU, ACDA entered into a revenue sharing agreement in 2009 for the Authority Hall parking lot (Lot) with the Municipality. Beginning January 15, 2010, 58 of the 60 available spaces in the Lot became available to the public weekdays after 6 PM, on weekends and on Municipal Holidays, for a fee. Revenue collection is performed by ACDA. Of the gross parking revenues received, 50% is distributed to ACDA and 50% to the Municipality. Gross revenues paid by ACDA to the Municipality were \$20,668 in 2023. ACDA has a payable as of December 31, 2023, to the Municipality of \$32,608.

Permit Sales

The Municipality of Anchorage purchases parking permits from the Authority. Parking permits purchased by the Municipality were 7,857 in 2023.

D. Related Party Transactions - ASD

The Municipality is responsible for assessing and collecting property taxes and remitting the amount approved by the Assembly to ASD. In addition, there are various services that are performed by the Municipality on behalf of ASD. ASD has a due from the primary government for \$132,201,393 as of June 30, 2023. The following is a summary of related party transactions with ASD:

Property Taxes Collected	
General Fund	\$ 212,394,716
Debt Service Fund	38,661,922
Pupil Transportation Fund	5,634,390
Total Taxes Collected	\$ 256,691,028
Charges for Services: Operations of swimming pools	\$ (41,188)
Joint Property and Liability Insurance: Purchase of a single property and liability policy, which covers both the Municipality and ASD	\$ (3,281,911)

E. Related Party Transactions - Anchorage Convention and Visitors Bureau (ACVB)

The Municipality has an agreement with the Anchorage Convention and Visitors Bureau (ACVB) to manage and operate the Egan Center and the Civic Center. The Municipality collects a 12% gross hotel, motel, bed, and breakfast tax, with 1/3 for the convention centers, 1/3 for tourism, and 1/3 for general purposes. The Municipality remits to ACVB 95% of the 1/3 tourism tax revenue collected, with the remaining 5% withheld as retainage payable. The retainage is paid to ACVB annually if ACVB successfully meets specific performance standards. The Municipality paid ACVB \$12,739,740 for 2023. ACVB met the specific performance standards for 2023 to receive the 5% retainage. The Municipality reported \$670,513 as retainage payable to ACVB at year ended December 31, 2023.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

F. Tax Abatement Agreement

The Municipality enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses under AMC 12.35-Economic Development Property. Under the code, the Municipality may grant property tax exemptions for up to ten years and/or tax deferrals up to five years on deteriorated property or for economic development purposes. The goal of this code is to encourage development or redevelopment projects considered beneficial to the community in locations where tax incentives are necessary to ensure project viability or long-term economic feasibility. As of December 31, 2023, the Municipality had five property tax abatement agreements, so there is no quantitative threshold for disclosure.

Span Alaska Transportation, LLC

The Municipality entered into a tax abatement agreement in November 2019 with Span Alaska Transportation, LLC (Span Alaska) under AMC 12.35 - Economic Development Property. Span Alaska is building a 54,000 square foot cross-dock facility. The Municipality agreed to a five-year exemption of real property taxes on 91% of the taxable value of the improvement for five years beginning on January 1, 2020. Real property taxes exempt for 2023 under this agreement was \$7,418,320.

601 Fifth Ave, LLC

The Municipality entered into a tax abatement schedule on deteriorated property agreement in July 2020 with 601 Fifth Ave, LLC under AMC 12.35 - Economic Development Property to begin in 2021. Real property taxes deferred in 2023 under this agreement were \$0.

Cook Inlet Housing Authority

The Municipality entered into a tax abatement on deteriorated property agreement with the Cook Inlet Housing Authority (CIHA) in March 2021 under AMC 12.35 - Economic Development Property. In 2020, the Assembly designated the Central Spenard Area as deteriorated property. CIHA applied for and was granted a ten-year exemption of real property taxes for five parcels within this area. Real property taxes exempt in 2023 under this agreement were \$0.

Grateful Bread, LLC

The Municipality entered into a tax abatement on deteriorated property agreement with Grateful Bread, LLC in July 2021 under AMC 12.35 - Economic Development Property. Grateful Bread LLC applied for and was granted a ten-year exemption on 100% of the assessed value of the property and improvements, commencing after substantial completion of construction or beneficial occupancy of the improvements. Real property taxes exempt in 2023 under this agreement were \$2,115,900.

The Alaska Hotel Group, 239 W. 4th Avenue, Limited Partnership

The Municipality entered into a tax abatement on deteriorated property agreement with the Alaska Hotel Group in May 2022 under AMC 12.35 - Economic Development Property. Real property taxes exempt in 2023 under this agreement were \$0.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

December 31, 2023, the Municipality had the following cash and investments, with fixed income maturities as noted:

	Fixed Income Investment Maturities (in years)									
		Fair		Less				` -	,	More
Investment Type		Value		Than 1		1 - 5		6 - 10		Than 10
Petty Cash	\$	89,508	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Central Treasury										
Money Market Funds	\$	67,252,999	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Repurchase Agreements		31,239,689		31,239,689		-		-		-
Commercial Paper		42,719,121		42,719,121		-		-		-
Certificates of Deposit		8,573,291		8,573,291		-		-		-
U.S. Treasuries		151,292,205		37,013,275		103,574,260		10,704,670		-
U.S. Agencies		58,156,801		30,839,769		21,719,303		3,231,615		2,366,114
Municipal Bonds		28,886		13,399		-		-		15,487
Asset-Backed Securities**		24,000,338		727,277		13,382,414		1,472,320		8,418,327
Corporate Fixed Income Securities		168,440,460		83,492,932		49,844,373		24,175,054		10,928,101
	\$	551,703,790	\$	234,618,753	\$	188,520,350	\$	39,583,659	\$	21,728,029
MOA Trust Fund:	_		_		_		_		_	
Money Market Funds	\$	1,641,791	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Bank Loan Investments		22,235,010		-		-		22,235,010		-
Emerging Markets Debt		20,806,320		-		-		-		20,806,320
Fixed Income Funds		45,992,655		-		-		-		45,992,655
Corporate Fixed Income Securities		5,697,447		-		-		5,697,447		- - 000 204
U.S. Treasuries		19,747,713		-		-		13,781,319		5,966,394
U.S. Agencies		19,561,568		-		-		-		19,561,568
Domestic Equities & Equity Funds		135,802,203		-		-		-		-
International Equities & Equity Funds		87,654,825		-		-		-		-
Real Estate Funds	\$	50,841,806 409,981,338	Φ.		\$		\$	41,713,776	\$	92,326,937
	Φ	409,961,336	φ		φ		Ф	41,713,770	φ	92,320,937
Police & Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund:										
Money Market Funds	\$	1,572,890	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Certificate of Deposit		7,711,875		1,711,783		6,000,092		-		-
U.S. Treasuries		5,005,453		985,391		4,020,062		-		-
U.S. Agencies		4,746,258		249,307		4,496,951		-		-
Fixed Income Funds		952,622		-		169,373		673,969		109,280
International Fixed Income		285,424		-		-		285,424		-
Domestic Equities & Equity Funds		1,739,407		-		-		-		-
International Equities & Equity Funds		1,177,729		-		-		-		-
	\$	23,191,658	\$	2,946,481	\$	14,686,478	\$	959,393	\$	109,280

^{*} Funds collected by AWWU from ratepayers and held by a third party until determination is made on a proposed customer rate increase by regulating authorities. If the rate increase is approved, the funds will be available to AWWU. If the rate increase is denied, the funds will be refunded to the ratepayers/customers.

^{**} Includes asset-backed securities, residential and commercial mortgage-backed securities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Fixed Income Investment Maturities (in years) Fair Less More Investment Type Value Than 1 Than 10 Police & Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund: Money Market Funds 136,984 \$ \$ \$ \$ Fixed Income Funds 8,678,631 8,678,631 Domestic Equities & Equity Funds 12,865,833 International Equities & Equity Funds 9,392,558 Real Estate Funds 2,854,815 \$ 33,928,821 \$ 8,678,631 Police & Fire Retirement Pension Trust Fund: 200,000 \$ \$ \$ \$ Money Market Funds 9,434,101 Corporate Fixed Income Securities 64,098,343 9,857,213 32,054,577 20,829,195 1,357,358 U.S. Treasuries 1,042,269 1,042,269 Domestic Equities & Equity Funds 131,239,044 International Equities & Equity Funds 85,303,801 Real Estate Funds 48,239,297 339,556,855 \$ 10,899,482 32,054,577 20,829,195 1,357,358 Anchorage Regional Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Reserve Liability Fund: Money Market Funds \$ 401 \$ \$ \$ - \$ U.S. Fixed Income Fund 9,718,425 9,718,425 Domestic Equities & Equity Funds 6,034,495 International Equities & Equity Funds 3,982,754 9,718,425 19,736,075 CIVICVentures Component Unit Money Market Funds \$ 28,075 \$ \$ \$ \$ U.S. Treasuries 1,695,491 1,695,491 U.S. Agencies*** 12,127,846 6,026,220 6,101,626 13,851,412 7,721,711 6,101,626 \$ \$ Total Cash and Investments 241,363,031 1,392,039,457 256,186,427 \$ 121.483.079 \$ 115.521.604

^{***} U.S. Agencies include debt securities from both government bonds and U.S. Agencies

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The following table details total investments by area for the Municipality as of December 31, 2023:

Governmental Activities	
Cash	\$ 83,133
Cash and investments in central treasury	374,576,303
Current Restricted:	
Investments	458,473,713
Total Governmental Activities Cash and Investments	\$ 833,133,149
Business-type Activities	
Cash	\$ 6,375
Cash and investments in central treasury	127,727,753
Current Restricted:	
Equity in bond and grant capital acquisition and construction pool	37,886,511
Noncurrent Restricted:	
Restricted equity in general cash pool - customer deposits	435,095
Cash legal settlement set aside	1,950,000
Landfill post closure cash reserve	19,736,075
Investments for operations	3,000,000
Revenue bond reserve investment	5,273,936
Total Business-type Activities Cash and Investments	\$ 196,015,745
Fiduciary Funds	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 80,503
Investments	362,810,060
Total Fiduciary Funds Cash and Investments	\$ 362,890,563
Total Investments	\$ 1,392,039,457

The following details total accrued interest in cash and investment for the Municipality as of December 31, 2023:

Investment Pool

Central Treasury	\$ 3,970,017
MOA Trust Fund	743,743
Police & Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund	61,548
Police & Fire Retirement Pension Trust Fund	743,000
CIVICVentures Component Unit	16,154
Total Accrued Interest - Cash and Investments	\$ 5,534,462
Governmental Activities	\$ 3,636,051
Business-type Activities	1,093,863
Fiduciary Funds	804,548
	\$ 5,534,462

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

A. Municipal Central Treasury

The Municipality manages its Central Treasury in four portfolios; one internally managed portfolio and three externally managed duration portfolios based on liability duration and cash needs: working capital, contingency reserve and strategic reserve.

The Municipality maintains a comprehensive policy over cash and investments that is designed to mitigate risks while maximizing investment return and providing for operating liquidity. Pursuant to Anchorage Municipal Code (AMC) 6.50.030, the Municipality requires investments to meet specific rating and issuer requirements.

Both externally and internally managed investments are subject to the primary investment objectives outlined in AMC 6.50.030, in priority order as follows: safety of principal, liquidity, return on investment and duration matching. Consistent with these objectives, AMC 6.50.030 authorizes investments that meet the following rating and issuer requirements:

- Obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, U.S. agencies or U.S. government-sponsored corporations and agencies.
- Corporate debt securities that are guaranteed by the U.S. government or the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as to principal and interest.
- Taxable and tax-exempt municipal securities having a long-term rating of at least A- by a nationally recognized rating agency or taxable or tax-exempt municipal securities having a short-term rating of at least A-1 by Standard & Poor's, P-1 by Moody's, or F-1 by Fitch.
- Debt securities issued and guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and rated AAA by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Commercial paper, excluding asset-backed commercial paper, rated at least A-1 by Standard & Poor's, P-1 by Moody's, or F-1 by Fitch.
- Bank debt obligations, including unsecured certificates of deposit, notes, time deposits, and bankers'
 acceptances (with maturities of not more than 365 days), and deposits with any bank, the short-term
 obligations of which are rated at least A-1 by Standard & Poor's, P-1 by Moody's, or F-1 by Fitch and which
 is either:
 - a) Incorporated under the laws of the United States of America, or any state thereof, and subject to supervision and examination by federal or state banking authorities; or
 - b) Issued through a foreign bank with a branch or agency licensed under the laws of the United States of America, or any state thereof, or under the laws of a country with a Standard & Poor's sovereign rating of AAA, or a Moody's sovereign rating for bank deposits of Aaa, or a Fitch national rating of AAA, and subject to supervision and examination by federal or state banking authorities.
- Repurchase agreements secured by obligations of the U.S. government, U.S. agencies, or U.S. governmentsponsored corporations and agencies.
- Dollar denominated corporate debt instruments rated BBB- or better (investment grade) by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another nationally recognized rating agency.
- Dollar denominated corporate debt instruments rated lower than BBB- (non-investment grade) by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another nationally recognized rating agency, including emerging markets.
- Dollar denominated debt instruments of foreign governments rated BBB- or better (investment grade) by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another nationally recognized rating agency.
- Asset-Backed Securities (ABS), excluding commercial paper, collateralized by: credit cards, automobile loans, leases and other receivables which must have a credit rating of AA- or above by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another nationally recognized rating agency.
- Mortgage-Backed Securities, including generic mortgage-backed pass-through securities issued by Ginnie Mae, Freddie Mac, and Fannie Mae, as well as non-agency mortgage-backed securities, Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMOs), or Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities (CMBS), which must have a credit rating of AA- or better by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another nationally recognized rating agency.
- Debt issued by the Tennessee Valley Authority.
- Money market mutual funds rated Am or better by Standard & Poor's, or the equivalent by another nationally recognized rating agency, as long as they consist of allowable securities as outlined above.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

- The Alaska Municipal League Investment Pool (AMLIP), except that the Working Capital portfolio may not be invested in AMLIP.
- Mutual funds consisting of allowable securities as outlined above.
- Interfund loans from a Municipal Cash Pool to a Municipal Fund.

In addition to providing a list of authorized investments, AMC 06.50.030 specifically prohibits investment in the following:

- Structured investment vehicles.
- Asset-Backed commercial paper.
- · Short sales.
- Securities not denominated in U.S. Dollars.
- Commodities.
- Real estate investments.
- Derivatives, except "to be announced" forward mortgage-backed securities (TBAs) and derivatives for which payment is guaranteed by the U.S. government or an agency thereof.

The Investment Management Agreement (IMA) for each external manager and the policy and procedures (P&P) applicable to the internally managed investments provide additional guidelines for each portfolio's investment mandate. The IMA limits the concentration of investments for the Working Capital Portfolio at the time new investments are purchased as follows, with year-end concentrations listed for 2023:

		Working Capital Portfolio
Investment Type	Concentration Limit	Holding % at December 31, 2023
U.S. Government Securities*	Maximum of 100% of investment portfolio	40%
Repurchase Agreements	Maximum of 50% of investment portfolio	10%
Certificates of Deposit	Maximum of 25% of investment portfolio	3%
	Maximum 5% per issuer	
Commercial Paper	Maximum of 25% of investment portfolio Maximum 5% per issuer	14%
Bankers Acceptances	Maximum of 25% of investment portfolio	0%
	Maximum 5% per issuer	
Corporate Fixed Income, Corporate Floating Rate and	Maximum of 35% of investment portfolio	29%
Variable Rate Debt Securities**	Maximum 5% per issuer	
Corporate Floating Rate and Variable Rate Debt	Maximum of 25% of Corporate Securities	0%
Securities***	Maximum 5% per issuer	
Taxable & tax-exempt municipal debt securities	Maximum of 15% of investment portfolio	0%
	Maximum 5% per issuer	
Dollar denominated debt of foreign governments and	Maximum of 10% of investment portfolio	0%
the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD)	Maximum 5% per issuer	
Money Market Mutual Funds****	Maximum of 25% of investment portfolio	4% 100%

^{*}Includes debt obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, U.S. agencies or U.S. government-sponsered corporations and agencies.

^{**}The maximum exposure to Corporate fixed, floating and variable rate debt securities in the Working Capital Portfolio is 35 percent.

^{***}Corporate floating rate and variable rate debt securities must be 25% or less of the total of Corporate debt securities.

Corporate Fixed Income Debt Securities must have a final maturity within one (1) year of purchase, and Corporate Fixed Income Debt Securities must have a final maturity within one (1) year of purchase, and Corporate Fixed Income Debt Securities must have a final maturity within one (1) year of purchase, and Corporate Fixed Income Debt Securities must be 25% or less of the total of Corporate Debt Securities must be 25% or less of the total of Corporate Debt Securities must be 25% or less of the total of Corporate Debt Securities must be 25% or less of the total of Corporate Debt Securities must be 25% or less of the total of Corporate Debt Securities must be 25% or less of the total of Corporate Debt Securities must be 25% or less of the total of Corporate Debt Securities must be 25% or less of the total of Corporate Debt Securities must be 25% or less of the total of Corporate Debt Securities must be 25% or less of the 15% of th

Corporate Fixed Income Debt Securities must have a final maturity within one (1) year of purchase, and Corporate Floating Rate or Variable Rate Debt Securities must have a final maturity within two (2) years of purchase

Taxable and Tax-Exempt Municipal Debt Securities must have a final maturity within two (2) years of purchase.

^{****}The Working Capital portfolio may not be invested in AMLIP.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The P&P limits the concentration of investments for the internally managed portfolio at the time new investments are purchased as follows, with year-end concentrations listed for 2023:

Investment Type	Concentration Limit	Holding % at December 31, 2023
U.S. Government Securities*	50% to 100% of investment portfolio	39%
Money Market Mutual Funds	0% to 25% of investment portfolio	61%
		100%

^{*}Includes debt obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, U.S. agencies or U.S. government-sponsered corporations.

B. MOA Trust Fund

The MOA Trust Fund (MOA Trust) has a long-term investment horizon and accepts near term market volatility to maximize rates of return through a balanced investment approach utilizing both equity and fixed income instruments.

To preserve the purchasing power of the corpus and to maximize the rates of return over time, the MOA Trust is authorized to invest in the following equity and fixed income instruments pursuant to AMC 6.50.030, 6.50.060, and the MOA Trust investment policy:

- All investments eligible for purchase by the Anchorage Central Treasury.
- Publicly traded equity investments.
- Debt instruments issued by the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities, and debt instruments that have been issued by domestic and non-domestic entities, subject to the following criteria:
 - a) No more than 5 percent of the fixed income portfolio may be invested in the fixed income securities of a single issuer, with the exception of the U.S. government, its agencies, and instrumentalities.
 - b) No more than 10 percent of the fixed income portfolio may be invested in domestic fixed income securities rated less than BBB- by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another nationally recognized rating agency.
 - c) No more than 30 percent of the fixed income portfolio may be invested in investment grade dollar denominated fixed income securities issued by non-domestic entities.
 - d) No more than 5 percent of the MOA Trust may be invested in non-dollar denominated fixed income securities.
- Real estate investments in a diversified portfolio of institutional quality, income producing properties held in a collective investment vehicle which limits the MOA Trust's liability.
- Alternative basket clause investments utilizing special purpose investment vehicles.
- Fixed income derivative instruments used in an unlevered manner to implement portfolio strategies consistent with other authorized investments.
- Cash and cash equivalents, including but not limited to repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, and shares in money market or short-term investment funds consistent with the investment criteria outlined above.
- Mutual funds or other commingled investment vehicles that predominantly consist of the authorized investments listed above.

^{**}The internally Managed Portfolio contained an excess of cash equivalents at December 31, 2023 in anticipation of planned spending. on debt service and a large cash payout to the Anchorage School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The MOA Trust investment policy limits the concentration of investments as follows:

	Lower	Strategic	Upper	Investment Holding %
Investment Type	Limit	Allocation	Limit	at December 31, 2023
Domestic Equities	26%	31%	36%	33%
International Equities	18%	22%	26%	21%
Fixed Income (excluding TIPS)	21%	24%	27%	22%
Emerging Markets	0%	5%	8%	5%
Private Credit	0%	5%	8%	6%
Real Estate	10%	13%	16%	13%
				100%

When the concentration of investments falls outside of the limits set by the investment policy, cash inflows and outflows are deployed so that the portfolio can be returned to its target strategic allocation. Transactions may also be made if cash flows are insufficient to return the portfolio to its target allocation within 12 months.

The MOA Trust provides further diversification within the domestic equity allocation by using a passive core position indexed to the S&P 500 Index, with separate growth and value portfolios. The aggregation of all the large capitalization portfolios is balanced to avoid any produced style bias, and a separate small cap portfolio is utilized. According to AMC 06.50.060 and the investment policy:

- No more than 5 percent of the voting stock of any corporation may be acquired by the Trust.
- Within the domestic equity portfolio, holdings in any one company should not exceed the greater of 5 percent of the respective portfolio or 1.5 times the stock's weighting in the S&P 500 (or other appropriate stock index) at the time of purchase.
- Within the international equity portfolio, holdings in any one company should not exceed more than 5 percent of the international equity portfolio. Countries represented by the Morgan Stanley Capital International All Country World Index (MSCI-ACW ex-U.S.), as well as emerging markets, are available for investment. Allocations between countries are expected to be diversified.
- Investments in fixed income instruments may not exceed 5 percent for a single issuer, excluding securities issued by the U.S. government or agencies thereof.

C. Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund

The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund investment objective is to preserve the long-term, real purchasing power of assets while providing a relatively predictable and growing stream of annual distributions in support of the organization. Consistent with these objectives, the portfolio shall be invested to maximize total investment returns, within the constraints of a prudent level of risk and diversification, and to provide funding for present and anticipated future obligations.

In accordance with its investment policy, Member Allocated Funds of the Police and Fire Medical Trust must be invested in cash equivalents and/or a series of laddered certificates of deposit from FDIC insured banks, U.S. Treasury and Government Agency bonds. The Trust's general funds may be invested in the following instruments:

- Domestic equities.
- International equities.
- Domestic (dollar-denominated) investment grade fixed income securities.
- International investment grade fixed income securities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust investment policy controls risk by stipulating that the following investments are prohibited:

- Purchasing securities on margin or executing short sales.
- Pledging or hypothecating securities, except for loans of securities that are fully collateralized.
- Purchasing or selling, derivative securities, or funds that invest in derivative securities for speculation or leverage.
- Engaging in investment strategies that have the potential to amplify or distort the risk of loss beyond a level that is reasonably expected given the objectives of the Portfolio.

The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust investment policy limits the concentration of its investments as follows:

	Target	Investment Holding % at
Investment Type	Allocation	December 31, 2023
General Funds:		
Equities	70%	
Domestic Equities	42%	42%
International Equities	28%	28%
Fixed Income	30%	
Domestic Fixed Income	23%	23%
International Fixed Income	7%	7%_
		100%

Investment Type	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Investment Holding % at December 31, 2023
Member Allocated Funds:			
U.S. Treasuries	23%	33%	26%
Government Agencies	20%	30%	25%
Certificate of Deposit	35%	45%	41%
Cash Equivalents	4%	10%	8%
			100%

^{*}Cash Equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that have both of the following characteristics:

- 1. Readily convertible to known amounts of cash.
- 2. So near their maturity that they present insignificant risks of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

Generally, only investments original maturities of three months or less qualify under that definition. Original maturity means to the original maturity to the entity holding the investment.

Examples commonly considered to be cash equivalents are Treasury bills, commercial paper, and money market funds.

Rebalancing will occur within a reasonable amount of time when the allocations fall outside of the ranges specified above.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

D. Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund

The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund's investment objectives reflect the long-term nature of the Fund as well as its shorter-term liquidity needs. Its investment policy seeks growth of assets by combining equity, fixed income, and real estate for a balanced approach that emphasizes total return while avoiding excessive risk.

In accordance with its investment policy, the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund may invest in the following investment instruments:

- Domestic equities.
- International equities.
- Fixed income securities.
- · Real estate equities.
- Cash.

The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund investment policy limits the concentration of investments as follows:

	Lower	Upper	Investment Holding %
Investment Type	Limit	Limit	at December 31, 2023
Domestic Equities	34%	44%	38%
International Equities	22%	30%	28%
Fixed Income	22%	28%	26%
Real Estate	6%	14%	8%
Cash & Cash Equivalents	0%	5%	0%
			100%

E. Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust Fund

The investment objectives of the Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust Fund are to be viewed over the long term with investments in both equity and fixed income instruments utilized to maximize return while maintaining acceptable levels of risk and adequate liquidity for payment of benefits. When evaluating the risk and return tradeoffs of potential investments, safety of principal is a key selection criterion.

In accordance with its investment policy, the Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust may invest in the following types of securities, as long as they are traded on one of the major security exchanges or in the over-the-counter market:

- Domestic and international equities.
- Fixed income securities.
- Exchange-listed derivatives, subject to Board approval.
- Collateralized mortgage securities or mortgage-backed securities which have a Flow Uncertainty Index score
 of 15 or less.
- Cash and money market instruments.

The Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust's investment policy also prohibits the following investments:

- Letter stocks.
- Short sales.
- Tax exempt bonds that do not exceed the return on taxable bonds of equivalent duration and credit quality.
- Private placements other than Rule 144A securities with registration rights.
- Non-exchange-listed derivatives.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust limits the concentration of its investments as follows:

	Lower	Upper	Investment Holding %
Investment Type	Limit	Limit	at December 31, 2023
Domestic Equities:			
Large Cap Core	6%	12%	9%
Large Cap Growth	6%	12%	9%
Large Cap Value	7%	13%	8%
Small Cap Growth	4%	8%	6%
Small/Mid Cap Value	4%	8%	6%
International Equities:			
MSCI ACWI ex US	9.5%	15.5%	13%
Growth	9.5%	15.5%	13%
Fixed Income:			
Domestic Fixed Income	15%	28%	19%
Real Estate Funds:			
Open Ended Property Fund	2%	9%	5%
Farmland	2%	8%	5%
UBS-TPI	1%	7%	4%
Cash & Cash Equivalents:			
Cash Equivalents	0%	4%	3%
			100%

The Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust established further diversification for its portfolio through the following investment policy guidelines:

- No individual portfolio position shall constitute more than the greater of 5 percent of the security's weight in the agreed upon market index, plus 2 percent, unless specifically authorized by the Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust's investment board.
- Listed American Depository Receipts shall constitute no more than 20 percent of the market value of the assets controlled by any fund manager.
- Commercial paper must be rated P-1 by Moody's or A-1 by Standard and Poor's.
- The average credit rating for the fixed income portfolio must be at least BBB+ by both Moody's and Standard and Poor's, and no more than 20 percent of the fixed income portfolio may be in issues rated lower than Baa by Moody's or BBB by Standard and Poor's at the time of purchase.

F. Anchorage Regional Landfill Closure and Post-closure Reserve Liability Fund

Funds set aside to pay for the closure and post-closure maintenance of the Anchorage Regional Landfill were transferred from the MOA Central Treasury to a separate investment portfolio in 2017, per assembly ordinance.

The Anchorage Regional Landfill Closure and Post-closure Reserve Liability Fund investment policy is designed to insure funds are available to meet current and future needs of the fund, while minimizing costs incurred in managing and administering the assets, and earning the maximum rate of return that can be realistically achieved with an acceptable level of risk, in order to minimize future contributions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Anchorage Regional Landfill Closure and Post-closure Reserve Liability Fund limits the concentration of its investments as follows:

	Lower	Target	Upper	Investment Holding %
Investment Type	Limit	Allocation	Limit	at December 31, 2023
Domestic Equities	24%	30%	36%	30%
International Equities	16%	20%	24%	20%
Domestic Fixed Income	45%	50%	55%	50%
		100%		100%

G. CIVICVentures Component Unit

CIVICVentures (the "Corporation") was established and incorporated on April 22, 2005 as a nonprofit corporation under the laws of the State of Alaska as approved by Anchorage Assembly Resolution 2005-145. The Corporation was created for the purpose of owning, financing, constructing, and holding title to a new civic and convention center and related facilities.

Construction of the new facility was financed through the issuance of long-term, tax-exempt revenue bonds. Upon retirement of the bonds, CIVICVentures will transfer title of the facility to the Municipality.

The Corporation is funded through collection of contractual payments from the Municipality. In April 2005, Anchorage voters approved a four percent points increase, from 8 percent to 12 percent, to the "Hotel/Motel and Bed & Breakfast Room Tax" for the dedicated purpose of funding and financing the activities associated with the Dena'ina Convention Center construction and related debt service, as well as renovation and operation of the existing Egan Civic and Convention Center. The tax is collected by the Municipality and remitted to the Corporation along with the additional pledged taxes pursuant to the Use Agreement between the Municipality and the Corporation.

The Corporation is a blended component unit of the Municipality but exists independently of and separately from the Municipality. Component unit status is based on Mayoral appointment of the five-member board of directors, two of whom must be executive employees of the Municipality. Management and accounting services are also provided by the Municipality. In addition, because the Corporation provides services exclusively for the benefit of the Municipality and its citizenry, the Corporation is deemed a blended component unit, and is reported as a separate fund of the Municipality.

The Corporation executed an Indenture of Trust in concert with the issuance of the 2015 revenue bonds. The Indenture of Trust provides for the creation of various Trust accounts as follows:

- Debt Service Fund to be used for payment of principal and interest on the specified payment due dates.
- Debt Service Reserve Fund to be used for debt service payments if the Debt Service Fund is insufficient.

All funds within the Trust are invested by the Trustee pursuant to instructions by the Treasurer of the Corporation. The Corporation ensures the preservation of investment principal by following Anchorage Municipal code 6.50.030 and related investment policy. (P&P 24-11)

H. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The externally managed portfolios of the Municipal Central Treasury, the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust, and the Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust utilize the duration method to measure exposure to interest rate risk.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Duration is a measure of an investment's sensitivity to interest rate changes and represents the sensitivity of an investment's market price to a one percent change in interest rates. The effective duration of an investment is determined by its expected future cash flows, factoring in uncertainties introduced through options, prepayments, and variable rates. The effective duration of a pool is the average fair value weighted effective duration of each security in the pool.

AMC 6.50.030 requires the Working Capital Portfolio have a duration of zero to 270 days. At December 31, 2023, the Working Capital Portfolio had a duration of 0.14 years, or approximately 51 days, and was within the targeted duration. AMC 6.50.030 also requires that the Contingency Reserve Portfolio have an average duration within half a year of its benchmark. At December 31, 2023, the Contingency Reserve Portfolio had a duration of 1.80 years as compared to its benchmark, Barclays 1-3 Year Government Index, which had a duration of 1.83 years. AMC 6.50.030 requires the Strategic Reserve Portfolio have a maximum duration no greater than one year in excess of its benchmark. At December 31, 2023, the Strategic Reserve Portfolio had a duration of 3.21 years as compared to its benchmark, Barclays Intermediate Government/Corporate Index, which had a duration of 3.59 years.

The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust's investment policy requires that the weighted average duration of its fixed income portfolio be within 20 percent of the Barclays Capital Aggregate Index. At December 31, 2023, the duration of the index was 6.43 years and the duration of the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust's fixed income portfolio, exclusive of member-allocated funds invested in U.S. Treasuries, was 6.46 years, which is within the required duration per the policy.

The Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust's investment policy states that the total fixed income portfolio's weighted average duration cannot exceed 120 percent of the market's duration utilizing the Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index. At December 31, 2023, the duration of the Barclays Capital Aggregate Index was 6.24 years, and the duration of the Police and Fire Retirement Trust's fixed income portfolio was 3.79 years, which is within the required duration per the policy.

All other funds disclose interest rate risk through the segmented time distribution tables within this note, which categorize fixed income investments according to their maturities. The Anchorage Regional Landfill Closure and Post-closure Reserve Liability Fund, the CIVICVentures Component Unit, the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund, and the MOA Trust Fund do not have investment policies addressing interest rate risk.

I. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. For fixed income securities, this risk is generally expressed as a credit rating.

At December 31, 2023, the Municipal Central Treasury's investment in marketable debt securities, excluding U.S. Treasuries, totaled \$250,626,485. The distribution of ratings on these securities was as follows:

Mood	dy's	S&F)
Aaa	18%	AAA	6%
Aa	3%	AA	14%
Α	23%	Α	18%
Baa	27%	BBB	35%
Ba or Lower	12%	BB or Lower	10%
Not Rated	17%	Not Rated	17%
	100%	- -	100%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

At December 31, 2023, the MOA Trust's investment in marketable debt securities, excluding U.S. Treasuries, totaled \$92,057,990. The distribution of ratings on these securities was as follows:

Mood	dy's	S&F)
Aaa	0%	AAA	0%
Aa	0%	AA	0%
Α	56%	Α	54%
Baa	0%	BBB	2%
Ba or Lower	23%	BB or Lower	23%
Not Rated	21%	Not Rated	21%
	100%	_	100%

At December 31, 2023, the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust had an investment of \$952,622 in commingled domestic fixed income funds with a weighted average credit quality rating of AA-, and an investment of \$285,424 in commingled international fixed income funds with a weighted average credit quality rating of A+.

At December 31, 2023, the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund had an investment of \$5,199,259 in commingled fixed income funds with a weighted average credit quality rating of AA, and an investment of \$3,479,372 in commingled fixed income funds with a weighted average credit quality rating of AA.

At December 31, 2023, the Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust's total fixed income portfolio had a weighted average rating of Baa1 by Moody's. The Police and Fire Retirement Trust's investment in marketable debt securities, excluding U.S. Treasury and Agency Securities, totaled \$64,098,343.

At December 31, 2023, the Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust's total fixed income portfolio had a weighted average rating of A3 by Moody's. The Police and Fire Retirement Trust's investment in marketable debt securities, excluding U.S. Treasury and Agency Securities, totaled \$63,040,441, with ratings distributed as follows:

Moody's							
Aaa	10%						
Aa	2%						
Α	31%						
Baa	41%						
Ba or Lower	2%						
Not Rated	14%						
	100%						
i							

At December 31, 2023, the Anchorage Regional Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Reserve Liability Fund had one investment totaling \$9,683,774 in fixed income funds that were rated AA-.

At December 31, 2023, CIVICVentures' government agency investments were rated "Aaa" by Moody's and "AA+" by Standard and Poor's. CIVICVentures' money market funds were rated "Aaa" by Moody's.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an entity's investment in a single issuer. GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure when the amount invested in a single issuer exceeds 5 percent or more of total investments. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, as well as mutual funds and other pooled investments, are exempted from this requirement.

At December 31, 2023, the MOA Central Treasury, MOA Trust, the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund, and the Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust, had no investments in any single issuer exceeding 5 percent of total investments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust had more than 5 percent of its investments held with the Federal Home Loan Bank. These investments were 14.25 percent of the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust's total investments.

The Anchorage Regional Landfill Closure and Post-closure Reserve Liability Fund has no policy regarding concentration of holdings with a single issuer. The Anchorage Regional Landfill Closure and Post-closure Reserve Liability Fund had no investments in any single issuer exceeding 5 percent of total investments.

At December 31, 2023, more than 5% of the CIVICVentures' investments were held with Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Tennessee Valley Authority, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. These investments are 49.29%, 14.22%, 11.41%, 6.62%, and 6.00%, respectively, of the Corporation's total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk, in event of the failure of a depository institution, that an entity will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk, in event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, that an entity will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party.

All collateral consists of obligations issued, or fully insured or guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest, by the United States of America, an agency thereof or a United States government sponsored corporation, with market value not less than the collateralized deposit balances.

AMC 6.50.030 requires that repurchase agreements be secured by obligations of the U.S. government, U.S. agencies, or U.S. government-sponsored corporations and agencies.

As of December 31, 2023, the Municipality of Anchorage holds deposits in the amount of \$280,235 that are not covered by depository insurance and are collateralized with securities held by KeyBank's agent but not in the name of the Municipality of Anchorage.

J. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely impact the fair value of an investment. The Municipality has no specific policy addressing foreign currency risk; however foreign currency risk is managed through the requirements of AMC 6.50.030 and the asset allocation policies of each portfolio.

The Municipal Central Treasury is not exposed to foreign currency risk because AMC 6.50.030 explicitly prohibits the purchase of securities not denominated in U.S. Dollars. At December 31, 2023, all debt obligations held in the Municipal Central Treasury were payable in U.S. Dollars.

The MOA Trust Fund, the Police & Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund, the Police & Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund, the Police & Fire Retirement Pension Trust Fund, and the Anchorage Regional Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Reserve Liability Fund all invest in dollar-denominated exchange traded international equity funds, which are broadly diversified across currencies, which effectively limits the foreign currency risk.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Municipality has the following foreign currency risk measurements as of December 31, 2023:

			F	air Value at
			De	ecember 31,
Fund	Investment	Currency		2023
MOA Trust Fund:	Europacific Growth Equity Fund	Various	\$	43,522,466
	Vanguard International Value Fund	Various		44,132,359
Total MOA Trust Fund				87,654,825
Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund:	Vanguard Total International Bond Index Fund	Various	\$	285,434
	Vanguard Total International Stock Index Fund	Various		1,177,729
Total Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fu	und			1,463,163
Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund:	Europacific Growth Equity Fund	Various	\$	4,681,170
	Vanguard International Value Fund	Various		4,711,388
Total Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability	Fund			9,392,558
Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust Fund:	Capital Guardian International Equity Fund	Various	\$	42,587,307
	Lazard Asset International Equity	Various		42,716,494
Total Police & Fire Retirement Pension Trust	Fund			85,303,801
Anchorage Regional Landfill Closure and Post-Clo	osure Reserve Liability Fund:			
	Vanguard Total International Stock Index Fund	Various	\$	3,982,755
Total Anchorage Regional Landfill Closure and	d Post-Closure Reserve Liability Fund:			3,982,755
T. 1. 15 . 1 . 2			_	107 707 100
Total Foreign Currency Risk			\$	187,797,102

K. Fair Value Measurements

At December 31, 2023, the Municipality had the following cash and investments, valued as follows:

- Asset-backed securities are valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings.
- Bank loan investment funds are valued at Net Asset Value (NAV) of units held. The NAV is used as a practical
 expedient to estimate fair value. The NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying investments held by
 the fund less its liability.
- Certificates of deposit are valued at the daily price quoted by the financial institution holding the investment for the Municipality.
- Commercial paper is valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings.
- Domestic equities are valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities traded.
- Fixed income securities, including corporate bonds, are valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings.
- Commingled funds are valued at NAV of units held. The NAV is used as a practical expedient to estimate fair value. The NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying investments held by the fund less its liability. The practical expedient is not used when it is determined to be probable that the fund will sell the investment for an amount different than the reported NAV.
- Domestic equity funds are valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual funds traded.
- Emerging market debt funds are valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual funds traded.
- Fixed income funds are valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual funds traded.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

- Fixed income funds (MOA Trust) are valued at NAV of units held. The NAV is used as a practical expedient
 to estimate fair value. The NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying investments held by the fund less
 its liability.
- International equity funds are valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual funds traded.
- Municipal bonds are valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings.
- Real estate funds are valued at NAV of units held. The NAV is used as a practical expedient to estimate fair value. The NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying investments held by the fund less its liability. This practical expedient is not used when it is determined to be probable that the fund will sell the investment for an amount different than the reported NAV.
- Repurchase agreements are valued at the daily closing price as reported using the daily price quoted by the financial institution holding the investment for the Municipality.
- U.S. treasuries are valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities traded.
- U.S. agencies are valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities.

The Municipality utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs to the extent possible. The Municipality determines fair value based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability in the principle or most advantageous market. When considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, the following fair value hierarchy distinguishes between observable and unobservable inputs, which are categorized in one of the following levels:

- Level 1 Inputs: quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets
- Level 2 Inputs: quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active or inactive markets; or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable
- Level 3 Inputs: significant unobservable inputs for assets or liabilities

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Municipality categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Municipality has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2023:

		Fair Value Measurements Using				
			Quote	ed Prices in		
			Active	Markets for	Sig	nificant Other
		ecember 31,	ldent	ical Assets	Obs	servable Inputs
Investment Type:		2023	(I	Level 1)		(Level 2)
Petty Cash	\$	89,508	\$	-	\$	-
Central Treasury:						
Investments Measured at Fair Value:						
Commercial Paper		42,719,121		-		42,719,121
U.S. Treasuries		151,292,205	1	151,292,205		-
U.S. Agencies		58,156,801		-		58,156,801
Municipal Bonds		28,886		-		28,886
Asset-Backed Securities		24,000,338		-		24,000,338
Corporate Fixed Income Securities		168,440,460		-		168,440,460
		444,637,811	1	151,292,205		293,345,606
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:						
Money Market Funds		67,252,999				
Repurchase Agreements		31,239,689				
Certificates of Deposits		8,573,291				
Total Central Treasury	\$	551,703,790	-			
MOA Trust Fund:			_			
Investments Measured at Fair Value:						
Corporate Fixed Income	\$	5,697,447	\$	-	\$	5,697,447
U.S. Treasuries		19,747,713		19,747,713		_
U.S. Agencies		19,561,568		· · ·		19,561,568
Domestic Equities and Equity Funds		135,802,203	1	135,802,203		-
International Equities and Equity Funds		87,654,825		87,654,825		_
Emerging Markets Debt		20,806,320		20,806,320		_
99		289,270,076	2	264,011,061		25,259,015
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV):						_
Bank Loan Investments Funds		22,235,010				
Fixed Income Funds		45,992,655				
Real Estate Funds		50,841,806				
		119,069,471	_			
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:			-			
Money Market Funds		1,641,791				
Total MOA Trust Fund	\$	409,981,338	_			
	<u> </u>		=			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

	Fair Value Measurements					nents Using	
			Quo	oted Prices in			
			Acti	ve Markets for	Sig	nificant Other	
	December 31,			ntical Assets	Observable Inputs		
Investment Type:				(Level 1)		(Level 2)	
Police & Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund:							
Investments Measured at Fair Value:							
U.S. Treasuries	\$	5,005,453	\$	5,005,453	\$	-	
U.S. Agencies		4,746,258		-		4,746,258	
Fixed Income Funds		952,622		952,622		_	
International Fixed Income Funds		285,424		285,424		_	
Domestic Equities and Equity Funds		1,739,407		1,739,407		_	
International Equities and Equity Funds		1,177,729		1,177,729		-	
, ,		13,906,893		9,160,635		4,746,258	
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:		· · · · ·				· · · · ·	
Money Market Funds		1,572,890					
Certificates of Deposits		7,711,875					
Total Police & Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund	\$	23,191,658	-				
			=				
Police & Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund:							
Investments Measured at Fair Value:							
Fixed Income Funds		8,678,631		8,678,631		-	
Domestic Equities and Equity Funds		12,865,833		12,865,833		-	
International Equities and Equity Funds		9,392,558		9,392,558			
		30,937,022		30,937,022		_	
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV):						_	
Real Estate Funds		2,854,815					
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:							
Money Market Funds		136,984	_				
Total Police & Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund	\$	33,928,821					
Police & Fire Retirement Pension Trust Fund:			_				
Investments Measured at Fair Value:							
U.S. Treasuries	\$	1,042,269	\$	1,042,269	\$	_	
Corporate Fixed Income Securities	Ψ	57,410,890	Ψ	1,042,203	Ψ	57,410,890	
Domestic Equities and Equity Funds		70,776,044		70,776,044		57,410,030	
Bomestic Equities and Equity 1 ands		129,229,203		71,818,313		57,410,890	
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV):		123,223,203		71,010,010		37,410,030	
Corporate Fixed Income Securities		6,687,453					
Domestic Equities and Equity Funds		60,463,001					
International Equities and Equity Funds		85,303,801					
Real Estate Funds		48,239,296					
Near Estate Funds		200,693,551	-				
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:		200,093,331	-				
		200.000					
Cash Manay Market Funda		200,000					
Money Market Funds	•	9,434,101	-				
Total Police and Fire Retiree Pension Trust Fund		339,556,855	-				

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

		Fair Value Measurements I			nents Using	
	Quoted Prices in					
	Active Ma		Active Markets for		nificant Other	
	D	ecember 31,	nber 31, Identical Assets		Obs	ervable Inputs
Investment Type:		2023		(Level 1)		(Level 2)
Anchorage Regional Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Reserve Liability Fund:						
Investments Measured at Fair Value:						
U.S. Fixed Income	\$	9,718,425	\$	-	\$	9,718,425
Domestic Equities and Equity Funds		6,034,495		6,034,495		-
International Equities and Equity Funds		3,982,754		3,982,754		-
		19,735,674		10,017,249		9,718,425
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:						
Money Market Funds		401				
Total Anchorage Regional Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Reserve Fund	\$	19,736,075	-			
CIVICVentures Component Unit:						
Investments Measured at Fair Value:						
U.S. Treasuries	\$	1,695,491	\$	1,695,491	\$	-
U.S. Agencies		12,127,846		-		12,127,846
		13,823,337		1,695,491		12,127,846
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:						
Money Market Funds		28,075				
Total CIVICVentures Component Unit		13,851,412				
Total Cash and Investments	\$	1,392,039,457	_			
Governmental Activities	\$	833,133,149				
Business-Type Activities		196,015,745				
Fiduciary Funds		362,890,563				
·	\$	1,392,039,457	_			
	_		-			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The unfunded commitments and redemption information for the investments reported as NAV for December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Net Asset Value (NAV) Investments		Fair Value	Unfunded Commitment	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Note Period
MOA Trust Fund:				•	
Trumbull Property Fund (d)	\$	9,041,258	\$ -	Quarterly	60 days
FIAM Core Plus LLC (a)		45,992,655	-	Daily	5 Days
Harrison Street Core Property Fund C LP (f)		20,861,798	-	Quarterly	45 days
Invesco U.S. Income Fund L.P. (g)		20,938,750	-	Quarterly	45 days
Pimco Private Income Fund Onshore (h)		22,235,010	-	Annually	90 days
•	\$	119,069,471	-	•	•
			=		
			Unfunded	Redemption	Redemption
Net Asset Value (NAV) Investments		Fair Value	Commitment	Frequency	Note Period
Police & Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund:					
Trumbull Property Fund (d)	\$	2,854,815	\$ -	Quarterly	60 days
Police & Fire Retirement Pension Trust Fund:			=		
Capital Group International All Countries					
Equity Trust (b)	\$	42,587,307	\$ -	Trade Date	3 Days
Lazard International Equity Trust (b)	Ψ	42,716,494	Ψ -	Trade Date	5 Days
EB DV Non-SL Large Cap Growth		42,7 10,404		Hade Date	o Bays
Stock Index Fund of the Bank of					
New York Mellon (c)		30,230,790	_	Trade Date	2 Days
EB DV Non-SL Index Fund of the		00,200,700		nado Bato	2 Days
Bank of New York Mellon (c)		30,232,211	_	Trade Date	2 Days
Trumbull Property Fund (d)		15,923,945	_	Quarterly	60 Days
Agrivest Farmland Fund (d)		18,407,977	_	Quarterly	60 days
Trumbull Property Fund		13,907,374	_	Quarterly	60 days
Barrow, Hanley, Mewhinney & Strauss		,,		,	
High Yield Fixed Income fund (e)		6,687,453	_	Trade Date	2 Days
()	\$:	200,693,551	-		,
		, ,	=		

The fair values of the holdings in NAV investments have been determined using the Net Asset Value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) of the ownership interest in underlying investments. These are open-ended funds, without a pre-determined close date.

- (a) FIAM Core Plus LLC is a fixed income fund investing in investment-grade securities, as well as high-yield debt, emerging market debt, leveraged loans, and high yield commercial mortgage-backed securities. A typical core plus portfolio has 0 percent to 30 percent exposure to non-investment-grade sectors. The fair values of the investments in this fund have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Fund's ownership interest in securities held.
- (b) International commingled equity funds: This type includes funds that invest primarily in equity securities of non-U.S. companies, including those from developed and emerging markets. The fair values of the investments in these funds have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the investments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

- (c) Domestic commingled equity funds: This type includes index funds that invest primarily in equity securities of large capitalization companies. These funds employ an indexing investment approach designed to track the performance of large U.S. companies. The advisor attempts to replicate the target index by investing all or substantially all, of its assets in the stocks that make up the index, holding each stock in approximately the same proportion as its weighting in the index. The fair values of the investment in these funds have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the investments.
- (d) Real estate funds: This type includes three real estate funds that invest primarily in U.S. commercial real estate, U.S. residential real estate, and U.S. farmlands. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the ownership interest in partners' capital.
- (e) Domestic commingled fixed income fund: This fund invests in high-yield domestic corporate debt securities. These debt securities consist of companies with strong management and solid fundamentals, when purchased at reasonable prices and will provide better returns with lower risk than the benchmark index. The fair value of the investment in this fund has been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the investments.
- (f) Harrison Street Core Property Fund is an open-end fund that gets core-grade risk and returns by targeting stabilized, income-producing properties in the student housing, senior housing, medical office and self-storage segments. The majority of the return from the Fund is expected to be realized from current income, with a modest portion of the return to be derived from asset appreciation.
- (g) The Invesco U.S. Income Fund is an open-end fund that pursues a diversified core real estate strategy with the objective of generating consistent, predictable performance while avoiding capital loss. The Fund targets multi-family, retail, industrial and office assets that have in-place high relative income that are located in wellknown primary and secondary markets.
- (h) The Pimco Private Income Fund is a private credit fund that is designed to provide investors with steady and attractive income, using a flexible, multi-sector approach. The Fund's primary investment objective is to maximize current income. Long-term capital appreciation is a secondary objective. The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objectives by investing under normal circumstances at least 65 percent of its total assets in a multi-sector portfolio of Fixed Income Investments of varying maturities, including bonds, debt securities and other similar instruments issued by various U.S. and non-U.S. public- or private sector entities.

L. 49th State Angel Fund Investments

In 2012, the Municipality was allocated \$13.2 million by the U.S. Department of Treasury's State Small Business Credit Initiative (SSBCI) to invest in Anchorage area businesses, the first city in the U.S. to receive such an allocation. Through this program, the Municipality established the 49th State Angel Fund (49SAF) to provide a new source of capital to Anchorage area entrepreneurs as well as spur economic development and encourage the creation of a qualified network of Angel investors. The 49SAF makes equity investments in local startups and small businesses that need additional capital for growth.

The Municipality has invested directly in Anchorage area small businesses and in partner funds, who in turn, administer smaller distributions directly to the Anchorage area small businesses. The fair value of investments is calculated using Net Asset Value (NAV) or its equivalent derived from various financial documents provided to the Municipality on an annual basis. The fair value of 49SAF investments using NAV or its equivalent for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV)

Loans and Convertible Notes	\$ 583,500
Investments in Partners Funds	3,234,452
Equity	182,571
Agreements for Future Equity	504,000
Total Investments Measured at NAV	\$ 4,504,523

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES (Including Loans Receivable)

The Municipality's receivables including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts were reported as follows on December 31, 2023:

	Governmental		Business-type		
		Activities	Activities		Total
Current:					
Property taxes	\$	14,866,481	\$	-	\$ 14,866,481
Motor vehicle taxes		934,034		-	934,034
Hotel and motel taxes		6,285,813		-	6,285,813
Alcohol taxes		1,778,771		-	1,778,771
Tobacco taxes		2,311,822		-	2,311,822
Marijuana taxes		615,413		-	615,413
Fuel product taxes		1,365,610		-	1,365,610
E911 surcharge taxes		975,188		-	975,188
Unbilled reimbursable projects		-		281,494	281,494
Special assessments receivable		1,765,256		107,048	1,872,304
Trade accounts, including internal service funds		18,404,248		19,494,858	37,899,106
Total accounts receivable		49,302,636		19,883,400	69,186,036
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(9,445,570)		(333,816)	(9,779,386)
Total Accounts Receivable, net	\$	39,857,066	\$	19,549,584	\$ 59,406,650
Noncurrent:					
Trade accounts	\$	-	\$	416,927	\$ 416,927
Electric Utility installment sale receivable		-		96,841,316	96,841,316
Land sale promissory note		1,289,357		-	1,289,357
HUD loans (including section 108)		2,140,062		-	2,140,062
Total Accounts Receivable, Leases and Loans, net	\$	3,429,419	\$	97,258,243	\$ 100,687,662

Special assessments and loans are not expected to be collected within one year, except for minor portions due currently.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

Common antal Activities	Ве	ginning Balance January 1,		lmaraaa.	Daara			nding Balance December 31,
Governmental Activities:		2023		Increase	Decre	ase		2023
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Land	\$	1,270,744,491	\$	250,915	\$ (2.43	32,291)	\$	1,268,563,115
Artwork	Ψ	21,906,811	Ψ	2,112,720	Ψ (2,10	-	Ψ	24,019,531
Construction Work in Progress		18,713,738		23,502,933	31 30	7,065		73,613,736
Infrastructure		1,492,791,752		13,193,664	01,00	-		1,505,985,416
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		2,804,156,792		39,060,232	28,96	64,774		2,872,181,798
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated or Amortized								
Buildings and Improvements		791,043,038		21,105,930		-		812,148,968
Equipment		261,727,093		14,296,000	(12,09	95,741)		263,927,352
Infrastructure		613,846,651		17,095,149	(37	77,775)		630,564,025
Intangible ERP		80,344,390		1,371,104		-		81,715,494
Right to use SBITAs		-		5,399,799		-		5,399,799
Right-to-use Leased Land		2,365,071		124,694		-		2,489,765
Right-to-use Leased Buildings		64,504,417		-	(29,68	34,999)		34,819,418
Right-to-use Leased Equipments		6,297,055		-	(13	35,807)		6,161,248
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated or Amortized		1,820,127,715		59,392,676	(42,29	94,322)		1,837,226,069
Less Accumulated Depreciation or Amortization for:								
Buildings and Improvements		525,251,591		16,365,257		-		541,616,848
Equipment		218,549,353		13,451,673	(9,27	72,764)		222,728,262
Infrastructure		352,474,928		10,100,539	(35	6,366)		362,219,101
Intangible ERP		42,027,885		8,034,439		-		50,062,324
Right-to-use SBITAs		-		1,396,364		-		1,396,364
Right-to-use Leased Land		325,956		283,392		-		609,348
Right-to-use Leased Buildings		6,360,234		3,445,683	(2,51	15,344)		7,290,573
Right-to-use Leased Equipments		817,467		782,349		-		1,599,816
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		1,145,807,414		53,859,696	•	14,474)		1,187,522,636
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated or Amortized, Net		674,320,301		5,532,980		19,848)		649,703,433
Total Governmental Activities, Net	\$	3,478,477,093	\$	44,593,212	\$ (1,18	35,074)	\$	3,521,885,231

The Municipality has elected to use the modified approach for its paved road infrastructure network and to depreciate all other infrastructure assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Business-Type Activities:	Be	ginning Balance January 1, 2023	Increase	Decrease	nding Balance December 31, 2023
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:					
Land and Property held for future use	\$	91,988,052	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 91,988,052
Construction Work in Progress		173,030,955	124,694,910	(133,578,380)	164,147,485
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		265,019,007	124,694,910	(133,578,380)	256,135,537
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated or Amortized:					
Distribution and Collection Systems, Infrastructure		1,840,587,034	18,432,018	(1,161,691)	1,857,857,361
Buildings and Improvements		592,870,464	116,495,663	(1,576,099)	707,790,028
Leased Right-to-Use Assets		1,754,267	18,396	(19,969)	1,752,694
SBITAs Right-to-Use Assets		-	28,796	-	28,796
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated or Amortized		2,435,211,765	134,974,873	(2,757,759)	2,567,428,879
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization for:					
Distribution and Collection Systems, Infrastructure		780,288,453	43,020,224	(1,096,673)	822,212,004
Buildings and Improvements		238,965,222	17,798,872	(1,576,099)	255,187,995
Leased Right-to-Use Assets Amortization		110,011	108,960	-	218,971
SBITAs Right-to-Use Assets Amortization		-	9,598	-	9,598
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		1,019,363,686	60,937,654	(2,672,772)	1,077,628,568
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		1,415,848,079	74,037,219	(84,987)	1,489,800,311
Total Business-Type Activities, Net	\$	1,680,867,086	\$ 198,732,129	\$ (133,663,367)	\$ 1,745,935,848

Depreciation and amortization expense of right to use assets was charged to the primary government departments and functions as follows:

	Depreciation	Amortization	Total
Governmental Activities:			
General Government	\$ 11,674,821	\$ 3,591,871	\$ 15,266,692
Fire Services	5,038,668	740,478	5,779,146
Police Services	1,535,300	1,186,064	2,721,364
Health and Human Services	1,113,041	73,768	1,186,809
Economic and Community Development	11,659,513	7,392	11,666,905
Public Transportation	1,318,113	20,022	1,338,135
Public Works	9,861,736	-	9,861,736
Maintenance and Operations of Roads and Facilities	4,942,318	288,193	5,230,511
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 47,143,510	\$ 5,907,788	\$ 53,051,298
Business-Type Activities:			
Water	\$ 12,804,942	\$ 9,615	\$ 12,814,557
Wastewater	12,426,056	3,769	12,429,825
Refuse	2,045,441	-	2,045,441
Solid Waste	5,922,531	56,154	5,978,685
Port	12,974,710	49,020	13,023,730
Municipal Airport	3,693,634	-	3,693,634
Anchorage Hydropower	302,276	-	302,276
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 50,169,590	\$ 118,558	\$ 50,288,148
Depreciation offset by amortization of regulatory liability- contributed			
plant and retirements of group depreciated plant assets			10,649,506
Gross increase in accumulated depreciation and amortization			\$ 60,937,654

Contractual Commitments

Governmental-type major fund Roads and Drainage Capital Project had contractual commitments for capital construction in the amount of \$14.2 million on December 31, 2023. Business-type major funds Water, Wastewater and Port had contractual commitments for capital construction in the amount of \$12.5 million, \$12.9 million, and \$86.8 million, respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

B. Discretely Presented Component Units - Anchorage School District

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	_	inning Balance July 1, 2022	Increase	Decrease		nding Balance une 30, 2023
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:						
Land	\$	42,357,063	\$ _	\$ -	\$	42,357,063
Construction Work in Progress		678,750	39,135,344	(39, 147, 353)		666,741
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		43,035,813	39,135,344	(39,147,353)		43,023,804
Capital Assets Being Depreciated or Amortized:						
Land Improvements		80,639,231	-	(6,900)		80,632,331
Buildings and Equipment		2,022,638,831	43,513,269	(3,505,600)	2	2,062,646,500
Pupil Transportation		22,137,057	-	-		22,137,057
Leased Right-to-Use Assets		37,347,486	768,328	-		38,115,814
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated or Amortized		2,162,762,605	44,281,597	(3,512,500)	- 2	2,203,531,702
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization For:						
Land Improvements		56,273,308	2,087,561	(6,900)		58,353,969
Buildings and Equipment		802,261,718	47,773,899	(2,291,291)		847,744,326
Pupil Transportation		11,337,066	1,140,843	-		12,477,909
Leased Right-to-Use Assets		13,696,333	7,022,201	-		20,718,534
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		883,568,425	58,024,504	(2,298,191)		939,294,738
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated or Amortized, Net		1,279,194,180	(13,742,907)	(1,214,309)	•	1,264,236,964
ASD Capital Assets, Net	\$	1,322,229,993	\$ 25,392,437	\$ (40,361,662)	\$ '	1,307,260,768

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

C. Discretely Presented Component Units - Anchorage Community Development Authority

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, is as follows:

	•	nning Balance uary 1, 2023	Increase	Decrease	Ending Balance December 31, 2023
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:		•			
Land and Land Improvements	\$	15,956,795	\$ -	\$ (3,228,000)	\$ 12,728,795
Capital Assets Being Depreciated or Amortized:					
Parking Garages		62,744,396	66,573	(14,271,751)	48,539,218
Lot Improvements		638,531	-	(46,566)	591,965
Furniture and Fixtures		25,472	-	-	25,472
Equipment and Vehicles		2,363,903	7,210	(53,472)	2,317,641
Parking Meters		113,456	1,036,320	(1,741)	1,148,035
Right-to-Use Leased Vehicles		23,552	-	-	23,552
Right-to-Use Leased Buildings		283,816	-	-	283,816
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated or Amortized		66,193,126	1,110,103	(14,373,530)	52,929,699
Less Accumulated Depreciation or Amortization For:					
Parking Garages		44,719,217	1,622,337	(1,786,922)	44,554,632
Lot Improvements		638,128	404	(46,566)	591,966
Furniture and Fixtures		21,808	1,912	-	23,720
Equipment and Vehicles		1,956,695	181,842	(53,472)	2,085,065
Parking Meters		113,457	-	(1,742)	111,715
Right-to-Use Leased Vehicles		2,944	11,777	-	14,721
Right-to-Use Leased Buildings		113,526	56,763	-	170,289
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Net		47,565,775	1,875,035	(1,888,702)	47,552,108
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated or Amortized, Net		18,627,351	(764,932)	(12,484,828)	5,377,591
ACDA Capital Assets, Net	\$	34,584,146	\$ (764,932)	\$ (15,712,828)	\$ 18,106,386

NOTE 6 - DON YOUNG PORT OF ALASKA MODERNIZATION PROGRAM

The Don Young Port of Alaska (Port) is a Municipality-owned and operated facility that handles half of all Alaska inbound marine freight, some 5.1 million tons of fuel and cargo in 2023, half of which is delivered to final destinations outside of Anchorage. It is critical transportation infrastructure serving regional, statewide, and national commerce, economic development, homeland security and disaster recovery needs. The Port is:

- The intermodal transport hub efficiently connecting Alaska's primary marine, road, rail, pipeline, and air cargo systems.
- The Department of Defense commercial strategic seaport that projects U.S. power across Alaska, the Pacific Rim, and the Arctic.
- Anchorage's only foreign trade zone (FTZ No. 160) that extends U.S. Customs duty benefits to Ted Stevens International Airport and other businesses and sites throughout the region.
- Critical infrastructure that is key to successful implementation of virtually every state and federal earthquake/disaster response plan.

The Port has more inbound cargo-handling capacity than all Southcentral Alaska ports combined. It is located at the state's population center and routinely handles containers, dry bulk, break bulk, petroleum products, and cruise ships. It is adjacent to hundreds of millions of dollars of public and private cargo-handling infrastructure, Alaska Railroad's main freight yard, two private barge terminals, Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson, and Ted Stevens International Airport. It is the only inbound-cargo port on Alaska's Railbelt-connected road system and is situated in a geographical area that is virtually tsunami-proof.

The Port's aging wharf piles have lost up to three-quarters of original thickness to corrosion. Port officials completed a pile jacket reinforcement program from 2004 to 2020. However, these jackets are a one-time fix that lasts 10 to 15 years with pile replacement as the next requirement to ensure stability of the docks.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Port Modernization Program (PAMP) is a series of construction projects that will:

- · Replace aging docks and related infrastructure
- Improve operational safety and efficiency
- Accommodate modern shipping operations
- Improve resiliency to survive extreme earthquakes and Cook Inlet's harsh marine environment

PAMP and Municipal officials have been working with engineers to replace all Port docks. Phase 1, the construction of the new Petroleum & Cement Terminal at the Port was completed and opened during 2022. Phase 2 work has begun with North Extension stabilization work for landside and waterside underway and estimated completion scheduled for fall of 2025. A new Port Administration building was constructed in 2023 with occupancy complete in May 2024. The old Port Administration building is planned for demolition in spring of 2025 to make way for the replacement and modernization of Terminal 1. Future design and planning for the completion of the Port modernization program is ongoing.

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

A summary of interfund receivables and payables relating to short term operating advances is as follows:

Interfund Payable to General Fund from:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 1,276,949
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	1,356,724
Port of Anchorage Funds	22,505,599
Total Interfund Payable to General Fund	25,139,272
Interfund Payable to Nonmajor Governmental Funds from:	
Roads & Drainage Capital Projects Fund	5,157,689
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,679,837
Internal Service Funds	85,000
Total Interfund Payable to Nonmajor Governmental Funds	6,922,526
Total Interfund Payables	\$ 32,061,798

All balances are expected to be settled within the next fiscal year, except for interfund receivables and payables recorded as Advances to/from other funds. Advances receivable on December 31, 2023, were as follows:

Advances from General Fund to Nonmajor Governmental Funds for FEMA Advances from General Fund to Nonmajor Governmental Funds for Capital	\$ 16,204,357 1,044,324
Advances from General fund to IT for Capital and Operating	30,244,058
Subtotal, General fund advances	47,492,739
Advances from Nonmajor Governmental Funds to Equipment	
Maintenance fund for Capital	765,000
Advances from Internal Service Funds to General fund for Capital	5,838,311
Total Advances Receivable	\$ 54,096,050

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

B. Interfund Transfers

A summary of interfund transfers is as follows:

From General Fund to: Roads and Drainage Capital Projects Fund for Capital Nonmajor Governmental Funds to Fund OPEB Liability Nonmajor Governmental Funds for Debt Service Nonmajor Governmental Funds for Operating Nonmajor Governmental Funds for Grant Matching Nonmajor Governmental Funds for Capital Internal Service Funds for Capital Total Transfers from General Fund	\$	3,920,490 1,086,934 5,432,378 914,373 1,182,078 30,412,152 1,952,290 44,900,695
From MOA Trust Fund to:	-	11,000,000
General Fund for Annual Operating Subsidy		16,300,000
From Nonmajor Governmental Funds to: General Fund for Debt Service Nonmajor Governmental Funds for Operating Subsidy Nonmajor Governmental Funds for Capital Nonmajor Governmental Funds for Debt Service Total Transfers from Nonmajor Governmental Funds		2,187,775 1,300,000 3,025,437 6,355,368 12,868,580
From Water Utility Fund to General Fund (1) From Wastewater Utility Fund to General Fund (2) From Disposal Utility Fund to General Fund (1) From Port Fund to General Fund (3)		10,732,018 6,958,865 1,804,341 1,976,009
From Nonmajor Enterprise Funds to: General Fund (4) MOA Trust Fund for Annual Contribution (5) Total Transfers from Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		861,717 2,562,967 3,424,684
From Internal Service Funds to: Nonmajor Governmental Funds for Grants Matching Total Transfers To at the Fund Level	\$	12,416 98,977,608

Transfers included: (1) MUSA and dividend payments; (2) MUSA payments; (3) MESA and dividend payments; (4) MESA, MUSA, and dividend payments; and (5) Anchorage Hydro Fund annual contribution to the MOA Trust.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 8 - LEASE AGREEMENTS AND SUBSCRIPTION-BASED IT ARRANGEMENTS

LEASES

A. Municipality as Lessee

The Municipality has entered into multiple lease agreements as lessee for various nonfinancial assets. As of December 31, 2023, the outstanding balance of leases payable was \$36,404,670. The Municipality is required to make monthly, quarterly, and annual principal payments plus interest. The lease agreements did not contain a stated interest rate; therefore, the Municipality used its incremental borrowing rates from 1.65% to 2.63% as the discount rate of leases depending on each contract's terms. The nonfinancial assets have various useful lives. No material direct costs payments were made. The total book value of the right-to-use assets as of December 31, 2023, was \$45,223,125 and had accumulated amortization of \$9,718,707, which is presented in Note 5 Capital Assets.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of December 31, 2023, were as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Leases Payable

Years:	Principal	•	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 4,431,569	\$	789,855	\$ 5,221,424
2025	4,094,427		702,518	4,796,945
2026	3,905,414		617,555	4,522,969
2027	1,756,490		555,795	2,312,285
2028	1,641,365		517,452	2,158,817
2029-2033	5,184,513		2,103,396	7,287,909
2034-2038	4,713,284		1,504,118	6,217,402
2039-2043	3,747,157		942,986	4,690,143
2044-2048	4,199,319		431,328	4,630,647
2049-2053	1,137,840		19,822	1,157,662
Totals	\$ 34,811,378	\$	8,184,825	\$ 42,996,203

Business-Type Activities:

Leases Payable

Years:	Principal	,	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 84,372	\$	36,579	\$ 120,951
2025	87,655		34,992	122,647
2026	91,086		33,306	124,392
2027	94,675		31,516	126,191
2028	98,428		29,616	128,044
2029-2033	473,543		118,715	592,258
2034-2038	471,649		63,968	535,617
2039-2043	175,145		12,925	188,070
2044-2048	6,808		2,540	9,348
2049-2053	8,126		1,223	9,349
2054	1,805		65	1,870
Totals	\$ 1,593,292	\$	365,445	\$ 1,958,737

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

B. Municipality as Lessor

The Municipality, as lessor, entered into multiple-year lease agreements to third parties for various nonfinancial assets at discount rates ranging from 2.43% to 6.05% depending on contract terms. The lengths of the lease terms vary, and the Municipality has used its incremental borrowing rates as the discount rate when the stated interest rate was not included in the contract. The Municipality recognized \$3,148,231 in lease revenue and \$2,641,486 in interest revenue for the year ended December 31, 2023. As of December 31, 2023, the Municipality's receivable for future lease payments was \$81,932,572. The Municipality recognized a deferred inflow of resources associated with the lease of \$79,582,812 on December 31, 2023, that will be recognized as revenue over the remainder of the lease terms.

SUBSCRIPTION-BASED IT ARRANGEMENTS (SBITAs)

The Municipality implemented GASB Statement No. 96 effective for the year beginning January 1, 2023. Under GASB 96, a government generally should recognize a right-to-use subscription asset and a corresponding subscription liability. A government should recognize amortization of the subscription asset as an outflow of resources over the subscription term. There was no significant impact from GASB 96 implementation to the Municipality's beginning net position.

The Municipality has entered into multiple SBITAs as of December 31, 2023, the outstanding balance of SBITAs payable was \$3,662,433. The Municipality is required to make annual principal payments plus interest. The SBITAs did not contain a stated interest rate; therefore, the Municipality used its incremental borrowing rates from 5.09% to 5.51% as the discount rate of SBITAs depending on each contract's terms. The arrangements have various subscription terms. No material direct costs payments were made. The total book value of the right-to-use assets as of December 31, 2023, was \$5,428,595 and had accumulated amortization of \$1,405,962, which is presented in Note 5 Capital Assets.

The future principal and interest SBITAs payments as of December 31, 2023, were as follows:

Governmental Activities:

SBITAs Pa	vable
-----------	-------

Years:	Principal		Interest		Total
2024	\$	1,161,186	\$	185,103	\$ 1,346,289
2025		1,206,277		126,181	1,332,458
2026		1,245,860		64,924	1,310,784
2027		31,146		1,585	32,731
Totals	\$	3,644,469	\$	377,793	\$ 4,022,262

Business-Type Activities:

SBITAs Payable

Years:	Р	rincipal	Interest	Total
2024	\$	8,750	\$ 954	\$ 9,704
2025		9,214	489	9,703
Totals	\$	17,964	\$ 1,443	\$ 19,407

NOTE 9 - SHORT-TERM OBLIGATIONS

On April 6, 2023, the Municipality issued tax anticipation notes in the General Fund with a face value of \$125,000,000, with a premium of \$1,272,500. The purpose of the issuance was to raise money to pay current expenditures in anticipation of the collection of property taxes. Short-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

	Beginning Balance			Ending Balance
	January 1, 2023	Issued	Redeemed	December 31, 2023
Tax Anticipation Notes	\$ -	\$ 125,000,000	\$ 125,000,000	\$ -

NOTE 10 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. Changes in Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligation activity, net of related premium and discount amortizations, for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

December 31, Dece		Balance			Balance		
Governmental Activities: General Obligation Bonds \$ 514,498,592 \$ - \$ (52,241,929) \$ 462,256,663 \$ 38,505,000 CIVICVentures Revenue Bonds 81,585,609 - \$ (3,409,434) 78,176,175 3,245,000 PAC Roof Revenue Bonds 2,909,803 - \$ (207,425) 2,702,378 175,000 Certificate of Participation Bonds 45,030,000 - \$ (3,895,000) 41,135,000 4,005,000 Direct Financing Agreements 20,168,907 1,320,810 (8,163,476) 13,326,241 6,073,073 Loan Agreement - \$ 18,300,000 - \$ 18,300,000 352,327 704 664,192,911 19,620,810 (67,917,264) 615,896,457 52,355,400 Compensated Absences 28,782,402 21,423,937 (22,434,470) 27,771,869 22,342,392 Net Pension Liability 432,584,140 - \$ (34,018,427) 398,565,713 - \$ (34,1559) Leases Payable 66,404,923 - \$ (34,018,427) 398,565,713 - \$ (34,156) Net OPEB Liability 144,761,726 - \$ (4,864,307) 139,897,419 - \$ (34,158) Claims Payable and I		January 1,			December 31,	- [Due Within
General Obligation Bonds \$ 514,498,592 \$ - \$ (52,241,929) \$ 462,256,663 \$ 38,505,000 CIVICVentures Revenue Bonds 81,585,609 - (3,409,434) 78,176,175 3,245,000 PAC Roof Revenue Bonds 2,909,803 - (207,425) 2,702,378 175,000 Certificate of Participation Bonds 45,030,000 - (3,895,000) 41,135,000 4,005,000 Direct Financing Agreements 20,168,907 1,320,810 (8,163,476) 13,326,241 6,073,073 Loan Agreement - 18,300,000 - 18,300,000 - 18,300,000 352,327 Total Debt Payable 664,192,911 19,620,810 (67,917,264) 615,896,457 52,355,400 Compensated Absences 28,782,402 21,423,937 (22,434,470) 27,771,869 22,342,392 Net Pension Liability 432,584,140 - (31,593,545) 34,811,378 4,431,569 Leases Payable 66,404,923 - (34,646) 3,644,469 1,161,186 Net OPEB Liability 144,761,726 - (4,864,307) 139,897,419 - (34,369,446) Pollution Remediation		2023	Additions	Reductions	2023		One Year
CIVICVentures Revenue Bonds 81,585,609 - (3,409,434) 78,176,175 3,245,000 PAC Roof Revenue Bonds 2,909,803 - (207,425) 2,702,378 175,000 Certificate of Participation Bonds 45,030,000 - (3,895,000) 41,135,000 4,005,000 Direct Financing Agreements 20,168,907 1,320,810 (8,163,476) 13,326,241 6,073,073 Loan Agreement 664,192,911 19,620,810 (67,917,264) 615,896,457 52,355,400 Compensated Absences 28,782,402 21,423,937 (22,434,470) 27,771,869 22,342,392 Net Pension Liability 432,584,140 - (34,018,427) 398,565,713 - (23,434,76) Leases Payable 66,404,923 - (3,644,469) - (3,644,469) 1,161,186 Net OPEB Liability 144,761,726 - (4,864,307) 139,897,419 - (2,701,186) Pollution Remediation 3,833,945 563,000 - (4,864,307) 139,897,419 - (2,701,186) Claims Payable and IBNR 3,864,405 102,440,733 (218,359,133) 1,263,509,366 109,658,126 <td>Governmental Activities:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Governmental Activities:						
CIVICVentures Revenue Bonds 81,585,609 - (3,409,434) 78,176,175 3,245,000 PAC Roof Revenue Bonds 2,909,803 - (207,425) 2,702,378 175,000 Certificate of Participation Bonds 45,030,000 - (3,895,000) 41,135,000 4,005,000 Direct Financing Agreements 20,168,907 1,320,810 (8,163,476) 13,326,241 6,073,073 Loan Agreement 664,192,911 19,620,810 (67,917,264) 615,896,457 52,355,400 Compensated Absences 28,782,402 21,423,937 (22,434,470) 27,771,869 22,342,392 Net Pension Liability 432,584,140 - (34,018,427) 398,565,713 - (23,434,76) Leases Payable 66,404,923 - (3,644,469) - (3,644,469) 1,161,186 Net OPEB Liability 144,761,726 - (4,864,307) 139,897,419 - (2,701,186) Pollution Remediation 3,833,945 563,000 - (4,864,307) 139,897,419 - (2,701,186) Claims Payable and IBNR 3,864,405 102,440,733 (218,359,133) 1,263,509,366 109,658,126 <td>General Obligation Bonds</td> <td>\$ 514,498,592</td> <td>\$ -</td> <td>\$ (52,241,929)</td> <td>\$ 462,256,663</td> <td>\$</td> <td>38,505,000</td>	General Obligation Bonds	\$ 514,498,592	\$ -	\$ (52,241,929)	\$ 462,256,663	\$	38,505,000
Certificate of Participation Bonds 45,030,000 - (3,895,000) 41,135,000 4,005,000 Direct Financing Agreements 20,168,907 1,320,810 (8,163,476) 13,326,241 6,073,073 Loan Agreement - 18,300,000 618,896,470 18,300,000 352,327 Total Debt Payable 664,192,911 19,620,810 (67,917,264) 615,896,457 52,355,400 Compensated Absences 28,782,402 21,423,937 (22,434,470) 27,771,869 22,342,392 Net Pension Liability 432,584,140 - (34,018,427) 388,565,713 - Leases Payable 66,404,923 - (31,593,545) 34,811,378 4,431,569 SBITAs Payable - 3,644,469 - 3,644,469 1,161,186 Net OPEB Liability 144,761,726 - (4,864,307) 139,897,419 - Pollution Remediation 3,838,945 563,000 - 4,396,945 970,158 Claims Payable and IBNR 38,667,719 57,188,517 (57,531,120) 38,525,116		81,585,609	-	(3,409,434)	78,176,175		3,245,000
Certificate of Participation Bonds 45,030,000 - (3,895,000) 41,135,000 4,005,000 Direct Financing Agreements 20,168,907 1,320,810 (8,163,476) 13,326,241 6,073,073 Loan Agreement - 18,300,000 618,896,470 18,300,000 352,327 Total Debt Payable 664,192,911 19,620,810 (67,917,264) 615,896,457 52,355,400 Compensated Absences 28,782,402 21,423,937 (22,434,470) 27,771,869 22,342,392 Net Pension Liability 432,584,140 - (34,018,427) 388,565,713 - Leases Payable 66,404,923 - (31,593,545) 34,811,378 4,431,569 SBITAs Payable - 3,644,469 - 3,644,469 1,161,186 Net OPEB Liability 144,761,726 - (4,864,307) 139,897,419 - Pollution Remediation 3,838,945 563,000 - 4,396,945 970,158 Claims Payable and IBNR 38,667,719 57,188,517 (57,531,120) 38,525,116	PAC Roof Revenue Bonds	2,909,803	-	(207,425)	2,702,378		175,000
Loan Agreement - 18,300,000 - 18,300,000 352,327 Total Debt Payable 664,192,911 19,620,810 (67,917,264) 615,896,457 52,355,400 Compensated Absences 28,782,402 21,423,937 (22,434,470) 27,771,869 22,342,392 Net Pension Liability 432,584,140 - (34,018,427) 398,565,713 4,431,569 SBITAS Payable 66,404,923 - (31,593,545) 34,811,378 4,431,569 Net OPEB Liability 144,761,726 - (4,864,307) 139,897,419 - Pollution Remediation 3,833,945 563,000 - 4,336,945 970,188 Claims Payable and IBNR 38,867,719 57,188,517 (57,531,120) 38,525,116 28,397,421 Total Governmental Activities 1,379,427,766 102,440,733 (218,359,133) 1,263,599,366 109,658,126 Business-type Activities: 8 1,399,490,566 - (14,838,837) 381,651,729 13,593,055 Total Debt Payable 641,579,720 21,552,169	Certificate of Participation Bonds		-	(3,895,000)	41,135,000		4,005,000
Total Debt Payable 664,192,911 19,620,810 (67,917,264) 615,896,457 52,355,400 Compensated Absences 28,782,402 21,423,937 (22,434,470) 27,771,869 22,342,392 Net Pension Liability 432,584,140 - (34,018,427) 398,565,713 Leases Payable 66,404,923 - (31,593,545) 34,811,378 4,431,569 SBITAs Payable - (3,644,469) - (4,864,307) 139,897,419 Net OPEB Liability 144,761,726 - (4,864,307) 139,897,419 Pollution Remediation 3,833,945 563,000 - (4,864,307) 139,897,419 Claims Payable and IBNR 3,867,719 57,188,517 (57,531,120) 38,525,116 28,397,421 Total Governmental Activities 1,379,427,766 102,440,733 (218,359,133) 1,263,509,366 109,658,126 Business-type Activities: Revenue Bonds 396,490,566 102,440,733 (14,838,837) 381,651,729 13,593,050 Long-Term Contracts (Direct Borrowings) 245,089,154 21,552,169 (Direct Financing Agreements	20,168,907	1,320,810	(8,163,476)	13,326,241		6,073,073
Compensated Absences 28,782,402 21,423,937 (22,434,470) 27,771,869 22,342,392 Net Pension Liability 432,584,140 - (34,018,427) 398,565,713 - Leases Payable 66,404,923 - (31,593,545) 34,811,378 4,431,569 SBITAS Payable - 3,644,469 1,161,186 Net OPEB Liability 144,761,726 - (4,864,307) 139,897,419 - Pollution Remediation 3,833,945 563,000 - 4,396,945 970,158 Claims Payable and IBNR 38,867,719 57,188,517 (57,531,120) 38,525,116 28,397,421 Total Governmental Activities \$1,379,427,766 \$102,440,733 \$(218,359,133) \$1,263,509,366 \$109,658,126 Business-type Activities: Revenue Bonds \$396,490,566 \$- \$(14,838,837) \$381,651,729 \$13,593,050 Long-Term Contracts (Direct Borrowings) 245,089,154 21,552,169 (16,185,088) 250,456,235 16,277,505 Total Debt Payable 641,579,720 21,552,169 (3	Loan Agreement	-	18,300,000	-	18,300,000		352,327
Net Pension Liability 432,584,140 - (34,018,427) 398,565,713 Leases Payable Leases Payable 66,404,923 - (31,593,545) 34,811,378 4,431,569 SBITAs Payable - 3,644,469 - 3,644,469 1,161,186 Net OPEB Liability 144,761,726 - (4,864,307) 139,897,419 Pollution Remediation 3,833,945 563,000 - 4,396,945 970,158 Claims Payable and IBNR 38,867,719 57,188,517 (57,531,120) 38,525,116 28,397,421 Total Governmental Activities \$1,379,427,766 \$102,440,733 \$(218,359,133) \$1,263,509,366 \$109,658,126 Business-type Activities: ** *	Total Debt Payable	664,192,911	19,620,810	(67,917,264)	615,896,457		52,355,400
Leases Payable 66,404,923 - (31,593,545) 34,811,378 4,431,569 SBITAS Payable 3,644,469 - 3,644,469 1,161,186 Net OPEB Liability 144,761,726 - (4,864,307) 139,897,419 - Pollution Remediation 3,833,945 563,000 - 4,396,945 970,158 Claims Payable and IBNR 38,867,719 57,188,517 (57,531,120) 38,525,116 28,397,421 Total Governmental Activities \$1,379,427,766 \$102,440,733 \$(218,359,133) \$1,263,509,366 \$109,658,126 Business-type Activities: Revenue Bonds \$396,490,566 \$1,524,609,133 \$1,364,517,29 \$13,593,050 Long-Term Contracts (Direct Borrowings) 245,089,154 21,552,169 (16,185,088) 250,456,235 16,277,505 Total Debt Payable 641,579,720 21,552,169 (31,023,925) 632,107,964 29,870,555 Compensated Absences 4,416,550 3,023,873 (3,113,460) 4,326,963 3,167,057 Net Pension Liability 44,204,763 47,315 <td>Compensated Absences</td> <td>28,782,402</td> <td>21,423,937</td> <td>(22,434,470)</td> <td>27,771,869</td> <td></td> <td>22,342,392</td>	Compensated Absences	28,782,402	21,423,937	(22,434,470)	27,771,869		22,342,392
SBITAs Payable - 3,644,469 - 3,644,469 1,161,186 Net OPEB Liability 144,761,726 - (4,864,307) 139,897,419 - Pollution Remediation 3,833,945 563,000 - 4,396,945 970,158 Claims Payable and IBNR 38,867,719 57,188,517 (57,531,120) 38,525,116 28,397,421 Total Governmental Activities \$1,379,427,766 \$102,440,733 \$(218,359,133) \$1,263,509,366 \$109,658,126 Business-type Activities: Revenue Bonds \$396,490,566 \$- \$(14,838,837) \$381,651,729 \$13,593,050 Long-Term Contracts (Direct Borrowings) 245,089,154 21,552,169 (16,185,088) 250,456,235 16,277,505 Total Debt Payable 641,579,720 21,552,169 (31,023,925) 632,107,964 29,870,555 Compensated Absences 4,416,550 3,023,873 (3,113,460) 4,326,963 3,167,057 Net Pension Liability 44,204,763 47,315 - 44,252,078 - Leases Payable 1,670,022	Net Pension Liability	432,584,140	-	(34,018,427)	398,565,713		-
Net OPEB Liability 144,761,726 - (4,864,307) 139,897,419 - Pollution Remediation 3,833,945 563,000 - 4,396,945 970,158 Claims Payable and IBNR 38,867,719 57,188,517 (57,531,120) 38,525,116 28,397,421 Total Governmental Activities \$1,379,427,766 \$102,440,733 (218,359,133) \$1,263,509,366 \$109,658,126 Business-type Activities: Revenue Bonds \$396,490,566 \$- \$(14,838,837) \$381,651,729 \$13,593,050 Long-Term Contracts (Direct Borrowings) 245,089,154 21,552,169 (16,185,088) 250,456,235 16,277,505 Total Debt Payable 641,579,720 21,552,169 (31,023,925) 632,107,964 29,870,555 Compensated Absences 4,416,550 3,023,873 (3,113,460) 4,326,963 3,167,057 Net Pension Liability 44,204,763 47,315 - 44,252,078 - Leases Payable 1,670,022 - (76,730) 1,593,292 84,372 SBITAs Payable -	Leases Payable	66,404,923	-	(31,593,545)	34,811,378		4,431,569
Pollution Remediation 3,833,945 563,000 - 4,396,945 970,158 Claims Payable and IBNR 38,867,719 57,188,517 (57,531,120) 38,525,116 28,397,421 Total Governmental Activities 1,379,427,766 102,440,733 (218,359,133) 1,263,509,366 109,658,126 Business-type Activities: Revenue Bonds 396,490,566 - (14,838,837) 381,651,729 13,593,050 Long-Term Contracts (Direct Borrowings) 245,089,154 21,552,169 (16,185,088) 250,456,235 16,277,505 Total Debt Payable 641,579,720 21,552,169 (31,023,925) 632,107,964 29,870,555 Compensated Absences 4,416,550 3,023,873 (3,113,460) 4,326,963 3,167,057 Net Pension Liability 44,204,763 47,315 - 44,252,078 - Leases Payable 1,670,022 - (76,730) 1,593,292 84,372 SBITAs Payable - 17,964 - 17,964 8,750 Customer Deposits - 435,095 -	SBITAs Payable	-	3,644,469	-	3,644,469		1,161,186
Claims Payable and IBNR Total Governmental Activities 38,867,719 57,188,517 (57,531,120) 38,525,116 28,397,421 Business-type Activities: 81,379,427,766 102,440,733 (218,359,133) 1,263,509,366 109,658,126 Revenue Bonds 396,490,566 8 (14,838,837) 381,651,729 \$13,593,050 Long-Term Contracts (Direct Borrowings) 245,089,154 21,552,169 (16,185,088) 250,456,235 16,277,505 Total Debt Payable 641,579,720 21,552,169 (31,023,925) 632,107,964 29,870,555 Compensated Absences 4,416,550 3,023,873 (3,113,460) 4,326,963 3,167,057 Net Pension Liability 44,204,763 47,315 - 44,252,078 - Leases Payable 1,670,022 - (76,730) 1,593,292 84,372 SBITAs Payable - 17,964 - 17,964 - 17,964 8,750 Customer Deposits - 435,095 - 435,095 - 2,733,000 558,000 Poll Lition	Net OPEB Liability	144,761,726	-	(4,864,307)	139,897,419		-
Total Governmental Activities \$ 1,379,427,766 \$ 102,440,733 \$ (218,359,133) \$ 1,263,509,366 \$ 109,658,126 Business-type Activities: Revenue Bonds \$ 396,490,566 \$ \$ (14,838,837) \$ 381,651,729 \$ 13,593,050 Long-Term Contracts (Direct Borrowings) 245,089,154 21,552,169 (16,185,088) 250,456,235 16,277,505 Total Debt Payable 641,579,720 21,552,169 (31,023,925) 632,107,964 29,870,555 Compensated Absences 4,416,550 3,023,873 (3,113,460) 4,326,963 3,167,057 Net Pension Liability 44,204,763 47,315 - 44,252,078 - Leases Payable 1,670,022 - (76,730) 1,593,292 84,372 SBITAs Payable - 17,964 - 17,964 - 17,964							

Governmental activities' compensated absences and pension are typically liquidated by the General Fund.

The Municipality implemented GASB Statement No. 88 – Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. Direct borrowing is when a government enters into a loan agreement with a lender, usually without an agent. Direct placement is when a government issues a debt security directly to an investor (such as a state agency issuing a debt security directly to an investor). As of December 31, 2023, the Municipality held direct debt as discussed below in footnote E.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

B. General Obligation Bonds

The Municipality issues general obligation (GO) bonds to provide funds for capital acquisition and construction. GO bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. They are generally issued as 20-year serial bonds with principal and interest payments due annually. The Municipality did not issue new GO bonds in 2023 to finance capital projects. As of December 31, 2023, the Municipality reported total outstanding GO bonds in the amount of \$421,690,000.

Description	Amount Outstanding
\$40,435,000 2014A General Obligation General Purpose Bonds due in annual installments of \$1,355,000 to \$1,935,000 through 2025, interest rate from 1.25% to 5%. The issue is for the purpose of general capital projects within the Municipality.	\$ 3,800,000
\$78,430,000 2014B General Obligation General Purpose Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$1,510,000 to \$10,390,000 through 2025, interest rate from 1.25% to 5%. The issue was for the purpose of refunding the remainder of 2004C and partially refunding 2005F.	17,250,000
\$47,840,000 2015A General Obligation General Purpose Bonds due in annual installments of \$1,765,000 to \$3,635,000 through 2035, interest rate from 2% to 5%. The issue was for the purpose of general capital projects within the Municipality.	16,465,000
\$115,250,000 2015B General Obligation General Purpose Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$4,125,000 to \$20,140,000 through 2028, interest rate from 2% to 5%. The issue was for the purpose of refunding the remainder of 2005C and 2005D and partially refunding 2007C and 2008A.	30,565,000
\$24,870,000 2016A General Obligation General Purpose Bonds due in annual installments of \$865,000 to \$1,875,000 through 2036, interest rate from 3.25% to 5%. The issue was for the purpose of general capital projects within the Municipality.	19,075,000
\$58,235,000 2018A General Obligation General Purpose Bonds due in annual installments of \$1,955,000 to \$4,540,000 through 2038, interest rate from 2.63% to 5%. The issue was for the purpose of general capital projects within the Municipality.	49,870,000
\$32,875,000 2019A General Obligation General Purpose Bonds due in annual installments of \$1,110,000 to \$2,350,000 through 2039, interest rate from 3% to 5%. The issue was for the purpose of general capital projects within the Municipality.	29,365,000
\$27,750,000 2019B General Obligation General Purpose Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$2,195,000 to \$3,440,000 through 2030, interest rate of 5%. The issue was for the purpose of refunding the remainder of 2010A-2 after the 2020 payment.	20,825,000
\$44,720,000 2020A General Obligation General Purpose Bonds due in annual installments of \$1,230,000 to \$3,045,000 through 2040, interest rate from 1.75% to 5%. The issue was for the purpose of general capital projects within the Municipality.	40,425,000
\$1,765,000 2020B General Obligation General Purpose Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$125,000 to \$270,000 through 2028, interest rate of 5%. The issue was for the purpose of refunding the remainder of 2010C after the 2020 payment.	1,135,000
\$43,820,000 2020C General Obligation General Purpose Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$915,000 to \$4,505,000 through 2034, interest rate of .217% to 1.916%. The issue was for the purpose of refunding the remainder of 2012A after the 2022 payment and 2014A after the 2025 payment.	39,860,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Description	Amount Outstanding
\$13,900,000 2020D General Obligation General Purpose Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$1,100,000 to \$1,725,000 through 2031, interest rate of 5%. The issue was for the purpose of refunding the remainder of 2011A after the 2021 payment.	11,645,000
\$45,245,000 2021A General Obligation General Purpose Bonds due in annual installments of \$1,515,000 to \$3,385,000 through 2041, interest rate from 4% to 5%. The issue was for the purpose of general capital projects within the Municipality.	43,730,000
\$25,595,000 2021B General Obligation General Purpose Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$420,000 to \$7,325,000 through 2033, interest rate of 0.819% to 2.485%. The issue was for the purpose of refunding the remainder of 2015A after the 2026 payment and 2015B after the 2027 payment.	24,610,000
\$76,350,000 2022A General Obligation General Purpose Bonds due in annual installments of \$2,405,000 to \$5,620,000 through 2042, interest rate from 4% to 5%. The issue was for	_ ,, , . • •
the purpose of general capital improvements within the Municipality.	73,070,000
Total General Obligation Debt	\$ 421,690,000

ASD GO bonds are reported as obligations of the component unit since they are expected to be repaid from ASD revenues; such amounts total \$428,510,000 on June 30, 2023. ASD GO bonds are discussed in detail in Section J. All other Municipality GO bonds are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for GO bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
		Principal		Interest	Total		
Years:							
2024	\$	38,505,000	\$	17,035,400	\$	55,540,400	
2025		36,215,000		15,271,180		51,486,180	
2026		30,675,000		13,591,748		44,266,748	
2027		32,040,000		12,232,959		44,272,959	
2028		28,950,000		10,803,341		39,753,341	
2029-2033		120,210,000		39,557,211		159,767,211	
2034-2038		95,760,000		18,472,883		114,232,883	
2039-2042		39,335,000		3,171,600		42,506,600	
Subtotal		421,690,000		130,136,322		551,826,322	
Add unamortized premiums		40,566,663		-		40,566,663	
Total	\$	462,256,663	\$	130,136,322	\$	592,392,985	

C. Revenue Bonds

CIVICVentures Revenue Bonds

In August 2015, CIVICVentures, a blended component unit, issued \$93,790,000 in Tax-exempt, Non-recourse Revenue Refunding Bonds to finance the acquisition of land and construction of a new civic and convention center. Revenues pledged to pay the debt are those revenues identified in the Indenture of Trust between CIVICVentures and U.S. Bank National Association, consisting of Hotel, Motel, and Bed and Breakfast room taxes collected and remitted pursuant to agreement, by the Municipality. In the event room tax collections are not sufficient to pay the debt, the Municipality is not obligated in any way to pay the debt on behalf of CIVICVentures. Principal and interest paid for the current year, total Hotel, Motel, and Bed and Breakfast tax revenues, related investment income, and other revenue were \$6,575,950, \$6,355,369, \$524,554, and \$124 respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Bond payments are due in annual installments ranging annually from \$3,015,000 to \$6,715,000 through 2038, with interest rates ranging between 3.5% and 5%. As of December 31, 2023, the Municipality reported as blended total outstanding tax-exempt non-recourse Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$74,955,000.

CIVICVentures revenue bonds' annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	CIVICVentures					
Years:		Principal		Interest		Total
2024	\$	3,245,000	\$	3,410,200	\$	6,655,200
2025		3,490,000		3,247,950		6,737,950
2026		3,750,000		3,073,450		6,823,450
2027		4,100,000		2,885,950		6,985,950
2028		4,305,000		2,680,950		6,985,950
2029-2033		24,970,000		9,953,250		34,923,250
2034-2038		31,095,000		3,829,000		34,924,000
Subtotal		74,955,000		29,080,750		104,035,750
Add unamortized bond premiums		3,221,175		-		3,221,175
Total	\$	78,176,175	\$	29,080,750	\$	107,256,925

Utility and Enterprise Revenue Bonds

Water, Wastewater, Port, Refuse, and Disposal Utilities revenue bond covenants require establishment of certain cash reserves. Water and Wastewater Revenue bond covenants further stipulate that operating income, as defined in the covenants, will be at least 1.15 times the debt service requirement for that year. The Port, Refuse, and Disposal Revenue bond covenants further stipulate that operating income, as defined in the covenants, will be at least 1.35 times the debt service requirement for that year.

The bond proceeds, together with other legally available funds, are used for the following purposes: (i) to provide for the cost of certain capital improvement projects; (ii) to reimburse the Utility for costs of such capital improvement projects; (iii) to pay costs of issuance; and (iv) to provide funds for deposit in the Reserve Account.

Water Utility

The Water Utility has pledged future water customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay Water Utility revenue bonds. Bond proceeds provided financing for construction and other capital improvements. The bonds are payable solely from Water customer net revenues and are payable through 2047. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$145,782,475. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$11,487,219 and \$34,180,124, respectively.

Wastewater Utility

The Wastewater Utility has pledged future wastewater customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay Wastewater Utility revenue bonds. Bond proceeds provided financing for construction and other capital improvements. The bonds are payable solely from Wastewater customer net revenues and are payable through 2047. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$114,510,193. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$9,404,817 and \$30,421,231, respectively.

Port

In 2020, the Port issued two separate series of revenue bonds: 2020 Series A and 2020 Series B. Proceeds from the 2020 Series A bonds were used to pay or reimburse the costs of a portion of the Phase 1 of the Port of Alaska Modernization Project, including the replacement of the Port's existing Petroleum, Oil, and Lubricants/Cement Terminal 1 with the Port Petroleum and Cement Terminal. Proceeds of the 2020 Series B bonds were used to refund the balance of the notes payable from direct borrowings. The 2020 Series A bonds have a total authorized amount of \$18,885,000, are due in annual installments of \$1,275,000 to \$3,875,000 (principal payments beginning in 2045 through 2050), plus interest at 2.53%. The 2020 Series B bonds have a total authorized amount

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

of \$46,210,000, are due in annual installments of \$370,000 and \$2,960,000 (principal payments beginning in 2023 through 2045), plus interest at 1.051% to 3.52%.

The Port has pledged future customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay Port revenue bonds. Bond proceeds provided financing for construction of the Port Modernization Project. The bonds are payable solely from Port customer net revenues and are payable through 2050. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$106,728,142. Interest payments began in 2021, and principal payments began in 2023.

Refuse and Disposal Utility

In October 2022, Solid Waste Services issued 2022 Series A Refunding Revenue Bonds. Bond proceeds will be used to refinance capital improvements to the solid waste facilities including a portion of the costs of the new Central Transfer Station by refunding the outstanding subordinate lien note and to pay the costs of issuance of the 2022 Solid Waste Services bonds. The 2022 Series A bonds have a total authorized amount of \$109,755,000, are due in annual installments of \$995,000 to \$2,425,000 with principal payments beginning in 2024 through 2062 plus interest ranging from 5.0% to 5.5%. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$247,545,950. The bonds were issued at a discount of \$2,159,790.

As of December 31, 2023, the Municipality reported total outstanding Utility and Enterprise Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$362,383,414. The details of those bonds are as follows:

Description	Amount Outstanding
Water Utility \$10,000,000 2017 Water Series A Revenue Bonds, due in annual installments of \$1,000,000 through 2027, interest rate of 1.96%.	\$ 4,000,000
\$88,660,000 2017 Water Series B Revenue and Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments of \$545,000 to \$7,590,000 through 2047, interest rate from 3% to 5%.	83,290,000
\$20,402,386 2022 Water Series Revenue Bonds due in annual installments of \$949,874 to \$2,047,634 through 2032, with an interest rate of 3.56%.	17,404,878
Total Water Utility Outstanding	\$104,694,878
Wastewater Utility \$20,000,000 2017 Wastewater Series A Revenue Bonds, due in annual installments of \$2,000,000 through 2027, interest rate of 1.96%.	\$ 8,000,000
\$64,895,000 2017 Wastewater Series B Revenue and Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments of \$565,000 to \$5,255,000 through 2047, interest rate from 3% to 5%.	58,805,000
\$19,633,0008 2022 Wastewater Series A Revenue Bonds, due in annual installments of \$914,055 to \$1,970,416 through 2032, with an interest rate of 3.56%.	16,748,536
Total Wastewater Utility Outstanding	\$ 83,553,536
Port Utility \$18,885,000 2020 Port Series A Revenue Bonds, due in annual installments of \$1,275,000 through 2050, interest rate of 2.53%.	\$ 18,885,000
\$46,210,000 2020 Port Series B Revenue Bond, due in annual installments of \$370,000 to \$2,960,000 through 2045, interest rate from 1.071% to 3.52%.	45,495,000
Total Port Utility Outstanding	\$ 64,380,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Description	Amount Outstanding
Solid Waste Services Utility	
\$109,755,0000 2022 SWS Series A Revenue Bonds, due in annual installments of	
\$995,000 to \$6,030,000 through 2062, interest rate from 5% to 5.5%.	\$109,755,000
Total Solid Waste Services Utility Outstanding	\$109,755,000
Total Utility Revenue Bonds Outstanding	\$362,383,414

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for all Utility and Enterprise revenue bonds are as follows:

	Business-Type Activities						
Years:		Principal		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	13,593,050	\$	15,996,305	\$	29,589,355	
2025		13,773,050		15,477,838		29,250,888	
2026		15,643,050		14,931,319		30,574,369	
2027		16,613,048		14,332,277		30,945,325	
2028		15,283,048		13,693,061		28,976,109	
2029-2033		78,748,168		58,062,638		136,810,806	
2034-2038		69,315,000		40,435,988		109,750,988	
2039-2043		32,015,000		29,798,658		61,813,658	
2044-2048		37,605,000		22,257,014		59,862,014	
2049-2053		25,180,000		14,690,650		39,870,650	
2054-2058		22,240,000		9,495,675		31,735,675	
2059-2062		22,375,000		3,011,925		25,386,925	
Subtotal		362,383,414		252,183,348		614,566,762	
Add unamortized							
premiums/(discounts), net		19,268,315		-		19,268,315	
Total	\$	381,651,729	\$	252,183,348	\$	633,835,077	

Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. Roof Revenue Bonds

In 2004, the Municipality entered into a loan agreement with the Alaska Municipal Bond Bank Authority to provide funding for ACPA roof repairs. This loan will be repaid with revenues from an ACPA ticket surcharge. In 2014, the ACPA Roof Bond was refinanced in the amount of \$3,735,000 with annual debt service payments ranging from \$160,000 to \$285,000, with 5% interest. 2023 Principal and interest paid, total ACPA ticket surcharge revenues, and related investment income were \$302,250, \$401,112, and \$35,767, respectively. As of December 31, 2023, the Municipality reported an outstanding balance on this bond of \$2,475,000.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

·	Governmental Activities						
Years:		Principal		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	175,000	\$	123,750	\$	298,750	
2025		180,000		115,000		295,000	
2026		190,000		106,000		296,000	
2027		205,000		96,500		301,500	
2028		210,000		86,250		296,250	
2029-2033		1,230,000		261,750		1,491,750	
2034-2036		285,000		14,250		299,250	
Subtotal		2,475,000		803,500		3,278,500	
Add unamortized premiums, net		227,378		-		227,378	
Total	\$	2,702,378	\$	803,500	\$	3,505,878	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

D. Certificate of Participation Bonds

On December 7, 2017, the Municipality issued \$58,675,000 of Certificates of Participation (COP), 2017 Series A (Taxable) Bonds, for the Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust Fund. Sale proceeds were used to pay for certain unfunded pension liabilities for the Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust. The four properties attached to the COP are ZJ Loussac Library, Fire Station No. 1, Fire Station No. 3, and APD Training Center/Dimond Data Center. The bonds will be repaid from contributions of property taxes. Principal and interest paid for the current year, total contributions of property taxes to the debt service fund, and related investment income were \$5,432,378, \$5,432,378, and \$24,203, respectively. On December 31, 2023, the balance remaining for the Police and Fire COP was \$41,135,000.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for these certificates of participation are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities							
Years:	Principal		Interest		Total			
2024	\$ 4,005,000	\$	1,422,861	\$	5,427,861			
2025	4,130,000		1,300,389		5,430,389			
2026	4,255,000		1,170,707		5,425,707			
2027	4,395,000		1,032,845		5,427,845			
2028	4,540,000		885,173		5,425,173			
2029-2033	19,810,000		1,868,379		21,678,379			
Total	\$ 41,135,000	\$	7,680,354	\$	48,815,354			

E. Notes and Contracts from Direct Borrowings

As stated above, the Municipality implemented GASB Statement No. 88. The notes and contracts payable in this section are all defined as direct borrowings. The Municipality does not have any direct placements.

Water Utility Commercial Bank Loan Agreement

In 2019, the Water Utility increased a loan agreement with a commercial bank to \$30 million. The Water Utility had a loan balance of \$1,000 on December 31, 2023. On July 14, 2022, the Water Utility refunded a large portion of the Subordinate Lien Note using the 2022 Series A Revenue bonds. Effective May 16, 2021, the Water Utility amended the loan agreement. Key changes in the amendment extend the mandatory prepayment to March 1, 2023, from May 15, 2021; changed the interest rate from being based on London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) to Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR); the loan commitment amount may now exceed \$30,000,000 if requested by the Water Utility and subject to lender approval; and repayment in full will trigger closure of the loan. Under the terms of the loan agreement, the Water Utility pays fees quarterly of 0.1% per annum based upon the balance authorized, but not drawn, calculated on a weekly basis. Throughout 2023, the interest rate on the loan varied.

Wastewater Utility Commercial Bank Loan Agreement

In 2019, the Wastewater Utility increased a loan agreement with a commercial bank to \$30 million. The Wastewater Utility had a loan balance of \$1,000 on December 31, 2023. Effective May 16, 2021, the Wastewater Utility amended the loan agreement. Key changes in the amendment extended the mandatory prepayment to March 1, 2023, from May 15, 2021; changed the interest rate from being based on LIBOR to SOFR; the loan commitment amount may now exceed \$30,000,000 if requested by the Wastewater Utility and subject to lender approval; and repayment in full will trigger closure of the loan. Under the terms of the loan agreement, the Water Utility pays fees quarterly of 0.1% per annum based upon the balance authorized, but not drawn, calculated on a weekly basis. Throughout 2023, the interest rate on the loan varied.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Port Revolving Credit Agreement

In June 2013, the Assembly authorized the establishment of a long-term borrowing program in the amount of \$40 million as an interim financing program for the Port expansion project. On June 20, 2019, the Port and its commercial bank amended the Revolving Credit Agreement under the same terms and conditions but with a revised expiration date of July 21, 2021. Any amount may be repaid prior to that date at the option of the Port. In December 2020, the outstanding principal balance of \$40 million was paid off with proceeds from the issuance of the Port Revenue Bonds Series B, with the option to draw up to \$40 million for financing for capital projects related to the Port Modernization Project.

This long-term borrowing program was amended and restated as of July 1, 2021, with a new expiration date of December 29, 2023. The note payable was amended on June 1, 2023 with an expiration date of December 1, 2025. The interest rate per annum is the applicable spread of 0.75 percent plus the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) rate. The Port exercised the option to draw \$40 million for the needed financing for capital projects related to the Port Modernization Project and as of December 31, 2023, the Port incurred \$1,654,800 in interest expense on unpaid principal.

Refuse and Disposal Utility Revenue Note Agreement

In February 2019, the Refuse and Disposal Utilities entered into a joint loan agreement for up to \$55 million with a commercial bank. Revenues from customers of the Refuse and Disposal Utilities are pledged to pay the debt service for this loan. On June 24, 2021, the Solid Waste Utilities and its commercial bank amended this loan agreement, increasing the amount to be borrowed up to \$100 million with the maturity date of February 1, 2025. The interest rate percentage per annum is calculated based on the 90-Day SOFR times 0.79 plus 1.01 on the outstanding principal balance. The commitment fee percentage per annum is 0.10 percent on the unutilized amount.

As of December 31, 2023, the combined outstanding principal balance for both Solid Waste Utilities was \$29,589,886, with the Refuse Utility reporting \$8,890,507 of the outstanding principal and the Disposal Utility reporting \$20,699,379 of the outstanding principal. Interest incurred for the year ended December 31, 2023, for both Solid Waste Utilities were \$892,053, with the Refuse Utility reporting \$285,236 and the Disposal Utility reporting \$606,817. Commitment fees incurred for the year ended December 31, 2023, for both Solid Waste Utilities were \$131,226, with the Refuse Utility reporting \$45,120 and the Disposal Utility reporting \$86,106.

State of Alaska Clean Water and Drinking Water Loans

The Municipality has various Clean Water and Drinking Water Fund loans in its Solid Waste, Water, and Wastewater Utilities from the State of Alaska. The Municipality reported a total outstanding balance on all these loans of \$180,864,349 on December 31, 2023.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for these notes and contracts from direct borrowings are as follows:

	Business-Type Activities							
Years:		Principal		Interest		Total		
2024	\$	16,277,505	\$	4,623,603	\$	20,901,108		
2025		86,366,547		2,520,784		88,887,331		
2026		16,550,983		2,209,371		18,760,354		
2027		15,905,126		1,961,114		17,866,240		
2028		15,500,495		1,722,547		17,223,042		
2029-2033		51,425,616		5,703,096		57,128,712		
2034-2038		34,177,967		2,488,296		36,666,263		
2039-2043		14,251,996		463,200		14,715,196		
Total	\$	250,456,235	\$	21,692,011	\$	272,148,246		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

F. Bonds Authorized but Unissued

On December 31, 2023, the Municipality had the following authorized but unissued GO bonds (in thousands):

	Ordinance	Interest	Amount	Amount	Remaining
Purpose	Date	Limitation	Authorized	Issued	Authorized
Anchorage Parks & Recreation	April 2021	None	3,950	2,690	1,260
	April 2022	None	3,875	-	3,875
	April 2023	None	3,950	-	3,950
Anchorage Roads & Drainage	April 2021	None	36,425	18,800	17,625
	April 2022	None	34,870	-	34,870
	April 2023	None	34,500	-	34,500
Area Wide Transportation Capital Improvement	April 2019	None	1,506	1,236	270
Area wide transportation Capital improvement	April 2019 April 2020	None	1,995	1,230	1,995
	April 2020	None	1,230	_	1,230
	•			-	
	April 2022	None	1,200	-	1,200
	April 2023	None	1,110	-	1,110
Public Safety- Areawide	April 2020	None	7,785	6,805	980
•	April 2021	None	3,750	1,295	2,455
	April 2022	None	880	-	880
	April 2023	None	3,510	-	3,510
Anchorage Fire	April 2021	None	1,950	1,520	430
	April 2022	None	2,100	-	2,100
	April 2023	None	2,625	-	2,625
					\$ 114,865

In April 2023, the Municipality voters approved the issuance of \$45,695,000 in area wide, road and drainage, public-safety, fire protection, and parks and recreation bonds.

G. Refunded Bond Issues

ASD Refunding Bonds

During ASD's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Municipality did not issue a refunding bond.

H. Defeasance of Debt

Municipality Defeasance of Debt

The Municipality defeased certain GO and revenue bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds and other available funds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, trust account assets and liabilities for defeased bonds are not included in the Municipality's financial statements. On December 31, 2023, the defeased balance of GO and revenue bonds remaining to be paid by the escrow agent was \$44,445,000 for the general government.

Electric Utility Defeasance of Debt

The Electric Utility defeased certain revenue bonds by placing the proceeds from the sale of the Electric Utility in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2014 Revenue Bond Series A. Accordingly, trust account assets and liabilities for defeased bonds are not reported in the Municipality's financial statements. On December 31, 2023, the defeased balance of the revenue bonds to be paid by the escrow agent was \$152,200,000 for the Electric Utility.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

ASD Defeasance of Debt

ASD has defeased certain GO bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds and other available funds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, trust account assets and liabilities for defeased bonds are not included in ASD's financial statements. On June 30, 2023, the amount of GO bonds considered defeased was \$154.095.000.

I. Direct Financing Agreements

The Municipality entered into revolving direct financing agreements to finance information technology equipment and software, all of which were in service or being installed as of December 31, 2023. In 2023, the Municipality drew \$368,519 to cover capital expenditures. As of December 31, 2023, the outstanding balance of \$7,889,546 was recorded in the Information Technology Internal Service Funds.

The Municipality entered into a revolving direct financing agreement to purchase a handling system for a municipal library, which system was in service as of December 31, 2023. The outstanding balance of \$179,828 was recorded in the Governmental Activities.

The Municipality entered into a revolving direct financing agreement to purchase a Computer Aided Mass Appraisal (CAMA) system, which was an ongoing capital project as of December 31, 2023. In 2023, the Municipality drew \$952,291 to finance additional CAMA capital expenditures. The outstanding balance on December 31, 2023, of \$5,048,337 was recorded in the Governmental Activities.

The Municipality entered into a revolving direct financing agreement to upgrade lighting at various locations within the Municipality, which lighting was in service as of December 31, 2023. The outstanding balance of \$208,530 was recorded in the Governmental Activities.

As of December 31, 2023, debt obligations from direct financing agreements included in current liabilities were \$6,073,073, and debt obligations from direct financing agreements in non-current liabilities were \$7,253,168 for total debt obligations from direct financing agreements of \$13,326,241.

Annual debt service requirements under the Municipality's direct financing agreements were as follows as of December 31, 2023:

	Governmental Activities							
	Principal		Interest	Total				
Years:								
2024	\$ 6,073,073	\$	354,771	\$	6,427,844			
2025	2,699,321		230,764		2,930,085			
2026	1,495,780		170,558		1,666,338			
2027	1,091,694		122,706		1,214,400			
2028	866,510		82,451		948,961			
2029-2031	1,099,863		67,259		1,167,122			
Total	\$ 13,326,241	\$	1,028,509	\$	14,354,750			

On August 1, 2023, the Municipality entered into a \$18,300,000 loan agreement with Key Government Finance, Inc. to purchase the building located at 716 West 4th Avenue in Anchorage from the ACDA. This loan agreement matures August 1, 2048, bears an interest rate of 5.533% for the first seven years. Effective August 1, 2030, the rate will adjust by 0.01% for each 0.01% variance in the 10-Year Treasury Rate between August 1, 2023, and the date that is seven business days before the first reset date of August 1, 2030. As of December 31, 2023, debt obligations from loan agreement included in current liabilities was \$352,327, and debt obligations from loan agreement of \$18,300,000.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Annual debt service requirements under the Municipality's loan agreement were as follows as of December 31, 2023:

	Governmental Activities								
	Principal		Interest	Total					
Years:					_				
2024	\$ 352,327	\$	1,007,732	\$	1,360,059				
2025	372,091		987,968		1,360,059				
2026	392,963		967,096		1,360,059				
2027	415,007		945,052		1,360,059				
2028	438,287		921,772		1,360,059				
2029-2033	2,588,990		4,211,305		6,800,295				
2034-2038	3,401,309		3,398,986		6,800,295				
2039-2043	4,468,499		2,331,796		6,800,295				
2044-2048	5,870,527		929,767		6,800,294				
Total	\$ 18,300,000	\$	15,701,474	\$	34,001,474				

J. Anchorage School District Debt

ASD's long-term obligation activity for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

		Balance			Balance	Amount Due
	,	July 1, 2022	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2023	within one year
General Obligation Bonds	\$	461,940,000	\$ 20,425,000	\$ (53,855,000)	\$ 428,510,000	\$ 46,695,000
Direct Financing Agreements		2,141,276	-	(280,244)	1,861,032	290,549
Compensated Absences		12,461,740	16,997,966	(17,546,168)	11,913,538	7,264,760
Leases Payable		22,765,461	-	(3,861,933)	18,903,528	7,324,526
Workers Compensation		14,538,700	6,705,923	(5,420,450)	15,824,173	7,041,219
Medical Claims		5,045,900	34,387,281	(34,533,681)	4,899,500	4,899,500
Pension		292,302,073	124,188,641	-	416,490,714	-
Total	\$	811,195,150	\$ 202,704,811	\$(115,497,476)	898,402,485	\$ 73,515,554

Unamortized premium on GO Bonds
Total
44,812,445
\$ 943,214,930

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

ASD bonds payable as of June 30, 2023, are comprised of the following individual issues:

General Obligation Bonds	Outstanding Amounts
\$39,345,000 2013 Series A School Construction Serial Bonds due in annual installments of \$865,000 to \$2,920,000 through August 2033; interest at 4% to 5%.	\$ 1,890,000
\$59,075,000 2014 Series C School Construction Serial Bonds due in annual installments of \$1,795,000 to \$4,555,000 through September 2034; interest in 1.25% to 5%.	8,300,000
\$37,150,000 2014 Series D School Construction Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$2,120,000 to \$7,200,000 through September 2026; interest at 1.25% to 5%.	9,010,000
\$69,170,000 2015 Series C School Construction Serial Bonds due in annual installments of \$2,095,000 to \$5,265,000 through September 2035; interest at 2% to 5%.	26,555,000
\$81,040,000 2015 Series D School Construction Serial Bonds due in annual installments of \$1,260,000 to \$15,090,000 through September 2026; interest at 2% to 5%.	30,090,000
\$20,270,000 2016 Series B General Obligation School Bonds due in annual installments of \$665,000 to \$1,500,000 through September, 2036, interest at 2% to 5%.	15,895,000
\$35,660,000 2018 Series C General Obligation School Bonds due in annual installments of \$1,105,000 to \$2,640,000 through September, 2038, interest at 2.25% to 5%.	30,910,000
\$57,020,000 2018 Series D General Obligation Refunding School Bonds due in annual installments of \$9,825,000 to \$28,455,000 through September, 2024, interest at 5%.	28,565,000
\$35,610,000 2019 Series C School Construction Seriel Bonds due in annual installments of \$1,105,000 and \$2,545,000 through April 2039; interest at 3% to 5%.	30,845,000
\$10,295,000 2019 Series D School Construction Refunding Serial Bonds due in annual installments of \$885,000 and \$1,215,000 through April 2030; interest at 3% to 4%.	7,590,000
\$60,090,000 2020 series E School Construction Serial Bonds due in annual installments of \$1,935,000 to \$4,425,000 through April 2040; interest at 2% to 5%.	54,570,000
\$77,830,000 2020 Series F School Construction Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$1,570,000 and \$7,870,000 through April 2034; interest at 3% to 5%.	74,685,000
\$55,300,000 2021 Series C School Construction Serial Bonds due in annual installments of \$1,215,000 and \$4,065,000 through September 2041; interest at 4% to 5%.	54,085,000
\$35,740,000 2021 Series D School Construction Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$645,000 and \$4,710,000 through September 2033; interest at 3% to 5%.	35,095,000
\$20,425,000 2022 Series B School Construction Serial Bonds due in annual installments of \$645,000 and \$1,500,000 through September 2042; interest at 4% to 5%.	20,425,000
- -	\$ 428,510,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for ASD GO bonds are as follows:

Anchorage School District Years: Principal Interest Total 46.695.000 2024 15.085.000 61.780.000 2025 38,705,000 51,801,000 13,096,000 41,786,000 2026 30,135,000 11,651,000 2027 31,330,000 10,455,000 41.785.000 2028 29,050,000 9,336,000 38.386.000 2029-2033 121,255,000 34,331,000 155,586,000 95.485.000 14.670.000 110.155.000 2034-2038 35,855,000 2039-2043 2.403.000 38.258.000 428,510,000 111,027,000 539,537,000 Total

ASD GO bond principal payments due within one year as of June 30, 2023, is \$46,695,000. The Debt Service Fund has \$4,037,112 available to service the GO bonds. There are several restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. ASD follows all significant restrictions.

Anchorage School District Direct Financing Agreements

During fiscal year 2019, ASD entered into a Direct Financing Agreement to finance the acquisition of sixteen school buses, payable in quarterly installments of \$62,820, ending October 1, 2028, with interest at 3.86%.

During fiscal year 2020, ASD entered into a Direct Financing Agreement to finance the acquisition of eight school buses, payable in quarterly installments of \$25,553, ending January 1, 2030, with interest at 3.86%.

As of June 30, 2023, Direct Financing Agreement debt included in current liabilities was \$290,549, and Direct Financing Agreement debt in non-current liabilities was \$1,570,483, for total Direct Financing Agreement debt obligations of \$1,861,032. ASD's Debt Service Fund will be used to liquidate the Direct Financing Agreements.

The following is a summary of ASD's Direct Financing Agreement debt for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

	C	Outstanding	Due within
Direct Financing Agreements		Balance	one year
16 School Buses	\$	1,239,829	\$ 206,386
8 School Buses		621,203	84,163
	\$	1,861,032	\$ 290,549

Annual debt service requirements under ASD's Direct Financing Agreements are as follows as of June 30, 2023:

	Anchorage School District								
Years:		Principal		Interest		Total			
2024	\$	290,549	\$	62,943	\$	353,492			
2025		301,236		52,256		353,492			
2026		312,321		41,171		353,492			
2027		323,818		29,674		353,492			
2028		335,743		17,749		353,492			
2029-2030		297,365		7,145		304,510			
Total	\$	1,861,032	\$	210,938	\$	2,071,970			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The following is a summary of all assets acquired with the Direct Financing Agreement program as of June 30, 2023:

	Original	Ac	cumulated	Carrying
Direct Financing Agreements	Amount	D€	epreciation	Value
16 School Buses	\$ 2,076,448	\$	679,172	\$ 1,397,276
8 School Buses	876,560		227,662	648,898
	\$ 2,953,008	\$	906,834	\$ 2,046,174

In the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, ASD completed initial recordings of twelve existing leases in accordance with GASB 87 for office buildings and copiers. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, ASD did not enter into any new lease agreements. Two building lease amendments were remeasured and recorded for \$605,402. Two building leases expired reducing lease assets \$580,291. The copier lease was amended, remeasured, and recorded for \$743,576. Lease terms vary in number of remaining years and were recorded with an incremental borrowing rate of 4.19 percent. Total lease costs for buildings and copiers were \$7,275,007 and \$797,111, respectively, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

ASD reported future minimum lease payments at June 30, 2023 as follows:

Years:	Principal		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	7,324,526	\$	652,418	\$	7,976,944
2025		6,873,874		354,150		7,228,024
2026		417,302		186,424		603,726
2027		255,689		174,787		430,476
2028		266,611		163,865		430,476
2029-2033		1,631,370		626,790		2,258,160
2034-2038		2,134,156		235,063		2,369,219
Total	\$	18,903,528	\$	2,393,497	\$	21,297,025

K. Anchorage Community Development Authority Debt

In June 2018, the ACDA Board of Directors approved the purchase of a building located at 716 W. 4th Avenue. On August 2, 2018, ACDA closed on this purchase. ACDA utilized the 7th Avenue parking garage as collateral for the loan from direct borrowing with Key Government Finance, Inc. It is a 15-year loan for \$14,432,000 at a 5.35% interest rate. Loan payments will be made twice annually each February 1 and August 1, and the loan matures August 1, 2038. As of December 31, 2022, the balance was \$12,988,361. On August 1, 2023 the building was sold to Municipality of Anchorage, and the loan including the interest accrued through July 31, 2023 was paid off.

In April 2021, ACDA entered into a \$573,300 loan through the Municipality's Direct Financing Agreement program to fund the LED Garage Retrofit project. The loan is repaid quarterly over 10 years through April 2031 at 2.28% interest and is secured by the assets of the Municipality. The balance at December 31, 2023 was \$413,013.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the ACDA loans are as follows:

Years:	Principal		li	nterest	Total		
2024	\$	53,001	\$	8,966	\$	61,967	
2025		54,220		7,747		61,967	
2026		55,467		6,500		61,967	
2027		56,743		5,224		61,967	
2028		58,047		3,920		61,967	
2029-2031		135,535		3,892		139,427	
Total	\$	413,013	\$	36,249	\$	449,262	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

ACDA's long-term obligation activity for the year-ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

		Balance	•		Balance	An	nount Due
	Jar	nuary 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	December 31, 2023	with	in one year
Direct Borrowing - Loans	\$	13,453,186	\$ -	\$ (13,040,173)	\$ 413,013	\$	53,001
Compensated Absences		62,581	150,022	(143,661)	68,942		68,942
Leases Payable		194,451	-	(68,313)	126,138		66,872
Pension		2,440,808	-	(248, 264)	2,192,544		-
Total	\$	16,151,026	\$ 150,022	\$ (13,500,411)	2,800,637	\$	188,815

L. Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. Debt

In 2022, ACPA entered into a five-year lease agreement as a lessee of a copier machine. The lease went into effect on November 17, 2022. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$21,724. As of December 31, 2023, the outstanding balance on the lease was \$16,283. ACPA is required to make monthly principal and lease payments of \$398. The lease has an interest rate of 4.19%.

During 2023, ACPA entered into a Master Agreement with Evolv Technologies Holdings, Inc., to lease security equipment and software that will be used for security screenings of patrons as they enter the building for events. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$123,953. The lease period is four years and started when ACPA took possession of the equipment and software in January 2023. The purchase terms total \$194,094 which includes a nonprofit discount of \$47,774.

NOTE 11 - DEBT ISSUED SUBSEQUENT TO YEAR END

A. Municipality of Anchorage

GO Bonds

The Municipality issued \$81,285,000 GO bonds on July 25, 2024, with maturity date September 1, 2044, for the purpose of financing the costs of road and drainage facilities improvements; renovating, replacing, and renewing park facilities; public safety and transportation improvement police and fire improvements; Public Facilities improvement and related capital improvement projects in the Municipality.

Port Revenue Bonds

The Municipality issued \$191,385,000 Port Revenue Bonds on December 17, 2024, with maturity date February 1, 2065, for the purpose of providing funds to refinance certain outstanding debt and to provide for additional funds for capital improvements and related financing expenses of the Don Young Port of Alaska.

Direct Financing Agreements

On November 15, 2024, the Municipality entered into a direct equipment lease/purchase agreement for the parking meter equipment with additions, accessions, parts, repairs, improvement, replacements, and substitutions, located throughout the streets of the Municipality of Anchorage in the amount of \$1,240,573.

On March 13, 2025, the Municipality entered into a direct lease agreement for the lifecycle replacement of desktop and laptop computers that are out of warranty and outdated in the amount of \$1,730,602.

B. Anchorage School District

General Obligation School Bonds

On July 25, 2024, the Municipality, on behalf of ASD, issued \$66,130,000 in GO school bonds.

Direct Financing Agreements

On February 29, 2024, the district entered into a bus lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of nine school buses in the amount of \$1,463,670.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 12 - PENSIONS

Substantially all regular employees of the Municipality are members of a public employees' retirement system except for employees who are members of the Police and Fire Pension System Plans, the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (IBEW) and International Union of Operating Engineers, Local 302 (Local 302).

All Municipal employees who are members of a public employees' retirement system participate in the State of Alaska PERS except for police officers hired prior to October 6, 1994, paramedics, and fire fighters hired prior to July 18, 1994, and command officers hired prior to May 24, 1994, who participate in either Plan I, Plan II, or Plan III of the Police and Fire Retirement System. The Police and Fire Retirement System is a defined benefit single-employer plan established by Chapter 3.85 of the Municipal Code. Police officers, command officers, paramedics, and fire fighters hired after these dates are in the PERS Plan. IBEW and Local 302 are union sponsored cost-sharing defined benefit plans. All pension obligations of the Municipality are included in the government-wide, proprietary, or fiduciary financial statements.

Substantially all employees of ASD are either members of the Alaska PERS or the Alaska Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) pension plans, with balances reported on the entity-wide statement of net position. For TRS Tiers I-II, employees with eight years or more of credited service are vested in the retirement system. Pension benefits are accrued annually at 2% for all years of service prior to July 1, 1990, or the first 20 years of service, and 2.5% for all the years after. Annual pension benefit is based on the accrued service credits and the average of the three highest contract salaries. Employees hired before July 1, 1990, may retire normally at age 55 with early retirement at age 50. Employees hired between July 1, 1990, and July 1, 2006, may retire normally at age 60 with early retirement at age 55. Employees with 20 or more years of credited service may retire at any age and receive a normal benefit.

Pension benefits for TRS Tiers I-II are adjusted each year based upon increases in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the prior year. Post retirement pension adjustments are applied automatically to retirees who are at least of age 60, who are on disability, or who have been receiving benefits for at least eight years. Starting at age 65, or at any age for those employed before July 1, 1990, a retired employee who remains in Alaska is eligible for an additional allowance equal to 10% of the base benefit or \$50 a month, whichever is greater. For TRS Tier III, employees are fully vested after five years of credited service. Employees can invest in a variety of mutual funds selected by the Alaska Retirement Management Board (ARM Board) or roll over the plan balance to other qualified plans. Distribution of vested plan balance is allowed after an employee has been terminated for at least 60 days. Additional information can be obtained in ASD's separately issued financial statements.

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Municipality participates in two defined benefit pension plans: PERS and the Police and Fire Pension System. The Net Pension Liability reported in the Statement of Net Position for the defined benefit pension plans is as follows:

	G	overnmentai	В	usiness-type	
Net Pension Liability	Activities		Activities		Total
Public Employees Retirement System	\$	320,094,920	\$	44,252,078	\$ 364,346,998
Police and Fire Pension System		78,470,793		-	78,470,793
Total	\$	398,565,713	\$	44,252,078	\$ 442,817,791

Total net pension liability for all plans for 2023 was \$442,817,791 and total pension expense was \$32,147,304, which includes on-behalf expenses from the State of \$13,368,227. Total deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for all plans were \$38,244,744 and \$0.00, respectively. There were no net pension assets reported for 2023.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

A-1. Public Employees Retirement System (PERS I-III)

General Information About the Plan

The Municipality participates in the Alaska PERS program which is also referred to as The Plan. PERS Tiers I-III is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan which covers eligible State and local government employees, other than teachers. The Plan was established and is administered by the State of Alaska Department of Administration. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

The Plan provides for retirement, death and disability, and post-employment health care benefits. There are three tiers of employees, based on entry date. For all tiers within the Defined Benefit (DB) plan, full retirement benefits are generally calculated using a formula comprised of a multiplier times the average monthly salary (AMS) times the number of years of service. The multiplier is increased at longevity milestone markers for most employees. Police and Fire employees accrue benefits at an accelerated rate. The tiers within the Plan establish differing criteria regarding normal retirement age, early retirement age, and the criteria for calculation of AMS, cost of living adjustment (COLA), and OPEB benefits. A complete benefit comparison chart is available at the website noted below.

The Plan is included in an annual comprehensive financial report that includes financial statements and other required supplemental information. That report is available via the internet at http://doa.alaska.gov/drb/pers. Actuarial valuation reports, audited financial statements, and detailed plan information is also available on this website. Plan documents may be obtained by writing to the State of Alaska, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement and Benefits, Box 110203, Juneau, Alaska, 99811-0203 or by phoning (907) 465-4460.

The PERS I-III DB Plan was closed to new entrants effective July 1, 2006. New employees hired after that date participate in the PERS IV Defined Contribution (DC) Plan described later in the note.

Historical Context and Special Funding Situation

In April 2008, the Alaska Legislature passed legislation converting the previously existing PERS plan from an agent-multiple employer plan to a defined benefit cost-sharing plan with an effective date of July 1, 2008. In connection with this conversion, the State of Alaska passed additional legislation which statutorily capped the employer contribution rate, established a state funded "on-behalf" contribution (subject to funding availability), and required that employer contributions be calculated against all PERS eligible wages, including wages paid to participants of the PERS Tier IV defined contribution plan described later in this note.

Alaska Statutes require the State of Alaska to contribute to the Plan an amount such that, when combined with employer contributions, is sufficient to pay the Plan's past service liability contribution rate as adopted by the ARM Board.

Although current statutes call for the State of Alaska to contribute to the Plan, the Alaska Department of Law determined the statute does not create a legal obligation to assume the Plan liabilities; rather it establishes a contribution mechanism to provide employer relief against rising contribution rates. This relief payment is subject to funding availability, and therefore not legally mandated. As a result, the State initially determined the Plan is not in a special funding situation. The State subsequently reversed its position on this matter, and as of June 30, 2015, the State recorded the liability. The Alaska Legislature has the power and authority to change the aforementioned statute through the legislative process.

For current year financial statements, management treated AS 39.35.255 and AS 39.35.280 as constituting a special funding situation under GASB Statement No. 68 rules and recorded all pension related liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and disclosures on this basis.

Employee Contribution Rates

Regular employees are required to contribute 6.75% of their annual covered salary. Police and firefighters are required to contribute 7.5% of the annual covered salary.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Employer and Other Contribution Rates

There are several contribution rates associated with the pension and healthcare contributions and related liabilities. These amounts are calculated on an annual basis.

Employer Effective Rate

This is the contractual employer pay-in rate. Under current legislation, this rate is statutorily capped at 22% of eligible wages, subject to a wage floor, and other termination events. This 22% rate is calculated on all PERS participating wages, including wages attributable to employees in the defined contribution plan. Contributions derived from the defined contribution employees are referred to as the Defined Benefit Unfunded Liability (DBUL) contribution.

Alaska Retirement Management Board Adopted Rate

This is the rate formally adopted by the ARM Board. This rate is actuarially determined and used to calculate annual Plan funding requirements, without regard to the statutory rate cap or the GASB accounting rate. Prior to July 1, 2015, there were no constraints or restrictions on the actuarial cost method or other assumptions used in the ARM Board valuation. Effective July 1, 2015, the Legislature requires the ARM Board to adopt employer contribution rates for past service liabilities using a level percent of pay method over a closed 25-year term which ends in 2039.

State On-behalf Contribution Rate

This is the rate paid by the State as an on-behalf payment under current statute. The statute requires the State to contribute, based on funding availability, an on-behalf amount equal to the difference between the ARM Board Rate and the Employer Effective Rate. In the governmental fund financial statements, on-behalf contribution amounts have been recognized as additional revenues and expenditures on a calendar year basis ending December 31, 2023. In the proprietary fund and government-wide financial statements, the on-behalf amounts reflect revenue and expense only during the measurement period July 1, 2022, to June 30, 2023, in which the Plan recognizes the payments, resulting in a significant timing difference between the cash transfers and revenue and expense recognition. Total on-behalf amounts recognized as of the measurement period are actuarially calculated.

Contribution rates for the years ended June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2024, were determined in the June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations, respectively. Municipality contribution rates for the 2023 calendar year were as follows:

	Employer	ARM Board	State
January 1, 2023 to June 30, 2023	Effective Rate	Adopted Rate	Contribution Rate
Pension	22.00%	24.79%	2.79%
Postemployment Healthcare- ARHCT (see Note 13)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Total Contribution Rates	22.00%	24.79%	2.79%
	Employer	ARM Board	State
July 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023	Employer Effective Rate	ARM Board Adopted Rate	State Contribution Rate
July 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023 Pension		=	
	Effective Rate	Adopted Rate	Contribution Rate

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

In 2023, the Municipality was credited with the following contributions into the pension plan.

			Munic	cipality's Fiscal
	Measurement Period			Year
	July 1, 2022 to		Janu	uary 1, 2023 to
	June 30, 2023 December		ember 31, 2023	
Employer contributions (including DBUL)	\$	38,473,097	\$	38,626,607
Nonemployer contributions (on-behalf)		6,100,808		6,521,923
Total Contributions	\$	44,573,905	\$	45,148,530

In addition, employee contributions to the Plan totaled \$5,853,795 during the Municipality's calendar year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

On December 31, 2023, the Municipality reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the Municipality. The amount recognized by the Municipality for its proportional share, the related State proportion, and the total were as follows:

Municipality proportionate share of NPL	\$ 364,346,998
State's proportionate share of NPL associated with the Municipality	121,461,455
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 485,808,453

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2023, measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2023, to calculate the net pension liability as of that date. The Municipality's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Municipality's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, including the State, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2023, measurement date, the Municipality's proportion was 7.03%, which was a decrease of 0.5% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Municipality recognized pension expense of \$33,479,599. Of this amount, \$13,368,227 was recorded as on-behalf revenue and expense for additional contributions paid by the State. On December 31, 2023, the Municipality reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Me	Measurement Period June 30, 2			
		Deferred Outflows		eferred nflows	
	o	f Resources		esources	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	9,510,026	\$	-	
Municipality contributions subsequent to the measurement date		19,530,954		-	
Total Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	\$	29,040,980	\$	-	

The \$19,530,954 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Net Amortization of Deferred

	Outflows and Def	ferred Inflows of
Year Ending December 31,	Resou	irces
2024	\$	(3,606,832)
2025		(7,977,010)
2026		21,580,505
2027		(486,637)
Total Amortization	\$	9,510,026

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions

The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2023 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, which was rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2021. The assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation are the same as those used in the June 20, 2021 valuation, except the amount included in the Normal Cost for administrative expenses was updated to reflect the most recent two years of actual administrative expenses paid from defined benefit plan assets.

expenses paid from defined benefit	it pian assets.
Inflation	2.50%
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Methodology	Layered unfunded accrued actuarial liability, level percent of pay basis
Allocation Methodology	The employer and nonemployer allocation percentages presented in the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations and applied to amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer are based on the ratios of the present value of projected future contributions for each employer to the total present value of projected future contributions for the Plan for the fiscal years 2024 to 2039.
Salary Increases	For peace officers/firefighters, increases range from 8.5% to 3.85% , based on service. For all others, increases range from 6.75% to 2.85% , based on service.
Investment Return / Discount Rate	7.25%, net of pension plan investment expenses. This is based on an average inflation rate of 2.50% and real rate of return of 4.75%.

Mortality

Pre-commencement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Safety Employee table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Deaths are assumed to result from occupational causes 70% of the time. Post-commencement mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Safety Retiree table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Safety Disabled Retiree table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. These rates are applied only after the death of the original member. Pre-commencement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Deaths are assumed to result from occupational causes 35% of the time. Post-commencement mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on 98% of male and 106% of female rates of the Pub-2010 General Retiree table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on 102% of male and 108% of female rates of the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor table. amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. These rates are applied only after the death of the original member.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return, excluding the inflation component of 2.5%, for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of the measurement period June 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term		
	Expected Real		
Asset Class	Rate of Return	Target	Range
Broad domestic equity	6.17%	27%	+/- 6%
Global equity (non-U.S.)	6.55%	22%	+/- 4%
Aggregate bonds	1.63%	23%	+/-10%
Real assets	4.87%	14%	+/- 7%
Private equity	11.57%	14%	+/- 7%
Cash equivalents	0.49%	0%	+/-0%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent, which was the same from the prior year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer and State contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy which meets State statutes. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of the June 30, 2023, measurement date calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, and what the Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if calculated using a discount rate one-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	Proportional	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	Share	(6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	(8.25%)
Municipality's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	7.02664%	\$ 489,134,753	\$ 364,346,998	\$ 258,938,090

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The public employees' retirement system pension trust fiduciary net position has been determined using the same basis used to determine the public employees' retirement system net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense. For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Therefore, benefit and administrative expenses are recognized when due and payable. Investments are reported at fair value based on the net asset value reported by the Treasury.

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report. The pension plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis used by the pension plan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

A-2. Police and Fire Pension System Plans

General Information About the Plans

Police and Fire (P&F) Plans I, II and III are defined benefit single-employer plans established by Chapter 3.85 of the Municipal Code. The P&F Plans are administered by the Police and Fire Retirement Board (Retirement Board). The cost of administering the P&F Plans is financed by the Retirement System assets held in a trust account. The Board consists of nine members: three appointed by the Mayor, three elected by the Fire members, and three elected by the Police members. Separate audited financial statements can be obtained by writing to the Police and Fire Retirement System, 3600 Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Ave, Suite 207, Anchorage, AK 99507, or by phoning (907) 343-8400.

P&F Plans financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

All regular full-time police officers hired prior to October 6, 1994; paramedics and fire fighters hired prior to July 18, 1994; and command officers hired prior to May 24, 1994, are required to participate in a plan. No other person is eligible to participate. Membership is determined by date of initial employment or by employee election.

- Plan I Members employed on or before June 30, 1977
- Plan II Members employed between July 1, 1977, and April 16, 1984, and
- Plan III Members employed between April 17, 1984, and May 25, 1994. Members of Plans I and II were also permitted to elect into Plan III at its inception.

Benefits - Plans I and II

- Voluntary Normal Retirement Eligibility of the earlier of the completion of 20 years of total credited service
 or the attainment of age 55 with a minimum of five of credited service, receives a benefit of 2.5% of average
 monthly compensation times the number of years of credited service.
- Voluntary Early Retirement Eligibility after five years of credited service and upon reaching the age of 55, receives a benefit of 2.5% of the average monthly compensation times the number of years of credited service.
- Deferred Retirement Eligibility after five years of credited service and upon reaching the age of 55, receives 2.5% of the average monthly compensation times the number of years of credited service.
- Occupational Disability Benefits are a monthly pension of 66% of the member's gross monthly compensation
 at the time of disability, payable for the life or until the member has recovered from the disability or is capable
 of resuming duties like those performed upon retirement. Plan I members may file at any time after retirement.
 Plan II members must file within seven years of retirement.
- Nonoccupational Disability Eligibility after five years of credited service prior to the date of disability. Benefits
 are a monthly pension of 50% of the gross monthly compensation at the time of disability payable for life or
 until the member has recovered from the disability for which benefits are paid or is physically and mentally
 capable of performing duties like those performed upon retirement.
- Occupational Death Benefit Benefits are a monthly pension of 66% of the member's monthly compensation, payable as designated by the member to the surviving spouse or the surviving children until the children reach the age of 18. The member may designate the portion of the benefit paid to the surviving spouse and the portion paid to surviving children. In the event a participant makes no designation, then the surviving beneficiaries will receive the benefit in the following priority: surviving spouse, surviving children under the age of 18, dependent parents, and dependent siblings under the age of 18.
- Nonoccupational Death Benefits Benefits of a monthly pension of 50% of the member's monthly compensation payable in the same manner as the occupational death benefit described above.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Benefits - Plan III

- Normal Service Retirement Eligibility after 20 years of credited service, receives a benefit of 2.5% of the final average compensation times the number of the years of credited service. A COLA is available each year.
- Early Service Retirement Eligibility after 15 years of credited service, receives a benefit of 2.5% of the final
 average compensation times the number of the years of credited service, payable for life. A COLA is not
 available until that date on which they would have accrued 20 years of credited service had they remained
 employed.
- Deferred Retirement Eligibility after five years of credited service and upon reaching age 55 or after the date
 on which the member would have completed 20 years of credited service, had the member remained
 employed. Benefits are 2.5% of final average compensation times the number of years of credited service,
 payable for life. A COLA is not available until that date on which they would have accrued 20 years of credited
 service had they remained employed.
- Occupational Disability Benefits are a monthly pension of 50% of the member's final average compensation
 at the time of disability. The benefit is payable for the life or until the member is capable of resuming assigned
 duties similar to pre-disability assigned duties and is offset by any other wage continuation benefit attributable
 to the Municipality.
- Nonoccupational Disability Eligibility after five years of credited service prior to the date of the disability. The
 benefit is a monthly pension of 25% of final average compensation if the member retires after more than five
 years but less than 10 years of credited service. For every additional credited year of service more than 10
 years up to 20 years, the benefit is increased by 2.5% of final average compensation. The benefit is payable
 for the life or until the member is capable of resuming duties with any police or fire department.
- Death Benefits Benefit is 100% of the Disability Benefit the member receiving or would have received at death or 75% of the service retirement benefit to which the member would have been entitled to had the member survived, whichever is greater.
- Children's Benefits 5% of the final average compensation for each dependent child under 18, up to 10% is payable monthly with disability benefits or to surviving spouses with dependent children.

This is a closed plan, which means that there are no new participants. As of December 31, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Plan I	Plan II	Plan III	Total
Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	158	115	401	674
Active Plan Members	-	-	-	-
Totals	158	115	401	674

Employee Contribution Rates

Members of P&F Plans I, II, and III are required to contribute an amount not to exceed 6% of compensation if the assets to liabilities ratio falls below 100%. There were no contributions to the plans in 2023.

Employer Contribution Rates

The Municipality is required to contribute 2.5:1 Municipality/member contribution ratio and any additional contributions to ensure that P&F Plans I, II, and III are adequately funded as determined by the actuary and approved by the Retirement Board.

Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Code and may be amended only by the Assembly. The January 1, 2023, actuarial valuation recommended employee contribution rates for P&F Plans I, II and III not to exceed 6% of employee compensation for the year ending December 31, 2023. In 2017, the Municipality issued \$58.7 million in Certificates of Participation (COP) Series A (Taxable) to provide for a lump-sum contribution to the P&F Plans. Proceeds from the issuance, in the amount of \$58.2 million were contributed, along with \$10.4 million of employer contributions in 2017. The results of the issuance of the COP was to fund 90% of the net

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

pension liability and eliminate the employer contribution requirements until 2024. All past contributions were made in accordance with actuarial recommendations.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

On December 31, 2023, the Municipality reported an NPL for P&F Plans I, II, and III in the amount of \$78,470,793 in the Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position. The NPL for each of the P&F Plans were calculated as follows:

	Plan I	Plan II	Plan III	Iotal
Total Pension Liability	\$ 73,716,742 \$	62,819,678	\$ 281,491,228	\$ 418,027,648
Plan Net Assets	(61,524,598)	(50,644,688)	(227, 387, 569)	(339,556,855)
Municipality Net Pension Liability	\$ 12,192,144 \$	12,174,990	\$ 54,103,659	\$ 78,470,793

Detailed information for the changes in total pension liability, plan fiduciary net position, and the net pension liability for each plan is presented in the following tables:

Police & Fire Retirement Plan I	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Liability Net Position (a) (b)		Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)		
Balances as of December 31, 2022	\$	76,724,575	\$ 61,413,948	\$	15,310,627
Changes for the year: Interest on total pension liability Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses Benefit payments Administrative expenses Net investment income Balances as of December 31, 2023	\$	4,564,967 (202,609) (7,370,191) - - 73,716,742	\$ - (7,370,191) (134,859) 7,615,700 61,524,598	\$	4,564,967 (202,609) - 134,859 (7,615,700) 12,192,144
Police & Fire Retirement Plan II Balances as of December 31, 2022	\$	64,347,703	\$ 50,122,965	\$	14,224,738
Changes for the year: Interest on total pension liability Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses Benefit payments Administrative expenses Net investment income Balances as of December 31, 2023	\$	3,846,291 239,768 (5,614,084) - - 62,819,678	\$ - (5,614,084) (109,987) 6,245,794 50,644,688	\$	3,846,291 239,768 - 109,987 (6,245,794) 12,174,990
Police & Fire Retirement Plan III Balances as of December 31, 2022	\$	284,017,873	\$ 220,788,907	\$	63,228,966
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses Benefit payments Administrative expenses Member contributions Net investment income Balances as of December 31, 2023		109,022 17,109,887 991,852 (20,737,406) - - - 281,491,228	\$ - (20,737,406) (490,298) 8,504 27,817,862 227,387,569	\$	109,022 17,109,887 991,852 - 490,298 (8,504) (27,817,862) 54,103,659

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Municipality recognized pension expense of (\$900,692), (\$166,004) and (\$265,599) for the P&F Plans I, II, and III, respectively. On December 31, 2023, the Municipality reported deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources by Plan:

	Measurement Period December 31, 2023	
		Deferred Outflows
		of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual investments- Plan I	\$	1,781,886
Net difference between projected and actual Investments- Plan II		1,426,366
Net difference between projected and actual investments- Plan III		5,995,512
	\$	9,203,764

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense for each Plan as follows:

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Plan I				
	Amortization of Deferred			
Year Ending December 31,	outflows/(Inflows) of Resources			
2024	\$	46,666		
2025		678,760		
2026		1,858,832		
2027		(802,372)		
Total Amortization	\$	1,781,886		
Plan II				
	Amortization of Deferred			
Year Ending December 31,	outflows/(Inflows) of Resources			
2024	\$	35,350		
2025		551,083		
2026		1,498,331		
2027		(658,398)		
Total Amortization	\$	1,426,366		
Plan III				
	Amortization of Deferred			
Year Ending December 31,	outflows/(Inflows) of Resources			
2024	\$	121,284		
2025		2,379,007		
2026		6,431,553		
2027		(2,936,332)		
Total Amortization	\$	5,995,512		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2024 using the following actuarial assumptions. This section of the report describes the actuarial methods and assumptions used in this report. The actuarial methods and assumptions have been chosen by the Board based on recent experience of the Plans and on current expectations as to future economic conditions. The assumptions are intended to estimate the future experience of the members of the Plans and of the Plans themselves in areas that affect the projected benefits and anticipated investment earnings. Any variations in future experience from that expected from the assumptions will result in corresponding changes in the estimated liabilities for future benefits.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2024
valuation Date	January 1, 2024
Measurement Date	December 31, 2023
Inflation	3% (Plan III)
Salary Increases	N/A
Investment Return	The future investment earnings of the assets of the plan are assumed to accrue at an annual rate of 6.25 percent as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, compounded annually, net of investment expenses.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal cost method with normal cost expressed as a level percentage of payroll.
Mortality	Retirees: Pub-2010 Public Safety Healthy/Disabled Retiree, sex distinct, generational projection with Unisex Social Security Data Scale. Beneficiaries: Pri-2012 Healthy Retiree, no collar, sex distinct, generational projection with Unisex Social Security Data Scale.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target	Range
Large/Mid Cap US equities	4.00%	27%	+/- 6%
Small Cap US equities	4.50%	11%	+/- 4%
International equities	6.65%	24%	+/- 6%
Fixed income	2.30%	19%	+/- 13%
Real estate funds	3.43%	17%	+/- 7%
Cash equivalents	0.00%	2%	+/- 4%

Discount Rate

All three Plans are projected to remain solvent indefinitely in the future assuming that the actuarially determined contributions continue to be made under the Board's funding policy. Therefore, the discount rate as of each measurement date is equal to the expected rate of return on plan assets, 6.25% as of December 31, 2023, which is the same from the prior year. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, and what the P&F Plan's net pension liability would be calculated using a discount rate one-percentage-point lower (5.25%) or one-percentage-point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease (5.25%)	(Current Discount Rate (6.25%)	1% Increase (7.25%)
Net Pension Liability:					
Plan I	\$	18,039,010	\$	12,192,144	\$ 7,081,255
Plan II		17,704,189		12,174,990	7,392,290
Plan III		83,781,590		54,103,659	29,082,407

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Anchorage Police and Fire Retirement System financial report.

A-3. IBEW Pension Plan

Plan Information

The Municipality's IBEW members in the Electric Utility, Development Services, Traffic Engineering and Maintenance & Operations participate in a cost-sharing defined benefit plan, the Alaska Electrical Pension Plan of the Alaska Electrical Pension Fund (IBEW Plan). The Alaska Electrical Trust Funds (AETF) Board of Trustees administers the IBEW Plan and has the authority to establish and amend benefit terms and approve changes in employer required contributions. Each year, AETF issues annual financial reports that can be obtained by writing the plan administrator, Alaska Electrical Pension Trust, 2600 Denali Street, Suite 200, Anchorage, Alaska, 99503.

Plan Participation and Benefit Terms

The Municipality had 64 employees covered by the Plan as of December 31, 2023. The IBEW Plan provides several levels of retirement benefits, including early retirement, normal retirement, late retirement, and disability retirement and includes several options for spouse participation and death benefits. The Municipality contributes to the IBEW Plan for its covered employees according to the terms of its Agreement Covering Terms and Conditions of Employment (Agreement) with the IBEW Local 1547. On March 9, 2021, a new Agreement was approved, effective March 9, 2021, through June 30, 2024.

Plan Contributions Requirements

Employer contributions are determined from hours of work reported by participating employers and the contractual employer contribution rate in effect. The Municipality's required contribution to the IBEW Plan for each hour for which compensation is paid to the employee for 2023 was \$8.35 per hour. The Municipality's total employer contributions to the IBEW Plan for 2023 was \$1,038,841. The Municipality had \$77,193 in required contributions to the IBEW Plan payable to AETF on December 31, 2023. These amounts are paid during the normal course of business in the month following each year end. The Municipality is not subject to withdrawal penalties, nor are there any future minimum payments to the IBEW Plan required other than the contribution per hour compensated as required by the Agreement.

Defined Contribution Money Purchase Plan

The Agreement requires employer contributions to be made in an amount of 1.9% of each employee's gross wages to the Alaska Electrical Workers Money Purchase Plan (Money Purchase Plan). The Municipality's employer and employee contributions to the Money Purchase Plan during 2023 were \$200,095 and \$13,410, respectively.

One hundred percent of the Municipality's required contributions to the IBEW plans have been made through these contributions to the AETF.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

A-4. Local 302 Pension Plan (Local 302 Plan)

Plan Information

The Municipality's Local 302 members participate in a union-sponsored cost-sharing defined benefit plan, the Local 302 International Operating Engineers Employers Construction Industry Retirement Fund (the Local 302 Plan). The Welfare and Pension Administration Services Inc. administers the Local 302 Plan and has the authority to establish and amend benefit terms and approve changes in employer required contributions. The Local 302 Plan is not a state or local government; it provides defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers and has no predominant state or local governmental employer. Each year, the Local 302 Plan issues annual financial reports that can be obtained by writing the plan administrator, Welfare and Pension Administration Services Inc., Box 34203, Seattle, Washington, 98124.

Plan Participation and Benefit Terms

The Municipality has 140 employees covered by the Local 302 Plan as of December 31, 2023. The Local 302 Plan provides several levels of retirement benefits, including early retirement, normal retirement, late retirement, and disability retirement and includes several options for spouse participation and death benefits. The Municipality contributes to the Local 302 Plan for its covered employees according to the terms of its Agreement Covering Terms and Conditions of Employment (Agreement) with the Local 302. The current Agreement is effective from July 26, 2022, to June 30, 2026, and automatically renews for a period of one year from its expiration date and for successive periods of one year each thereafter for so long as there is no proper notification of an intent to negotiate a successor Agreement.

Plan Contributions Requirements

Employer contributions are determined from compensable work hours and the contractual employer contribution rate in effect. The current agreement provides for contributions of \$6.40 per hour worked by a covered employee in 2023. Further, seasonal employees are provided for contributions at \$1.00 per hour worked in 2023. Total employer retirement contributions (covered and seasonal employees) for 2023 was \$1,953,455. The Municipality is not subject to withdrawal penalties, nor are there any future minimum payments to the Local 302 Plan required other than the contribution per hour compensated as required by the Agreement.

One hundred percent of the Municipality's required contributions to the Local 302 Plan have been made through these contributions to the Local 302 International Operating Engineers Employers Construction Industry Retirement Fund.

B. Defined Contribution Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement System (PERS IV)

Plan Information

The Municipality participates in the Alaska PERS (PERS IV or the Plan). PERS IV is a Defined Contribution (DC) plan which covers eligible State and local government employees, other than teachers. The Plan was established and is administered by the State of Alaska Department of Administration. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

Employees first enrolling into PERS after July 1, 2006, participate in PERS IV. PERS IV is a defined contribution retirement plan that includes a component of defined benefit post-employment health care.

The Plan is included in an annual comprehensive financial report that includes financial statements and other required supplemental information. That report is available via the internet at http://doa.alaska.gov/drb/pers. Actuarial valuation reports, audited financial statements, and detailed plan information is also available on this website. Plan documents may be obtained by writing to the State of Alaska, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement and Benefits, Box 110203, Juneau, Alaska, 99811-0203 or by phoning (907) 465-4460.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Plan Participation and Benefit Terms

The Plan is governed by Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. A portion of employee wages and a matching employer contribution are made to the Plan before tax. These contributions plus any change in value (interest, gains, and losses), and minus any Plan administrative fees or other charges, are payable to the employee or the employee's beneficiary at a future date. The Plan is a participant-directed plan with investment options offered by providers that are selected by the ARM Board.

Participating employees are immediately and fully vested in that employee's contributions and related earnings (losses). An employee shall be fully vested in the employer contributions made on that employee's behalf, and related earnings (losses), after five years of service. An employee is partially vested in the employer contributions, made on that employee's behalf, and the related earnings, in the ratio of (a) 25% with two years of service; (b) 50% with three years of service; (c) 75% with four years of service; and (d) 100% with five years of service. Employer contributions, and related earnings, that are contributed for employees that are not fully vested before leaving employment are considered forfeited and returned to the employer. **Plan Contribution Requirements** The Plan requires both employer and employee contributions. Employees may make additional contributions into the Plan, subject to limitations. Contribution rates are as follows

	Police	/Fire	Others			
	1/1 - 6/30	7/1 - 12/31	1/1 - 6/30	7/1 - 12/31		
Employee Contribution	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%		
Employer Contribution Retirement	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%		

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Municipality contributed \$7,371,004 to PERS IV for retirement. Employee contributions to the plan totaled \$11,793,453. Total Defined Contribution forfeitures for the Municipality in 2023 were \$352,891.72.

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS PLANS

A. Other Postemployment Benefits - Police and Fire Medical Trust Reporting under GASB Statements No. 74

Members of the Police and Fire Retirement Plan participate in one of two post-employment health benefit plans. The Gentile Group plan and the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Group plan are both single employer plans that are available to eligible police and fire participants.

The Plans are included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the Municipality and are not available as separate reports. Because of this, the Municipality is required to report GASB Statement No. 74- Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans for the Trust reporting. As of December 31, 2023, the Municipality is accounting for and reporting Other Postemployment Benefits under the guidance of GASB Statement No. 75 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. This note will provide information from the perspective of the Trust Plan and from the perspective of the Plan participants in accordance with the aforementioned guidance.

Net OPEB Liability

The components of the net OPEB liability for each Plan on December 31, 2023, are as follows:

	Police & Fire				
	G	entile Group	М	edical Group	Total
Total OPEB liability	\$	61,506,369	\$	98,944,028	\$ 160,450,397
Plan fiduciary net position		-		(20,552,978)	(20,552,978)
Municipality's net OPEB liability	\$	61,506,369	\$	78,391,050	\$ 139,897,419
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage					
of the total OPEB liability		N/A		20.77%	12.81%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Board of Trustees

The Plans are administered by an eight-person Board of Trustees. Three voting trustees are appointed by APDEA and three voting trustees by the IAFF, Local 1264. Two non-voting trustees are appointed by the mayor and all trustees are required to be confirmed by the Assembly. The six voting trustees serve for 3-year terms and the mayoral appointed trustees serve at the pleasure of the mayor. The plans were established and are administered by the Municipality. Plan benefits, funding and contribution provisions are established by Municipal Code 3.87 and may be amended by the Board of Trustees and the Assembly.

Investment of Plan Assets

Plan assets are invested as part of the Municipal Cash Pool and are invested in a manner consistent with the investment policies disclosed in Note 3. One hundred percent of the plan assets belong to the Police and Fire Medical Group, which had a -11.1 percent annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Combining Financial Statements for the Police and Fire Medical Trust Fund

The Municipality reported the following Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Net Position in the Fiduciary Funds section of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Police and Fire Medical Group and the Gentile Group plans.

MUNICIPAILITY OF ANCHORAGE Combining Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

	Police and Fire		
Assets	Medical Group	Gentile Group	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,766	\$ - \$	12,766
Accrued Interest	61,548	-	61,548
Investments:			
Money market funds	1,572,891	-	1,572,891
Certificate of deposit	7,711,874	-	7,711,874
U.S. treasuries	5,005,453	-	5,005,453
U.S. agencies	4,746,258	-	4,746,258
Fixed income funds	952,622	-	952,622
International fixed income funds	285,424	-	285,424
Domestic equity securities	1,739,407	-	1,739,407
International equity securities	1,177,729	-	1,177,729
Total investments	23,191,658	-	23,191,658
Total assets	23,265,972	-	23,265,972
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	12,731	-	12,731
Due to other funds	316,015	-	316,015
Total liabilities	328,746	-	328,746
Net Position Restricted for:			
Postemployment benefits other than pensions	22,937,226		22,937,226
Total net position	\$ 22,937,226	\$ - \$	22,937,226
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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

MUNICIPAILITY OF ANCHORAGE Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position December 31, 2023

	Ро	lice and Fire				
Additions		edical Group	Gentile Group			Total
Contributions from the Municipality	\$	3,841,538	\$	-	\$	3,841,538
Investment Income:						
Interest		2,508		-		2,508
Dividends		470,037		-		470,037
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		971,320		-		971,320
Less: investment expense		(22,500)		-		(22,500)
Net investment income		1,421,365		-		1,421,365
Total additions		5,262,903		-		5,262,903
Deductions						
Regular benefit payments		3,770,606		-		3,770,606
Administrative expenses		89,067		-		89,067
Total deductions		3,859,673		-		3,859,673
Change in fiduciary net position		1,403,230		-		1,403,230
Net position, beginning of year		21,533,996		_		21,533,996
Net position, end of year	\$	22,937,226	\$	-	\$	22,937,226

A-1. Gentile Group - Defined Benefit Plan

General Information about the Plan

The Gentile Group is a defined benefit, single employer plan, administered by the Municipality. Members of the Police and Fire Retirement Plan who retired prior to January 1, 1995, and command personnel who were employed prior to that date, but not retired at that date, participate in the Gentile Group Plan. This Plan is closed to new members and as of December 31, 2023, all members are now retired. Membership in the Plan consists of the following on December 31, 2023:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	178
Total plan membership	178

The Municipality pays 100% of a defined benefit insurance premium including health for all eligible retirees as well as dental, audio, and vision coverage for police retirees. Optional dental, audio and vision coverage is paid by the fire and command retirees. The Plan is accounted for on a "pay as you go" method with costs recognized as expenditures as premiums are paid. For 2023, the monthly contribution for each member ranged between \$3,753 and \$4,411 per member depending on age and years of service. Benefit costs totaling \$10,450,090 were paid in 2023. There are no plans in place to terminate or discontinue this benefit for eligible members.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability for this plan was determined by actuarial valuations as of December 31, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Measurement Date	December 31, 2023; results were rolled forward from the valuation date to the measurement date assuming no gains or losses in the interim.
Discount Rate	3.72 percent per annum (BOY), 3.26 percent per annum (EOY). Source: Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal. All participants are currently retired.
Mortality	PUB-2010 Mortality Tables as published by the Society of Actuaries, utilizing headcount weighted rates for Public Safety healthy retirees, projected generationally with Improvement Scale MP-2021.
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Medical and Prescription; 7 percent, decreasing to 4.5 percent by 2028 Dental, Vision, and Audio; 3 percent, staying constant to 2028.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability for the Gentile Group plan as of December 31, 2023, calculated using the discount rate of 3.26% (a decrease of 0.46% over the prior year's discount rate of 3.72%), and what the Gentile Group plan's net OPEB liability would be if calculated using a discount rate one-percentage-point lower (2.26%) or one-percentage-point higher (4.26%) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease	Cu	rrent Discount	•	1% Increase
		(2.26%)	F	Rate (3.26%)		(4.26%)
Gentile Group	\$	68,981,735	\$	61,506,369	\$	55,317,387

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability for the Gentile Group plan as of December 31, 2023, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates as summarized in the 2023 actuarial valuation report, and what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if calculated using trend rates one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare						
	1%	6 Decrease		Trend Rate		1% Increase		
Gentile Group	\$	55,097,335	\$	61,506,369	\$	69,095,700		

A-2. Police and Fire Medical Group - Defined Benefit Plan

General Information about the Plan

The Police and Fire Medical Group is a single-employer, defined benefit plan, administered by the Municipality. Active duty and non-command personnel members who were employed prior to January 1, 1995, but who were scheduled to retire after that date, and non-represented command personnel appointed after January 1, 1995, participate in the Police and Fire Medical Group Plan. The Plan is closed to new members. Plan membership consisted of the following on December 31, 2023:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	372
Active plan members	-
Total plan membership	372

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Established with both defined benefit and defined contribution characteristics, the Municipality contributes monthly fixed dollar contributions to each member. Contributions are deposited into individual member accounts and can be used to pay qualifying medical costs or health insurance premiums. Additionally, members have access to the Municipality's health insurance program if they elect to pay the associated premium. For 2023, monthly member contributions ranged between \$629 and \$1,028 depending on age and years of service. The Municipality contributed \$3,841,538 to the Police and Fire Medical Group plan in 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability for this plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Measurement Date	December 31, 2023; results were rolled forward from the valuation date to the measurement date assuming no gains or losses in the interim.
Inflation Rate	The Medical CPI-W Inflation rate is assumed to be 4% going forward.
Discount Rate	HRA Plan - 5.49% from 4.10% (BOY), this rate is based on an expected 10-year geometric return for an asset mix of 10% equities/90% fixed income. It reflects a real rate of return of 2.99% and an inflation rate of 2.5%. MH Plan - 3.26%, this rate is based on the Bond Buyers 20 Bond Index as of 12.31.2023, which tracks the average yields of 20 general obligation municipal bonds that mature in 20 years.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal; all participants are currently retired.
Amortization Method	The level dollar amortization method is used to determine the amortization periods; all participants are currently retired.
Mortality Rates	PUB-2010 Mortality Tables as published by the Society of Actuaries, utilizing headcount weighted rates for Public Safety healthy retirees, projected generationally with Improvement Scale MP-2021
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Medical and Prescription; 7 percent, decreasing to 4.5 percent by 2028.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The asset mix of the Police and Fire Medical Group Plan investments (HRA plan) is currently 10% Equities and 90% Fixed Income. The best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for these asset classes combined is 2.99%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.49% (HRA Plan) and 3.26% (MH Plan), which was 4.10% for both plans last year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability for the Police and Fire Medical Group plan as of December 31, 2023, calculated using the discount rate of 5.49%(HRA Plan) and 3.26%(MH Plan), and what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if calculated using a discount rate one-percentage-point lower (4.49% HRA/2.26% MH) or one-percentage-point higher (6.49% HRA/4.26% MH) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	HRA (4.49%)	HRA (5.49%)	HRA (6.49%)
	MH (2.26%)	MH (3.26%)	MH (4.26%)
Police and Fire Medical Group	\$ 86,918,426	\$ 78,391,050	\$ 71,202,664

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability for the Police and Fire Medical Group plan as of December 31, 2023, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates as summarized in the 2023 actuarial valuation report, and what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if calculated using trend rates one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Healthcare					
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate			1% Increase	
Police and Fire Medical Group	\$ 71,330,857	\$	78,391,050	\$	88,106,419	

B. Other Postemployment Benefits Plans - Municipality Reporting under GASB Statement No. 75

Substantially all regular employees of the Municipality are members of PERS except for employees who are members of the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust Plans (PFRMT).

All Municipal employees who are members of a public employees' retirement system participate in the State of Alaska PERS. Police officers and firefighters who retired prior to January 1, 1995, command personnel who were employed prior to that date, but not retired at that date participate in the Gentile Group Plan of the PFRMT. Active duty and non-command personnel members who were employed prior to January 1, 1995, but who were scheduled to retire after that date, and non-represented command personnel appointed after January 1, 1995, participate in the Police and Fire Medical Group Plan of the PFRMT. The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust Plans are defined benefit single-employer plans established by Chapter 3.87 of the Code. Police officers, command officers, paramedics, and fire fighters hired after these dates are in PERS. All postemployment healthcare benefit obligations of the Municipality are included on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Substantially all employees of ASD are either members of PERS or TRS OPEB plans, with balances reported on the entity-wide statement of net position. For TRS Tiers I-II, when pension benefits begin, major medical benefits are provided without cost to all employees first hired before July 1, 1990, who are disabled or age 60 or older regardless of initial hiring dates, or who have at least 25 years of credited service. Other retirees must pay the full premium to have the medical coverage. TRS Tier III employees, who have at least ten years of credited service, are eligible for medical benefits after retirement. If they are not eligible for Medicare, they must pay full premium. After eligible for Medicare, the retiree will be responsible for premium at a reduced percentage depending on the years of service. Retirees may use a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) account to pay premiums. After the HRA is exhausted, the premiums are the retiree's responsibility. Additional information can be obtained in ASD's separately issued financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

B-1. Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

The Municipality participates in five defined benefit OPEB plans: PERS Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust Plan (ARHCT), PERS Retiree Medical Plan (RMP), PERS Occupational Death and Disability Plan (ODD), PFRMT Gentile Group Plan and the PFRMT Police and Fire Medical Group Plan. The total net OPEB assets and liability reported in the Statement of Net Position for the defined benefit OPEB plans are as follows:

	G	Sovernmental	В	usiness-type	
Net OPEB Liability		Activities		Activities	Total
Gentile Group Plan	\$	61,506,369	\$	-	\$ 61,506,369
Police and Fire Medical Group Plan		78,391,050		-	78,391,050
Total Net OPEB Liability - PFRMT	\$	139,897,419	\$	-	\$ 139,897,419
Net OPEB Asset		Sovernmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities	Total
Net OPEB Asset Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust Plan	\$		В \$, ,	Total \$ 161,327,391
		Activities		Activities	
Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust Plan		Activities 141,733,234		Activities 19,594,157	\$ 161,327,391
Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust Plan Retiree Medical Plan		Activities 141,733,234 3,481,324		Activities 19,594,157 481,282	\$ 161,327,391 3,962,606

Total net OPEB assets and liability for all plans for 2023 was \$170,655,955 and \$139,897,419, respectively, and total OPEB expense was (\$33,091,199), which includes on-behalf expenses from the State of (\$9,253,269). Total deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for all plans were \$13,780,117 and \$8,020,123, respectively.

B-1a. PERS Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

General Information About the Plans

As part of its participation in the PERS Defined Benefit Plan (Tiers I, II, III), which are cost-sharing multiple employer-defined benefit plans, the Municipality participates in the ARHCT, RMP, and ODD. The ARHCT is self-funded and provides major medical coverage to retirees of the Defined Benefit Plan. Benefits vary by Tier level. This plan is closed effective July 1, 2006. The RMP provides major medical coverage to retirees of the PERS Defined Contribution Plan (Tier IV). The RMP is self-insured. Members are not eligible to use this plan until they have at least 10 years of service and are Medicare eligible. The ODD provides death benefits for beneficiaries of plan participants and long-term disability benefits to all active members within PERS. The Plans are administered by the State of Alaska, Department of Administration. Plan documents may be obtained by writing to the State of Alaska, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement and Benefits, Box 110203, Juneau, Alaska, 99811-0203 or by phoning (907) 465-4460.

Employer Contribution Rates

The Municipality is required to contribute the following percentages of covered payroll into the OPEB plans; for January 1 through June 30, 2023, ARHCT 0%, ODD 0.30%, and RMP 1.10%, for July 1 through December 31, 2023, ARHCT 0%, ODD 0.30%, and RMP 1.01%. Employees do not contribute. In 2023, the Municipality was credited with the following contributions to the OPEB plan:

			Munic	cipality's Fiscal
	Meas	Measurement Period		Year
	July 1, 2022 to		Janu	uary 1, 2023 to
	J	une 30, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2023
Employer contributions- ARHCT	\$	332	\$	-
Employer contributions- RMP		1,570,223		1,553,815
Employer contributions- ODD		644,485		670,748
Total Contributions	\$	2,215,040	\$	2,224,563

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

OPEB Assets and Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Plans

On December 31, 2023, the Municipality reported assets for its proportionate share of the net OPEB assets that reflected a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the Municipality. The amount the Municipality recognized for its proportional share, the related State portion, and the total were as follows:

Municipality proportionate share of NOA- ARHCT	\$ 161,327,391
Municipality proportionate share of NOA- RMP	3,962,606
Municipality proportionate share of NOA- ODD	5,365,958
Subtotal Net OPEB Assets	170,655,955
State's proportionate share of ARHCT NOA associated with the Municipality	54,298,466
Total Net OPEB Assets	\$ 224,954,421

Total OPEB assets for the June 30, 2023, measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2023, to calculate the net OPEB assets as of that date. The Municipality's proportion of the net OPEB assets were based on a projection of the Municipality's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The Municipality's proportionate share at the June 30, 2023, measurement date changed from the proportionate share as of the June 30, 2022, measurement date, as shown below.

	Measurement	Measurement	
Municipality's proportionate share	Date June 30,	Date June 30,	
of the net OPEB asset:	2022	2023	Change
ARHCT	7.48292%	7.01140%	-0.47152%
RMP	8.67294%	8.34514%	-0.32780%
ODD	10.67530%	10.45914%	-0.21616%

As a result of its requirement to contribute to the Plan and changes in the actuarially calculated net OPEB assets, the Municipality recognized net OPEB expense of (\$25,102,900). Of this amount, (\$9,253,269) was recorded for on-behalf revenue and expense for actuarially calculated support provided by the State for the ARHCT plan, which can result in a negative balance in Operating Grants and Contributions in the statement of activities in accordance with GASB Statements No. 75. On December 31, 2023, the Municipality reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to all PERS OPEB plans from the following sources:

	Measurement Period June 30			ine 30, 2023
		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows		Inflows
All Plans	0	f Resources	0	f Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	455,746	\$	(1,635,626)
Changes in assumptions		426,114		(6,213,433)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		7,798,770		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Municipality contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		1,865,733		(171,064)
Municipality contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,104,514		-
Total Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB	\$	11,650,877	\$	(8,020,123)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Deferred outflows of resource and deferred inflows of resources from each Plan are reported from the following sources:

	Ме	asurement Pe	riod Ju	ne 30, 2023
		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows		Inflows
ARHCT	of	Resources		Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	334,958	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		-		(2,968,789)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	;	7,342,839		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Municipality contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		1,627,366		_
Total Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to ARHCT	\$	9,305,163	\$	(2,968,789)
RMP			<u> </u>	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	120,788	\$	(127,908)
Changes in assumptions		426,114		(3,222,315)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	;	332,053		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Municipality contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		68,202		(4,776)
Municipality contributions subsequent to the measurement date		760,738		-
Total Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to RMP	\$	1,707,895	\$	(3,354,999)
ODD			_	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	(1,507,718)
Changes in assumptions	•	_	·	(22,329)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	;	123,878		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Municipality contributions and		•		
proportionate share of contributions		170,165		(166,288)
Municipality contributions subsequent to the measurement date		343,776		-
Total Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to ODD	\$	637,819	\$	(1,696,335)

The \$1,104,514 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to all PERS OPEB plans resulting from contributions made after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net OPEB assets in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

All Plans	Net Amortization of Deferred		
	Outflows and Deferred Inflow		
Year Ending December 31,	of Resou	rces	
2024	\$	(5,050,847)	
2025		(7,571,442)	
2026		17,449,037	
2027		(1,250,714)	
2028		(569,512)	
Thereafter		(480,282)	
Total Amortization	\$	2,526,240	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Excluding contributions made after the measurement date, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each OPEB plan will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Net Amortization of Deferred				
ARHCT	Outflows and Deferred Inflows				
Year Ending December 31,	of Resources				
2024	\$	(4,200,816)			
2025		(6,632,907)			
2026		17,619,653			
2027		(449,556)			
Total Amortization	\$	6,336,374			
RMP					
Year Ending December 31,					
2024	\$	(489,848)			
2025		(553,689)			
2026		982			
2027		(587,098)			
2028		(419,544)			
Thereafter		(358,645)			
Total Amortization	\$	(2,407,842)			
ODD					
Year Ending December 31,					
2024	\$	(360, 183)			
2025		(384,846)			
2026		(171,598)			
2027		(214,060)			
2028		(149,968)			
Thereafter		(121,637)			
Total Amortization	\$	(1,402,292)			

Actuarial Assumptions

The collective total OPEB liability for each plan for the June 30, 2023 measurement date was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2022, which was rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2017, to June 30, 2021. The assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation are the same as those used in the June 30, 2021 valuation with the following exceptions:

- Per capita claims costs were updated to reflect recent experience.
- The amount included in the Normal Cost for administrative expenses was updated to reflect the most recent two years of actual administrative expenses paid from postretirement healthcare plan assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Inflation 2.5% per year Salary Increases Graded by service from 8.50% to 3.85%, for peace officers/firefighters. Graded by service from 6.75% to 2.85%, for all others. Amounts for the June 30, 2023 measurement date were allocated to Allocation methodology employers based on the projected present value of contributions for FY2024-FY2039. Investment Return / Discount Rate 7.25%, net of investment expenses. This is based on an average inflation rate of 2.50% and real rate of return of 4.75%. Healthcare cost trend rates Pre-65 medical; 6.7% grading down to 4.5% Post-65 medical; 5.5% grading down to 4.5% Prescription drug; 7.2% grading down to 4.5% EGWP: 7.2% grading down to 4.5% Initial trend rates are for FY 2024 Ultimate trend rates reached in FY 2050 Mortality - Peace Officer/Firefighter Pre-commencement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Safety Employee table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 Deaths are assumed to result from generational improvement. occupational causes 70% of the time. Post-commencement mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Safety Retiree table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Safety Disabled Retiree table, headcountweighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Postcommencement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. These rates are applied only after the death of the original member. Mortality - Others Pre-commencement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 Deaths are assumed to result from generational improvement. occupational causes 35% of the time. Post-commencement mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on 101% (98%) of male and 110%(106%) of female rates of the Pub-2010 General Retiree table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety disabled Retiree table, headcountweighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Postcommencement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on 101% (102%) of male and 108% of female rates of the Pub-2010 contingent

the original member.

Survivor table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. These rates are applied only after the death of

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The best estimates of arithmetic rates of return, excluding the inflation component of 2.5%, for each major asset class included in the postretirement healthcare plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term		
	Expected Real		
Asset Class	Rate of Return	Target	Range
Broad domestic equity	6.17%	27%	+/- 6%
Global equity (non-U.S.)	6.55%	22%	+/- 4%
Aggregate bonds	1.63%	23%	+/- 10%
Real assets	4.87%	14%	+/- 7%
Private equity	11.57%	14%	+/- 7%
Cash equivalents	0.49%	0%	+/-0%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer and State contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy which meets State statutes. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability for each plan.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the Municipality's proportionate share of net OPEB assets calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, and what the Municipality's proportionate share of net OPEB assets (liabilities) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	Proportional 1% Decrease		Cι	ırrent Discount	•	1% Increase	
	Share		(6.25%)	- 1	Rate (7.25%)		(8.25%)
Municipality's proportionate share of the NOA- ARHCT	7.01140%	\$	107,233,277	\$	161,327,391	\$	206,769,443
Municipality's proportionate share of the NOA- RMP	8.34514%		137,695		3,962,606		6,884,489
Municipality's proportionate share of the NOA- ODD	10.45914%		5,041,830		5,365,958		5,618,233

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the Municipality's proportionate share of net OPEB assets as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates as summarized in the 2023 actuarial valuation report, and what the respective plan's net OPEB assets (liabilities) would be if it were calculated using trend rates one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:

	Proportional			
	Share	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
Municipality's proportionate share of the NOA- ARHCT	7.01140%	\$ 211,967,342	\$ 161,327,391	\$ 101,029,033
Municipality's proportionate share of the NOA- RMP	8.34514%	7,276,627	3,962,606	(488,858)
Municipality's proportionate share of the NOA- ODD	10.45914%	N/A	5,365,958	N/A

OPEB Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

B-1b. Police and Fire Retiree Medical Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

General Information About the Plans

The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust administers two plans: The Gentile Group Plan and the Police and Fire Medical Group Plan. Information about these two plans is included in Section A of this note. For this section of the note, both Plans information will be included together for each disclosure.

Employer Contributions

The Municipality pays 100% of the insurance premiums for participants in the Gentile Group Plan and a fixed dollar amount per month for participants in the Police and Fire Medical Group Plan. In 2023, the Municipality was credited with the following contributions to the OPEB plans:

	Measurement Period January 1 to				
		Decembe	r 31, 20	23	
	. <u>.</u>		Po	lice & Fire	
	Gentile Group		Me	dical Group	
		Plan		Plan	
Employer contributions	\$	10,450,090	\$	3,841,538	

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Plans

On December 31, 2023, the Municipality reported net OPEB liabilities (NOL) for both the Gentile Group Plan and the Police and Fire Medical Group Plan. The amount recognized by the Municipality for both plans was as follows:

Gentile Group Plan NOL	\$ 61,506,369
Police & Fire Medical Group NOL	78,391,050
Total Net OPEB Liability	\$ 139,897,419

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Detailed information for the changes in the total OPEB liability, plan fiduciary net position, and the net OPEB liability for each plan is presented in the following tables:

	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	Net OPEB
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
Gentile Group	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)
Balances as of December 31, 2022	\$ 58,291,752	\$ -	\$ 58,291,752
Changes for the year:			
Interest cost	2,102,655	-	2,102,655
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,336,892)	-	(1,336,892)
Changes in assumptions or inputs	5,986,396	-	5,986,396
Benefit payments	(3,537,542)	-	(3,537,542)
Balances as of December 31, 2023	\$ 61,506,369	\$ -	\$ 61,506,369
Police & Fire Medical Group			
Balances as of December 31, 2022	\$ 110,286,937	\$ 22,878,927	\$ 87,408,010
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	68,824	-	68,824
Interest cost	4,416,399	-	4,416,399
Differences between expected and actual experience	(18,427,370)	-	(18,427,370)
Changes in assumptions or inputs	7,876,510	-	7,876,510
Benefit payments	(5,277,272)	(3,604,941)	(1,672,331)
Net investment income	-	(2,562,546)	2,562,546
Employer contributions	-	3,841,538	(3,841,538)
Balances as of December 31, 2023	\$ 98,944,028	\$ 20,552,978	\$ 78,391,050

The total OPEB liabilities for the December 31, 2023 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022 rolled forward to December 31, 2023 to calculate the net OPEB liabilities as of that date.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Municipality recognized OPEB expense of \$3,214,617 and (\$11,202,916) for the Gentile Group Plan and the Police and Fire Medical Group Plan, respectively. On

December 31, 2023, the reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources by Plan:

	Meas	surement Period
	Dec	ember 31, 2023
	Def	erred Ouflow of
Police & Fire Medical Group		Resources
Net difference between projected and actual investments	\$	2,129,240

There were no deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources for the Gentile Group Plan. The Police and Fire Medical Group Plan reported \$2,129,240 of deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the difference in projected and actual earnings. Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense for the Police and Fire Medical Group Plan as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Police & Fire Medical Group Plan

	Amortization of D	of Deferred Outflows		
Year Ending December 31,	of Res	ources		
2024	\$	321,370		
2025		439,853		
2026		666,929		
2027		701,088		
Total Amortization	\$	2,129,240		

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability for the measurement period ended December 31, 2023, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, and rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2023. The assumptions are intended to estimate the future experience of the members of the Plans and of the Plans themselves in areas that affect the projected benefits and anticipated investment earnings. Any variations in future experience from that expected from the assumptions will result in corresponding changes in the estimated liabilities for future benefits.

Gentile Group Plan	
Measurement Date	December 31, 2023; results were rolled forward from the valuation date to the measurement date assuming no gains or losses in the interim
Discount rate	3.72%
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal. All participants are currently retired.
Mortality rates	PUB-2010 Mortality Table as published by the Society of Actuaries, utilizing headcount weighted rates for Public Safety healthy retirees, projected generationally with Improvement Scale MP-2021
Healthcare cost trend rates	Medical and Prescription; 7 percent, decreasing to 4.5 percent by 2028 Dental, Vision, and Audio; 3 percent, staying constant to 2028
Police & Fire Medical Grou	p Plan
Measurement Date	December 31, 2023; results were rolled forward from the valuation date to the measurement date assuming no gains or losses in the Interim.
Discount rate	5.49% (HRA Plan) & 3.26%(MH Plan)
Inflation	The Medical CPI-W Inflation Rate is assumed to be 4% going forward
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal: all participants are currently retired.
Healthcare cost trend rates	Medical and Prescription; 7 percent, decreasing to 4.5 percent by 2028
Amortization method	The level dollar amortization method is used to determine the amortization periods; all participants are currently retired.
Mortality rates	PUB-2010 Mortality Table as published by the Society of Actuaries, utilizing headcount weighted rates for Public Safety healthy retirees, projected generationally with Improvement Scale MP-2021

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of postretirement healthcare plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The asset mix of the Police and Fire Medical Group Plan investment is currently 10% Equities and 90% Fixed Income. The best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for these asset classes combined is 2.99%.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Discount Rate

The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB liability were 3.26% for the Gentile Group Plan and 5.49%(HRA Plan) & 3.26%(MH Plan) for the Police and Fire Medical Group Plan. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. The discount rate for the Gentile Group decreased 0.46% from the prior year. The discount rate for the Police and Fire Medical Group increased 1.39%(HRA Plan) and decreased 0.84%(MH Plan) from the prior year. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.26% for the Gentile Group Plan and 5.49%(HRA Plan) & 3.26%(MH Plan) for the Police and Fire Medical Group Plan, and what the two Plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current rate for each of the two Plans:

		Current Discount Rate						
	1% Decrease	(2.26%)	(3.26%)	1% Increase	(4.26%)			
Gentile Group Plan	\$ 68,	981,735 \$	61,506,369	\$ 55	5,317,387			
	1% Decre	ase Curr	ent Discount Rate	1% Incre	ease			
	HRA(4.49%)/MI	H(2.26%) HRA(5.49%)/MH(3.26%)	HRA(6.49%)/M	1H(4.26%)			
Police & Fire Medical Group Plan	\$ 86,	918,426 \$	78,391,050	\$ 7	1,202,664			

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the net OPEB liability for each Plan as of December 31, 2023, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates as summarized in the 2023 actuarial valuation report, and what the two Plan's net OPEB liability would be if calculated using trend rates one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Current Healthears Trand

	Current Healthcare Trend					
	1% Decrease		Rate		1% Increase	
Gentile Group Plan	\$ 55,097,335	\$	61,506,369	\$	69,095,700	
		Cur	rent Healthcare Trend			
	1% Decrease		Rate		1% Increase	
Police & Fire Medical Group Plan	\$ 71,330,857	\$	78,391,050	\$	88,106,419	

OPEB Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Gentile Group and Police and Fire Medical Group OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Municipality's annual comprehensive financial report as fiduciary funds and detailed disclosures are presented in Section A of this note.

B-2. Defined Contribution Plans - PERS Defined Contribution OPEB Plans

General Information About the Plans

Defined Contribution Pension Plan participants (PERS Tier IV) participate in the ODD, and the Retiree Medical RMP. Information on these plans is included in the comprehensive annual financial report for the PERS Plans noted above. These plans provide for death, disability, and postemployment healthcare benefits.

Employer Contribution Rates

Employees do not contribute to the Defined Contribution OPEB plans. Employer contribution rates for the year ended December 31, 2023, were as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

	Tier IV P	olice/Fire	Tier IV	Others
	1/1 - 6/30	7/1 - 12/31	1/1 - 6/30	7/1 - 12/31
Employer Contribution			•	
Health Reimbursement Arrangement	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Retiree Medical Plan	1.10%	1.01%	1.10%	1.01%
Death & Disability Benefit	0.68%	0.68%	0.30%	0.30%
Total Employer Contribution	4.78%	4.69%	4.40%	4.31%

Healthcare Reimbursement Arrangement

In addition, PERS defined contribution members also participate in the Health Reimbursement Arrangement. AS 39.30.370 establishes this contribution amount as "three percent of the average annual employee compensation of all employees in the plan". Prior to July 1, 2023, a flat rate of approximately \$2,237 per year for full time employees and \$1.43 per part time hour worked were paid. For pay periods ending after July 1, 2023, a flat rate of approximately \$2,303 per year for full time employees and \$1.48 per part time hour worked were paid.

Annual Postemployment Healthcare Cost

In 2023, the Municipality contributed \$3,509,411 in Defined Contribution OPEB costs. These amounts have been recognized as expenditures/expenses.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 14 - FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

In the fund financial statements, the Municipality reports aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form - prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance. This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance. These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal ordinances of the Assembly – the Municipality's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Assembly removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance. This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the Municipality's "intent" to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The Assembly has given the Mayor or the Mayor's designee the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes through the budgetary process. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance. This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the Municipality's policy is to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources - committed, assigned, and unassigned - in order, as needed.

In 2011, the Assembly approved AR 2011-345(S) which set the fund balance policy in accordance with GASB 54. In 2014, the Assembly approved AR 2014-221 which revised the method of calculating certain components of the fund balance categories, to better aid in assessing the needs of the Municipality. Management's spending policy is to use restricted fund balance first when expenditures are incurred to which any resource is available, then to use unrestricted fund balances in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned. In 2015, the Assembly approved AR 2015-84 which amended the definition of expenditures used in the calculation of certain components of fund balance. As of December 31, 2023, there are no other amendments to the Fund Balance Policy.

Beginning in March 2020, the Assembly approved several Emergency Orders (EOs) that provided temporary exemptions from the fund balance set-asides due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The Municipality anticipates Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) reimbursements to assist with revenue loss during the shutdowns and additional expenditures incurred during the health emergency, which caused the fund balance to dip below the set-asides set in AR 2015-84. The Municipality is also incurring continued costs associated with the November 30, 2018, earthquake. FEMA reimbursement and insurance recoveries were received in 2023 related to the earthquake and anticipates this will continue into 2024.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Nonspendable Inventories \$ 958,052 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
Nonspendable Inventories
Inventories
Prepaid Items and Deposits 1,991,921 - 10,378,689 12,370,610 Long-term Loans Receivable 47,492,739 - 77,869 77,869 Advances to Other Funds 47,492,739 - - 47,492,739 Assets Held for Resale 4,888,761 - - 150,000 150,000 Cemetery Perpetual Fund 55,331,473 - 150,000 150,000 Total Nonspendable 55,331,473 - 10,606,558 65,938,031 Restricted Unspent MLP Sale Proceeds 616,855 - - - 1616,855 Unspent Special Levies 1,413,310 - - 364,973 364,973 Chisance Property Abatement - - - 18,771,505 18,771,505 MOA Trust Fund - 410,100,520 - 18,771,505 18,771,505 Police & Fire Retiree Medical Liability - - 34,235,680 34,235,680 E911 Surcharge - - 308,903 308,903
Long-term Loans Receivable 77,869 77,869 77,869 Advances to Other Funds 47,492,739 - - 77,869 47,492,739 - - 47,492,739 - - 47,492,739 - - 47,492,739 - - 47,802,730 - - 4,888,761 -
Advances to Other Funds 47,492,739 - - 47,492,739 Assets Held for Resale 4,888,761 - - 4,888,761 Cemetery Perpetual Fund - - - 150,000 150,000 Total Nonspendable 55,331,473 - - 10,606,558 65,938,031 Restricted Unspent MLP Sale Proceeds 616,855 - - - - 616,855 Unspent Special Levies 1,413,310 - - - - 1,413,310 Nuisance Property Abatement - - - - 1,413,310 - - - - 1,413,310 - - - - 1,413,310 - - - - 1,413,310 -
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Debt Service - - - 14,640,420 14,640,420 Total Restricted 2,030,165 410,100,520 - 127,824,545 539,955,230 Committed Bond Rating 50,632,938 - - - 50,632,938 Capital Improvements - - - 36,389,556 36,389,556 Heritage Land Bank - - - 8,310,590 8,310,590 Miscellaneous Operational Grants - - - 653,530 653,530 Operating Projects Committed 4,315,070 - - 4,315,070
Total Restricted 2,030,165 410,100,520 - 127,824,545 539,955,230 Committed Bond Rating 50,632,938 50,632,938 Capital Improvements 36,389,556 36,389,556 Heritage Land Bank 8,310,590 8,310,590 Miscellaneous Operational Grants 653,530 653,530 Operating Projects Committed 4,315,070 4,315,070
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Miscellaneous Operational Grants - - - 653,530 653,530 Operating Projects Committed 4,315,070 - - - 4,315,070
Operating Projects Committed 4,315,070 4,315,070
Total Committed 54,948,008 - 45,353,676 100,301,684
Assigned
Nuisance Property Abatement 26,641 26,641
Capital Improvements 838,390 838,390
Cemetery Perpetual Fund 539,939 539,939
E911 Surcharge 214,136 214,136
State Grants 74,877,611 74,877,611
Alcoholic Beverage Sales Tax 714,668 714,668
Federal/State Fines & Forfeitures 106,113 106,113
Miscellaneous Operational Grants 3,812 3,812
Opioid Settlement 59,067 59,067
Property Assessed Clean Energy Production 18,328 18,328
Convention Center Operating Fund 2,577,411 2,577,411
Total Assigned 79,976,116 79,976,116
Unassigned
Working Capital Reserve 11,182,925 11,182,925
Other Unassigned (50,990,663) - (5,416,278) (341,133) (56,748,074)
Total Unassigned (39,807,738) - (5,416,278) (341,133) (45,565,149)
Total Fund Balance (Deficit) \$\frac{72,501,908}{3000} \\$\frac{410,100,520}{3000} \\$\frac{(5,416,278)}{3000} \\$\frac{263,419,762}{3000} \\$\frac{740,605,912}{3000} \}

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Alaska State Statute 29.35.470 states that taxes levied within a differential tax zone exceeding the amount that would otherwise have been levied may only be used for services provided within that zone. The Municipality reported \$1 in restricted fund balance in the General Fund equal to excess taxes collected for the EMS Special Lease Levy and \$1.41 million in restricted fund balance in the General Fund equal to excess taxes collected for the APD IT System Special Levy. The Municipality reported \$616,855 in restricted fund balance in the General fund equal to the unspent portion of Electric Utility sale proceeds to be used for ongoing administration related to the sale.

The Municipality, by resolution, established a bond rating included in committed fund balance and a working capital reserve included in unassigned fund balance. For 2023, \$50,632,938 of committed fund balance for bond rating is reported and \$12,425,260 of the bond rating reserve is available. None of the unassigned fund balance for working capital reserve is available after offsetting the other unassigned fund deficit.

Set asides for Bond Rating and Working Capital Reserves are reported as follows:

Bond Rating:	
Committed	\$ 50,632,938
Net Unassigned Deficit	(38,207,678)
Available Bond Rating Reserve	\$ 12,425,260
Working Capital Reserve:	
Unassigned for Working Capital	\$ 11,182,925
Unassigned Fund Balance Deficit	(49,390,603)
Net Unassigned Deficit	(38,207,678)
Available Working Capital Reserve	\$ -

The Municipality has the following encumbrances outstanding at the end of the year:

Maior Funds:

Road and Drainage Capital Project Fund	\$ 14,205,366
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds:	
Public Safety	2,546,773
Parks & Recreation	2,295,759
Areawide	2,675,217
Public Transportation	17,987,762
Heritage Land Bank	75,711
Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	\$ 25,581,222

NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT AND SELF INSURANCE

The Municipality is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; illness of and injuries to employees; unemployment; and natural disasters. The Municipality utilizes three risk management funds to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss.

The Municipality provides coverage up to the maximum of \$3,000,000 per occurrence for automobile and general liability claims and for each workers' compensation claim. No settled claim exceeded this commercial coverage in 2023, 2022 or 2021.

Unemployment compensation expense is based on actual claims paid by the State of Alaska and reimbursed by the Municipality.

All Municipal departments participate in the risk management program and make payments to the risk management funds based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Claims payable represent estimates of claims to be paid based upon past experience modified for current trends and information. The ultimate amount of losses incurred through December 31, 2023, is dependent upon future developments. On December 31, 2023, claims incurred but not reported included in the liability accounts are \$20,300,026 in the General Liability/Workers' Compensation Fund and Medical/Dental Self Insurance Fund.

Changes in the funds' claim liability amounts in 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

		Current Year			
	Balance	Claims and			Balance
	January 1,	Changes in		De	ecember 31,
	2022	Estimates	Claims Paid		2023
General Liability/Workers' Compensation	\$ 31,834,491	\$ 10,461,188	\$ (9,183,160)	\$	33,112,519
Medical/Dental	7,008,376	46,559,857	(48,203,233)		5,365,000
Unemployment	24,852	167,472	(144,727)		47,597
	\$ 38,867,719	\$ 57,188,517	\$ (57,531,120)	\$	38,525,116
		Current Year			
	Balance	Claims and			Balance
	January 1,	Changes in		De	ecember 31,
	2021	Estimates	Claims Paid		2022
General Liability/Workers' Compensation	\$ 28,659,939	\$ 11,609,207	\$ (8,434,655)	\$	31,834,491
Medical/Dental	6,127,409	48,575,384	(47,694,417)		7,008,376
Unemployment	93,496	157,658	(226,302)		24,852
	\$ 34,880,844	\$ 60,342,249	\$ (56,355,374)	\$	38,867,719

On December 31, 2023, the Medical and Dental Self Insurance Fund had unrestricted net position of \$35,240,774, an increase of \$4,664,078 from 2022.

On December 31, 2023, the General Liability and Worker's Compensation Fund had a deficit of \$15,004,175, an increase in the deficit of \$1,216,690 from 2022. The increase in the deficit is due to an increase in reserves for worker's comp claims based on actuarial estimates.

NOTE 16 - MOA TRUST FUND

On April 2, 2002, Anchorage voters approved Proposition No. 4 which amended the Anchorage Municipal Charter (Charter) to fundamentally change distribution rules applicable to the MOA Trust. Key Proposition No. 4 excerpts include:

- "The trust fund shall be defined as an endowment fund with a controlled spending policy limiting dividend distribution."
- "Any use of the corpus, or a portion of the corpus, separate from the controlled spending policy of the endowment, may only be used for purposes approved by a majority of the voters voting on a ballot proposition in a regular or special election."
- "Under the endowment's-controlled spending policy an annual dividend may be appropriated by the assembly provided that the annual appropriation does not exceed 5% of the average asset balance of the trust."

Code was also revised to accompany the Charter change. Changes made to AMC 6.50.060 further define and clarify the methodology to be used in paying out an annual not-to-exceed dividend amount from the Trust each year.

Depending on the investment market conditions in any given year, the Trust may or may not generate sufficient realized and unrealized net earnings to cover the dividend payout specified in the Code. Under the endowment

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

model followed by the Trust, however, the annual dividend from the Trust is based on a payout rate which is applied to the average market value of the Trust over multiple calendar quarters, as further defined in the Code. The calculated annual dividend from the Trust is available for appropriation by the Municipal Assembly (Assembly) to help fund the general government budget. The endowment model is tied to an average market value, not to annual earnings, and it cannot exceed a 5% maximum long-term real rate of return per Charter. During periods of market decline, the Trust may experience a negative return; nonetheless the voter-approved endowment model for the Trust makes it possible for the Assembly to pay out no more than a 5% dividend by drawing from the fund's corpus. Over time, the Trust is expected to benefit from positive market years (i.e., years in which the real rate of return exceeds the maximum 5% payout rate); however, the Assembly must not exceed the 5% cap on annual distributions. This means that any excess returns generated during positive years in the market effectively are converted to corpus. Additionally, the Municipal Treasurer is required by Code to determine whether the Trust's purchasing power is being maintained, by performing an analysis at least every five years.

In January 2009, the Assembly, in response to substantial 2008 investment losses, amended AMC 6.50.060 to further limit the annual dividend payout. Effective January 1, 2010, no more than 4% of the Trust's market value for the twenty consecutive quarters ending on March 31 of each year was made available for appropriation by the Assembly to help fund the general government budget. This policy change was to remain in effect until such time as the Trust's market value recovered to a level equal to or greater than the Trust's market value on December 31, 2007.

In recognition of significant recovery in the investment market since the 2008/2009 crash, in November 2016, the Assembly approved an amendment to AMC 6.50.060 to increase the payout rate for the MOA Trust from 4% to 4.25%, effective January 1, 2017. This payout rate was applied annually to the Trust's average market value over the twenty trailing calendar quarters ending March 31 of each year, to determine the maximum amount available for annual appropriation to help fund the general government budget.

In anticipation of the Electric Utility sale in late October 2020, the Assembly further amended AMC 6.50.060 in September 2020 to authorize a 5% maximum payout rate in 2020 and a 4.5% maximum payout rate in 2021 and future years. The Trust's payout rates are to be applied to a variable average market value calculation that accumulates from two trailing calendar quarters of average market value in year 2020 to twenty trailing calendar quarters of average market value by year 2026 and beyond. The annual dividend calculation continues to be determined as of March 31 of each year, and the calculation parameters cited in the revised Code shall determine the not-to-exceed amount available for annual appropriation to help fund the general government budget starting in 2020 and beyond.

At the Municipal Treasurer's request, the Investment Advisory Commission (IAC) held two special meetings at the beginning of 2022 regarding the appropriateness of the dividend payout level for the year 2022 and beyond. Based on information and analysis provided by the Trust's independent investment consultant, the IAC passed a Resolution recommending a reduction in the dividend payout rate to not-to-exceed 4%. The IAC believed this was necessary to preserve the Trust's long-term purchasing power, which is the primary objective cited for the Trust in the Municipal Charter and Municipal Code. The Assembly accepted the Commission's Resolution (AIM 35-2022) at the March 1, 2022, Assembly meeting. Consistent with AIM 35-2022, \$17.1 million of the Trust fund balance was transferred to the General Fund in 2022.

During 2022 the Municipal Treasurer, the IAC, and the investment consultant analyzed the Trust's governance structure. In December 2022, the IAC voted in support of a ballot ordinance to change the Trust's governance structure from the existing sole fiduciary model to a new fiduciary Board of Trustees based on recommendations received from the investment consultant. On the April 4, 2023, regular municipal election, Anchorage voters approved the new governance structure, and the new structure has been implemented.

In June of 2023, the Anchorage Assembly passed AO No. 2023-66, an omnibus ordinance which amended certain sections of the Municipal Code establishing a new Board of Trustees to provide fiduciary oversight and direction to the MOA Trust Fund. The Board was seated on October 17, 2023, formerly taking over management of the Fund from the Treasurer who had served as sole fiduciary. The IAC ceased to exist and function at that date as well.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 17 - REGULATORY AND OTHER MATTERS

A. Water Utility

Recurring Rates: Revenue Requirement (2020 Test Year / 2022 Rates)

On December 3, 2021, the Water Utility filed a revenue requirement study requesting an interim and refundable rate increase of 1.75%, to be effective January 18, 2022. This request was granted by the RCA on January 18, 2022, under Order 1 in Docket U-22-002. On February 7, 2023, the RCA issued Order 8 in the same docket, accepting the Joint Stipulation Resolving Disputed Issues submitted by the Water Utility and RAPA. The 1.75% rate increase is now permanent, and no refunds are to be issued.

Recurring Rates: Plant Replacement and Improvement Surcharge Mechanism (2021 Test Year)

On December 14, 2022, in TA Letter TA176-122, the Water Utility requested approval to establish a plant replacement and improvement surcharge mechanism (PRISM) in the Water Utilities tariff and to establish an initial Water Utility PRISM surcharge of 1.85%, to be effective January 30, 2023. On January 20, 2023, the RCA issued Letter Order number L2300016 approving the PRISM in the Water Utilities tariff and the initial Water Utility PRISM surcharge rate of 1.85%. The PRISM surcharge was implemented on customer bills effective January 30, 2022.

B. Wastewater Utility

Recurring Rates: Revenue Requirement (2020 Test Year / 2022 Rates)

On December 3, 2021, the Wastewater Utility filed a revenue requirement study requesting an interim and refundable rate increase of 3.75%, to be effective January 18, 2022. This request was granted by the RCA on January 18, 2022, under Order 1 in Docket U-22-003 for the Wastewater Utility. On February 7, 2023, the RCA issued Order 8 in the same docket, accepting the Joint Stipulation Resolving Disputed Issues submitted by the Wastewater Utility and RAPA. The 3.75% rate increase is now permanent, and no refunds are to be issued.

Recurring Rates: Plant Replacement and Improvement Surcharge Mechanism (2021 Test Year)

On December 14, 2022, in TA Letter TA177-126, the Wastewater Utility requested approval to establish a PRISM in the Wastewater Utility tariff and to establish an initial Wastewater Utility PRISM surcharge of 0.81%, to be effective January 30, 2023. On January 20, 2023, the RCA issued Letter Order number L2300016 approving the PRISM in the Wastewater Utility's tariff and the initial Wastewater Utility PRISM surcharge rate of 0.81%. The PRISM surcharge was implemented on customer bills effective January 30, 2022.

C. Electric Utility

Acquisition of the Electric Utility by Chugach Electric Association, Inc. and the formation of Anchorage Hydropower

On April 1, 2019, Chugach Electric, Inc. (CEA) filed a petition with the RCA requesting necessary approvals for acquiring the Electric Utility from the Municipality and requesting an amendment of Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity (CPCN) No. 8 to reflect the acquired service territory. The petition was approved with amendments during 2020.

The transaction transferring the assets of the Electric Utility to CEA closed on October 30, 2020. On November 11, 2021, the Municipality and CEA agreed on a final purchase price.

On October 30, 2020, the Municipality and CEA entered into a Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) for CEA to acquire 64.29% of the Municipality's 53.33% share of the Eklutna generation output for a term of 35 years, among other things. On November 23, 2020, the Municipality and Matanuska Electric Association, Inc. (MEA) entered into a PPA whereby MEA, among other things, acquired the rights to buy 35.71% of the Municipality's share of the generation from Eklutna for 35 years.

The Municipality provides wholesale electric power from the Eklutna Hydroelectric Project Switchyard as the Municipality of Anchorage dba Anchorage Hydropower, CPCN No. 780. In the final Order of the acquisition docket, the RCA required that the Municipality establish a \$3 million operating reserve for its Hydropower Utility.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Fish and Wildlife Agreement

In 1991, the Municipality, along with CEA, and MEA, (collectively known as Eklutna Purchasers), United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), Alaska Energy Authority, and the State of Alaska entered into an agreement regarding protection, mitigation of damages to, and enhancement of fish and wildlife affected by hydroelectric development of the Eklutna Project. According to that agreement, the Eklutna Purchasers will be responsible for the consultation, study, and implementation provisions applicable to the Eklutna Project.

The agreement requires the Eklutna Purchasers to develop a study plan and a Final Fish and Wildlife Plan in consultation with the USFWS, NMFS, the Alaska Departments of Fish and Game, Environmental Conservation and Natural Resources, and other stakeholders, including the public, and submit it to the Governor for approval. The Plan shall consist of measures recommended by the Purchasers for the protection, mitigation of and damages to and enhancement of fish and wildlife (including related spawning grounds and habitat). The Governor of Alaska shall establish a Final Fish and Wildlife Program, which the Eklutna Purchasers shall be required to implement.

Plan implementation shall begin no later than 2027 and end no later than 2031. The Eklutna Purchasers are required by the agreement to repeat the process on a recurring basis every 35 years. The Municipality is responsible for 19.04% of the costs of the study and for plan implementation according to the PPAs with the other Eklutna Purchasers. There is currently no estimation of the total costs to the Municipality of implementing the Plan.

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES

The Municipality, in the normal course of its activities, is involved in various claims and litigation. Except as specifically described below, it is the opinion of management and the Municipal Attorney that these matters are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Municipality's financial statements.

In the normal course of operations, the Municipality becomes involved in various litigation matters, including, among others, claims by third parties for alleged property damages, personal injuries, and other matters. The Municipality believes that it has meritorious defenses against these claims and has used multiple factors in determining potential exposure. The Municipality has recorded an estimate for this potential exposure as a contingent liability in the amount of \$1,600,060 as of December 31, 2023.

A. Litigation

Port Expansion

A multi-year expansion project at the Port began in 2003 and continued until May 31, 2012. The project encountered problems and work was suspended while the Port investigated the scope and cause of the problems and determined how to proceed.

Investigative reports concluded the project design was flawed and significant aspects of the work were constructed incorrectly. In March 2013, the Port filed suit to recover damages. In 2016 and 2017, the Municipality reached agreements with all the private party defendants to fully and finally settle, release and resolve any and all claims, liabilities and damages of the Municipality for a total of \$19,350,000. These settlements were recorded as legal settlements shown on the Port's statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as non-operating revenue. As required under two of the settlement agreements, the Port restricted \$1.95 million of the settlements to a Port litigation escrow account recorded in 2016 as restricted assets "legal settlement set-aside", in the Port's statements of net position. An order for dismissal in the US District Court of the District of Alaska was signed on February 22, 20217, closing the case filed in the State of Alaska.

A separate action in the United States Court of Federal Claims against the U.S. Maritime Administration (MARAD) was filed in March 2024. Trial occurred in February 2021 and final judgement was entered on February 24, 2021, awarding the Municipality the sum of \$367,446,809. The judgement was timely appealed to the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit on April 25, 2022, with oral arguments scheduled on March 7, 2024. In an opinion issued December 16, 2024, a panel of judges with the U.S. court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

partially rescinded the award and reduced the damages awarded to \$11,3 million. The Municipality could choose to bring additional arguments forward, but the strategy is yet to be determined.

B. Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, would become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. In management's opinion, disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

NOTE 19 - ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

The Municipality has adopted an aggressive proactive policy designed to identify and mitigate the potential effects of past, present, and future activity that may result in environmental impact. It is accounting policy to record a liability when the likelihood of responsibility for an environmental impact is probable and the cost of mitigating the impact is estimable within reasonable limits. On December 31, 2023, there are environmental issues that meet both criteria and, accordingly, a provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the cost of mitigating environmental concerns of underground fuel and hazardous waste contamination. The following is a summary of environmental concerns.

A. Solid Waste Landfill Sites

The Municipality's landfill at Merrill Field was closed during 1987 following approximately 50 years of usage. An active gas migration control system was constructed in 1992 and has since operated without fail. Operation of the gas control system has been effective in maintaining compliance with regulations pertaining to landfill gas and protecting public safety.

In 1996, a project was undertaken to improve existing groundwater controls and to construct a new system to control and collect groundwater from beneath the site for treatment in the municipal wastewater system. This collection system has operated without fail and has been effective in mitigating potential offsite migration of contaminants. The Municipality continues to maintain landfill gas and groundwater control systems and to perform monitoring of this site in compliance with state and federal regulations governing closure of solid waste facilities.

B. Air Quality Violations at Anchorage Regional Landfill

On or about March 28, 2018, the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) issued a Notice of Violation (NOV) to the Municipality of Anchorage, Solid Waste Fund, alleging multiple violations of the Municipality's Air Quality Operating Permits for the Anchorage Regional Landfill, all relating to the emission of landfill gas. On or about June 10, 2019, the ADEC issued a second NOV to the Solid Waste Fund alleging 1) failure to conduct surface emission monitoring (SEM), and 2) failure to meet certification requirements. The Solid Waste Utility met with ADEC on a several occasions in an attempt to resolve the alleged violations; the Solid Waste Utility and ADEC engaged in an exchange of letters discussing potential compliance measures and settlement of civil penalties. On May 12, 2022, ADEC and the Municipality agreed to a Final Compliance Order by Consent in this matter. The order contained several mandatory corrective actions to be undertaken by the Solid Waste Utility in response to the violations, including installation of additional gas control capacity, surface emissions monitoring and reporting requirements. In addition, the Municipality has agreed to pay administrative fees, costs, and expenses of ADEC, a penalty of \$200,000, and to perform a Supplemental Environmental Project (SEP). The total costs of the SEP and corrective actions are not currently determinable, however ADEC requires a minimum cost of the SEP at \$271,000. The liabilities were paid as of December 31, 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

C. Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care Cost

State and federal laws and regulations require the Municipality to place a final cover on its current regional landfill when it stops accepting solid waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill for thirty years after closure. To properly account for these future closure and post-closure costs each year, the Solid Waste Utility records an operating expense based on landfill capacity. During 2023, the future closure and post-closure care costs were re-evaluated and adjusted to reflect current conditions. On December 31, 2023, the Solid Waste Fund had a recorded liability of \$47,021,798 associated with these future costs, based on the use of 38.295 percent of the landfill's estimated capacity. Based upon the 2023 study (unaudited), it is estimated Solid Waste will recognize an additional \$72,505,386 in liability expense between 2024 and 2064, the current estimated date the landfill is expected to reach full capacity. These amounts are based upon what it would cost to perform all the closure and post-closure functions in 2023. Future inflation costs and additional costs that might arise from changes in requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, for example) may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users, taxpayers, or both. Activity in the long-term liability for landfill closure and post-closure care reserve was as follows:

	Balance					
	January 1,			December 31, Due in		
	2023	Addition	Deletion	2023	One Year	
Future Landfill Closure Costs	\$ 42,621,511	\$ 4,400,287	\$ -	\$ 47,021,798	\$ -	

State laws and federal regulations require the Municipality to provide financial assurances for future closure and post-closure costs by one of several allowable mechanisms available. The Municipality elected to use the "Local Government Test" financial assurance mechanism to comply with the regulation. Pursuant to AMC §26.80.060 a restricted cash and investment account has been established to fund the liability for landfill closure and post-closure purposes. On December 31, 2023, Solid Waste Services reported \$19,736,075 of restricted assets for payment of closure and post-closure care costs.

D. Electric Utility

Effective October 30, 2020, CEA acquired most of the assets and assumed some of the liabilities of the Electric Utility. Pursuant to the PPA Section 2.03 (d), CEA assumed environmental claims and liabilities under environmental laws, that in each case, are directly related to the purchased assets (including violations of environmental laws and the presence or release of hazardous materials at, in, on or under, or migrating from or to, the purchased assets).

Pursuant to Section 8.02 (d) of the PPS, the Municipality agreed to indemnify CEA and pay and reimburse CEA for losses incurred in relation to the assumed environmental liabilities that exceed \$25 million in the aggregate prior to the tenth anniversary of the closing date of the acquisition.

The Municipality does not anticipate such losses and therefore is not recognizing a liability for any such losses in its statement of net position.

E. Pollution Remediation Obligation

Water Utility

AWWU Boston St. and E. 11th Court R/W (ADEC File No. 2100.38.584)

In September 2019, contaminated soil and groundwater was encountered during the removal and replacement of a water line rehabilitation project. Cleanup completed status from ADEC is expected in 2024.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

AWWU Denali contaminated Site (ADEC File# to be determined)

A known contamination site was disturbed while performing a mainline rehabilitation project. This action reopened a case between ADEC and another party which has resulted in litigation alleging that AWWU failed to properly maintain the wastewater system which led to damages to the building's systems.

The Utility has estimated a pollution remediation obligation in the amount of \$93,000 for the above site as of December 31, 2023. The potential for material changes in the estimate is possible depending upon the response received from the ADEC and the results of the ongoing litigation.

Wastewater Utility

AWWU Pump Station No. 12-UST (ADEC File No. 2100.26.044)

In 2017, the Utility was in the process of submitting documentation to ADEC to obtain cleanup complete status when another spill occurred from an above ground fuel tank in the general area of the original fuel spill that occurred in 1990. Due to this, the Utility is expecting to perform soil borings in 2024 with contaminated soil removal and disposal in 2025 and follow-up monitoring in 2026. Pollution remediation obligation is estimated at \$1.5 million as of December 31, 2023.

MOA AWWU Maintenance and Operation Facility Diesel AST Overfill (ADEC File No. 2100.28.574) and MOA AWWU Maintenance Facility (1997 Tank Removal) 325 E. 94th Court (ADEC File No. 2100.38.588) In 2016, the Wastewater Utility experienced a fuel spill on the Utility Operations and Maintenance facility located at 325 East 94th Court for which preliminary actions removed surface and some subsurface contamination. A third party agreed through mediation to pay a portion of the preliminary cleanup costs. The Utility is planning to make

improvements at the site which result in further cleanup and contamination mitigation. Pollution remediation obligation is estimated a \$.9 million as of December 31, 2023.

AWWU Operations Facility Used Oil Tank Removal 503 E. 94th Ct. (ADEC File No. 2100.26.331)

A contaminated site was revealed to the Utility in 2013 for which there were no records of cleanup data. The Utility installed a monitoring and sampling site in 2016. An ADEC chronology report states that site sampling had not occurred since 2001. In 2016, samples from the monitoring well had a DRO result in exceedance of ADEC cleanup levels. ADEC had been sent a request for extension on the cleanup plan submittal date, in 2018 the work plan was approved. To fully address contamination at the site would require excavation and thermal treatment of up to 600 tons of soil from the site as part of capital project work. Pollution remediation obligation is estimated a \$.2 million as of December 31, 2023.

The Utility uses the expected cash flow technique to measure the liability. The Utility estimated a reasonable range of potential outlays to estimate a total pollution remediation obligation of \$2.6 million as of December 31, 2023. The potential for material changes in the estimate is possible depending upon the responses received from ADEC.

Port

In February 2012, the Port entered into an agreement with the Department of Defense to acquire 48 acres of undeveloped land (Tract J) for fair market value of \$10,305,000. In exchange, the Port has committed to provide a permanent access road connecting Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson to the Port and to accept responsibility for the environmental condition of the transferred land. This obligation is reflected on the Port's Statement of Net Position as a non-current liability totaling \$1,720,582 as of December 31, 2023. Port recognized a capital contribution in the amount of \$8,425,612 in 2011 related to the land described above. Both Tract H and Tract J at the Port are ADEC designated contaminated sites. In 2023, no required monitoring expenses were incurred for either Tract H or Tract J.

Other Environmental Issues

The Municipality is aware of certain potential environmental issues as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Public Works Transit Facility Sites

Soil contamination from a subsurface hydraulic oil leak was discovered in 1990 at the Public Works Transit Facility (PWTF). Bus hydraulic lifts 4, 6, 9 and 10 were the source of the leak. During soil testing at the PWTF in 2016, as part of preparation for removal and replacement of existing fuel storage tanks, diesel contamination due to leakage from on-site fuel storage tanks was detected. This constituted a second site separate from the hydraulic oil leak discovered in 1990. Remediation work for this contamination is planned to be performed at the time of the scheduled removal and replacement of the tanks. The Municipality estimates a pollution remediation obligation of \$1,386,300 as of December 31, 2023.

Gambell Street Right-of-Way Site

The presence of GROs, DROs, and multiple VOCs exceeding applicable cleanup standards was discovered because of road right-of-way work along Gambell Road south of the intersection with Benson Boulevard in 2006. Approximately 400 tons of contaminated soil were excavated and sent for remediation. The most recent testing at the site continued to show levels of GROs and DROs in ground water and VOCs in soil gases above applicable cleanup standards. A work plan for future testing and remediation activities has not yet been developed; therefore, the cost associated with any future actions cannot be determined at this time.

Northwood Maintenance Facility Site

The presence of numerous contaminants exceeding applicable cleanup levels was discovered at two sites at the Municipality's Northwood Drive Maintenance Facility. In 1992, three areas of stained soil were discovered on the grounds of the facility. Testing found levels of DROs and RROs over applicable cleanup standards. The Municipality estimates a pollution remediation obligation for this site of \$294,458 as of December 31, 2023.

Third Addition Block 39, Lot 15 Site

The presence of DROs in soil and ground water exceeding applicable cleanup levels due to a leaking underground heating oil storage tank was discovered on a parcel of land during a road improvement project in July of 2008. The tank was removed, and approximately 15 cubic yards of affected soil was excavated from the site and sent for remediation. In January 2020, ADEC requested a work plan to complete site characterization and conceptual site model. The Municipality estimates a pollution remediation obligation of \$18,700 as of December 31, 2023. Currently, the costs associated with any future actions, above the estimate as of December 31, 2023, cannot be determined at this time.

Second Avenue Easement Site

Soil and groundwater contamination from diesel range and residual range organic chemicals (DROs and RROs) and lead was discovered in the 1990's at the former Second Avenue easement storage site at 1021 East Third Avenue. In 2023, the project to remove contaminated soil from the site amounting \$260,000 is cancelled due to costs increase that went beyond budget. The Municipality estimates a pollution remediation obligation of \$78,534 as of December 31, 2023 and continue to incur future costs due to the presence of lead contaminants.

Fire Station 4 Site

The presence of contamination from DROs, GROs, benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes were detected at the Fire Station 4 site located at 4350 MacInnes Street. The site is currently required by ADEC to have annual groundwater testing to monitor contamination levels. The Municipality reported a pollution remediation liability of \$14,118 for these activities as of December 31, 2023.

Fleet Maintenance Facility Site

The presence of contamination from DROs, GROs, RROs, benzene, and toluene, resulting from multiple underground storage tanks and the Facility's Paint shop, were detected at the Fleet Maintenance Facility at 4333 Bering Street in the 1990s. Test results indicated levels of multiple contaminants above ADEC cleanup levels, but generally stable or decreasing from the last monitoring event except for RRO levels in one sample. The Municipality estimated a reasonable range of potential outlays and multiplied those outlays by their probability of occurrence to estimate a pollution remediation obligation of \$201,150 as of December 31, 2023.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Peacock Cleaners Site

The presence of DROs, tetrachloroethylene, and trichloroethylene chemicals exceeding applicable clean up levels were discovered on a parcel of Municipal-owned land at 4501 Lake Otis Parkway. From 1996 through 2008, this property was operated as a dry-cleaning facility. The Municipality estimated a reasonable range of potential outlays and accrued a liability for estimated pollution remediation obligation of \$2,403,684. There has been no change to this amount as of December 31, 2023.

Spenard Road Project

In September 2017, an underground storage tank was discovered during construction along West 27th Avenue. In October 2017, the tank was removed and approximately 8 cubic yards of soil were generated from the excavation. After sampling, the excavation was backfilled with imported clean soil. ADEC can request further action on the site, and as such, future costs for remediation at these sites will depend on responses from ADEC and the results of future monitoring and are not estimable at this time.

NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

A. Anchorage Water Utility

Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS or PFASs)

PFAS are known as forever chemicals and have been identified as a public health and environmental issue facing communities across the United States. Because of the duration and breadth of use, PFAS can be found in surface water, groundwater, soil, and air-from remote rural areas to densely populated urban centers. A growing body of scientific evidence shows that exposure at certain levels to specific PFAS can adversely impact all living things.

In April 2024 the Environmental Protection Agency issued regulations requiring water utilities to test and possibly treat for PFASs. At this time, the financial implications of this regulation are undeterminable.

B. Don Young Port of Alaska

Renaming of Port of Alaska

Effective January 9, 2024, the Port of Alaska was renamed the Don Young Port of Alaska.

Port of Alaska Litigation

A multi-year Port expansion project began in 2003 and continued until May 31, 2012. The project encountered problems and work was suspended while the scope and the cause of the problems were investigated. Investigative reports concluded the project design was flawed and significant aspects of the work were constructed incorrectly. The Port filed suit to recover damages. A final judgement against MARAD was entered on February 24, 2021, awarding the Municipality \$367,446,809. The judgement was timely appealed to the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit on April 25, 2022, with oral arguments scheduled on March 7, 2024. In an opinion issued December 16, 2024, a panel of judges with the U.S. court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit partially rescinded the award and reduced the damages awarded to \$11.3 million. The Municipality could choose to bring additional arguments forward, but the strategy is yet to be determined.

Port Revenue Bonds

On December 17, 2024, the don Young Port of Alaska issued \$191,385,000 in revenue bonds at a coupon rate of 4.25-5.50%, maturing through February 1, 2065.

On April 16, 2025, the Municipality of Anchorage assembly approved the authorization for issuance of revenue bonds for the Don Young Port of Alaska for one or more series in the aggregate principal amount outstanding at any time not to exceed \$1,102,735,000 via Assembly Ordinance 2025-047.

Port Contract

On April 16, 2025, the Municipality of anchorage Assembly awarded contract through the RFP process to a single vendor for construction services related to the Don Young Port of Alaska Modernization Program for \$807,456,515 via Assembly Memorandum AM 327-2025.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

C. Municipality Subsequent Events

Mayoral Election

The latest triennial Municipal mayoral election was held on April 2, 2024, with a runoff election on May 14, 2024. Suzanne LaFrance was elected Mayor, took office July 1, 2024, and will serve an initial term through June 30, 2027.

Federal Emergency Management Agency Receivables

The Municipality experienced several natural disasters that qualified for FEMA cost recovery: the 2018 November Cook Inlet Earthquake; the COVID pandemic; the 2021 Southcentral Alaska Storm; and the 2022 Eagle River Avalanche. Most of the recovery for these emergencies was appropriated with EOs that allow for tax recovery above the tax cap for amounts not recovered from FEMA and exemption of these amounts from the fund balance reserve requirements. As of March 21, 2024, amounts not anticipated to be recovered by FEMA for the COVID pandemic are approximately \$1.1 million. As of April 17, 2024, amounts not anticipated to be recovered by FEMA for the 2018 November Cook Inlet Earthquake are estimated at \$0.5 million. The 2021 Southcentral Alaska Storm and the 2022 Eagle River Avalanche are anticipated to be mostly recovered by FEMA.

General Government Debt

Anchorage voters approved \$46,145,000 and \$61,520,000 of GO bonds on April 4, 2023, and April 2, 2024, respectively, for capital improvements and upgrades for Municipal facilities, roads, and assets. The Municipality did not issue any GO bonds in 2023. On March 22, 2023, the Assembly authorized and provided for the issuance of \$125,000,000 in tax anticipation notes to pay ongoing 2023 expenses and on April 23, 2024, the Assembly authorized and provided for the issuance of \$150,000,000 in tax anticipation notes to pay ongoing 2024 expenses until sufficient money from receipt of ad valorem property taxes and from other revenue sources becomes available in each respective year. Tax anticipation notes were issued and paid in 2023 and no tax anticipation notes were issued for 2024.

NOTE 21 - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The GASB issued several new accounting standards with upcoming implementation dates (effective dates are adjusted for the issuance of GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*). The following new accounting standards were considered and/or implemented by the Municipality for 2023 reporting:

GASB Statement No. 94 - Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements – Effective for the year ending December 31, 2023. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements and provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements. The Municipality evaluated GASB 94 impacts and determined there were no impacts to the Municipality's financial statements for the current fiscal year.

GASB Statement No. 96 - Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements — Effective for the year ending December 31, 2023. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. This Statement, among other things, defines a SBITA, establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset (an intangible asset) and a corresponding subscription liability, provides capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The Municipality analyzed SBITAs to determine which SBITAs applied to GASB 87, then accounted for those SBITAs accordingly.

GASB Statement No. 99 - *Omnibus 2022* – Provisions of this Statement related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, classification of certain provisions in Statement No. 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement No. 53 and Statement No. 63 are effective upon issuance. The effective date for the provisions of this Statement related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are to be implemented for the year ending December 31, 2023. The effective date for the provisions of this Statement related to financial guarantees and

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement No. 53, are to be implemented for the year ending December 31, 2024.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued several new accounting standards with upcoming implementation dates (effective dates adjusted for the issuance of GASB 95). Management has not fully evaluated the potential effects of these statements, and actual impacts have not yet been determined. The statements are as follows:

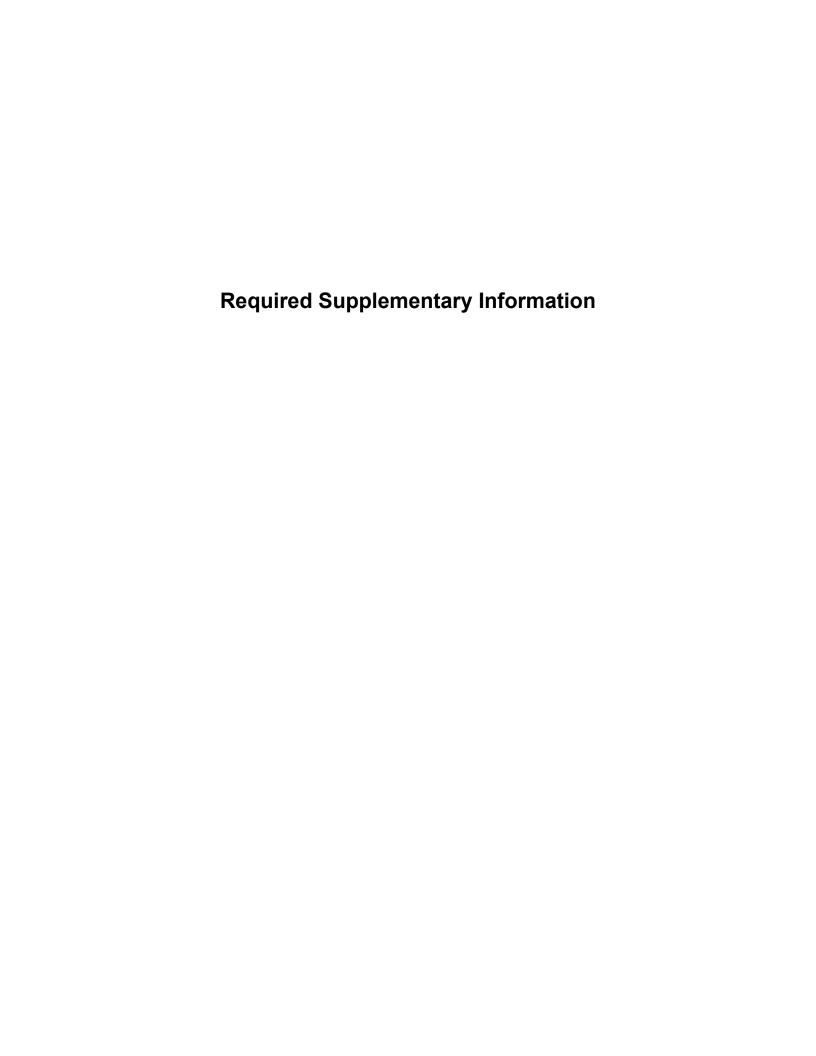
GASB Statement No. 100 - Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62 – Effective for the year ending December 31, 2024; earlier application is encouraged. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability.

GASB Statement No. 101 - Compensated Absences – Effective for the year ending December 31, 2024; earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures.

GASB Statement No. 102 – *Certain Risk Disclosures* – Effective for the year ending December 31, 2025; earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to governments' vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints.

GASB Statement No. 103 – *Financial Reporting Model Improvements* – Effective for the year ending December 31, 2026; earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement also addresses certain application issues. If this Statement is early-implemented, all component units should also implement this Statement in the same year, subject to the provisions of GASB Statement No., 14, paragraph 59.

GASB Statement No. 104 – *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets* – Effective for year-end December 31, 2026; earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to provide users of governmental financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets in order to make informed decisions and assess accountability. The disclosure requirements will improve consistency and comparability between governments.



Budget to

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA

Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Comparison Schedule with Expenditures by Function for the General Fund Year ended December 31, 2023

	_						Budget to		14 1 1404
	Bud Original		inal	- B.:	Actual dgetary Basis		GAAP Difference	Actual GAAP Basis	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues:	Original		IIIai	Du	ugetary Dasis	•	Dillerence	GAAF Dasis	i mai buuget
Taxes	\$ 683.936.813	\$ 684	1.909.292	\$	688.391.157		\$ -	\$ 688.391.157	\$ 3,481,865
Assessments in lieu of taxes	14,168,149		1,168,149	•	13,099,475		-	13,099,475	(1,068,674)
Special assessments	227,830		227,830		228,353		-	228,353	523
Licenses and permits	9,545,496	(9,545,496		10,591,506		-	10,591,506	1,046,010
Intergovernmental	17,004,340	17	7,014,965		22,534,933	(1)	5,354,950	27,889,883	5,519,968
Charges for services	24,817,181	24	1,806,556		21,626,398		-	21,626,398	(3,180,158)
Fines and forfeitures	7,359,306		7,359,306		6,911,284		-	6,911,284	(448,022)
Investment income	7,385,020	7	7,385,020		12,061,691		-	12,061,691	4,676,671
Interest income on leases	24,384		24,384		24,383		-	24,383	(1)
Restricted contributions	139,331		139,331		99,955		-	99,955	(39,376)
Other revenues	2,478,247		2,478,247		2,542,515			2,542,515	64,268
Total revenues	767,086,097	768	3,058,576		778,111,650		5,354,950	783,466,600	10,053,074
Expenditures: Current:									
General government	28,965,992	30	0,001,831		24,742,977	(1)	409,073	25,152,050	(5,258,854)
Fire services	118,996,262		3,841,430		113.705.359	(1)	1,890,856	115,596,215	(5,136,071)
Police services	145,677,492		5,172,583		137,901,803	(1)	1,835,791	139,737,594	(8,270,780)
Health and human services	18,698,880		9,318,130		18,235,163	(1)	129,353	18,364,516	(1,082,967)
Economic and community development	71,685,964		2,382,623		66,725,463	(1)	512,202	67,237,665	(5,657,160)
Public transportation	31,203,962		0,383,932		29,281,324	(1)	181,201	29,462,525	(1,102,608)
Public works	7,371,496		7,279,507		7,372,046	(1)	231,322	7,603,368	92,539
Education	260,087,517		0,087,517		260,087,517	(1)	201,022	260,087,517	-
Maintenance and operations	42,472,993		3,548,161		42,348,113	(1)	165,152	42,513,265	(1,200,048)
Debt service:	72,712,000		J,U 1 0, 10 1		42,040,110	(')	100, 102	42,010,200	(1,200,040)
Principal	45,670,462	4	5,660,071		45,616,852		_	45,616,852	(43,219)
Interest	22,496,006		2,507,082		21,955,878		_	21,955,878	(551,204)
Debt issuance costs	564,293		652,916		526,683		_	526,683	(126,233)
Debt service - Leases	00.,200		002,0.0		020,000			020,000	(120,200)
Principal	4,373,051	4	1,632,512		4,330,435		_	4,330,435	(302,077)
Interest	1,026,058		1,027,631		840,659		_	840.659	(186,972)
Debt service - SBITAs	,,		,- ,		,			,	(,- /
Principal	-		81,529		81,529		-	81,529	-
Interest	-		5,053		5,053		-	5,053	-
Capital Outlay	899,646		960,981		1,662,344		-	1,662,344	701,363
Capital Outlay - SBITAs	-		-		-	(3)	569,066	569,066	-
Total expenditures	800,190,074	803	3,543,489		775,419,198		5,924,016	781,343,214	(28,124,291)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(33,103,977)	(35	5,484,913)		2,692,452		(569,066)	2,123,386	38,177,365
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers from other funds	39.146.668	4	1,284,443		40.820.725		_	40.820.725	(463,718)
Transfers to other funds	(17,841,270)		5,637,640)		(44,900,695)		_	(44,900,695)	736,945
Premium on bonds and notes sale	1,121,923		1,121,923		1,272,500		_	1,272,500	150,577
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	104,000		218,798		510,950		_	510,950	292,152
Insurance recoveries	73,145		329,300		273,186		-	273,186	(56,114)
Other financing source - SBITAs	· -		-		´-	(3)	356,457	356,457	` - '
Draws on direct financing agreements	-	20	0,052,290		19,252,291	` ,	-	19,252,291	(799,999)
Total other financing source (uses)	22,604,466	17	7,369,114		17,228,957		356,457	17,585,414	(140,157)
Net change in fund balance (deficit)	(10,499,511)	(18	3,115,799)		19,921,409		(212,609)	19,708,800	38,037,208
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	52,793,108		2,793,108		52,793,108		(2.2,303)	52,793,108	-
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ 42,293,597		1,677,309	\$	72,714,517	•	\$ (212,609)		\$ 38,037,208
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Explanation of differences:

- (1) Effective July 1, 2008, the Municipality changed its policy regarding the recording of on-behalf payments for PERS Pension and OPEB. On-behalf payments are not cash transactions and there is no impact or cost to the taxpayers associated with these transactions. Also, the on-behalf payment amounts have fluctuated significantly. This has made the amounts difficult to estimate for budgetary purposes. Therefore, effective July 1, 2008, the Municipality has elected to exclude this item from its budget, and it is shown here as a reconciling item to GAAP basis.
- (2) Effective January 1, 2022, the Municipality adopted GASB 87. The other financing source Leases are not cash transactions and there is no impact or cost to the taxpayers associated with these transactions. Also, the other financing source Leases amounts would fluctuate based on new leases and lease terms. This has made the amounts difficult to estimate for budgetary purposes. Therefore, effective January 1, 2022, the Municipality has elected to exclude this item from its budget, and it is shown here as a reconciling item to GAAP basis.
- (3) Effective January 1, 2023, the Municipality adopted GASB 96. The other financing source SBITA are not cash transactions and there is no impact or cost to the taxpayers associated with these transactions. Also, the other financing source SBITA amounts would fluctuate based on new SBITA and SBITA terms. This has made the amounts difficult to estimate for budgetary purposes. Therefore, effective January 1, 2023, the Municipality has elected to exclude this item from its budget, and it is shown here as a reconciling item to GAAP basis.

Note:

This schedule is for informational purposes only. The budget presented by function for the General Fund in this schedule is not the legal level of budget authority. This schedule provides a variance analysis of revenue, expenditures, and other financing sources (uses) to budget in a format similar to the basic financial statements.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Data December 31, 2023

In 2003, the Municipality implemented GASB Statement No. 41, *Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Perspective Differences*. This Statement, an amendment to GASB Statement No. 34, clarifies the budgetary presentation requirements for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences that result in not being able to present budgetary comparison information for their general fund and major special revenue funds. Estimated appropriations in the Municipality's General Fund Budget do not correspond to the expenditures reported for the general fund on a GAAP basis. A reconciliation from GAAP to budgetary basis is provided to present the actual amounts on a budgetary basis for the budget to actual comparison.

In accordance with the Anchorage Home Rule Charter, the Mayor is required to submit a proposed budget for the next fiscal year to the Assembly at least 90 days before the end of the current fiscal year. The Assembly holds two public hearings on the proposed budget. The Assembly may increase or decrease any item and may add or delete items; but must approve a budget and appropriate the necessary resources by ordinance at least 21 days prior to year-end. Otherwise, the Mayor's proposal becomes the budget and appropriation.

The Assembly approved 2023 operating budgets and appropriations of direct costs at the department level, and indirect costs at the fund or sub-fund level. Some departmental appropriations span more than one fund. The Assembly approved 2023 capital budgets with anticipated appropriation of resources for the general government and appropriations for each utility. Upon certification by the Chief Fiscal Officer that actual resources have become available for specific general government capital projects, e.g., when a grant is accepted, a bond sale or interfund transfer is approved, or a special assessment district is created, a supplemental appropriation is submitted to the Assembly for final approval. Supplemental appropriations are also submitted for approval upon certification by the Chief Fiscal Officer that operating grant funds have become available. The legal level of a budgetary control is the fund or sub-fund level for revenues and the department level for expenditures and other financing uses.

During the year, no obligation involving the expenditure of money may be made unless the Chief Fiscal Officer has certified the money required for the expenditure has been appropriated for that purpose. When each obligation is incurred, the committed amount becomes encumbered, i.e., it is treated as a reduction of available budget so that the committed amount will be available to pay for the goods or services when they are received. When the commitment is fulfilled, the encumbrance is released, and an expenditure is recorded. An encumbrance is also released when a commitment is canceled.

The Assembly may approve supplemental appropriations to increase or decrease the budget and appropriations, or transfer all or part of any unencumbered balance from one appropriation to another by resolution. The Assembly, by ordinance, may authorize a contract, lease, or other obligation requiring financing from future appropriations, except that a lease purchase agreement committing funds above \$1 million is not valid until approved by the voters. The Mayor may transfer all or part of any unencumbered balance between categories within an appropriation.

At the end of the year, an unencumbered operating appropriation lapses into the fund from which it was appropriated; except that supplemental appropriations of grant and capital project resources do not lapse until their purpose has been accomplished or abandoned.

Annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund, MOA Trust (a Permanent Fund), Heritage Land Bank (a Special Revenue Fund), the Convention Center Operating Reserve (a Special Revenue Fund), E911 Surcharge (a Special Revenue Fund), Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability (a Special Revenue Fund), Other Restricted Resources (a Special Revenue Fund), Alcoholic Beverages Retail Sales Tax (a Special Revenue Fund), Nuisance Property Abatement (a Special Revenue Fund), ACPA Surcharge Revenue Bond (a Debt Service Fund), and Police and Fire Retirement Certificates of Participation (a Debt Service Fund), and the administrative operating costs of the Pension Trust Fund. Appropriations for these funds lapse at year end to the extent they have not been expended or encumbered. The General Fund is the only major fund required to be included as required supplementary information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Data December 31, 2023

Annual budgets are also adopted for proprietary fund types. However, since the measurement focus for proprietary fund types is upon determination of net income, financial position and cash flows, GAAP does not require the adoption of budgets, and budgetary comparisons are not included for these funds.

The Assembly is required to approve the School District budget (in total only) and appropriate by ordinance the necessary resources at least sixty days prior to the current School District year end. Any budget revisions during the year increasing the total appropriation require approval by the Assembly. Expenditures may not exceed the aggregate total amount of the budget.

Required Supplementary Information - Condition Rating of Anchorage's Road Network December 31, 2023

Percentage of Lane - Miles in Good or Better Condition

	2023	2020	2017
Anchorage Road District	75.60%	75.00%	75.00%
Chugiak/Eagle River Road District	94.20%	94.50%	97.95%
Girdwood Road District *	93.40%	100.00%	100.00%
Other Road Districts	75.00%	76.80%	79.80%
New Road District	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Overall System	79.60%	79.40%	88.19%

Note: *Girdwood were excluded from 2020 survey results. All roads are new and make up less than 1% of the total network.

Percentage of Lane - Miles in Fair Condition

	2023	2020	2017		
Anchorage Road District	24.40%	25.00%	25.00%		
Chugiak/Eagle River Road District	5.80%	5.50%	2.05%		
Girdwood Road District*	6.60%	0.00%	0.00%		
Other Road Districts	25.00%	23.20%	20.20%		
New Road District	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
Overall System	20.40%	20.60%	11.81%		

Note: *Girdwood were excluded from 2020 survey results. All roads are new and make up less than 1% of the total network.

Comparison of Estimated-to-Actual Maintenance/Preservation (in Thousands)

, p	2023	2022	•	2021	,	2020	2019
Anchorage Road District:	 						
Needed	\$ 27,846	\$ 37,160	\$	34,748	\$	30,035	\$ 12,923
Actual	25,406	35,737		33,246		28,769	12,448
Chugiak/Eagle River Road District:							
Needed	3,212	4,114		3,932		2,635	3,350
Actual	2,826	3,739		3,743		3,179	3,189
Girdwood Road District:							
Needed	521	260		1,128		389	430
Actual	704	288		1,379		576	582
Other Road Districts:							
Needed	3,424	1,725		2,672		3,004	2,546
Actual	2,390	1,127		2,754		3,292	3,462
Overall System:							
Needed	35,003	43,259		42,481		36,065	19,249
Actual	31,326	40,891		41,123		35,818	19,681
Difference	3,677	2,368		1,358		247	(432)

Note: In 2023, Applied Research Associates, Inc (ARA) performed pavement profile measurements on the Municipality of Anchorage's (MOA) paved roadway network using a high-speed Road Surface Profilometer (RSP). Field testing took place in August and September of 2023. The pavement profile measurements were analyzed to determine the International Roughness Index (IRI) and rutting values for each pavement sections within the network. MOA provided GIS data and a list of roads, encompassing approximately 933 lane miles, which includes both arterial and residential roads across the greater Anchorage, Eagle River, Chugiak and Girdwood areas. Among these, roughly 870 lane miles were paved and accessible, while the remaining 63 lane miles were either gravel, under construction, inaccessible, non-existent, or too short to survey. IRI and rutting data were averaged for each pavement section and subsequently converted into an overall condition 'Grade score', ranging from "A - Excellent" to "F - Serious" pavement conditions. This grading takes into account varying levels of IRI and rutting and is dependent on the functional classification of the roadway. It is the Municipality's policy to maintain 60% or more of the total paved road miles in good (C,D) or better (A,B) condition. Condition assessments are required to be updated every three years.

Public Employees' Retirement System - Defined Benefit Pension Plan Schedule of Municipality's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Last Nine Fiscal Years

Year Ended December 31,	Measurement Period Ended June 30,	Municipality's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	F	Municipality's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability		State of Alaska Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability		Total Net Pension Liability		Municipality's Covered Payroll	Municipality's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability
2023	2023	7.02664%	\$	364.346.998	\$	121.461.455	\$	485.808.453	\$	234.535.163	155.35%	68.23%
2022	2022	7.53455%	Ψ	384.024.572	Ψ	106.284.436	Ψ	490.309.008	Ψ	234.549.792	163.73%	67.97%
2021	2021	8.63707%		316,850,984		42,923,535		359,774,519		234,337,418	135.21%	76.46%
2020	2020	7.10609%		419,343,172		173,522,412		592,865,584		236,393,735	177.39%	61.61%
2019	2019	6.46468%		353,891,460		140,522,422		494,413,882		222,683,365	158.92%	63.42%
2018	2018	7.27074%		361,285,220		104,636,568		465,921,788		219,633,972	164.49%	65.19%
2017	2017	6.72870%		347,836,470		129,589,885		477,426,355		209,843,388	165.76%	63.37%
2016	2016	7.76436%		433,996,281		54,685,280		488,681,561		203,264,624	213.51%	59.55%
2015	2015	6.16382%		298,946,265		80,071,590		379,017,855		194,627,317	153.60%	63.96%

Public Employees' Retirement System - Defined Benefit Pension Plan Schedule of Municipality Contributions Last Nine Calendar Years

			Contributions Relative to			
	Measurement	Contractually	Contractually	Contribution		Contributions as
Year Ended	Period Ended	Required	Required	Deficiency	Municipality's	Percentage of
December 31,	June 30,	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Covered Payroll	Covered Payroll
2023	2023	\$ 38,626,607	\$ 38,626,607	\$ -	\$ 236,737,334	16.316%
2022	2022	35,752,681	35,752,681	-	233,492,167	15.312%
2021	2021	32,796,090	32,796,090	-	235,583,497	13.921%
2020	2020	30,804,418	30,804,418	-	231,875,142	13.285%
2019	2019	28,217,952	28,217,952	-	224,487,144	12.570%
2018	2018	29,774,107	29,774,107	-	221,619,627	13.435%
2017	2017	28,704,730	28,704,730	-	215,244,809	13.336%
2016	2016	24,562,145	24,562,145	-	207,168,838	11.856%
2015	2015	21,876,448	21,876,448	-	199,173,691	10.984%

Police and Fire Retirement System - Defined Benefit Pension Plan Schedule of Changes in the Municipality's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Plan I Last Ten Calendar Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability:										·
Service cost	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	4,564,967	4,710,523	4,895,191	5,236,330	5,262,793	5,543,250	6,133,683	6,317,389	6,480,803	6,674,747
Differences between expected and actual experience	(202,609)	(1,208,963)	(214,547)	(149,501)	(363,349)	(1,044,715)	(554,310)	(263,269)	334,288	(172,965)
Changes of assumptions	-	(1,474,884)	-	2,648,091	4,006,938	657,071	7,094,507	-	657,285	674,653
Benefits payments, including refunds of member contributions	(7,370,191)	(7,621,648)	(7,895,229)	(8,036,902)	(8,072,626)	(8,283,754)	(8,403,191)	(8,476,620)	(8,554,565)	(8,604,796)
Net changes in total pension liability	(3,007,833)	(5,594,972)	(3,214,585)	(301,982)	833,756	(3,128,148)	4,270,689	(2,422,500)	(1,082,189)	(1,428,361)
Total pension liability - beginning	76,724,575	82,319,547	85,534,132	85,836,114	85,002,358	88,130,506	83,859,817	86,282,317	87,364,506	88,792,867
Total pension liability - ending (a)	73,716,742	76,724,575	82,319,547	85,534,132	85,836,114	85,002,358	88,130,506	83,859,817	86,282,317	87,364,506
		,. = .,	, ,		,,	,				,,
Plan fiduciary net position:										
Contributions - Employer - Municipality of Anchorage	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,552,500	1,546,175	1,338,525	1,952,158
Contributions - Plan members	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total net investment income (loss)	7,615,700	(8,857,818)	10,209,738	7,778,969	13,545,709	(3,869,127)	10,533,712	5,189,299	400,284	3,984,313
Benefits payments, including refunds of member contributions	(7,370,191)	(7,621,648)	(7,895,229)	(8,036,902)	(8,072,626)	(8,283,754)	(8,403,191)	(8,476,620)	(8,554,565)	(8,604,796)
Administrative expenses	(134,859)	(108,471)	(165,768)	(143,423)	(110,762)	(162,303)	(129,583)	(134,202)	(125,927)	(122,469)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	110,650	(16,587,937)	2,148,741	(401,356)	5,362,321	(12,315,184)	16,553,438	(1,875,348)	(6,941,683)	(2,790,794)
Disc Charles and a self-inch a significant	04 440 040	70 004 005	75.050.444	70.054.500	70 000 470	00 007 000	00 050 005	00 500 070	75 470 050	70 004 747
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	61,413,948	78,001,885	75,853,144	76,254,500	70,892,179	83,207,363	66,653,925	68,529,273	75,470,956	78,261,747
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	61,524,598	61,413,948	78,001,885	75,853,144	76,254,500	70,892,179	83,207,363	66,653,925	68,529,273	75,470,953
Plan's net pension liability (a) - (b)	\$12,192,144	\$15,310,627	\$ 4,317,662	\$ 9,680,988	\$ 9,581,614	\$14,110,179	\$ 4,923,143	\$17,205,892	\$17,753,044	\$11,893,553
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability:	83.46%	80.04%	94.75%	88.68%	88.84%	83.40%	94.41%	79.48%	79.42%	86.39%
Covered payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	N/A									

Police and Fire Retirement System - Defined Benefit Pension Plan Schedule of Changes in the Municipality's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Plan II Last Ten Calendar Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability:										
Service cost	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	3,846,291	3,850,300	3,961,040	4,205,177	4,189,753	4,279,605	4,670,017	4,783,176	4,879,585	4,983,645
Differences between expected and actual experience	239,768	508,334	(178,265)	(615,273)	(259,479)	540,098	(648,422)	(369,686)	53,268	(181,652)
Changes of assumptions	-	(1,372,116)	-	2,375,314	3,039,405	575,930	5,986,612	-	542,944	551,964
Benefits payments, including refunds of member contributions	(5,614,084)	(5,620,967)	(5,635,913)	(5,671,628)	(5,771,449)	(5,789,331)	(5,841,222)	(5,924,959)	(5,905,860)	(5,852,713)
Net changes in total pension liability	(1,528,025)	(2,634,449)	(1,853,138)	293,590	1,198,230	(393,698)	4,166,985	(1,511,469)	(430,063)	(498,756)
	04.047.700	00 000 450	00 005 000	00 544 700	07.040.470	07 707 400	00 570 400	05.004.050	05.544.745	00 040 474
Total pension liability - beginning	64,347,703	66,982,152	68,835,290	68,541,700	67,343,470	67,737,168	63,570,183	65,081,652	65,511,715	66,010,471
Total pension liability - ending (a)	62,819,678	64,347,703	66,982,152	68,835,290	68,541,700	67,343,470	67,737,168	63,570,183	65,081,652	65,511,715
Plan fiduciary net position:										
Contributions - Employer - Municipality of Anchorage	-	-	_	_	_	_	10,642,589	1,108,376	964,863	1,520,220
Contributions - Plan members	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	2,587	11,321
Total net investment income (loss)	6,245,794	(7,174,510)	8,197,839	6,241,327	10,625,627	(3,027,387)	8,168,950	3,990,641	298,556	2,995,775
Benefits payments, including refunds of member contributions	(5,614,084)	(5,620,967)	(5,635,913)	(5,671,628)	(5,771,449)	(5,789,331)	(5,841,222)	(5,924,959)	(5,905,860)	(5,852,713)
Administrative expenses	(109,987)	(88,146)	(133,297)	(113,701)	(86,907)	(126,157)	(100,190)	(103,090)	(95,720)	(92,067)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	521,723	(12,883,623)	2,428,629	455,998	4,767,271	(8,942,875)	12,870,127	(929,032)	(4,735,574)	(1,417,464)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	50,122,965	63,006,588	60,577,959	60,121,961	55,354,690	64,297,565	51,427,438	52,356,470	57,092,044	58,509,508
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	50,644,688	50,122,965	63,006,588	60,577,959	60,121,961	55,354,690	64,297,565	51,427,438	52,356,470	57,092,044
Plan's net pension liability (a) - (b)	\$12,174,990	\$14,224,738	\$ 3,975,564	\$ 8,257,331	\$ 8,419,739	\$11,988,780	\$ 3,439,603	\$12,142,745	\$12,725,182	\$ 8,419,671
Plan fiduaisty not position as a persontage of total page in liability	80.62%	77.89%	94.06%	88.00%	87.72%	82.20%	94.92%	80.90%	80.45%	87.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability										
Covered payroll	\$ -	•	•	•	\$ -	•	•	\$ -	\$ 133,000	
Net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	N/A	9567.81%	7075.35%							

Police and Fire Retirement System - Defined Benefit Pension Plan Schedule of Changes in the Municipality's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Plan III Last Ten Calendar Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability:										
Service cost	\$ 109,022	\$ 136,440	\$ 280,530	\$ 451,859	\$ 575,265	\$ 634,210	\$ 512,332	\$ 513,183	\$ 783,360	\$ 1,022,911
Interest	17,109,887	16,495,110	16,888,430	17,492,654	16,960,207	17,329,124	18,276,072	18,494,293	18,458,939	18,278,963
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	2,855,324	(3,876,244)	(1,849,533)	1,998,834	(3,551,709)	(2,956,525)	(3,485,409)	33,760	1,301,916
Changes of assumptions	991,852	(341,985)	-	11,703,635	12,180,462	2,688,614	27,608,785	-	2,559,038	2,394,994
Benefits payments, including refunds of member contributions	(20,737,406)	(19,818,154)	(19,589,758)	(19,362,600)	(19,027,197)	(18,327,849)	(18,375,415)	(18,335,110)	(17,729,611)	(17,241,271)
Net changes in total pension liability	(2,526,645)	(673,265)	(6,297,042)	8,436,015	12,687,571	(1,227,610)	25,065,249	(2,813,043)	4,105,486	5,757,513
Total pension liability - beginning	284,017,873	284,691,138	290,988,180	282,552,165	269,864,594	271,092,204	246,026,955	248,839,998	244,734,512	238,976,999
Total pension liability - ending (a)	281,491,228	284,017,873	284,691,138	290,988,180	282,552,165	269,864,594	271,092,204	246,026,955	248,839,998	244,734,512
Plan fiduciary net position:										
Contributions - Employer - Municipality of Anchorage	_	_	_	_	-	_	43,403,087	4,439,969	3,587,533	5,296,694
Contributions - Plan members	8,504	39,299	52,169	72,577	126,516	126,875	129,027	126,336	179,057	219,810
Total net investment income (loss)	27,817,862	(31,119,774)	35,085,659	26,668,984	43,760,749	(12,391,936)	32,167,264	15,376,844	1,068,849	11,011,844
Benefits payments, including refunds of member contributions	(20,737,406)	(19,818,154)	(19,589,758)	(19,362,600)	(19,027,197)	(18,327,849)	(18,375,415)	(18,335,110)	(17,729,611)	(17,241,271)
Administrative expenses	(490,298)	(392,241)	(571,731)	(477,285)	(358,256)	(509,647)	(392,022)	(396,242)	(358,981)	(338,673)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	6,598,662	(51,290,870)	14,976,339	6,901,676	24,501,812	(31,102,557)	56,931,941	1,211,797	(13,253,153)	(1,051,596)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	220,788,907	272,079,777	257,103,438	250,201,762	225,699,950	256,802,507	199,870,566	198,658,769	211,911,922	212,963,518
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	227,387,569	220,788,907	272,079,777	257,103,438	250,201,762	225,699,950	256,802,507	199,870,566	198,658,769	211,911,922
Plan's net pension liability (a) - (b)	\$54,103,659	\$63,228,966	\$12,611,361	\$33,884,742	\$32,350,403	\$44,164,644	\$14,289,697	\$46,156,389	\$50,181,229	\$32,822,590
Plan fiduciary not position as percentage of total persian liability	80.78%	77.74%	95.57%	88.36%	88.55%	83.63%	94.73%	81.24%	79.83%	86.59%
Plan fiduciary net position as percentage of total pension liability										
Covered payroll	Ψ,,,,,	\$ 691,000	\$ 1,215,000	\$ 1,374,000	\$ 1,913,000	\$ 2,108,000	\$ 2,169,000	\$ 2,199,000	\$ 3,538,000	\$ 4,817,000
Net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	12049.81%	9150.36%	1037.97%	2466.14%	1691.08%	2095.10%	658.81%	2098.97%	1418.35%	681.39%

Police and Fire Retirement System - Defined Benefit Pension Plan Schedule of Municipality Contributions - Plans I, II, and III Last Ten Calendar Years

Plan I

Plan I					
Year Ended December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Municipality's Covered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Covered
2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014	\$ 1,091,000 1,571,000 1,876,000 2,321,000 1,633,000 2,319,000 2,262,000 1,546,000 1,339,000 1,952,000	\$ - - - - 14,552,000 1,546,000 1,339,000 1,952,000	\$ 1,091,000 1,571,000 1,876,000 2,321,000 1,633,000 2,319,000 (12,290,000)	\$ - - - - - - - - -	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%
Plan II					
Year Ended December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Municipality's Covered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Covered
2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014	\$ 522,000 905,000 1,204,000 1,556,000 881,000 1,461,000 1,634,000 1,108,000 965,000 1,520,000	\$ - - - - 10,643,000 1,108,000 965,000 1,520,000	\$ 522,000 905,000 1,204,000 1,556,000 881,000 1,461,000 (9,009,000)	\$ - - - - - - 133,000 119,000	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 725.56% 1277.31%
Plan III					
Year Ended December 31,	Contractually Required Contribution	Relative to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Municipality's Covered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Covered Payroll
2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014	\$ 1,427,000 3,323,000 4,501,000 5,768,000 3,584,000 5,883,000 6,497,000 4,440,000 3,588,000 5,297,000	\$ - - - - 43,403,000 4,440,000 3,588,000 5,297,000	\$ 1,427,000 3,323,000 4,501,000 5,768,000 3,584,000 5,883,000 (36,906,000)	\$ 449,000 691,000 1,215,000 1,374,000 1,913,000 2,108,000 2,169,000 2,199,000 3,538,000 4,817,000	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 2001.06% 201.91% 101.41% 109.96%

International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (IBEW) - Defined Benefit Pension Plan Schedule of Municipality Contributions Last Ten Calendar Years

Year Ended December 31,		Rel Contractually Co Required F		ontributions lative to the ontractually Required ontribution	Contribu Deficier (Exces	тсу	Municipality's Covered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Covered Payroll
2022	Φ	4 000 044	Φ	4 000 044	Φ		Φ 0.445.774	40.400/
2023	\$	1,038,841	\$	1,038,841	\$	-	Ψ 0,110,111	16.19%
2022		992,012		992,012		-	6,030,438	16.45%
2021		981,685		981,685		-	6,088,018	16.12%
2020		3,785,172		3,785,172		-	23,508,823	16.10%
2019		3,249,636		3,249,636		-	20,988,410	15.48%
2018		3,382,920		3,382,920		-	21,707,594	15.58%
2017		3,272,545		3,272,545		-	21,544,626	15.19%
2016		3,396,484		3,396,484		-	21,965,741	15.46%
2015		3,059,562		3,059,562		-	20,773,482	14.73%
2014		2,642,768		2,642,768		-	19,554,891	13.51%

International Union of Operating Engineers (Local 302) - Defined Benefit Pension Plan Schedule of Municipality Contributions Last Ten Calendar Years

Year Ended December 31,	F	entractually Required entribution	equired Required		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		unicipality's vered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Covered Payroll
2022	Ф	1 050 455	Φ	1 050 155	φ	ተ	10 000 010	10 150/
2023 2022	\$	1,953,455 1,971,177	\$	1,953,455 1.971.177	•	- \$	12,098,012	16.15% 11.17%
		,- ,		, - ,	-		17,650,369	
2021		1,974,183		1,974,183	-		16,558,076	11.92%
2020		1,936,421		1,936,421	-		14,773,511	13.11%
2019		1,771,218		1,771,218	-		8,071,114	21.95%
2018		1,730,721		1,730,721	-		8,246,406	20.99%
2017		1,855,325		1,855,325	-		11,171,478	16.61%
2016		1,619,742		1,619,742	-		8,304,334	19.50%
2015		1,673,864		1,673,864	-		8,615,835	19.43%
2014		1,519,659		1,519,659	-		8,336,369	18.23%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Police and Fire Medical Trust - OPEB Plans For the year ended December 31, 2023

Public Employees' Retirement System - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 82, Covered Payroll is defined as payroll on which contributions to the pension plan are based. Because a portion of the Municipality's contributions to the Plan (the DBUL) are based on Defined Contribution Wages, covered payroll reported here includes all PERS participating wages (both Defined Benefit and Defined Contribution).

Schedule of Municipality's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

- This table is presented based on the Plan measurement date. For December 31, 2023, the Plan measurement date is June 30, 2023.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the prior measurement period.
- There were no changes to the Discount Rate of 7.25% between 2023 and 2022.
- There were no changes in the valuation method from the prior measurement period. There were no changes in the allocation methodology from the prior measurement period.

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2023, measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2023. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation (latest available) was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2017, to June 30, 2021. The assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are the same as those used in the June 30, 2021, valuation, except the amount included in the Normal Cost for administrative expenses was updated to reflect the most recent two years of actual administrative expenses paid from defined benefit plan assets.

Schedule of Municipality Contributions

• This table is based on the Municipality's contributions for each year presented. A portion of these contributions is included in the plan measurement results, while a portion of the contributions is reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the statement of net position.

Police and Fire Retirement System - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 82, Covered Payroll is defined as payroll on which contributions to the pension plan are based. These tables are for the Police and Fire Retirement System are presented for Plans I, II, and III separately.

Schedule of Changes in the Municipality's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

- These tables are presented based on the Plan's measurement date of December 31, 2023.
- There were no changes in the discount rate of 6.25% between 2022 and 2023.
- The mortality tables were not changed for 2023.
- There were no changes to the valuation method or benefit terms from the prior measurement period.

Schedule of Municipality Contributions

These tables are based on the Municipality's contributions for each year presented.

International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Schedule of Municipality Contributions

- This table presents the Municipality's contributions for each of the last ten years based on calendar year contributions.
- In accordance with GASB Statement No. 78, Covered Payroll is defined as payroll on which contributions to the pension plan are based.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Police and Fire Medical Trust - OPEB Plans For the year ended December 31, 2023

International Union of Operating Engineers (Local 302) - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

This pension table is intended to present 10 years of information.

Schedule of Municipality Contributions

- This table is based on the Municipality's contributions for each year presented.
- In accordance with GASB Statement No. 78, Covered Payroll is defined as payroll on which contributions to the pension plan are based.

Police and Fire Medical Trust - Gentile Group OPEB Plan Schedule of Changes in the Municipality's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Seven Calendar Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB liability:							
Service cost	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	2,102,655	1,460,000	1,750,308	2,136,721	2,900,050	2,681,663	2,577,654
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,336,892)	-	(8,511,999)	-	(7,357,231)	-	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	5,986,396	(12,330,638)	(1,918,326)	18,451,635	3,379,239	(5,742,889)	4,726,088
Benefit payments	(3,537,542)	(3,422,765)	(3,357,746)	(4,055,590)	(3,580,877)	(4,290,275)	(4,270,000)
Net changes in total OPEB liability	3,214,617	(14,293,403)	(12,037,763)	16,532,766	(4,658,819)	(7,351,501)	3,033,742
Total ODER liability, havinging	E0 204 7E2	70 505 455	04 600 040	60,000,450	70 740 074	00 400 470	77.000.700
Total OPEB liability - beginning	58,291,752	72,585,155	84,622,918	68,090,152	72,748,971	80,100,472	77,066,730
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	61,506,369	58,291,752	72,585,155	84,622,918	68,090,152	72,748,971	80,100,472
Plan fiduciary net position:							
Contributions - Employer - Municipality of Anchorage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions - Plan members	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total net investment income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benefits payments, including refunds of member contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)							
Plan's net OPEB liability (a) - (b)	\$ 61,506,369	\$ 58,291,752	\$ 72,585,155	\$ 84,622,918	\$ 68,090,152	\$ 72,748,971	\$ 80,100,472
Fights fiel OF ED liability (a) - (b)	\$ 61,300,309	\$ 50,291,752	\$ 72,365,155	\$ 04,022,910	\$ 00,090,132	\$ 12,140,911	\$ 60,100,472
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net OPEB liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Police and Fire Medical Trust - Police and Fire Medical Group OPEB Plan Schedule of Changes in the Municipality's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Seven Calendar Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB liability:							
Service cost	\$ 68,824	\$ 66,114	\$ 186,734	\$ 179,725	\$ 118,469	\$ 113,693	\$ 109,111
Interest	4,416,399	3,508,774	2,172,762	2,222,388	2,587,708	2,627,528	2,674,785
Changes in benefit terms		-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(18,427,370)	22,878,927	825,799	(376,724)	(3,294,961)	-	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	7,876,510	-	32,709,391	1,182,123	(1,864,560)	-	-
Benefit payments	(5,277,272)	(5,237,302)	(5,138,998)	(3,283,275)	(3,450,852)	(3,950,112)	(3,907,594)
Net changes in total OPEB liability	(11,342,909)	21,216,513	30,755,688	(75,763)	(5,904,196)	(1,208,891)	(1,123,698)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	109,348,901	88,132,388	57,376,700	57,452,463	63,356,659	64,565,550	65,689,248
Total OPEB liability - beginning difference	938,036	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	98,944,028	109,348,901	88,132,388	57,376,700	57,452,463	63,356,659	64,565,550
Plan fiduciary net position:							
Contributions - Employer - Municipality of Anchorage	3,841,538	3,666,621	3,672,522	3,579,657	4,785,966	4,261,037	4,287,648
Contributions - Plan members	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total net investment income (loss)	(2,562,546)	1,096,088	1,996,872	1,421,311	388,241	(126,515)	966,715
Benefits payments, including refunds of member contributions	(3,604,941)	(5,237,302)	(5,138,998)	(3,283,275)	(3,450,852)	(3,950,112)	(3,907,594)
Administrative expenses		-	-	-	-	-	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(2,325,949)	(474,593)	530,396	1,717,693	1,723,355	184,410	1,346,769
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	22,878,927	23,353,520	22,823,124	21,105,431	19,382,076	19,197,667	17,850,898
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	20,552,978	22,878,927	23,353,520	22,823,124	21,105,431	19,382,076	19,197,667
Plan's net OPEB liability (a) - (b)	\$ 78,391,050	\$ 86,469,974	\$ 64,778,868	\$ 34,553,576	\$ 36,347,032	\$ 43,974,583	\$ 45,367,883
Plan fiduciary net position as percentage of total OPEB liability	20.77%	20.92%	26.50%	39.78%	36.74%	30.59%	29.73%
Covered payroll	N/A	\$ 6,026,901	\$ 5,823,093	\$ 5,626,177	\$ 5,435,920	\$ 5,160,091	\$ 4,985,595
Net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll	N/A	1434.73%	1112.45%	614.16%	668.65%	852.21%	909.98%

Police and Fire Medical Trust OPEB Plans Schedule of Municipality's Contributions Last Seven Calendar Years

Gentile Group Plan	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution excess	\$ 3,537,542	\$ 3,422,765	\$ 3,357,746	\$ 4,055,590	\$ 3,580,877	\$ 4,290,275	\$ 4,270,000
	10,450,090	10,741,628	11,538,792	11,807,381	11,935,465	11,790,796	10,096,430
	\$ (6,912,548)	\$ (7,318,863)	\$ (8,181,046)	\$ (7,751,791)	\$ (8,354,588)	\$ (7,500,521)	\$ (5,826,430)
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ - N/A	\$ - N/A	•	\$ - N/A	\$ - N/A	Ψ	Ψ
Police and Fire Medical Group Plan	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 4,175,836	\$ 7,011,262	\$ 3,854,445	\$ 4,037,152	\$ 4,108,452	\$ 3,846,815	\$ 3,846,815
	3,841,538	3,666,621	3,672,522	3,579,657	3,516,241	3,477,037	4,919,538
	\$ 334,298	\$ 3,344,641	\$ 181,923	\$ 457,495	\$ 592,211	\$ 369,778	\$ (1,072,723)
Covered payroll Contributions as percentage of covered payroll	N/A	\$ 6,026,901	\$ 5,823,093	\$ 5,626,177	\$ 5,435,920	\$ 5,160,091	\$ 4,985,595
	N/A	60.84%	63.07%	63.63%	64.69%	67.38%	98.68%

Gentile Group Plan and Police and Fire Medical Group Plan Schedule of Investment Returns Last Seven Calendar Years

Gentile Group Plan	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	Note A	Note A	Note A	Note A	Note A	Note A	Note A	Note A	Note A	Note A
Note A: The Gentile Group Plan is a "pay as you go plan," with the Mun	icipality of And	chorage fu	nding each	ı year's ex	penditures	with annua	al appropri	iations.		
Police and Fire Medical Group Plan	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	-11.10%	4.90%	9.00%	6.70%	2.00%	-0.70%	5.40%)		

Note: These schedules are intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years for the Police and Fire Medical Group Plan will be displayed as they become available

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Police and Fire Medical Trust - OPEB Plans For the year ended December 31, 2023

Gentile Group - Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

"Covered-employee Payroll" is defined in GASB Statement No. 74 as "the payroll of employees that are provided with OPEB through the OPEB plan." The Gentile Group is a defined group of retirees resulting from a lawsuit, Municipality of Anchorage v. Gentile (8/16/96), 922 P 2d 248. The Municipality pays for 100% of the retirees' medical premiums, with optional dental, vision, and audio available. This is a "pay as you go" plan with no plan assets and no covered-employee payroll.

Schedule of Changes in Municipality's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

- This table is presented based on the Plan measurement date of December 31, 2023.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the prior measurement period.
- There were no changes in valuation method from the prior measurement period.

Schedule of the Municipality's Contributions

• This table is based on the Municipality's contributions for each year presented.

Schedule of Investment Returns

• The Gentile Group defined benefit plan is a "pay as you go" plan with no plan assets, therefore there is no investment returns for this plan.

Police and Fire Medical Group- Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

"Covered Payroll" is defined in GASB Statement No. 85 as the payroll of employees on which contributions to the OPEB Plan are based as a measure of pay.

Schedule of Changes in the Municipality's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

- This table is presented based on the Plan measurement date of December 31, 2023.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the prior measurement period.
- There were no changes in valuation method from the prior measurement period.

Schedule of Municipality's Contributions

• This table is based on the Municipality's contributions for each year presented.

Schedule of Investment Returns

 Plan assets are invested in the Municipal Cash Pool and governed by the investment policies disclosed in Note 3 of the financial statements. Investment returns are consistent with the rate of return on the investment pool.

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA
Required Supplementary Information
PERS - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans
Schedule of Municipality's Proportional Share of Net OPEB Asset / Liability
Last Seven Fiscal Years

ARHCT

Year Ended December 31,	Measurement Period Ended June 30,	Municipality's Proportion of Net OPEB Liability / (Asset)	Municipality's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability / (Asset)	State of Alaska's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability / (Asset)	Total Municipality Net OPEB Liability / (Asset)	Municipality's Proportion of Covered Payroll	Municipality's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability / (Asset) as Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as Percentage of Total OPEB Liability / (Asset)
2023	2023	7.01140%	\$ (161,327,391)	\$ (54,298,466)	\$ (215,625,857)	\$ 234,535,163	68.79%	133.96%
2022	2022	7.48292%	(147,231,374)	(42,085,443)	(189,316,817)	234,549,792	62.77%	128.51%
2021	2021	8.67301%	(222,493,393)	(29,140,872)	(251,634,265)	234,337,418	94.95%	135.54%
2020	2020	7.10320%	(32,167,325)	(13,345,353)	(45,512,678)	236,393,735	13.61%	106.15%
2019	2019	6.46430%	9,591,733	3,813,875	13,405,608	222,683,365	4.31%	98.13%
2018	2018	7.26927%	74,603,636	21,656,677	96,260,313	219,633,972	33.97%	88.12%
2017	2017	6.72970%	56,849,394	21,194,336	78,043,730	209,843,388	27.09%	89.68%
RMP								
Year Ended December 31,	Measurement Period Ended June 30,	Municipality's Proportion of Net OPEB Liability / (Asset)	Municipality's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability / (Asset)	State of Alaska's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability / (Asset)	Total Municipality Net OPEB Liability / (Asset)	Municipality's Proportion of Covered Payroll	Municipality's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability / (Asset) as Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as Percentage of Total OPEB Liability / (Asset)
2023	2023	8.34514%	\$ (3,962,606)	\$ -	\$ (3,962,606)	\$ 234,535,163	1.69%	124.29%
2022	2022	8.67294%	(3,012,111)	Ψ -	(3,012,111)	234,549,792	1.28%	120.08%
2021	2021	8.83072%	(2,370,341)	_	(2,370,341)	234,337,418	1.01%	115.10%
2020	2020	8.63482%	612,468	_	612,468	236,393,735	0.26%	95.23%
2019	2019	8.50957%	2,035,830	_	2,035,830	222,683,365	0.91%	83.17%
2018	2018	8.45717%	1,076,174	_	1,076,174	219,633,972	0.49%	88.71%
2017	2017	7.92735%	413,411	_	413,411	209,843,388	0.20%	93.98%
ODD	2011		,		,	200,010,000	0.2070	00.0070
ODD							Municipality's	
Year Ended December 31,	Measurement Period Ended June 30,	Municipality's Proportion of Net OPEB Liability / (Asset)	Municipality's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability / (Asset)	State of Alaska's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability / (Asset)	Total Municipality Net OPEB Liability / (Asset)	Municipality's Proportion of Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability / (Asset) as Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as Percentage of Total OPEB Liability / (Asset)
2023	2023	10.45914%	\$ (5,365,958)	\$ -	\$ (5,365,958)	\$ 234,535,163	2.29%	349.24%
2023	2023	10.43914 %	(4,679,836)	Ψ -	(4,679,836)	234,549,792	2.00%	348.80%
2021	2022	10.94848%	(4,825,323)	-	(4,825,323)	234,337,418	2.06%	374.22%
2020	2020	11.47188%	(3,127,235)	_	(3,127,235)	236,393,735	1.32%	283.80%
2019	2019	11.42255%	(2,769,397)	_	(2,769,397)	222,683,365	1.24%	297.43%
2018	2018	8.45717%	(1,642,551)	_	(1,642,551)	219,633,972	0.75%	270.62%
2017	2017	7.92735%	(1,124,811)	_	(1,124,811)	209,843,388	0.73%	212.97%
2011	2011	1.0210070	(1,127,011)	_	(1,127,011)	200,040,000	0.0470	212.0770

Required Supplementary Information PERS - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans Schedule of Municipality Contributions Last Seven Calendar Years

ARHCT

Year Ended December 31,	Measurement Period Ended June 30,	Municipality's Proportion of the Contractually Required Contribution		Contributions Relative to the Contractually Required Contribution	De	Contribution ficiency (Excess)		Municipality's Covered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Covered Payroll
2023	2023	\$ -	\$	_	\$	_		\$ 236,737,334	0.00%
2022	2022	2,811,727	Ψ	2,811,727	Ψ	_	. '	233,492,167	1.20%
2021	2021	6,561,715		6,561,715		_		235,583,497	2.79%
2020	2020	9,324,769		9,324,769		_		231,875,142	4.02%
2019	2019	10,714,150		10,714,150		-		224,487,144	4.77%
2018	2018	9,665,350		9,665,350		_		221,619,627	4.36%
2017	2017	10,416,994		10,416,994		-		215,244,809	4.84%
RMP									
Year Ended December 31,	Measurement Period Ended June 30,	Municipality's Proportion of the Contractually Required Contribution		Contributions Relative to the Contractually Required Contribution	De	Contribution ficiency (Excess)		Municipality's Covered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Covered Payroll
0000	0000	Φ 4.550.045	•	4 550 045	Φ.			¢ 000 707 004	0.000/
2023	2023	\$ 1,553,815	\$		\$	-		\$ 236,737,334	0.66%
2022	2022	1,507,549		1,507,549		=		233,492,167	0.65%
2021 2020	2021 2020	1,554,735		1,554,735		-		235,583,497 231,875,142	0.66% 0.70%
2020	2020	1,617,474 1,268,460		1,617,474 1,268,460		-		231,875,142	0.70%
2018	2019	997,360		997,360		-		221,619,627	0.57%
2017	2017	978,781		978,781		- -		215,244,809	0.45%
	2011	0.0,701		010,101				210,211,000	0.1070
ODD									
Year Ended December 31,	Measurement Period Ended June 30,	Municipality's Proportion of the Contractually Required Contribution		Contributions Relative to the Contractually Required Contribution	Det	Contribution ficiency (Excess)		Municipality's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2023	2023	\$ 670,748	\$	670,748	\$	_	\$	236,737,334	0.28%
2022	2022	626,660	4	626,660	Ÿ	_	Ψ	233,492,167	0.27%
2021	2021	603,644		603,644		_		235,583,497	0.26%
2020	2020	548,520		548,520		_		231,875,142	0.24%
2019	2019	483,278		483,278		_		224,487,144	0.22%
2018	2018	363,282		363,282		_		221,619,627	0.16%
2017	2017	235,195		235,195		_		215,244,809	0.11%
	*	===, 100		,				- /= : :,= 30	

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA
Required Supplementary Information
Police and Fire Medical Trust - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans
Schedule of Municipality's Net OPEB Liability
Last Seven Fiscal Years

Gentile Group Plan

Year Ended December 31,	Measurement Period Ended June 30,	Municipality's Proportion of Net OPEB Liability	nicipality's Net PEB Liability	Municipality's Covered Payroll	Municipality's Net OPEB Liability as Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as Percentage of Total OPEB Liability
2023	2023	100.00%	\$ 61,506,369	\$	- 0.00%	0.00%
2022	2022	100.00%	58,291,752		- 0.00%	0.00%
2021	2021	100.00%	72,585,155		- 0.00%	0.00%
2020	2020	100.00%	84,622,918		- 0.00%	0.00%
2019	2019	100.00%	68,090,152		- 0.00%	0.00%
2018	2018	100.00%	72,748,971		- 0.00%	0.00%
2017	2017	100.00%	80,100,471		- 0.00%	0.00%

Police and Fire Medical Group Plan

Year Ended December 31,	Measurement Period Ended June 30,	Municipality's Proportion of Net OPEB Liability		nicipality's Net PEB Liability		lunicipality's vered Payroll	Municipality's Net OPEB Liability as Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as Percentage of Total OPEB Liability
2023	2023	100.00%	\$	78.391.050	\$	_	0.00%	20.77%
2022	2022	100.00%	•	86,469,974	•	6,026,901	1434.73%	20.92%
2021	2021	100.00%		64,778,868		5,823,093	1112.45%	26.50%
2020	2020	100.00%		34,553,576		5,626,177	614.16%	39.78%
2019	2019	100.00%		36,347,032		5,435,920	668.65%	36.74%
2018	2018	100.00%		43,974,583		5,160,091	852.21%	30.59%
2017	2017	100.00%		45,367,883		4,985,595	909.98%	29.73%

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA
Required Supplementary Information
Police and Fire Medical Trust - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans
Schedule of Municipality Contributions Last Seven Fiscal Years

Gentile Group Plan

 Year Ended December 31,	Measurement Period Ended December 31,	Municipality's Proportion of the tractually Required Contribution	to th	ibutions Relative e Contractually ired Contribution	C	Contribution (Excess)	unicipality's vered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Covered Payroll
2023 2022 2021 2020	2023 2022 2021 2020	\$ 3,537,542 3,422,765 3,357,746 4,055,590	\$	10,450,090 10,741,628 11,538,792 11,807,381	\$	(6,912,548) (7,318,863) (8,181,046) (7,751,791)	\$ - - -	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%
2019 2018 2017	2019 2018 2017	3,580,877 4,290,275 4,270,000		11,935,465 11,790,796 10,096,430		(8,354,588) (7,500,521) (5,826,430)	- - -	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%

Police and Fire Medical Group Plan

_	Year Ended December 31,	Measurement Period Ended December 31,	Municipality's Proportion of the tractually Required Contribution	to t	ributions Relative he Contractually uired Contribution	D	ontribution eficiency Excess)	unicipality's vered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Covered Payroll
	2023	2023	\$ 4,175,836	\$	3,841,538	\$	334,298	\$ -	0.00%
	2022	2022	7,011,262		3,666,621		3,344,641	6,026,901	60.84%
	2021	2021	3,854,445		3,672,522		181,923	5,823,093	63.07%
	2020	2020	4,037,152		3,579,657		457,495	5,626,177	63.63%
	2019	2019	4,108,452		3,516,241		592,211	5,435,920	64.69%
	2018	2018	4,290,275		3,477,037		813,238	5,160,091	67.38%
	2017	2017	4,270,000		4,919,538		(649,538)	4,985,595	98.68%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information OPEB Plans For the year ended December 31, 2023

Public Employees' Retirement System - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 85, "Covered Payroll" is defined as payroll on which contributions to the OPEB plans are based. Because a portion of the Municipality's contributions to the Plan (the DBUL) are based on Defined Contribution Wages, covered payroll reported here includes all PERS participating wages (both Defined Benefit and Defined Contribution).

Both OPEB tables below are presented for each of the three PERS OPEB plans: ARHCT, RMP, and ODD.

Schedule of the Municipality's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset and Liability

- The tables presented are based on the Plan measurement date. For December 31, 2023, the Plan measurement date is June 30, 2023.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the prior measurement period.
- There were no changes to the Discount Rate of 7.25% between 2022 and 2023.
- The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation (latest available) were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2017, to June 30, 2021. The assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are the same as those used in the June 30, 2021 valuation, except:
 - The amount included in the Normal Cost for administrative expenses was updated to reflect the most recent two years of actual administrative expenses paid from defined benefit plan assets.
 - o Per capita claims costs were updated to reflect recent experience.
- There were no changes in the valuation method from the prior measurement period.
- There were no changes in the allocation methodology from the prior measurement period. The measurement period ended June 30, 2023, allocated the net OPEB asset and liability based on the present value of contributions for fiscal year 2024 through 2039.

Schedule of Municipality's Contributions

• This table is based on the Municipality's contributions for each year presented. A portion of these contributions is included in the plan measurement results, while a portion of the contributions is reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the December 31, 2023, statement of net position.

Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 85, "Covered Payroll" is defined as payroll on which contributions to the OPEB plan are based. "Covered Employee Payroll" is presented when contributions to the OPEB plan are not based on a measure of pay.

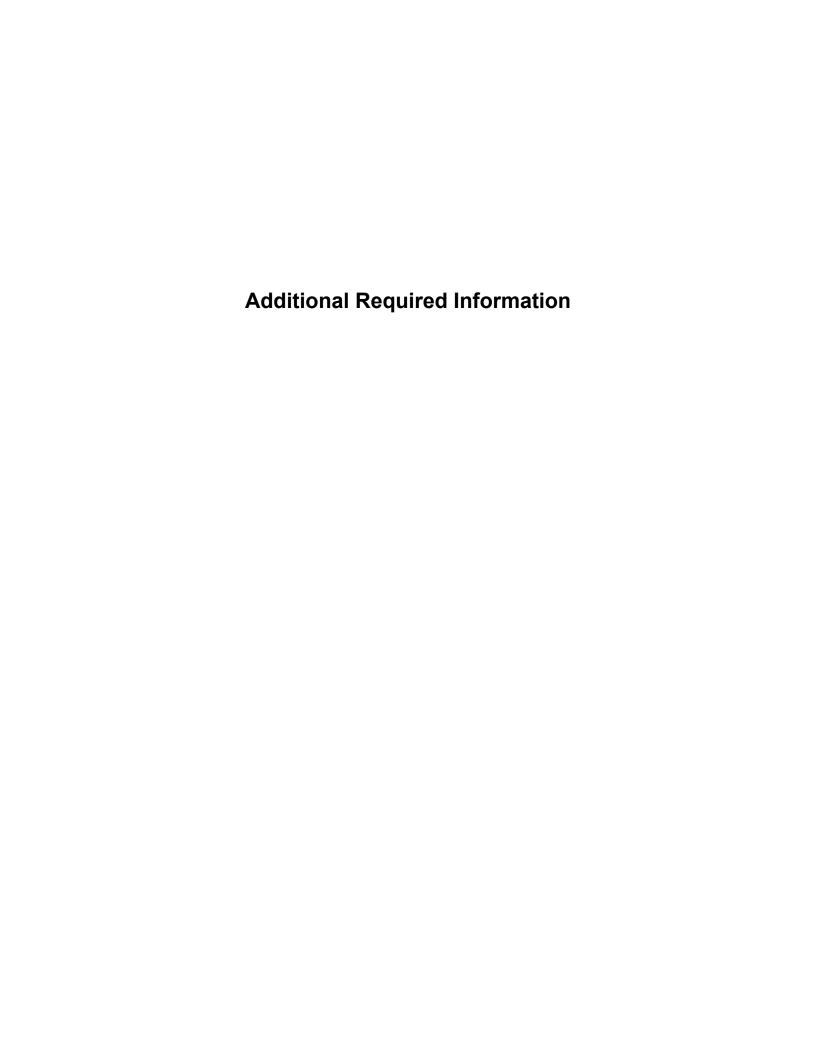
Both OPEB tables below are presented for each of the two Police and Fire Retiree Trust OPEB plans: Gentile Group Plan and Police and Fire Medical Group Plan.

Schedule of the Municipality's Net OPEB Liability

- This table is presented based on the Plan measurement date of December 31, 2023.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the prior measurement period.
- There were no changes in assumptions from the prior measurement period, except for a reduction in the Discount Rate for Gentile Group Plan to 3.26% and changes in the Discount rate for Police and Fire Medical Group to 5.49% (HRA Plan) and 3.26% (MH Plan) from 4.1%.
- There were no changes in the valuation method from the prior measurement period.

Schedule of Municipality's Contributions

• This table is based on the Municipality's contributions for each year presented. A portion of these contributions are included in the plan measurement results, while a portion of the contributions are reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position.



Additional Budgetary Comparison Schedules

The **General Fund Sub-funds** budgetary comparison schedule and reconciliation to GAAP is presented for perspective purposes to demonstrate Anchorage's legal level of adopted budget for estimated revenues and appropriations at the fund and sub-fund level, which is different than the GAAP fund structure format presented in the Required Supplementary Information section.

The **Department** budgetary comparison schedule and reconciliation to GAAP for the General Fund is presented for perspective purposes to demonstrate Anchorage's legal level of adopted budget for estimated revenues and appropriations at the department level, which is different than the GAAP fund structure format presented in the Required Supplementary Information section.

Supplementary Information - Additional Budgetary Comparison Schedule by General Fund Sub-Funds Year ended December 31, 2023

	Buc	lget	Actual		Budget to GAAP	Actual	Variance With
	Original	Final	Budgetary Ba	sis	Difference	GAAP Basis	Final Budget
Revenues and Other Financing Sources:	<u></u>	-					
Areawide Service Area	\$430,374,662	\$451,030,884	\$ 456,496,4	50	\$ -	\$456,496,450	\$ 5,465,566
Areawide EMS Lease Special Levy	829,029	829,029	829,0	29	· -	829.029	
Chugiak Fire Service Area	1,445,294	1,445,294	1,772,0		_	1,772,076	326,782
Glen Alps Service Area	394,944	394,944	397,9		_	397,959	3,015
Girdwood Valley Service Area	4,231,473	5,031,473	4,259,5		_	4,259,593	(771,880)
Areawide APD IT Systems Special Levy	1,840,000	1,840,000	1,840,0		_	1,840,000	-
Former Borough Roads and Drainage Service Area	-	-	7,9		_	7,968	7,968
Fire Service Area	87,520,115	87,520,115	87,479,2		_	87,479,216	(40,899)
Roads and Drainage Service Area	84,604,014	84,604,014	85,874,1		_	85,874,186	1,270,172
Limited Service Areas	11,645,410	11,645,410	12,128,9		_	12,128,902	483,492
Anchorage Metropolitan Police Service Area	145,471,713	145,570,713	145,799,3		_	145,799,326	228,613
Turnagain Arm Police Service Area	21,782	21,782	23,0		_	23,023	1,241
Anchorage Bowl Parks and Recreation Service Area	25,649,979	25,710,479	26,379,8		_	26,379,886	669,407
Eagle River Chugiak Parks and Recreational Service Area	5,172,951	5,172,951	5,090,9		_	5,090,991	(81,960)
Building Safety Service Area	5,338,900	5,338,900	6,493,6			6,493,678	1,154,778
Public Finance and Investment	2,927,157	2,927,157	2,197,1			2,197,178	(729,979)
Police and Fire Retiree Medical Defined Contribution Support	14,410	14,410	15,5		_	15,558	1,148
Operating Projects Committed General	50,000	1,967,775	1,967,7		-	1,967,775	1,140
MLP Sale Proceeds	50,000	1,901,113	1,188,5		-	1,188,508	1,188,508
	-	-	1,100,5			356,457	1, 100,300
Other Financing source SBITA SOA PERs On-Behalf Payments	-	-	-	(3	5,354,950	5,354,950	-
Total revenues and other finance sources	807,531,833	831,065,330	840,241,3		5,711,407	845,952,709	9,175,972
Total revenues and other finance sources	007,331,633	031,003,330	040,241,3	02	3,711,407	645,952,709	9,175,972
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses:							
Areawide Service Area	433,393,713	452,784,975	442,494,2	28	-	444,094,288	(10,290,747)
Areawide EMS Lease Special Levy	1,658,058	1,658,058	829,0	29	-	829,029	(829,029)
Chugiak Fire Service Area	1,445,294	2,365,294	2,245,5	91	_	2,245,591	(119,703)
Glen Alps Service Area	394,944	694,944	467,0	88	_	467,088	(227,856)
Girdwood Valley Service Area	4,239,780	5,039,780	4,735,7	03	_	4,735,703	(304,077)
Areawide APD IT Systems Special Levy	1,840,000	3,387,800	101,2		_	101,231	(3,286,569)
Fire Service Area	87,165,569	87,165,569	86,301,6		_	86,301,615	(863,954)
Roads and Drainage Service Area	84,604,014	84,604,014	84,863,4		_	84,863,408	259,394
Limited Service Areas	11,841,960	12,592,960	11,354,7		_	11,354,794	(1,238,166)
Anchorage Metropolitan Police Service Area	146,923,457	147,022,457	141,182,4		_	141,182,434	(5,840,023)
Turnagain Arm Police Service Area	21,782	21,782	16,4		_	16,479	(5,303)
Anchorage Bowl Parks and Recreation Service Area	25,649,979	25,710,479	24,176,7		_	24,176,785	(1,533,694)
Eagle River Chugiak Parks and Recreational Service Area	5,172,951	9,172,951	8,208,4		_	8,208,412	(964,539)
-	8,107,110	8,107,110	7,366,9			7,366,926	
Building Safety Service Area	, ,				-	, ,	(740,184)
Public Finance and Investment	2,561,083	2,561,083	2,448,7		-	2,448,725	(112,358)
Police and Fire Retiree Medical Defined Contribution Support	234,876	234,876	185,4		-	185,458	(49,418)
Operating Projects Committed General	2,776,774	6,019,445	1,704,3		-	1,704,375	(4,315,070)
MLP Sale Proceeds	-	37,552	37,5		-	37,552	-
Capital Outlay - SBITA	-	-	-	(3		569,066	-
SOA PERs On-Behalf Payments	-	-			5,354,950	5,354,950	- (00.404.600)
Total expenditures and other financing uses	818,031,344	849,181,129	818,719,8	33	5,924,016	826,243,909	(30,461,296)
Net change in fund balance (deficit)	(10,499,511)	(18,115,799)	21,521,4	69	(212,609)	19,708,800	39,637,268
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	52,793,108	52,793,108	52,793,1		(212,003)	52,793,108	-
Fund belones (deficit), pegining of year	\$2,795,100 \$\phi\$ 40,000,507	↑ 04.077.000	DZ,730,1		¢(040,000)		ф 20.027.000

Explanation of differences:

Fund balance (deficit), end of year

(1) Effective July 1, 2008, Anchorage changed its policy regarding the recording of on-behalf payments for PERS Pension and OPEB. On-behalf payments are not cash transactions and there is no impact or cost to the taxpayers associated with these transactions. Also, the on-behalf payment amounts have fluctuated significantly. This has made the amounts difficult to estimate for budgetary purposes. Therefore, effective July 1, 2008, Anchorage has elected to exclude this item from its budget, and it is shown here as a reconciling item to GAAP basis.

\$ 34,677,309

74,314,577

\$(212,609)

\$ 42,293,597

- (2) Effective January 1, 2022, the Municipality adopted GASB 87. The other financing source Leases are not cash transactions and there is no impact or cost to the taxpayers associated with these transactions. Also, the other financing source Leases amounts would fluctuate based on new leases and lease terms. This has made the amounts difficult to estimate for budgetary purposes. Therefore, effective January 1, 2022, the Municipality has elected to exclude this item from its budget, and it is shown here as a reconciling item to GAAP basis
- (3) Effective January 1, 2023, the Municipality adopted GASB 96. The other financing source SBITA are not cash transactions and there is no impact or cost to the taxpayers associated with these transactions. Also, the other financing source SBITA amounts would fluctuate based on new SBITA and SBITA terms. This has made the amounts difficult to estimate for budgetary purposes. Therefore, effective January 1, 2023, the Municipality has elected to exclude this item from its budget, and it is shown here as a reconciling item to GAAP basis.

Note:

This schedule is for informational purposes only. This schedule provides revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses for the General Fund by sub-fund. The legal level of budgetary control is adopted for revenues and other financing sources at the fund and sub-fund level. Expenditures and other financing uses are legally budgeted at the department level and are presented at the sub-fund level for informational purposes only.

Budget to

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA

Supplementary Information - Additional Bugetary Comparison Schedule by Department for the General Fund Year ended December 31, 2023

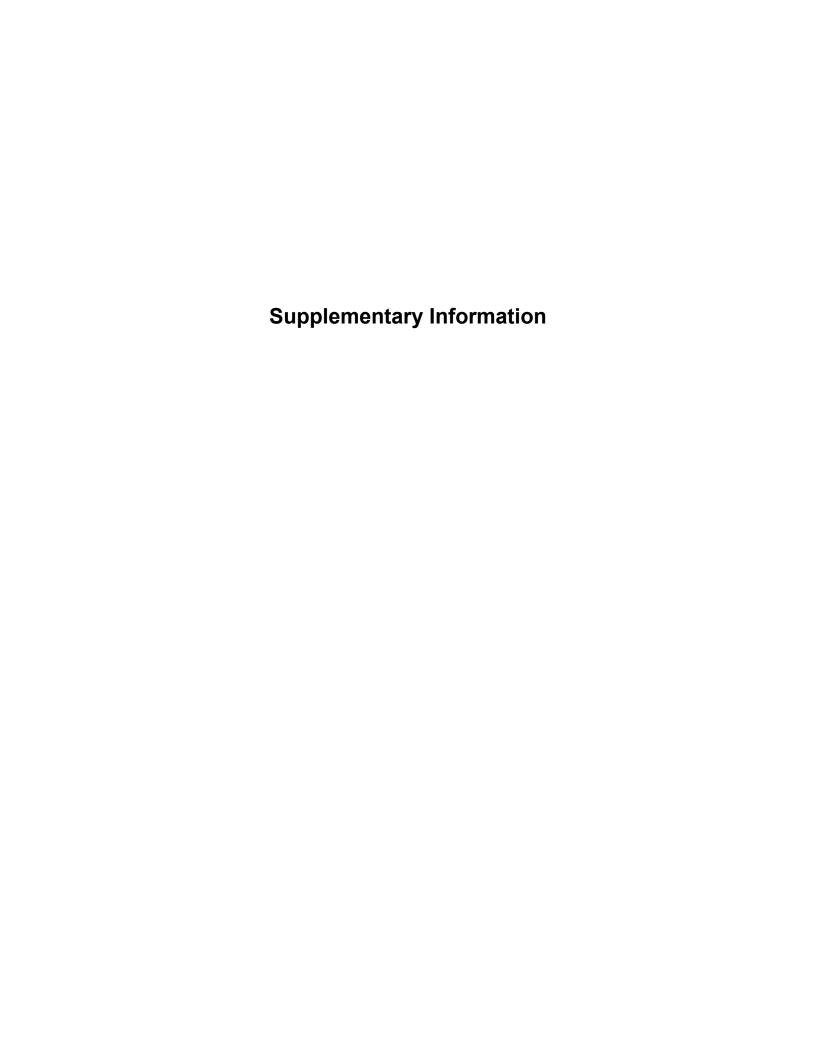
	Buc	dget	Actual		GAAP	Actual	Variance With
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	;	Difference	GAAP Basis	Final Budget
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses:							
Assembly	\$ 8,158,094	\$ 8,273,094	\$ 7,097,351	(1)	\$ 36,615	\$ 7,133,966	\$ (1,175,743)
Chief Fiscal Officer	558,847	568,784	516,570	(1)	5,265	521,835	(52,214)
Economic and Community Development	63,670,732	68,703,710	64,020,603	(1)(3)	526,987	64,547,590	(4,683,107)
Education	260,087,517	260,087,517	260,087,517		-	260,087,517	-
Equal Rights Commission	820,902	820,902	772,468	(1)	1,967	774,435	(48,434)
Equity and Justice	715,453	715,453	609,895		-	609,895	(105,558)
Finance	13,801,221	14,658,512	14,276,264	(1)	160,502	14,436,766	(382,248)
Fire	114,089,691	115,819,691	111,465,209	(1)(3)	1,905,254	113,370,463	(4,354,482)
Health and Human Services	15,650,399	16,378,674	14,981,363	(1)(3)	488,594	15,469,957	(1,397,311)
Human Resources	6,690,865	6,690,865	6,496,834	(1)	33,073	6,529,907	(194,031)
Information Technology	1,252,697	1,252,697	1,132,072	(1)	4,101	1,136,173	(120,625)
Internal Audit	817,833	817,833	779,622	(1)	13,113	792,735	(38,211)
Maintenance and Operations	59,867,560	61,223,673	60,491,971	(1)(3)	179,550	60,671,521	(731,702)
Management and Budget	1,208,711	1,208,711	760,135	(1)	28,918	789,053	(448,576)
Mayor	2,586,253	2,576,253	2,409,450	(1)	4,902	2,414,352	(166,803)
Municipal Attorney	8,599,366	8,599,366	7,178,609	(1)	59,263	8,837,932	(1,420,757)
Municipal Manager	3,465,350	3,465,350	2,704,466	(1)(3)	61,010	2,765,476	(760,884)
Non Departmental	2,887,000	2,924,552	2,532,503		-	2,532,503	(392,049)
Police and Fire Retiree Medical	217,217	217,217	(25,419)	(1)	7,730	(17,689)	(242,636)
Police	136,798,119	138,444,919	130,471,713	(1)(3)	1,907,549	132,379,262	(7,973,206)
Public Transportation	29,990,016	30,233,555	29,328,060	(1)(3)	261,289	29,589,349	(905,495)
Public Works	62,145,810	61,918,110	61,297,998	(1)	231,322	61,529,320	(620,112)
Purchasing	1,843,844	1,843,844	1,771,316	(1)	7,012	1,778,328	(72,528)
Real Estate Services	11,218,813	30,848,813	26,419,757		-	26,419,757	(4,429,056)
Total expenditures and other financing uses	807,142,310	838,292,095	807,576,327		5,924,016	815,100,403	(30,715,768)
Add: net intragovernmental costs and billings	10,889,034	10,889,034	11,143,506		-	11,143,506	254,472
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 818,031,344	\$ 849,181,129	\$ 818,719,833		\$ 5,924,016	\$ 826,243,909	\$ (30,461,296)

Explanation of differences:

- (1) Effective July 1, 2008, the Municipality changed its policy regarding the recording of on-behalf payments for PERS Pension and OPEB. On-behalf payments are not cash transactions and there is no impact or cost to the taxpayers associated with these transactions. Also, on-behalf payment amounts have fluctuated significantly. This has made the amounts difficult to estimate for budgetary purposes. Therefore, effective July 1, 2008, Anchorage has elected to exclude this item from its budget, and it is shown here as a reconciling item to GAAP basis.
- (2) Effective January 1, 2022, the Municipality adopted GASB 87. The other financing source Leases are not cash transactions and there is no impact or cost to the taxpayers associated with these transactions. Also, the other financing source Leases amounts would fluctuate based on new leases and lease terms. This has made the amounts difficult to estimate for budgetary purposes. Therefore, effective January 1, 2022, the Municipality has elected to exclude this item from its budget, and it is shown here as a reconciling item to GAAP basis.
- (3) Effective January 1, 2023, the Municipality adopted GASB 96. The other financing source SBITA are not cash transactions and there is no impact or cost to the taxpayers associated with these transactions. Also, the other financing source SBITA amounts would fluctuate based on new SBITA and SBITA terms. This has made the amounts difficult to estimate for budgetary purposes. Therefore, effective January 1, 2023, the Municipality has elected to exclude this item from its budget, and it is shown here as a reconciling item to GAAP basis.

Note:

This schedule does not provide detail by departments for revenues and other financing sources. This is because the legal level of budgetary control is adopted only for expenditures and other financing uses at the department level. Intragovernmental Costs and Billings are not budgeted by the Assembly. They are presented for comparison purposes for total expenditures only.



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

The Heritage Land Bank Fund accounts for Municipal-owned real estate.

The **Opioid Settlement Fund** accounts for proceeds received from settlements that have been reached with manufacturers, distributors, and other entities involved in the opioid epidemic.

The **Federal/State Fines and Forfeitures Fund** accounts for proceeds from the sale of property seized by the Police Department, State and Federal agencies.

The **Convention Center Operating Reserve Fund** accounts for dedicated bed tax collections and transfers associated with the construction of the new convention and civic center and related tourism activities.

The **E911 Surcharge Fund** accounts for financial resources for acquisition, implementation, and maintenance of the enhanced 911 emergency system.

The **State Grants Fund** accounts for financial resources that may be used only in accordance with State grant agreements.

The **Federal Grants Fund** accounts for financial resources that may be used only in accordance with Federal grant agreements.

The **49th State Angel Fund** accounts for financial resources that may be used only in accordance with all provisions and requirements of the Small Business Jobs Act and the policy guidelines from the U.S. Department of Treasury's State Small Business Credit Initiative.

The **Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund** accounts for contributions and earnings used to fund the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust.

The **Alcoholic Beverages Retail Sales Tax Fund** accounts for monies collected from the sales tax on alcoholic beverages to be used for funding police and first responders, address child abuse, sexual assault and domestic violence, and substance abuse treatment, mental and behavioral health, and homelessness.

The **Nuisance Property Abatement Fund** accounts for monies dedicated to addressing, mitigating, and abating nuisances on private property within the Municipality.

The **Miscellaneous Operational Grants Fund** accounts for the use of miscellaneous restricted contributions and donations.

The **Other Restricted Resources Fund** accounts for the use of other specific revenues that are legally restricted for specified purposes.

The Property Assessed Clean Energy Program Fund accounts for PACE program.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2023

					Special Re	venue			
	Heritage Land Bank	Opioid Settlement Fund	Federal/State Fines and Forfeitures	Convention Center Operating Reserve	E911 Surcharge	State Grants	Federal Grants	49th State Angel Fund	Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability
Assets									
Cash	\$ -		\$ 72,763 \$				•		\$ -
Cash and investments in central treasury	7,430,835	1,117,967	850,149	38,926,799	3,831,906	83,170,105	4,301,813	4,852,864	-
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,929,444
Accrued interest on investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	85,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from fiduciary funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	316,015
Due from component units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	-	-	-	3,736,347	975,188	30	-	-	-
Intergovernmental receivables	-	-	-	-	-	9,868,413	6,697,368	-	-
Special assessments receivable, net	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leases receivable	2,855,473	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Prepaid items and deposits	-	-	7,036	-	-	370	-	-	-
Loans receivable	1,289,357	-	-	-	-	-	2,140,062	-	-
Advances to other funds	765,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments in Angel Fund program		-	-	-	-	-	-	4,504,523	-
Total assets	12,425,665	1,117,967	929,948	42,663,146	4,807,094	93,038,918	13,139,243	9,357,387	34,245,459
Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Deferred grant advancement	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	\$ 12,425,665	\$ 1,117,967	\$ 929,948	\$ 42,663,146	\$ 4,807,094	\$ 93,038,918	\$ 13,139,243	\$ 9,357,387	\$ 34,245,459
Liabilities									
Accounts payable and retainages	\$ 4,749	\$ -	\$ - 9	2,332,854	\$ 31,620	1,036,523	\$ 1,584,882	\$ 26	\$ -
Accrued payroll liabilities	9,200	-	-	-	-	124,534	24,567	8,434	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,779
Unearned revenue and deposits	29,595	-	-	-	-	381,844	9,080,829	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	16,204,357	-	-	-
Total liabilities	43,544	-	-	2,332,854	31,620	17,747,258	10,690,278	8,460	9,779
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Unavailable revenues:									
Intergovernmental revenues	_	_	-	_	_	413,679	-	-	-
Loans	_	_	-	_	_	· -	2,140,062	-	-
Special assessments	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	_
Leases	2,782,174	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-
Land sales	1,211,488	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,993,662	-	_	-	-	413,679	2,140,062	_	-
Fund Balances (Deficits)									
Nonspendable	77,869	-	7,036	_	-	370	-	-	-
Restricted	-	1,058,900	816,799	37,752,881	4,561,338	-	308,903	9,348,927	34,235,680
Committed	8,310,590	-		-	-	_	-	-	-
Assigned	-	59,067	106,113	2,577,411	214,136	74,877,611	_	_	_
Unassigned (Deficit)	_		-	_,,	,		_	_	-
Total fund balances (deficits)	8.388.459	1,117,967	929.948	40,330,292	4.775.474	74.877.981	308.903	9.348.927	34,235,680
,	\$ 12,425,665								

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2023

	Special Revenue (Continued)							Debt Service			
	Alcoholic		Property						Police and Fire		
	Beverages	Nuisance	Miscellaneous		Other		ACPA		Certificate of		
	Retail Sales Tax	Property Abatement	Operational Grants	Clean Energy Program	Restricted Resources	Total Special Revenue	Surcharge Revenue Bond	CIVICVentures Revenue Bond	Participation Bond	Total Debt Service	
Assets	Ouico Tux	Abutoment	Orunto	rrogram	resources	Revenue	Tto Venue Bona	Revenue Bona	Dona	Dept Gervice	
Cash	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 72,763	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Cash and investments in central treasury	8,723,786	352,940	702,354	19,828	-	154,281,346	507,552	-	-	507,552	
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	33,929,444	-	13,851,412	711,520	14,562,932	
Accrued interest on investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,154	3,166	19,320	
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	85,000	-	-	-	-	
Due from fiduciary funds	-	-	-	-	-	316,015	-	-	-	-	
Due from component units	-	-	-	-	-	-	235,035	_	_	235,035	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	1,778,771	39,335	20,000	-	-	6,549,671	_	_	_	-	
Intergovernmental receivables	-	-	-		-	16,565,781	-		-	-	
Special assessments receivable, net	-	_	-	_	153,309	153,309	_	_	_	-	
Leases receivable	-	_	-	_	-	2,855,473	_	_	_	-	
Prepaid items and deposits	-	_	_	_	_	7,406	_	_	_	-	
Loans receivable	_	_	_	_	_	3,429,419	_	_	_	_	
Advances to other funds	_	_	_	_	_	765,000	_	_	_	_	
Investments in Angel Fund program	_	_	_	_	_	4,504,523	_	_	_	_	
Total assets	10,502,557	392,275	722,354	19,828	153,309	223,515,150	742,587	13,867,566	714,686	15,324,839	
	10,002,001	002,210	722,004	10,020	100,000	220,010,100	142,001	10,007,000	7 14,000	10,024,000	
Deferred Outflows of Resources											
Deferred grant advancement		\$ 392.275	- 700.054	- 40.000	- 4F0 000	- 000 F4F 4F0	A 740 F07	A 40.007.500	- 744 000	- 45 004 000	
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	\$ 10,502,557	\$ 392,275	\$ 722,354	\$ 19,828	\$ 153,309	\$ 223,515,150	\$ 742,587	\$ 13,867,566	\$ 714,686	\$ 15,324,839	
Liabilities											
Accounts payable and retainages	\$ 3,680,560	\$ 661	\$ 27,472	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,602		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Accrued payroll liabilities	144,000	-	-	-	-	310,735	-	-	-	-	
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	492,840	502,619	-	-	684,419	684,419	
Unearned revenue and deposits	16,650	-	20,000	-	-	9,528,918	-	-	-	-	
Advances from other funds		-	-	-	-	16,204,357		-	-	-	
Total liabilities	3,841,210	661	47,472	1,500	494,442	35,249,078		-	684,419	684,419	
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Unavailable revenues:											
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-	-	413,679	-	-	-	-	
Loans	-	-	-	-	-	2,140,062	-	-	-	-	
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	
Leases	-	-	-	-	-	2,782,174	-	_	-	-	
Land sales	-	-	-	_	_	1,211,488	-	-	-	-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	-	-	-	-	6,547,403		-	-	-	
Fund Balances (Deficits)											
Nonspendable	_	_	_	_	_	85,275	_	_	_	_	
Restricted	5,946,679	364,973	17,540	-	-	94,412,620	742,587	13,867,566	30,267	14,640,420	
Committed	3,340,079	304,973	653,530	-	-	8,964,120	142,301	13,007,300	30,207	14,040,420	
Assigned	714,668	26,641	3,812	18,328	-	78,597,787	-	-	-	-	
Assiulieu			3.012	10.328	-	10,180,01	-	-	-	-	
· ·	7 14,000	20,041	0,0.2	-,-	(3/1 122)						
Unassigned (Deficit) Total fund balances (deficits)	6,661,347	391.614	674,882	18,328	(341,133)	(341,133) 181,718,669	742.587	13.867.566	30.267	14.640.420	

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2023

	-			Capital Projects						
Assets	Areawide	Public Safety	Public Transportation	Mis- cellaneous	Parks and Recreation	Historic Preservation	Heritage Land Bank	Total Capital Projects	Cemetery Perpetual Maintenance	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash	\$ - \$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 72,763
	25,003,664	3,691,749	2,974,138	374.112	15,768,421	80,006	- 2,192,497	50,084,587	\$ - 689,939	205,563,424
Cash and investments in central treasury Investments	23,003,004	3,091,749	2,974,130	3/4,112	15,700,421	60,000	2, 192,497	30,064,367	009,939	48,492,376
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Accrued interest on investments	- 0.07.500	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 0.07.500	-	19,320
Due from other funds	6,837,526	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,837,526	-	6,922,526
Due from fiduciary funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	316,015
Due from component units	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	235,035
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	589,029	-	-	-	799,941	-	-	1,388,970	-	7,938,641
Intergovernmental receivables	130,847	393,128	502,882	994	426,195	-	-	1,454,046	-	18,019,827
Special assessments receivable, net	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	153,309
Leases receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,855,473
Prepaid items and deposits	-	10,342,809	28,474	-	-	-	-	10,371,283	-	10,378,689
Loans receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,429,419
Advances to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	765,000
Investments in Angel Fund program	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-		4,504,523
Total assets	32,561,066	14,427,686	3,505,494	375,106	16,994,557	80.006	2,192,497	70,136,412	689,939	309,666,340
Deferred Outflows of Resources									-	
Deferred grant advancement	\$ 32.561.066 \$	- 44 407 000	. O. FOE 404	A 07F 400	\$ 16,994,557	- 00.000	- n 0.400.407	- 70 400 440	\$ 689.939	\$ 309.666.340
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	\$ 32,561,066 \$	14,427,686	\$ 3,505,494	\$ 375,106	\$ 16,994,557	\$ 80,006	\$ 2,192,497	\$ 70,136,412	\$ 689,939	\$ 309,666,340
Liabilities										
Accounts payable and retainages	\$ 442,111 \$	121,304		\$ 480	\$ 269,934	\$ - :	5,197	\$ 903,461	\$ -	\$ 9,605,910
Accrued payroll liabilities	3,738	-	493	-	721	-	-	4,952	-	315,687
Due to other funds	89,910	1,679,837	-	-	-	-	-	1,769,747	-	2,956,785
Unearned revenue and deposits	6,701	-	1	30,885	3,530	-	-	41,117	-	9,570,035
Advances from other funds	206,606	837,718	-	-	-	-	-	1,044,324	-	17,248,681
Total liabilities	749,066	2,638,859	64,929	31,365	274,185	-	5,197	3,763,601	-	39,697,098
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenues:										
Intergovernmental revenues	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	413,679
Loans	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,140,062
Special assessments		_	_	2,077	_	_	_	2,077	_	2,077
Leases	-	_	_	2,011	_	-	-	2,011	-	2,782,174
Land sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			-			-	-			1,211,488
Total deferred inflows of resources				2,077		-	-	2,077		6,549,480
Fund Balances (Deficits)										
Nonspendable	-	10,342,809	28,474	-	-	-	-	10,371,283	150,000	10,606,558
Restricted	7,630,346	1,439,624	3,412,091	-	6,289,444	-	-	18,771,505	-	127,824,545
Committed	23,773,468	6,394	-	341,664	10,080,609	121	2,187,300	36,389,556	-	45,353,676
Assigned	408,186	-	-	-	350,319	79,885	-	838,390	539,939	79,976,116
Unassigned (Deficit)	<u>-</u>	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(341,133)
Total fund balances (deficits)	31,812,000	11,788,827	3,440,565	341,664	16,720,372	80,006	2,187,300	66,370,734	689,939	263,419,762
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 32,561,066 \$								\$ 689,939	\$ 309,666,340

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits)
Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Special Revenue									
	Heritage Land Bank	Opioid Settlement Fund	Federal/State Fines and Forfeitures	Convention Center Operating Reserve	E911 Surcharge	State Grants	Federal Grants	49th State Angel Fund	Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability	Alcoholic Beverages Retail Sales Tax
Revenues	Dalik	Fullu	Foriellules	Reserve	E311 Surcharge	State Grants	rederal Grants	Fullu	Liability	Sales I ax
Hotel and motel taxes	\$ -	\$ - 5	- \$	25,355,603	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	_
Alcoholic beverages retail sales taxes	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	16,319,854
Special assessments	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Intergovernmental	-	_	-	-	_	66,495,075	30,313,410	-	_	7
Charges for services	476,958	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	313,196	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E911 surcharges	-	_	-	-	8,060,562	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income (loss)	592,501	59,067	18,155	2,317,454	214,136	42,517	-	(173,719)	4,002,902	714,668
Interest income on leases	132,792	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	335	160,533	-	1,099,807	-	-	-	271	-	12,306
Total revenues	1,202,586	219,600	331,351	28,772,864	8,274,698	66,537,592	30,313,410	(173,448)	4,002,902	17,046,835
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	502,874	_	_	_	_	(34,873)	1,168,891	197,127	48,018	518,600
Fire services		_	_	_	1,252,867	(170,170)		•	1,826,864	913,519
Police services	_	_	212,335	_	5,618,311	1,662,915	1,477,097	_	2,014,673	815,017
Health and human services	_	_	-	_	-	9,285,760	12,102,082	_		18,937,525
Economic and community development	_	_	_	11,656,913	_	2,921,229	5,410,174		_	1,132,056
Public transportation	_	_	_	,000,0.0	_	2,031,714	6,469,162		_	-,102,000
Public works	_	_	_	_	_	1,169,430	-,,	_	_	-
Maintenance and operations of roads and facilities	_	_	_	_	_	59,332	43,430	_	_	_
Debt service:						,	,			
Principal	_	_	_	_	_	10,390	_	_	_	-
Interest and fiscal agent charges	_	_	_	1,000	_	1,574	_	_	_	-
Debt service - SBITAs:				,,,,,,		1,21				
Principal	_	_	_	_	_	_	56,800	_	_	-
Capital projects	18,624	_	_	_	_	42,417	1,035,416		_	12,150
Total expenditures	521,498	-	212,335	11,657,913	6,871,178	16,979,718	30,857,079	197,127	3,889,555	22,328,867
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	681,088	219,600	119,016	17,114,951	1,403,520	49,557,874	(543,669) (370,575)	113,347	(5,282,032)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers from other funds	_	_	_	904,436	_	887,043	307,451	_	1,086,934	1,300,000
Transfers to other funds	-	-	_	(9,566,168)	-	-	185,363	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	2,025,540	-	-	-	_	-		-	_	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,025,540	-	-	(8,661,732)	-	887,043	492,814	-	1,086,934	1,300,000
Net change in fund balances	2,706,628	219,600	119,016	8,453,219	1,403,520	50,444,917	(50,855) (370,575)	1,200,281	(3,982,032)
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year	5,681,831	898,367	810,932	31,877,073	3,371,954	24,433,064	359,758	9,719,502	33,035,399	10,643,379
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 8,388,459	\$ 1,117,967	929,948 \$	40,330,292	\$ 4,775,474	\$ 74,877,981	\$ 308,903	\$ 9,348,927	\$ 34,235,680 \$	6,661,347

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits)
Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Spec	ial Revenue (Contin	ued)	Debt Service				
	Nuisance Property Abatement	Miscellaneous Operational Grants	Property Assessed Clean Energy Program	Other Restricted Resources	Total Special Revenue	ACPA Surcharge	CIVICVentures Revenue Bond	Police and Fire Certificate of Participation Bond	Total Debt Service
Revenues	Abdromone	Grunto	Trogram	Resources	Revenue	Guronargo	Dona	Dona	DODE COLVICE
Hotel and motel taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	25,355,603	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Alcoholic beverages retail sales taxes	-	-	-	-	16,319,854	-	-	-	-
Special assessments	-	-	-	938,767	938,767	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	96,808,492	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	72,852	-	-	-	549,810	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	124,074	-	-	-	437,270	-	-	-	-
E911 surcharges	-	-	-	-	8,060,562	-	-	-	-
Investment income (loss)	18,762	822	582	(39,837)	7,768,010	35,767	524,554	24,203	584,524
Interest income on leases	-	-	-	-	132,792	-	-	-	-
Restricted contributions	-	286,425	-	-	286,425	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	9,361	_	1,282,613	401,112	124	_	401,236
Total revenues	215,688	287,247	9,943	898,930	157,940,198	436,879	524,678	24,203	985,760
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government	-	-	1,552	1,045,173	3,447,362	-	-	_	_
Fire services	_	-	-	_	6,917,107	-	-	-	_
Police services	_	49,307	-	_	11,849,655	-	-	-	_
Health and human services	_	41,451	-	_	40,366,818	-	-	-	_
Economic and community development	81,083	168,246	-	_	21,369,701	-	_	-	_
Public transportation	· -	· -	-	_	8,500,876	-	_	-	_
Public works	_	-	-	_	1,169,430	-	_	-	_
Maintenance and operations of roads and facilities	_	-	-	_	102,762	-	_	-	_
Debt service:									
Principal	_	-	-	_	10,390	170,000	3,015,000	3,895,000	7,080,000
Interest and fiscal agent charges	_	-	-	_	2,574	132,250		1,537,378	5,230,578
Debt service - SBITAs:					_,	,	2,222,222	1,001,010	-,,
Principal	_	-	-	_	56,800	-	_	-	_
Capital projects	_	9,880	-	_	1,118,487	-	_	-	_
Total expenditures	81,083	268,884	1,552	1,045,173	94,911,962	302,250	6,575,950	5,432,378	12,310,578
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	134,605	18,363	8,391	(146,243)	63,028,236	134,629	(6,051,272)	(5,408,175)	(11,324,818)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers from other funds	-	-	9,937	-	4,495,801	-	6,355,369	5,432,378	11,787,747
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-	-	(9,380,805)	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	2,025,540	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	=	9,937	=	(2,859,464)	-	6,355,369	5,432,378	11,787,747
Net change in fund balances	134,605	18,363	18,328	(146,243)	60,168,772	134,629	304,097	24,203	462,929
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year	257,009	656,519	-	(194,890)	121,549,897	607,958	13,563,469	6,064	14,177,491
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 391,614	\$ 674,882	\$ 18,328	\$ (341,133) \$	181,718,669	\$ 742,587	\$ 13,867,566	\$ 30,267	\$ 14,640,420

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits)
Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Capital Projects, Continued							Permanent Fund		
	Areawide	Public Safety	Public Transportation	Mis- cellaneous	Parks and Recreation	Historic Preservation	Heritage Land Bank	Total Capital Projects	Cemetery Perpetual Maintenance	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues	7.1.04.11.40	. unit outerly						0,000		
Hotel and motel taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	\$ 25,355,603
Alcoholic beverages retail sales taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,319,854
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	938,767
Intergovernmental	382,379	1,794,915	2,045,276	15,078	214,816	-	-	4,452,464	-	101,260,956
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,930	561,740
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	437,270
E911 surcharges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,060,562
Investment income (loss)	721,439	-	-	-	92,022	4,919	-	818,380	42,165	9,213,079
Interest income on leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	132,792
Restricted contributions	734,951	-	-	-	942,114	350	-	1,677,415	-	1,963,840
Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,683,849
Total revenues	1,838,769	1,794,915	2,045,276	15,078	1,248,952	5,269	-	6,948,259	54,095	165,928,312
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	3,447,362
Fire services	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	6,917,107
Police services	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	11,849,655
Health and human services	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	40,366,818
Economic and community development	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	21,369,701
Public transportation	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	8,500,876
Public works	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	1,169,430
Maintenance and operations of roads and facilities	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	102,762
Debt service:										
Principal	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	7,090,390
Interest and fiscal agent charges	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	5,233,152
Debt service - SBITAs:										
Principal	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	56,800
Capital projects	23,144,614	6,028,170	2,265,743	15,078	4,643,508	-	33,136	36,130,249	-	37,248,736
Total expenditures	23,144,614	6,028,170	2,265,743	15,078	4,643,508	-	33,136	36,130,249	-	143,352,789
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(21,305,845)	(4,233,255)	(220,467)	-	(3,394,556)	5,269	(33,136)	(29,181,990)	54,095	22,575,523
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers from other funds	23,699,338	1,972,185	1,583,375	40,000	6,142,690	-	-	33,437,588	-	49,721,136
Transfers to other funds	(3,487,775)	-	-	-	_	-	-	(3,487,775)	-	(12,868,580)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	2,025,540
Total other financing sources (uses)	20,211,563	1,972,185	1,583,375	40,000	6,142,690	-	-	29,949,813	-	38,878,096
Net change in fund balances	(1,094,282)	(2,261,070)	1,362,908	40,000	2,748,134	5,269	(33,136)	767,823	54,095	61,453,619
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year	32,906,282	14,049,897	2,077,657	301,664	13,972,238	74,737	2,220,436	65,602,911	635,844	201,966,143
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 31,812,000	\$ 11,788,827	\$ 3,440,565	\$ 341,664	\$ 16,720,372	\$ 80,006	\$ 2,187,300 \$	66,370,734	\$ 689,939	\$ 263,419,762

MOA Trust Fund
Permanent Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Fi	nal Amended Budget	Actual	Variance With Budget
Revenues				
Investment income	\$	2,020,000 \$	44,967,803	\$ 42,947,803
Expenditures Current:				
General government		2,020,000	2,088,398	(68,398)
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-	42,879,405	42,879,405
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers to other funds		(16,300,000)	(16,300,000)	-
Transfers from other funds		-	2,562,967	2,562,967
Total other financing sources (uses)		(16,300,000)	(13,737,033)	2,562,967
Net change in fund balance		(16,300,000)	29,142,372	45,442,372
Fund balance, beginning of year		380,958,148	380,958,148	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	364,658,148 \$	410,100,520	\$ 45,442,372

Heritage Land Bank Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Final Amended		Variance With
	Budget	Actual	Budget
Revenues			
Charges for services	\$662,235	\$173,502	(\$488,733)
Investment income	205,000	592,501	387,501
Other	-	335	335
Lease income	303,456	303,456	-
Interest income on leases	123,792	132,792	9,000
Total revenues	1,294,483	1,202,586	(91,897)
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	832,672	502,874	329,798
Capital outlay	_	18,624	(18,624)
Total expenditures	832,672	521,498	311,174
Excess of revenues over expenditures	461,811	681,088	219,277
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers to other funds	(80,000)	-	80,000
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	924,000	2,025,540	1,101,540
Total other financing sources (uses)	844,000	2,025,540	1,181,540
Net change in fund balance	1,305,811	2,706,628	1,400,817
Fund balance, beginning of year	5,681,831	5,681,831	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 6,987,642 \$	8,388,459	\$ 1,400,817

Convention Center Operating Reserve Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Fir	nal Amended Budget	Actual	Variance With Budget
Revenues				
Hotel and motel taxes	\$	23,842,513 \$	25,302,092	\$ 1,459,579
P &I on Hotel and motel taxes		49,878	53,511	3,633
Other		-	1,099,807	1,099,807
Investment income		136,000	2,317,454	2,181,454
Total revenues		24,028,391	28,772,864	4,744,473
Expenditures				
Current:				
Economic and community development		18,398,013	11,656,913	6,741,100
Debt service:				
Interest and fiscal agent charges		1,000	1,000	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures		18,399,013	11,657,913	6,741,100
Excess of revenues over expenditures		5,629,378	17,114,951	11,485,573
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers to other funds		(3,210,800)	(9,566,168)	(6,355,368)
Transfers from other funds		919,480	904,436	(15,044)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,291,320)	(8,661,732)	(6,370,412)
Net change in fund balance		3,338,058	8,453,219	5,115,161
Fund balance, beginning of year		31,877,073	31,877,073	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	35,215,131 \$	40,330,292	\$ 5,115,161

E911 Surcharge Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Fina	al Amended		Variance With				
		Budget	Actual	Budget				
Revenues				_				
E911 surcharges	\$	7,967,411 \$	8,060,562	\$ 93,151				
Investment income		78,000	214,136	136,136				
Total revenues		8,045,411	8,274,698	229,287				
Expenditures								
Current:								
Fire services		1,371,807	1,252,867	118,940				
Police services		6,958,420	5,618,311	1,340,109				
Total expenditures		8,330,227	6,871,178	1,459,049				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(284,816)	1,403,520	1,688,336				
Net change in fund balance		(284,816)	1,403,520	1,688,336				
Fund balance, beginning of year		3,371,954	3,371,954					
Fund balance, end of year	\$	3,087,138 \$	4,775,474	\$ 1,688,336				

Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Fina	al Amended Budget	Actual	Variance With Budget	
Revenues					
Investment income	\$	6,125,828	\$	4,002,902	\$ (2,122,926)
Total revenues		6,125,828		4,002,902	(2,122,926)
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		113,344		48,018	65,326
Fire services		1,754,679		1,826,864	(72,185)
Police services		1,935,066		2,014,673	(79,607)
Total expenditures		3,803,089		3,889,555	(86,466)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		2,322,739		113,347	(2,209,392)
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers from other funds		1,086,934		1,086,934	
Net change in fund balance		3,409,673		1,200,281	(2,209,392)
Fund balance, beginning of year		33,035,399		33,035,399	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	36,445,072	\$	34,235,680	\$ (2,209,392)

Alcoholic Beverages Retail Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Fir	nal Amended Budget	Actual	Variance With Budget
Revenues			Aotuui	Buuget
Alcoholic beverages retail sales taxes	\$	16,000,150 \$	16,170,601	\$ 170,451
Alcoholic beverages retail sales taxes P&I	·	-	149,253	149,253
Investment income		-	714,668	714,668
Intergovernmental		-	7	7
Other		-	12,306	12,306
Total revenues		16,000,150	17,046,835	1,046,685
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government		1,225,802	518,600	707,202
Fire services		2,061,169	913,519	1,147,650
Police services		826,191	815,017	11,174
Health and human services		22,601,306	18,937,525	3,663,781
Economic and community development		1,511,599	1,132,056	379,543
Capital outlay		30,500	12,150	18,350
Total expenditures		28,256,567	22,328,867	5,927,700
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures		(12,256,417)	(5,282,032)	6,974,385
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers from other funds		1,300,000	1,300,000	-
Net change in fund balance		(10,956,417)	(3,982,032)	6,974,385
Fund balance, beginning of year		10,643,379	10,643,379	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	(313,038) \$	6,661,347	\$ 6,974,385

Nuisance Property Abatement Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended December 31, 2023

	 l Amended Budget	Actual	٧	ariance With Budget
Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 72,852	\$	72,852
Fines and forfeitures	-	124,074		124,074
Investment income	 -	18,762		18,762
Total revenues	-	215,688		215,688
Expenditures				
Current:				
Economic and community development	 48,207	81,083		(32,876)
Total expenditures	 48,207	81,083		(32,876)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(48,207)	134,605		182,812
Net change in fund balance	(48,207)	134,605		182,812
Fund balance, beginning of year	 257,009	257,009		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 208,802	\$ 391,614	\$	182,812

Other Restricted Resources Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Fina	al Amended Budget	Actual	Variance With Budget
Revenues				
Special assessments	\$	1,083,673 \$	921,000 \$	(162,673)
P&I on assessments		-	17,767	17,767
Investment loss		(30,000)	(39,837)	(9,837)
Total revenues		1,053,673	898,930	(154,743)
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government		1,053,673	1,045,173	8,500
Total expenditures		1,053,673	1,045,173	8,500
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures		-	(146,243)	(146,243)
Net change in fund deficit		-	(146,243)	(146,243)
Fund deficit, beginning of year		(194,890)	(194,890)	
Fund deficit, end of year	\$	(194,890) \$	(341,133) \$	(146,243)

Property Assessed Clean Energy Program
Special Revenue Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Amended udget	Actual	٧	ariance With Budget
Revenues				
Other revenue	\$ 289	\$ 9,361	\$	9,072
Investment income	-	582		582
Total revenues	289	9,943		9,654
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	10,226	1,552		8,674
Total expenditures	 10,226	1,552		8,674
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(9,937)	8,391		18,328
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers from other funds	 9,937	9,937		<u> </u>
Net change in fund deficit	-	18,328		18,328
Fund deficit, beginning of year	_	-		-
Fund deficit, end of year	\$ -	\$ 18,328	\$	18,328

Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. Surcharge Revenue Bond
Debt Service Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Year Ended December 31, 2023

		l Amended Budget	Actual	V	ariance With Budget
Revenues	<u> </u>				
Investment income	\$	21,000	\$ 35,767	\$	14,767
Other		286,000	401,112		115,112
Total revenues		307,000	436,879		129,879
Expenditures					
Debt service:					
Principal		170,000	170,000		-
Interest and fiscal agent charges		132,250	132,250		
Total expenditures		302,250	302,250		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		4,750	134,629		129,879
Net change in fund balance		4,750	134,629		129,879
Fund balance, beginning of year		607,958	607,958		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	612,708	\$ 742,587	\$	129,879

Police and Fire Retirement Certificate of Participation Bond
Debt Service Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Amended Budget	Actual	Va	riance With Budget
Revenues				_
Investment income	\$ 10	\$ 24,203	\$	24,193
Expenditures				
Principal	3,895,000	3,895,000		-
Interest and fiscal agent charges	1,537,378	1,537,378		-
Total expenditures	 5,432,378	5,432,378		<u>-</u>
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(5,432,368)	(5,408,175)		24,193
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers from other funds	 5,432,379	5,432,378		(1)
Net change in fund balance	11	24,203		24,192
Fund balance, beginning of year	 6,064	6,064		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 6,075	\$ 30,267	\$	24,192

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

The **ACPA Surcharge Revenue Bond Fund** accounts for the performing arts center surcharge revenue and debt service on the roof repair loan.

The **CIVICVentures Revenue Bond Fund** accounts for the accumulation of lodging revenue, transfers, investment earnings, and debt service on the Civic Center revenue bonds.

The **Police and Fire Certificate of Participation Bond Fund** accounts for the certificate of participation bond issued to fund the Police and Fire Pension Trust Fund.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

The **Areawide Fund** accounts for general government construction projects not accounted for in other funds.

The **Public Safety Fund** accounts for capital improvement projects in support of police, fire, and rescue operations.

The **Public Transportation Fund** accounts for capital improvement projects for transit facilities and equipment.

The **Miscellaneous Fund** accounts for capital improvement projects for out-of-service area roads and drainage, gas lines and pass-thru grants.

The **Parks and Recreation Fund** accounts for parks and recreation capital improvement projects in the taxing districts which receive parks and recreation services.

The **Historic Preservation Fund** accounts for the preservation of historic structures.

The **Heritage Land Bank Fund** accounts for capital improvement projects recommended by the Board of Heritage Land Bank and approved by the Assembly.

Permanent Fund

Permanent funds report resources legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

The **Cemetery Perpetual Maintenance Fund** accounts for contributions, revenues, and expenditures for perpetual maintenance of the Anchorage Memorial Park Cemetery.



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NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds account for activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services received.

The **Refuse Utility Fund** accounts for the Municipal-owned refuse collection services.

The Municipal Airport Fund accounts for the operations of Merrill Field, a Municipal-owned airport.

The **Anchorage Hydropower Fund** accounts for the remaining assets from the Electric Utility sale, including the installment sale revenues.

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Combining Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2023

	Refuse Utility	•		Anchorage Hydropower		Total
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash	\$ 1,051	\$	200	\$	-	\$ 1,251
Cash and investments in central treasury	8,014,083		-		5,451,137	13,465,220
Equity in bond and grant capital acquisition and						
construction pool	3,135,390		-		217,644	3,353,034
Accrued interest on investments	394,966		-		-	394,966
Intergovernmental receivables	-		7,273,556		-	7,273,556
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	1,150,106		325,345		29,053	1,504,504
Leases receivable, current portion	-		268,678		-	268,678
Interest receivable leases	-		43,759		-	43,759
Prepaid items and deposits	26,188		2,972		-	29,160
Total current assets	12,721,784		7,914,510		5,697,834	26,334,128
Noncurrent assets:						
Receivable - installment sale of Electric Utility	-		-		96,841,316	96,841,316
Leases receivable, net current portion	-		15,549,956		-	15,549,956
Net OPEB asset	1,815,846		359,611		-	2,175,457
Regulatory and other assets	-		-		1,487,663	1,487,663
Restricted assets:						
Debt service investments	2		-		-	2
Investments for operations	-		-		3,000,000	3,000,000
Capital assets, net	53,529,365		85,735,864		7,231,731	146,496,960
Total noncurrent assets	55,345,213		101,645,431		108,560,710	265,551,354
Total assets	 68,066,997		109,559,941		114,258,544	291,885,482
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Related to pension	309,007		61,196		-	370,203
Related to OPEB	123,970		24,551			 148,521
Total deferred outflows of resources	432,977		85,747			518,724
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 68,499,974	\$	109,645,688	\$	114,258,544	\$ 292,404,206

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Combining Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2023

		Refuse Utility	•			Anchorage Hydropower	Total
Liabilities							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and retainages	\$	112,144	\$	76,690	\$	44,980	\$ 233,814
Accrued interest payable		384,199		-		-	384,199
Accrued payroll liabilities		165,032		48,914		-	213,946
Capital acquisition and construction accounts and							
retainage payable		198,319		809,792		169,482	1,177,593
Compensated absences		198,658		74,633		-	273,291
Bonds payable, current portion		358,200		-		-	358,200
Unearned revenues		173,335		340,315		-	513,650
Due to other funds		-		1,356,724		-	1,356,724
Total current liabilities		1,589,887		2,707,068		214,462	4,511,417
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Notes payable, net current portion		8,890,506		-		-	8,890,506
Bonds payable, net current portion		38,404,068		-		-	38,404,068
Net pension liability		3,876,795		767,763		-	4,644,558
Total noncurrent liabilities		51,171,369		767,763		-	51,939,132
Total liabilities		52,761,256		3,474,831		214,462	56,450,549
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Related to OPEB		85,337		16,900		-	102,237
Related to leases		-		15,401,219		-	15,401,219
Related to installment sale of Electric Utility		-		-		96,841,316	96,841,316
Total deferred inflows of resources		85,337		15,418,119		96,841,316	112,344,772
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets		5,678,272		84,926,072		7,062,249	97,666,593
Restricted for operations		-		-		3,000,000	3,000,000
Unrestricted		9,975,109		5,826,666		7,140,517	22,942,292
Total net position		15,653,381		90,752,738		17,202,766	123,608,885
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and net position	\$	68,499,974	\$	109,645,688	\$	114,258,544	\$ 292,404,206

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Refuse M Utility		Municipal Airport	Anchorage Hydropower	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		
Operating Revenues							
Charges for sales and services	\$ 13,932,521	\$	774,346	\$ 2,016,174	\$	16,723,041	
Lease income	-		520,411	-		520,411	
Other	277,217		-	284,247		561,464	
Total operating revenues	 14,209,738		1,294,757	2,300,421		17,804,916	
Operating Expenses							
Operations	10,286,948		6,919,510	241,621		17,448,079	
Depreciation and amortization	2,045,441		3,693,634	302,276		6,041,351	
Total operating expenses	12,332,389		10,613,144	543,897		23,489,430	
Operating income (loss)	 1,877,349		(9,318,387)	1,756,524		(5,684,514)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)							
Investment Income (loss)	943,186		(2,826)	478,157		1,418,517	
Intergovernmental revenue	43,785		162,160	-		205,945	
Installment sale	-		-	2,565,103		2,565,103	
Other revenues	-		353	-		353	
Interest income on leases	-		555,334	-		555,334	
Interest expense	(2,504,151)		-	-		(2,504,151)	
Gain on sale of capital assets	 _		69,981	-		69,981	
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 (1,517,180)		785,002	3,043,260		2,311,082	
Income (loss) before capital contributions							
and transfers	360,169		(8,533,385)	4,799,784		(3,373,432)	
Capital contributions	-		7,880,049	-		7,880,049	
Transfers to other funds	 (498,426)		(63,291)	(2,862,967)		(3,424,684)	
Change in net position	 (138,257)		(716,627)	 1,936,817		1,081,933	
Net position, beginning of year	 15,791,638		91,469,365	15,265,949		122,526,952	
Net position, end of year	\$ 15,653,381	\$	90,752,738	\$ 17,202,766	\$	123,608,885	

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Combining Statement of Cash Flows
Year ended December 31, 2023

			Municipal		Anchorage		Total	
Cash Flows From (For) Operating Activities		Utility		Airport		ydropower		Total
Receipts from customers	\$	14,123,469	\$	1,286,339	\$	2,024,941	\$	17,434,749
Other cash receipts	φ	14,123,409	φ	1,200,339	φ	284,247	φ	284,247
·		- (4 40E 924)		(1 105 010)		204,247		
Payments to employees Payments to vendors		(4,425,831)		(1,185,840)		(200.770)		(5,611,671)
•		(4,700,142)		(5,356,752)		(209,770)		(10,266,664)
Payments for interfund services used		(1,198,433)		(251,297)		±2,000,440		(1,449,730)
Net cash from (for) operating activities		3,799,063		(5,507,550)		\$2,099,418		390,931
Cash Flows From (For) Non-capital Financing Activities								
Transfers to other funds		(498,426)		(63,291)		(2,862,967)		(3,424,684)
Due to other funds		-		1,356,724		(135,767)		1,220,957
Proceeds from installment sale		-		-		2,565,103		2,565,103
Net cash from (for) non-capital financing activities		(498,426)		1,293,433		(433,631)		361,376
Cash Flows From (For) Capital and Related Financing Activ	ities							
Interest payments on long-term obligations		(2,137,364)		-		-		(2,137,364)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(6,966,476)		(1,283,851)		(312,738)		(8,563,065)
Proceeds from issuance of debt		5,927,252		-		-		5,927,252
Interest proceeds from leases		-		560,613		-		560,613
Proceeds from the sale or disposition of capital assets		-		134,998		-		134,998
Capital grant proceeds		7,024		-		-		7,024
Capital contributions		-		4,410,353		-		4,410,353
Net cash from (for) capital and related financing activities		(3,169,564)		3,822,113		(312,738)		339,811
Cash Flows From (For) Investing Activities								
Investment Income (loss)		925,526		(2,826)		478,157		1,400,857
Net increase (decrease) in cash		1,056,599		(394,830)		1,831,206		2,492,975
Cash, beginning of year		10,093,927		395,030		6,837,575		17,326,532
Cash, end of year	\$	11,150,526	\$	200	\$	8,668,781	\$	19,819,507
Cook	ф	1.051	Φ.	200	ው		φ	1 051
Cash and investments in central traceury	\$	1,051	\$	200	\$	- - 451 127	\$	1,251
Cash and investments in central treasury		8,014,083		-		5,451,137		13,465,220
Capital acquisition and construction accounts		3,135,390		=		217,644		3,353,034
Restricted for debt service		2		=		2 000 000		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Restricted investments for operations	Φ.	11 150 500	φ	-	· ·	3,000,000	Φ	3,000,000
Cash, December 31	Ф	11,150,526	\$	200	\$	8,668,781	\$	19,819,507

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Combining Statement of Cash Flows
Year ended December 31, 2023

		Refuse Utility	Municipal Airport				Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash From	n (Fo	or)					
Operating Activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,877,349	\$	(9,318,387)	\$	1,756,524	\$ (5,684,514)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net							
cash from (for) operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization		2,045,441		3,693,634		302,276	6,041,351
Other revenues		-		353		-	353
Pension and OPEB relief - noncash expense		43,785		8,671		-	52,456
Changes in assets, deferred outflows and inflows of							
resources, and liabilities that increase (decrease) cash:							
Accounts receivable, net		(103,174)		(74,508)		8,767	(168,915)
Leases receivable, net		-		(1,934,283)		-	(1,934,283)
Net OPEB asset		(440,679)		(183,340)		-	(624,019)
Prepaid items and deposits		(20,922)		(496)		-	(21,418)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension		(39,547)		(26,656)		-	(66,203)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		5,773		(7,920)		-	(2,147)
Accounts payable, other accrued liabilities, and retainages		(20,962)		(8,203)		31,851	2,686
Accrued payroll liabilities		3,982		9,115		-	13,097
Compensated absences payable		(4,036)		1,885		-	(2,151)
Unearned revenue and deposits		16,905		326,145		-	343,050
Net pension liability		468,026		330,818		-	798,844
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases		-		1,673,875		-	1,673,875
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(32,878)		1,747		-	(31,131)
Total cash from (for) operating activities	\$	3,799,063	\$	(5,507,550)	\$	2,099,418	\$ 390,931
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:							
Capital purchases on account		198,319		809,792		169,482	1,177,593
Contributed capital for equipment		-		7,880,049		-	7,880,049
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$	198,319	\$	8,689,841	\$	169,482	\$ 9,057,642



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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Risk Management Funds account for money received from other Municipal funds to pay the costs of self-insurance claims in the following categories:

- General liability, automobile liability, workers' compensation
- Medical/Dental
- Unemployment compensation

The **Equipment Maintenance Fund** accounts for the management and maintenance of general government equipment and vehicles.

The **Information Technology Fund** accounts for management information services.

Internal Service Funds
Combining Statement of Net Position (Deficit)
December 31, 2023

			Risk	Management		
Assets		eral Liability / Workers' mpensation	Me	dical / Dental		nemployment ompensation
Current assets: Cash and investments in central treasury	\$	11,366,626	\$	40,798,568	\$	4,194,296
Equity in bond and grant capital acquisition and construction pool Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		14,566		1,208,958		-
Inventories Prepaid items and deposits		1,135,136		-		-
Total current assets		12,516,328		42,007,526		4,194,296
Noncurrent assets:						
Advances to other funds		5,792,251		46,060		-
Net OPEB asset		159,571		-		-
Capital assets, net		7,118 5,958,940		46.060		
Total noncurrent assets Total assets		18,475,268		46,060 42,053,586		4,194,296
Total assets		10,473,200		42,000,000		4,194,290
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Related to pension		27,155		-		-
Related to OPEB		10,894		-		
Total deferred outflows of resources		38,049	r	42 0E2 E96	· ·	4,194,296
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		18,513,317	\$	42,053,586	\$	4,194,296
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable and retainages Accrued payroll liabilities	\$	2,224 18,509	\$	1,405,129 6,327	\$	- -
Capital acquisition and construction accounts and retainage payable Compensated absences Claims payable and incurred but not reported		35,848 22,984,824		12,396 5,365,000		- - 47,597
Due to other funds Accrued interest payable SBITAs payable maturing within on year		- - -		- - -		- - -
Long-term obligations maturing within one year Total current liabilities		23,041,405		6,788,852		47,597
Noncurrent liabilities:		20,041,400		0,700,002		47,007
Advances from other funds Compensated absences		- 212		23,960		-
SBITAs payable Direct financing agreements		-		-		-
Claims payable and incurred but not reported		10,127,695		-		-
Net pension liability		340,681		_		_
Total noncurrent liabilities		10,468,588		23,960		-
Total liabilities		33,509,993		6,812,812		47,597
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB		7,499		_		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		7,499		_		_
Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets		·				
Unrestricted net position (deficit)		7,118 (15,011,293)		35,240,774		4,146,699
Total net position (deficit)		(15,004,175)		35,240,774		4,146,699
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position (deficit)	\$	18,513,317	\$	42,053,586	\$	4,194,296

Internal Service Funds
Combining Statement of Net Position (Deficit)
December 31, 2023

Assets		quipment aintenance		Information Technology	Total Internal Service Funds	
Current assets:						
Cash and investments in central treasury	\$	1,739,254	\$	1,346,533	\$	59,445,277
Equity in bond and grant capital acquisition and construction pool	Ψ	7,760,758	Ψ		Ψ	7,760,758
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		7,700,700				1,223,524
Inventories		533,340		-		533,340
				604.960		
Prepaid items and deposits		90,300		694,869		1,920,305
Total current assets		10,123,652		2,041,402		70,883,204
Noncurrent assets:						
Advances to other funds		-				5,838,311
Net OPEB asset		1,419,111		4,932,655		6,511,337
Capital assets, net		19,523,925		36,029,098		55,560,141
Total noncurrent assets		20,943,036		40,961,753		67,909,789
Total assets		31,066,688		43,003,155		138,792,993
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Related to pension		241,494		839,403		1,108,052
Related to OPEB		96,884		336,758		444,536
Total deferred outflows of resources		338,378		1,176,161		1,552,588
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	31,405,066	\$	44,179,316	\$	140,345,581
Liabilities						_
Current liabilities:						
	æ	446,865	\$	715,117	\$	2 560 225
Accounts payable and retainages	\$		Φ	,	Φ	2,569,335
Accrued payroll liabilities		152,245		387,446		564,527
Capital acquisition and construction accounts and retainage payable		45,647		98,768		144,415
Compensated absences		164,877		618,113		831,234
Claims payable and incurred but not reported		-		=		28,397,421
Due to other funds		85,000		-		85,000
Accrued interest payable		-		55,432		55,432
SBITAs payable maturing within on year		-		1,082,593		1,082,593
Long-term obligations maturing within one year		-		5,137,634		5,137,634
Total current liabilities		894,634		8,095,103		38,867,591
Noncurrent liabilities:		551,551		2,000,000		
Advances from other funds		765,000		30,244,058		31,009,058
Compensated absences				159,249		183,421
SBITAs payable		_		2,333,303		2,333,303
Direct financing agreements		-				2,751,912
		-		2,751,912		
Claims payable and incurred but not reported		2 020 774		40 524 440		10,127,695
Net pension liability		3,029,774		10,531,119		13,901,574
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,794,774		46,019,641		60,306,963
Total liabilities		4,689,408		54,114,744		99,174,554
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Related to OPEB		66,692		231,814		306,005
Total deferred inflows of resources		66,692		231,814		306,005
Net Position (Deficit)						
Net investment in capital assets		19,478,278		24,624,888		44,110,284
Unrestricted net position (deficit)						
		7,170,688		(34,792,130)		(3,245,262)
Total net position (deficit)		26,648,966		(10,167,242)		40,865,022
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position (deficit)	\$	31,405,066	\$	44,179,316	\$	140,345,581

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Deficit)
Year Ended December 31, 2023

			Risk Management		_
		eral Liability / Workers' mpensation	Medical / Dental	Unemployment Compensation	
Operating Revenues					
Charges for sales and services Other	\$	12,249,015 8,955	\$ 52,526,026 102,515	\$	516,114 -
Total operating revenues		12,257,970	52,628,541		516,114
Operating Expenses					
Operations		14,391,143	50,629,791		167,472
Depreciation and amortization		508			407.470
Total operating expenses		14,391,651	50,629,791		167,472
Operating income (loss)	-	(2,133,681)	1,998,750		348,642
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Intergovernmental revenue		3,848	-		<u>-</u>
Investment Income (loss)		913,143	2,665,328		247,443
Other revenues		-	-		-
Other expenses		-	-		-
Interest expense Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		-	-		-
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)		916,991	2,665,328		247,443
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers		(1,216,690)	4,664,078		596,085
Capital contributions		-	-		-
Transfers of capital assets to governmental activities		-	-		-
Transfers from other funds		-	-		-
Transfers to other funds		- (4.040.000)	-		-
Change in net position		(1,216,690)	4,664,078		596,085
Net position (deficit), beginning of year		(13,787,485)	30,576,696		3,550,614
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$	(15,004,175)	\$ 35,240,774	\$	4,146,699

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Deficit)
Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Equipment Maintenance		Information Technology		Total Internal Service Funds	
Operating Revenues	•	40.050.004	•	07 000 577	•	400 004 000
Charges for sales and services Other	\$	10,652,361 -	\$	27,360,577 -	\$	103,304,093 111,470
Total operating revenues		10,652,361		27,360,577		103,415,563
Operating Expenses						
Operations		8,682,546		17,743,043		91,613,995
Depreciation and amortization		3,777,282		10,689,712		14,467,502
Total operating expenses		12,459,828		28,432,755		106,081,497
Operating income (loss)		(1,807,467)		(1,072,178)		(2,665,934)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Intergovernmental revenue		34,218		118,939		157,005
Investment Income (loss)		543,216		(1,708,079)		2,661,051
Other revenues		369,473		27,038		396,511
Other expenses		-		(10,000)		(10,000)
Interest expense		(60,563)		(523,832)		(584,395)
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		39,675		(74,624)		(34,949)
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)		926,019		(2,170,558)		2,585,223
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers		(881,448)		(3,242,736)		(80,711)
Capital contributions		2,762,889		_		2,762,889
Transfers of capital assets to governmental activities		-		(1,371,104)		(1,371,104)
Transfers from other funds		1,000,000		952,290		1,952,290
Transfers to other funds		-		(12,416)		(12,416)
Change in net position		2,881,441		(3,673,966)		3,250,948
Net position (deficit), beginning of year		23,767,525		(6,493,276)		37,614,074
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$	26,648,966	\$	(10,167,242)	\$	40,865,022

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Risk Management						
Cash Flows From (For) Operating Activities		eral Liability / Workers' mpensation	Medical / Dental	Unemployment Compensation			
Receipts for interfund services provided	\$	12,260,197		\$ 516,114			
Payments to employees Payments to vendors Payments for interfund services used		(492,281) (12,013,415) (1,057,066)	(332,601) (50,896,897) (665)	(144,727)			
Net cash from (for) operating activities		(1,302,565)	1,253,674	371,387			
Cash Flows From (For) Non-capital Financing Activities Transfers to other funds		-	-	-			
Intergovernmental		3,848	-	-			
Advance to other funds		344,400	21,851	<u> </u>			
Net cash from (for) non-capital financing activities		348,248	21,851				
Cash Flows For Capital and Related Financing Activities Principal payments on long-term obligations		_	_	_			
Principal payments on SBITAs obligations		_	_	_			
Interest payments on long-term obligations		_	_	_			
Interest payments on SBITAs obligations		-	_	_			
Proceeds from issuance of direct financing agreements Transfers from other funds		-	-	-			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(7,626)	-	-			
Loss from sale or disposition of capital assets		` -	-	-			
Capital contributions Net cash for capital and related financing activities	-	(7,626)	<u> </u>	-			
The court of capital and foldion infancing delivines		(1,020)					
Cash Flows For Investing Activities Investment Income (loss)		913,143	2,665,328	247,443			
Net increase (decrease) in cash		(48,800)	3,940,853	618,830			
Cash, beginning of year		11,415,426	36,857,715	3,575,466			
Cash, end of year		11,366,626	40,798,568	4,194,296			
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position Cash and investments in central treasury Equity in bond and capital acquisition and construction accounts		11,366,626	40,798,568	4,194,296			
Total cash, end of year	\$	11,366,626	\$ 40,798,568	\$ 4,194,296			
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash From (For) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,133,681)	\$ 1,998,750	\$ 348,642			
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from (for) operating activities:	Ψ	(2,100,001)	1,000,700	Ψ 0+0,0+2			
Depreciation and amortization		508	-	-			
Other (revenues) / expenses Changes in assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and liabilities that increase (decrease) cash:		-	-	-			
Accounts receivable, net		2,227	(144,704)	-			
Prepaid items and deposits Inventories		(217,210)	-	-			
Net OPEB asset		(3,909)	_	_			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension		3,347	-	_			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		3,792	-	-			
Accounts payable and retainages		(192,644)	1,037,178	_			
Accrued payroll liabilities		8,035	2,147	-			
Compensated absences payable		(1)	3,679	-			
Claims payable		1,278,028	(1,643,376)	22,745			
Net pension liability		(45,175)	-	-			
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(5,882)					
Total cash from (for) operating activities		(1,302,565)	1,253,674	371,387			
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Capital purchases on account		-	-	-			
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -			
	_						

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Equipment laintenance	Information Technology	Total Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows From (For) Operating Activities Receipts for interfund services provided Payments to employees Payments to vendors	\$	11,021,834 \$ (528,866) (6,470,196)	27,387,854 (10,937,515) (6,713,308)	
Payments for interfund services used Net cash from (for) operating activities		(2,063,317) 1,959,455	(841,628) 8,895,403	(76,238,543) (3,962,676) 11,177,354
Cash Flows From (For) Non-capital Financing Activities		, ,	, ,	· · · · · ·
Transfers to other funds Intergovernmental		- 34,218	(12,416) 118,939	(12,416) 157,005
Advance to other funds		(85,000)	3,026,275	3,307,526
Net cash from (for) non-capital financing activities		(50,782)	3,132,798	3,452,115
Cash Flows For Capital and Related Financing Activities			(7 200 590)	(7 200 590)
Principal payments on long-term obligations Principal payments on SBITAs obligations		-	(7,399,580) (1,400,904)	(7,399,580) (1,400,904)
Interest payments on long-term obligations		(60,563)	(352,673)	(413,236)
Interest payments on SBITAs obligations Proceeds from issuance of direct financing agreements		-	(226,304) 368,520	(226,304) 368,520
Transfers from other funds		1,000,000	952,290	1,952,290
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(5,741,352)	(848,957)	(6,597,935)
Loss from sale or disposition of capital assets Capital contributions		2,762,889	(74,624)	(74,624) 2,762,889
Net cash for capital and related financing activities		(2,039,026)	(8,982,232)	(11,028,884)
Cash Flows For Investing Activities	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Investment Income (loss)		543,216	(1,708,079)	2,661,051
Net increase (decrease) in cash		412,863	1,337,890	6,261,636
Cash, beginning of year Cash, end of year		9,087,149	8,643	60,944,399
Cash, end of year		9,500,012	1,346,533	67,206,035
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position				
Cash and investments in central treasury		1,739,254	1,346,533	59,445,277
Equity in bond and capital acquisition and construction accounts Total cash, end of year	\$	7,760,758 9,500,012 \$	1,346,533	7,760,758 \$ 67,206,035
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash From (For)		0,000,0.2	.,	3.12001000
Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,807,467) \$	(1,072,178)	\$ (2,665,934)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from (for) operating activities:		,	, ,	,
Depreciation and amortization		3,777,282	10,689,712	14,467,502
Other (revenues) / expenses Changes in assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and liabilities that increase (decrease) cash:		369,473	27,038	396,511
Accounts receivable, net		-	27,277	(115,200)
Prepaid items and deposits Inventories		- (113,532)	1,129,594	912,384 (113,532)
Net OPEB asset		23,191	(627,243)	(607,961)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension		41,121	4,231	48,699
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Accounts payable and retainages		39,193	69,446 (1,039,784)	112,431 67,315
Accounts payable and retainages Accrued payroll liabilities		262,565 (7,781)	20,871	23,272
Compensated absences payable		(21,886)	(54,110)	(72,318)
Claims payable Net pension liability		- (545,409)	- (141,153)	(342,603) (731,737)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(57,295)	(138,298)	(201,475)
Total cash from (for) operating activities		1,959,455	8,895,403	11,177,354
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:		45.047	00.700	444.445
Capital purchases on account Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$	45,647 45,647 \$	98,768 98,768	\$ 144,415 \$ 144,415
	Ψ	±0,0±1 ⊅	30,100	Ψ 144,413

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs.

The **Police and Fire Retirement Trust Funds** account for the contributions, revenues, expenses, and distributions of the three Municipal Police and Fire Retirement Plans.

The **Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust Funds** account for contributions and distributions on behalf of Police and Fire retirees who are eligible for the plan covered by the Trust.

Fiduciary Funds
Combining Statements of Fiduciary Net Position
December 31, 2023

					Police and Fire Retiree Medical	
	Pol	ice and Fire Reti	rement Trust Fur	nds	Trust Fund	_
	Police/Fire Retirement System Plan I	Police/Fire Retirement System Plan II	Police/Fire Retirement System Plan III	Total	Police/Fire Medical Group	Total Fiduciary Funds
Assets	•		•			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,827	\$ 10,558	\$ 47,406	\$ 70,791	\$ 12,766	\$ 83,557
Accrued interest	134,632	110,781	497,587	743,000	61,548	804,548
Investments:						
Money market funds	1,740,653	1,432,293	6,433,309	9,606,255	1,572,891	11,179,146
Certificate of deposit	-	-	-	-	7,711,874	7,711,874
U.S. treasuries	-	-	-	-	5,005,453	5,005,453
U.S. agencies	-	-	-	-	4,746,258	4,746,258
Corporate fixed income securities	10,530,615	8,665,092	38,920,269	58,115,976	-	58,115,976
Domestic fixed income funds	-	-	-	-	952,622	952,622
International fixed income funds	1,170,330	963,003	4,325,441	6,458,774	285,424	6,744,198
Domestic equity securities	23,750,358	19,562,243	87,777,151	131,089,752	1,739,407	132,829,159
International equity securities	15,457,049	12,718,797	57,127,955	85,303,801	1,177,729	86,481,530
Real estate funds	8,740,961	7,192,479	32,305,857	48,239,297	-	48,239,297
Total investments	61,389,966	50,533,907	226,889,982	338,813,855	23,191,658	362,005,513
Capital assets, net	166	137	615	918	_	918
Total assets	61,537,591	50,655,383	227,435,590	339,628,564	23,265,972	362,894,536
Liabilities Accounts payable and						
accrued expenses	14,215	11,981	56,544	82,740	12,731	95,471
Due to other funds	-	-	-		316,015	316,015
Total liabilities	14,215	11,981	56,544	82,740	328,746	411,486
Net Position Restricted for: Pensions	61,523,376	50,643,402	227,379,046	339,545,824	-	339,545,824
Postemployment benefits other than pensions	-	-	-	_	22,937,226	22,937,226
Total net position	\$ 61,523,376	\$ 50,643,402	\$ 227,379,046	\$ 339,545,824	\$ 22,937,226	\$ 362,483,050

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA
Fiduciary Funds
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Year ended December 31, 2023

- -	Police and Fire Retirement Trust Funds Police/Fire Police/Fire Retirement Retirement System Plan I System Plan III Total				Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund Police/Fire Medical Group	Total Fiduciary Funds
Additions						
Contributions from the Municipality	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,841,538	\$ 3,841,538
Contributions from plan members Investment income:	-	-	9,750	9,750	-	9,750
Interest	395,757	324,575	1,445,511	2,165,843	2,508	2,168,351
Dividends	705,337	578,425	2,575,596	3,859,358	470,037	4,329,395
Net increase in fair value of investment	6,822,833	5,595,575	24,923,074	37,341,482	971,320	38,312,802
Less: investment expense	(308,265)	(252,812)	(1,126,456)	(1,687,533)	(22,500)	(1,710,033)
Net investment income	7,615,662	6,245,763	27,817,725	41,679,150	1,421,365	43,100,515
Total additions	7,615,662	6,245,763	27,827,475	41,688,900	5,262,903	46,951,803
Deductions						
Regular benefit payments	7,370,191	5,614,084	20,737,406	33,721,681	3,770,606	37,492,287
Administrative expenses	138,585	113,316	507,817	759,718	89,067	848,785
Total deductions	7,508,776	5,727,400	21,245,223	34,481,399	3,859,673	38,341,072
Change in fiduciary net position	106,886	518,363	6,582,252	7,207,501	1,403,230	8,610,731
Net position, beginning of year	61,416,490	50,125,039	220,796,794	332,338,323	21,533,996	353,872,319
Net position, end of year	\$ 61,523,376	\$ 50,643,402	\$ 227,379,046	\$ 339,545,824	\$ 22,937,226	\$362,483,050



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