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15 16

## **CHAPTER 21.06: DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS AND MEASUREMENTS**

2	21.06.	010	PURPOSE
3	A.	<u>Purpo</u>	<mark>se</mark>
4		Specif	ic purposes of this chapter include:
5		1.	Preserving light and air, and avoiding congestion in residential zoning districts;
6		2.	Promoting fire protection through appropriate separation of structures;
7 8		3.	Ensuring setbacks which promote a reasonable relationship between residences and a consistent residential streetscape;
9 10		4.	Promoting streetscapes that are consistent with the intended character of different commercial and mixed-use zones;
11 12		5.	Promoting buildings close to the sidewalk in mixed-use districts, to reinforce a pedestrian oriented streetscape;
13 14		6.	Controlling the overall building bulk and lot coverage to help define the character of different zones;
15 16		<b>7</b> .	Promoting a reasonable building scale that is consistent with the function of local commercial areas and the character of surrounding neighborhoods; and
17 18		8.	Promoting the efficient use of service capacity in areas with the highest levels of public services and intended development.
19	B.	Applic	<mark>cability</mark>
20		This cl	napter applies to all development within the municipality.
21 22	21.06.	020	DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS TABLES
23 24 25 26 27	locatio dimens each t	on, and h sional st able. Tl	contains tables that list the requirements for lot dimensions and building bulk, density, neight for all types of development. All primary and accessory structures are subject to the andards set forth in the following tables. Bracketed numbers refer to notes at the bottom of hese general standards may be further limited or modified by other applicable sections of particular, some uses have use-specific standards in chapter 21.05 that impose stricter

requirements than set forth in these tables. General rules for measurement and exceptions are set forth

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in section 21.06.020.

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							NTIAL DISTRICTS		05.)
	Minimum lot dim				etback Requireme		Max number of	Max floor	
Use	Area (sq ft)	Width (ft)	Max lot coverage (%)	Front	Side	Rear	principal structures per lot or tract	area ratio (FAR)	Maximum height of structures (ft)
RS-1: Single-Fami	ly Residential Distri	ct							
Residential uses	6,000	50	30	20	5	10	1	<del>N/A</del>	Principal: 30 Accessory
All other uses	10,000	70	30	20	10	10	1	N/A	garages/carports: 20 Other accessory: 12
R-1A: Single-Fami	ly Residential Distri	ct							Other accessory. 12
Residential uses	<u>8,400</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>1</u>		Principal: 30
All other uses	10,000	<u>70</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>	1		Accessory garages/carports: 20 Other accessory: 12
R-2A: Two-Family	Residential District								Other accessory. 12
Dwelling, single- family detached	<u>7,200</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>1</u>		
Dwelling, two- family	<u>8,400</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>10</u>	1		Principal: 30 Accessory
Dwelling, single- family attached	<u>3,500</u>	35 (40 on corner lots)	<u>40</u>	<u>20</u>	N/A on common lot line; otherwise 5	<u>10</u>	1		garages/carports: 25  Other accessory: 12
All other uses	<u>10,000</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>1</u>		
R-2DT: Two-Family	y Residential Distric	t							
Dwelling, single- family detached	6,000	50	<del>30</del> <u>40</u>	20	5	10	1	N/A	Principal: 30
Dwelling, two- family	6,000	50	40	20	5	10	1	N/A	Accessory
Dwelling, single- family attached	3,500	35 (40 on corner lots)	40	20	N/A on common lot line; otherwise 5	10	1	N/A	garages/carports: 25 Other accessory: 12
All other uses	10,000	70	40	20	10	10	1	N/A	

							NTIAL DISTRICT		05.)
	Minimum lot dim				etback Requireme		Max number of	Max floor	
Use	Area (sq ft)	Width (ft)	Max lot coverage (%)	Front	Side	Rear	principal structures per lot or tract	area ratio (FAR)	Maximum height of structures (ft)
R-2FM-1: Lower D	ensity Mixed Resid	ential Distric	t						
Dwelling, single- family detached	6,000 min. 12,000 max.	50	<u>40</u> 30	<u>20</u> <del>15</del>	5	10	1 . N/A, except that no portion of any structure may be closer than 10 feet to any portion of any other structure	<del>N/A</del>	Principal: 30  Accessory garages/carports: 25  Other accessory: 12 30
Dwelling, two- family	6,000	50	<u>40</u> 30	<mark>20</mark>	5	10	<u>1</u>	N/A	<del>30</del>
Dwelling, single- family attached	3,000	35 (40 on corner lots)	<u>40</u> 30	<u>20</u> <del>15</del>	N/A on common lot line:	10	1	<del>N/A</del>	<del>30</del>
Dwelling, townhouse	3,000	24 (30 on corner lots)	<mark>60</mark>	<u>20</u> <del>15</del>	otherwise 5	10	1	N/A	<del>30</del>
Dwelling, multiple-family (up to 4 units permitted)	8,500 for 3 units; 11,000 for 4 units	50	<u>40</u>	<u>20</u> 1 <del>5</del>	10	10	1	<del>N/A</del>	<del>35</del>
All other uses	10,000	70	40 <sub>30</sub>	<mark>20</mark>	10	10	<u>1</u>	N/A	<del>35</del>
R-2M-2: Higher De	nsity Mixed Resider	ntial District			1	ı	1	†	Delevie et au
Dwelling, single- family detached	6,000 min <del>imum</del> 12,000 max <del>imum</del>	50	<u>40</u> 30	<mark>20</mark>	5	10	<u>1</u>	N/A	Principal: 30  Accessory
Dwelling, two- family			<mark>20</mark> <del>15</del>	5	10	<u>1</u>	<del>N/A</del>	garages/carports: 25 Other accessory: 12	
Dwelling, single- family attached	3,000	35 (40 on corner lots)	<u>40</u>	<u>20</u> <del>15</del>	N/A on common lot	10	1	N/A	<del>35</del>

							ENTIAL DISTRICTS		05.)
	Minimum lot dim			_	etback Requireme		Max number of	Max floor	
Use	Area (sq ft)	Width (ft)	Max lot coverage (%)	Front	Side	princ		area ratio (FAR)	Maximum height of structures (ft)
Dwelling, townhouse	3,000	24 (30 on corner lots)	<u>60</u>	<u>20</u> <del>15</del>	line; otherwise 5	10	1	<del>N/A</del>	
Dwelling, multiple-family (up to 8 units permitted)	8,500 for 3 units; 11,000 for 4 units; 13,500 for 5 units; 16,000 for 6 units; 18,000 for 7 units; 20,000 for 8 units	50	<u>40</u>	<mark>20</mark> 1 <del>5</del>	10	10	More than one principal structure may be allowed on any lot or tract by administrative site plan review: -N/A. except	<del>N/A</del>	
All other uses	10,000	70	<u>40</u>	<u>20</u> <del>15</del>	10	10	that no portion of any structure may be closer than 10 feet to any portion of any other structure	N/A	
RM-3: Multi-Family	y Residential Distric	t					-		
Dwelling, townhouse	3,000	20 <u>(30 on</u> corner lots)	<u>60</u> 50	10	N/A on common lot line; otherwise 5	10	<u>1</u>	<del>N/A</del>	35 <del>for townhouses;</del>
Dwelling, multi- family	6,000 +1,000 for every unit over 4 units	50	40 50	<mark>20</mark> <del>10</del>	10 <del>5</del>	<u>20</u> <del>10</del>	More than one principal structure may be	2.0 (for 11 units or more)	45 for all other uses  No portion of a structure
All other uses	10,000	70	<u>40</u> 5 <del>0</del>	<mark>20</mark> <del>10</del>	<u>10</u> 5	<mark>20</mark> <del>10</del>	allowed on any lot or tract; no portion of any structure may be closer than 10 feet to any portion of any other structure.	<del>N/A</del>	within 50 feet of any other residential zoning district shall exceed the height limitations of that district
RM-4: High Intens	sity Multi-Family Res	sidential Dis	trict						
Dwelling, townhouse	3,000	20 <u>(30 on</u> <u>corner</u> <u>lots)</u>	<u>60</u>	10 <del>, except that</del> the fourth story and higher stories, must be	N/A on common lot line; otherwise 5	10	More than one principal structure may be allowed on any	<del>N/A</del>	35

				LE OF DIMENSIO					.05.)
	Minimum lot dim			i i	etback Requireme		Max number of	Max floor	
Use	Area (sq ft)	Width (ft)	Max lot coverage (%)	Front	Side	Rear	principal structures per lot or tract	area ratio (FAR)	Maximum height of structures (ft)
Dwelling, multi- family	6,000	50	50	set back at least 20 feet	5 plus one foot for each	10	lot or tract; no portion of any structure may be	5	<u>45</u> <del>85</del>
All other uses	6,000	50	50		five feet in height exceeding 35 feet	10	closer than 10 feet to any portion of any other structure. N/A	N/A	<u>45</u> 65
R-4A: High Intens	ity Multi-Family Res	idential Dist	rict	<u> </u>		1	l	1	
Dwelling, townhouse	<u>3,000</u>	20 (30 on corner lots)	<u>60</u>	Min: 10 ft. Max: 20 ft. A minimum of 50% of the front building	N/A on common lot line; otherwise 5	15' if adjacent to a residential district	More than one principal structure may be allowed on any lot or tract; no		<u>35</u>
Dwelling, multi- family	<u>6,000</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>65</u>	elevation shall be within the maximum front setback (see	10' if adjacent to a residential district (except for R-4 or R-	(except R-4 or R-4A); otherwise	portion of any structure may be closer than 10 feet to any		<u>45</u>
All other uses	<u>6,000</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>50</u>	21.06.030A.5.)	4A); otherwise 5'	10	portion of any other structure.		<u>45</u>
	ity Residential with	Mobile Hom	es District	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	1	<del> </del>	1	
Dwelling, single- family, or one mobile! manufactured home	7,000 43,560	<b>4</b> 50	30	<u>20</u> 2 <del>5</del>	<u>5</u> 10	10	1	<del>N/A</del>	Principal: 30 35 Accessory
Dwelling, two- family	13,000 87,120	<u>100</u> 150	30	<u>20</u>	<u>5</u> 10	10	1	N/A	garages/carports: 25 30 Other accessory: 12 25
All other uses	43,560	150	30	<u>20</u>	<u>5</u>	10	1	N/A	
	ity Residential (1 ac	re) District							
Dwelling, single- family	43,560	150	30	25	15	25	1	<del>N/A</del>	Principal: 35
Dwelling, two- family	87,120	200	30	25	15	25	1	N/A	Accessory garages/carports: 30
All other uses	43,560	150	30	25	15	25	1	N/A	Other accessory: 25
R-7 S-2: Residenti	al (One-half Acre) D	District	-						

							NTIAL DISTRICT		05.)
	Minimum lot dim	nensions	ot ge	Minimum S	etback Requireme	nts (ft)	Max number of	Max floor	
Use	Area (sq ft)	Width (ft)	Max lot coverage (%)	Front	Side	Rear	principal structures per lot or tract	area ratio (FAR)	Maximum height of structures (ft)
Dwelling, single- family	20,000	120	30	25	10	20	1	N/A	Principal: 35 Accessory
Dwelling, two- family	40,000	120	30	25	10	20	1	<del>N/A</del>	garages/carports: 30 Other accessory: 25
All other uses	20,000	120	30	25	10	20	1	<del>N/A</del>	<del>35</del>
R-8: Low-Density I	Residential (5 acres	) District							
<u>Dwelling, single-</u> <u>family</u>	<u>174,240</u>	<u>300</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>1</u>		Principal: 35
Dwelling, two- family	<u>261,360</u>	<u>300</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>1</u>		Accessory garages/carports: 30
All other uses	174,240	<u>300</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>1</u>		Other accessory: 25
R-9 L-3: Low-Dens	ity Residential (2 ad	res) District							
Dwelling, single- family	87,120	180	5	25	15	25	1	N/A	Principal: 35
Dwelling, two- family	130,680	180	5	25	15	25	1	N/A	Accessory garages/carports: 30
All other uses	87,120	180	5	25	15	25	1	N/A	Other accessory: 25
R-10 L-4: Low-Den	ow-Density Residential Alpine/Slope D		strict						
All uses	All uses (See section 21.04.020K.2.a.)			10	25 feet; 50 feet if average slope exceeds 30 percent	10	1	<del>N/A</del>	Principal: 30  Accessory garages/carports: 25  Other accessory: 18

#### B. Table of Dimensional Standards: Commercial and Industrial Districts

					NDARDS - COMMERCIAL ndards in chapter 21.04 and t		
	Minimu	m lot dimensio	ons		Minimum setback requiren	nent (ft)	
Use	Area (sq ft)	Width (ft)	Max lot coverage (%)	Front	Side	Rear	Maximum height (ft)
B-1A NC: Lo	<mark>cal and</mark> Neighborho	ood <u>Business</u>	Commercial	10			
All uses	6,000	50	<u>50</u> 100	10; except that third story must be set back at least 20 feet from the property line	10 5-if adjacent to abutting a residential district use; otherwise 0 or at least 5	15 if abutting a residential district; 5 if across an alley from a residential district; otherwise 10	<u>30</u> 3 <del>5</del>
B-3 AC: Gene	eral Business Autor	mobile Comme	ercial District				
All uses	6,000	50	Unrestricted 400	<u>10</u> 5	10 if adjacent to a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 10 All buildings shall have a wall within 0.3 feet of a lot line or be set back from the lot line at loast 10 feet	15 if adjacent to a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5	45
DT-1, DT-2, a	<mark>nd DT-3</mark> CBD-1, CB nas in the CBD dis	D-2, and CBD- tricts also sha	3: <mark>Downtown</mark>	Central Business D	istricts (to be determined the trage, and height requirements	rough Downtown Plan proce <del>: in section 21.04.030D.</del>	<mark>ss)</mark>
Residential uses Other uses	6,000	<del>50</del>	100	N/A	N/A	AVA.	CBD-1: Nine stories  CBD-2: Five stories  CBD-3: Three stories
RO OC: Offic	e Commercial Distr	ict					
Dwelling, multi-family (minimum density of 18 dwelling units/acro if principal use on lot) All other uses	6,000	50	50	10	10 if adjacent to a residential district; otherwise 5	15 if adjacent to a residential district, otherwise 10	45
MC: Marine (	Commercial Distric	t					

# TABLE 21:06-2: TABLE OF DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS - COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL DISTRICTS (Additional Standards May Apply. See district specific standards in chapter 21.04 and use-specific standards in chapter 21.05.)

	Minimu	m lot dimensio	ons		Minimum setback requirer	ment (ft)		
Use	Area (sq ft)	Width (ft)	Max lot coverage (%)	Front	Side	Rear	Maximum height (ft)	
All uses	<mark>6,000</mark>	<u>50</u>	N/A	<u>10</u>	40 feet if abutting the bulkhead; otherwise 0 or at least 5  40 feet if abutting the bulkhead; otherwise 0 or at least 5		90 feet above mean sea level	
RC: Rural Co	ommercial District							
All uses	40,000	<del>120</del>	<u>50</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>25</u>	<del>35</del>	
I <u>-1</u> C: Industr	ial / Commercial Di	strict						
All uses	6,000	50	<u>N/A</u> <del>100</del>	<u>10</u> 5	equal to that required by the	district, the setback shall be residential district; otherwise one	50	
I-1 & I-2: Indu	strial Districts							
All uses	6,000	50	<u>N/A</u> <del>100</del>	10	twice that required by the r	If adjacent to a residential district, the setback shall be twice that required by the residential district; otherwise None		
MI: Marine In	ndustrial							
All uses	<u>6,000</u>	<u>50</u>	N/A	<u>10</u>	40 feet if abutting the bulkhe	ead; otherwise 0 or at least 5	Within 50 feet of a residential district, no portion of any structure shall exceed the height limit of that district; otherwise none	

#### C. Table of Dimensional Standards: Mixed-Use Districts

Minimum lot dimensions   Setbacks   Max							L STANDARDS - MIXED-USE			
NMU: Neighborhood Mixed-Use District   Mix: 20 ft.   Mix			(Additio	nal Standard	s May Apply. See district-	specific standard	s in chapter 21.04 and use-sp	oecific stan		
NMU: Neighborhood Mixed-Use District   Min: 0 ft.   Max: 20 ft.   A minimum of 30% of the front building elevation lagade shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]   10 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   15 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   0.5 adjacent to abutting a		Minim	ium lot d	limensions		Setbacks	May	Max floor area ratio (FAR) [1]		
All uses 6,000 50 Min: 0 ft.     Aminimum of 30% of the front building alevation feaded shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  CMU: Community Mixed-Use District  All uses 6,000 50 Min: 0 ft.     Aminimum of 50% of the front building sevation feaded shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  All uses 6,000 50 Min: 0 ft.     Aminimum of 50% of the front building selevation feaded shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  RMU: Regional Mixed-Use District  Min: 0 ft.     Max: 20 ft.     Aminimum of 30% of the front building selevation feaded shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  Min: 0 ft.     Aminimum of 30% of the front building alevation feaded shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  MMU: Midtown Mixed-Use District  Min: 0 ft.     Aminimum of 50% of the front building alevation feaded shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  MMU: Midtown Mixed-Use District  Min: 0 ft.     Aminimum of 50% of the front building alevation feaded shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  All uses 6,000 50 Fig.  MMU: Midtown Mixed-Use District  Min: 0 ft.     Aminimum of 50% of the front building alevation feaded shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  All uses 6,000 50 Fig.  MMU: Midtown Mixed-Use District  Min: 0 ft.     Aminimum of 50% of the front building alevation feaded shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  All uses 6,000 50 Fig.  MMU: Midtown Mixed-Use District  Min: 0 ft.     Aminimum of 50% of the front building alevation feaded shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  All uses 6,000 50 Fig.  Min: 0 ft.     Aminimum of 50% of the front building alevation feaded shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  All uses 6,000 50 Fig.  Min: 0 ft.     Aminimum of 50% of the front building alevation feaded shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  Min: 0 ft.     Aminimum of 50% of the front building alevation feaded sha	Uses	(sq		coverage	Front	Front Side		height	By Right	With Special Features
All uses 6,000 50	NMU: Ne	eighborh	nood Mix	ed-Use Distr	ict					
Min: 0 ft.   Max: 20 ft.   A minimum of 50% of the front building elevation façade shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]   I0 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district or across an alley from a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0   I5 adjacent to abutting a recidential district; otherwise 0   I5 adja	All uses	6,000	50		Max: 20 ft. A minimum of 30% of the front building elevation façade shall be within the	abutting a residential district; otherwise	residential district or across an alley from a residential district;	45	<u>0.5</u> <del>0.7</del>	
All uses 6,000 50 Min: 0 ft.  MMU: Midtown Mixed-Use District MT-1: Midtown District Core  Min: 0 ft.  All uses 6,000 50 Min: 0 ft.  All uses 6,000 50 Min: 0 ft.  Min: 0 ft.  All uses 6,000 50 Min: 0 ft.  All uses 6,	CMU: Co	ommuni	ty Mixed-	Use District						
All uses 6,000 50 Min: 0 ft. Max: 20 ft. A minimum of 30% of the front building elevation façade shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  MMU: Midtown Mixed-Use District MT-1: Midtown District Core  All uses 6,000 50 Min: 0 ft. Max: 20 ft. A minimum of 50% of the front building façade shall be within the maximum front setback. [2] Min: 0 ft. Max: 20 ft. A minimum of 50% of the front building façade shall be within the maximum front setback. [2] Min: 0 ft. A minimum of 50% of the front building façade shall be within the maximum front setback. [2] Min: 0 ft. A minimum of 50% of the front building façade shall be within the maximum front setback. [2] Min: 0 ft. A minimum of 50% of the front building façade shall be within the maximum front setback. [2] Min: 0 ft. A minimum of 50% of the front building façade shall be within the maximum front setback. [2] Min: 0 ft. Min: 0 f		,,,,,,,,			Max: 20 ft. A minimum of 50% of the front building elevation façade shall be within the	abutting a residential district; otherwise	residential district or across an alley from a residential district;	60	1	
All uses 6,000 50 Max: 20 ft. A minimum of 30% of the front building elevation façade shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  MMU: Midtown Mixed-Use District Min: 0 ft. Max: 20 ft. A minimum of 30% of the front building elevation façade shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  MMU: Midtown Mixed-Use District Min: 0 ft. Max: 20 ft. A minimum of 50% of the front building façade shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  All uses 6,000 50 Min: 0 ft. A minimum of 50% of the front building façade shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  All uses 6,000 ft. A minimum of 50% of the front building façade shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  MIT-1: Midtown District Core  15 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5  15 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5  15 adjacent to abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5	RMU: Re	egional I	<b>Wixed-Us</b>	se District						
All uses 6,000 50 Min: 0 ft.  A minimum of 50% of the front building façade shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  Min: 0 ft.  A minimum of 50% of the front building façade shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  Min: 0 ft.  10 abutting a residential district or across an alley from a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5		,,,,,,,,			Max: 20 ft. A minimum of 30% of the front building elevation façade shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]	abutting a residential district; otherwise 0 or at least 5	residential district or across an alley from a residential district;	60	<u>1</u> 5	
All uses 6,000 50 Max: 20 ft.  A minimum of 50% of the front building façade shall be within the maximum front setback. [2]  10 abutting a residential district or across an alley from a residential district; otherwise or at least 5 or at least 5	MMU: M	idtown I	Mixed-Us	e District M	Γ-1: Midtown District Core	9				
MT-2: Midtown District General		2,222			Max: 20 ft. A minimum of 50% of the front building façade shall be within the maximum	residential district; otherwise	or across an alley from a residential district; otherwise 0	<del>_180</del>	<del>10</del>	
	MT-2: M	idtown [	District G	<mark>eneral</mark>						
11. So FAR Insortives for mixed use districts at 21.04.0200.2									-	

<sup>[1]</sup> See FAR Incentives for mixed-use districts at 21.04.030O.2.

<sup>[2]</sup> See subsection 21.06.030A.5., Maximum Setbacks. The area of the maximum front setback between the lot line and the portion of the building required to be within the maximum front setback shall be designed for pedestrian use or landscaping and shall be free of motor vehicles at all times.

		TABLE 2 Additional	1:06-3: TABLE OF DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS - Standards May Apply. See district-specific stan use-specific standards in chapter 21.	MIXED-USE DI dards in chapte .05.)	STRICTS or 21.04 and	
Uses	Distr Min.	ict Size	Front Setbacks	Buildi Maximum Height (Ft)	ng Bulk and Min. Lot Coverage	Height Maximum Floor Area Ratio
NMU: N	leighbork	nood Mixed	d Use District			
All	<b>&gt;</b> 4	25 acres	Min: 0 ft.  Max: 20 ft.  A minimum of 30% of the front building façade shall be within the maximum front setback.  (illustration available soon) [3]  20-foot minimum setback for 3 <sup>rd</sup> story uses	<del>45 feet</del>	<del>25%</del>	0.67:1 FAR [1] [2]
CCMU:	Commu	nity Comm	ercial Mixed Use District			
All	15 acres	<del>160</del> acres	Min: 0 ft.  Max: 20 ft.  A minimum of 50% of the front building façade shall be within the maximum front setback.  (illustration available soon) [3]	<del>60 feet</del>	<del>35%</del>	1.0:1 FAR [1] [2]
RCMU:	Regiona	Commerc	cial Mixed-Use District			
All	50 acres	None	Min: 0 ft.  Max: 20 ft.  A minimum of 30% of the front building façade shall be within the maximum front setback.  (illustration available soon) [3]	-75 feet	<del>35%</del>	5:1 FAR
MMU:	Midtown	Mixed-Use	District			
All	50 acres	None	Min: 0 ft. Max: 20 ft. A minimum of 50% of the front building façade shall be within the maximum front setback. (illustration available soon) [3]	180 feet	<del>35%</del>	10:1 FAR
NOTES	:			1		

[1]: Floor Area Ratio *Mixed-use Incentive*: An additional 0.5 FAR is not included in the calculation of maximum allowable FAR if the additional 0.5 FAR is residential, and residential is 35\_50% or more of the gross floor area of the development project.

[2]: Floor Area Ratio *Private Usable Open Space Incentive*: An additional <u>0.1</u>1.0 FAR is not included in the calculation of maximum allowable FAR if the additional <u>0.1</u>1.0 FAR is residential, and the majority of residential dwellings in the development project each have at least 72 square feet of *private usable open space*.

[3] The area of the maximum front setback between the lot line and the portion of the building within the maximum front setback shall be designed for pedestrian use or landscaping, and shall be free of motor vehicles at all times.

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#### 1 D. Table of Dimensional Standards: Other Districts

# TABLE 21:06-4: TABLE OF DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS - OTHER DISTRICTS (Additional Standards May Apply. See district-specific standards in chapter 21.04 and use-specific standards in chapter 21.05.)

				-specific staridar			
Uses	Minimun dimensi	ons	Max lot coverage	Minimum	setback requirem	nents (ft)	Maximum height (ft)
	Area (sq ft)	Width (ft)	(%)	Front	Side	Rear	
AD: Airport De							
All	4,000	20	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A		Not applicable, except that within 250 feet of any residential district boundary, no portion of any structure shall exceed the height limitations of that residential district
AF: Antenna F	arm District			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	i e	
All	87,120	120	50	50	25	25	Unlimited, except that structures shall not interfere with FAA regulations on airport approaches
DR: Developm	ent Reserve						
All	5 acres	100	20	when the at residential; oth equal to the ana	d rear setbacks shoutting district is P nerwise, the setba alogous minimum sabutting district.	R, PLI, or cks shall be	35
M: Marine Dis	t <del>rict</del>						
All	6,000	<del>50</del>	<del>100</del>		Nor	<del>10</del>	90 feet above mean sea level
PR and PLI: Pa	arks and Recre	ation, and	d Public Lands	and Institutions	Districts		
All	6,000	50	45	when the abu residential; oth equal to the ana	d rear setbacks sh tting district is DR nerwise, the setba alogous minimum s abutting district.	, PR, PLI or cks shall be	Unrestricted, except where buildings exceed 35 feet in height adjacent to a residential use or district, the minimum setback requirements shall be increased one foot for each 1.5 feet in height exceeding 35 feet
TA: Turnagain	Arm District						
Residential (Bird Creek, Indian Valley, Portage inholdings)	50,000	100	20	25	15	25	
Residential (Rainbow Valley inholdings)	216, 300	100	20	25	15	25	35, unless a conditional use permit is
Commercial (without sewers)	50,000	100	25	25	15	25	obtained for greater height
Industrial (without sewers)	50,000	100	25	25	15	25	
Institutional (without sewers)	50,000			25			
W: Watershed	District					•	
All	N/A	N/A	5	N/A	N/A	N/A	50

### 21.06.030 MEASUREMENTS AND EXCEPTIONS

#### A. Setbacks

#### 1. Required Setbacks

- a. Setbacks shall be located as shown in the illustrations at the end of the chapter.
- **b.** A building, structure, or lot shall not be developed, used, or occupied unless it meets the minimum setback requirements set forth in section 21.06.020 for the zoning district in which it is located, except as otherwise established in this title for particular uses, or unless a variance or minor modification has been granted.
- **c.** Setbacks shall be unoccupied and unobstructed by any structure, except as provided in subsection A.2. below, and except that fences, walls, trellises, poles, posts, ornaments, furniture and other customary yard accessories may be permitted in any setback subject to height limitations and requirements limiting obstruction of visibility.
- **d.** A setback or other open space required by this title shall not be included as part of a setback or other open space required by this title for another building or structure or lot.
- **e.** The entire "pole" portion of a flag lot shall be considered a front setback.
- Setbacks shall apply to platted private streets.

#### 2. Projections into Required Setbacks

The following structures or features may project into required front, side, or rear setbacks as specified in this subsection:

#### a. Paved Terraces

Paved terraces may project into any required setback, provided that no structures placed there shall violate other requirements of this title.

#### b. Unroofed Landings, Decks, and Stairs

Except as provided in subsection 2.c. below, unroofed landings, decks, and stairs may project into required front and rear setbacks only, provided that no portion other than a handrail shall extend higher than 30 inches above the finished grade level.

#### c. Roofs Over Porches and Other Exterior Approaches

Roofs over porches, stairways, landings, terraces, or other exterior approaches to pedestrian doorways may encroach up to five feet into a front setback, provided that, where such roof projections encroach within the setback, the roof projections shall comprise no more than 50 percent of the total length of a building's front elevation façade. The covered porch or entrance area encroaching into the setback shall remain exterior to the building, and unenclosed or only partly enclosed, as by a handrail railing.

#### d. Incidental Architectural Features

Windowsills, fireplace chases, belt courses, cornices, eaves and similar incidental architectural features may project up to two feet into any required setback.

1 2 3 4 5		e. Bay Windows  Bay windows, measuring no more than eight feet in width where the projection breaks the plane of the wall, may project up to two feet into any required setback, so long as there is a minimum of eight feet between the bay window and any opposing encroachment bay window on an adjacent lot.
6 7 8		f. Private Garage or Carport  A private garage or carport may project into a required side or rear setback abutting an alley.
9 10		g. Accessory Structures As allowed in 21.05.070B.3.
11 12 13		h. Handicap Access Ramps The director may allow the installation of handicap access ramps with handrails in any required setback if they meet the following criteria:
14		The ramp is neither roofed nor enclosed;
15 16		There are no switchbacks over 30 inches in height; The ramp is architecturally compatible with the structure in design and bulk; and
17		iii. The width of the ramp does not exceed 48 inches.
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	3.	Construction on Adjoining Lots In determining minimum setback requirements, each lot shall be determined individually and minimum setback requirements may not be calculated on the basis of two or more combined lots. In all instances where a building may be constructed immediately adjacent to a lot line, the building may be constructed upon or over such lot line, provided that the portion of the building on each individual lot is otherwise permitted on each lot and provided further that the building complies with building code requirements.
25 26 27	4.	Corner Lots with Two or More Frontages and Double-Frontage Lots In the case of corner lots with two or more frontages and double-frontage lots, the director shall determine the setback requirements subject to the following limitations:
28 29		<b>a.</b> At least one front setback shall be provided having the full depth required generally in the district.
30 31		<b>b.</b> No other front setback on such lot shall have less than half the depth required generally for front setbacks in the district.
32 33 34 35		c. For residential lots of less than one acre in area and for non-residential lots, To the maximum extent feasible, setbacks shall be consistent with surrounding properties, with more weight given to abutting properties oriented in the same pattern.
36 37 38		<b>d.</b> For residential lots of one acre or greater in area, the property owner, with the concurrence of the traffic engineer, has discretion over which frontage shall be the primary front setback.
39 40 41	5.	Maximum Setbacks  Maximum setbacks are intended to help create an environment that is inviting to pedestrians and transit users, and a more active streetscape. Maximum setbacks

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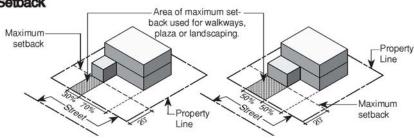
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promote buildings closer to the sidewalk and a stronger interface between buildings and adjoining streets. The requirements of this subsection provide for flexibility and creativity, and allow improvements to existing developments that do not meet the standard.

#### Measurement and Applicability

The maximum setback applies to the ground level, street-facing elevation of the building, as depicted below.

#### Application of Maximum Setback



Example of Application of Maximum Setback for 30% of the front building elevation

Example of Application of Maximum Setback for 50% of the front building elevation

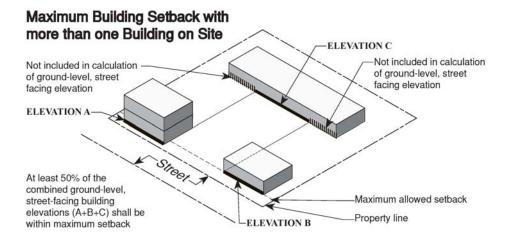
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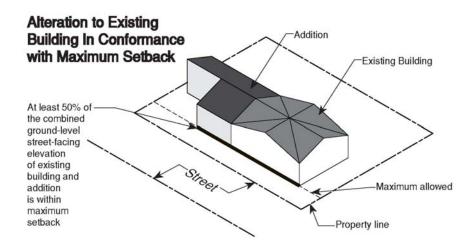
- 10 11
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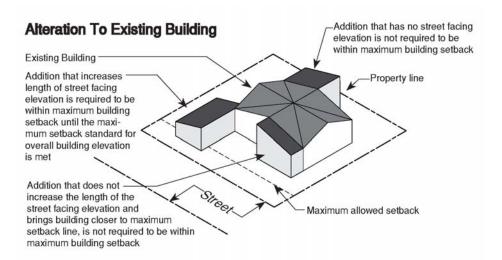
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- On lots with two or more street frontages, the maximum setback shall apply only on the primary front setback. When the site abuts a street designed on an adopted plan as a Main Street, a Transit Street, or a Mixed-Use Street, the location of the maximum setback may be changed with the concurrence of the director.
- Where there is more than one building on the site, the maximum setback standard applies to the combined ground level, street-facing elevations of all the buildings, as depicted below.



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For all multi-building sites except those which fall under the Large Commercial Establishment regulations, the order of construction shall ensure that this standard is met at all times.

wi. Where the required setback from a projected right-of-way is equal to or greater than the maximum setback, the maximum setback shall be measured from the projected right-of-way setback line.

#### b. <u>Use of Maximum Setback Area</u>

- Vehicular parking and circulation is not permitted in between the street and the portion of the building that is used to comply with this subsection.
- The area between the front lot line and the portion of the building that is used to comply with this subsection shall be designed to be sidewalk or walkway, building entrance plaza, pedestrian plaza, open space,

1 2 3 4				landscaping, and/or courtyard areas. Where landscaping is provided, the area shall meet the specifications for site enhancement landscaping. One pedestrian amenity as defined by this title is required for every 300 square feet of maximum setback area.
5 6 7 8		c.	Except i.	The maximum front setback may be exceeded if the area between the building and the front property line is landscaped or hardscaped for use by pedestrians.
9 10 11			ii.	For buildings where all the floor area is in residential use, the street-facing façade of a covered porch qualifies for meeting this standard. The porch shall have at least one entrance accessible from the street.
12 13 14 15		d.	with a	ctions the following uses are either single principal uses on a lot, or are combined building of less than 5,000 square feet gfa, they are exempt from the um setback requirement:
16			i.	Food and beverage kiosks;
17			ii.	Fueling stations; and
18			iii.	Vehicle service and repair, major or minor.
19 20 21 22 23 24	6.	Setbac a.	No new permit Plan for there	Planned Utility Transmission Facilities  w structural or land development activity requiring a building or land use shall be permitted within the minimum area stated in the Utility Corridor planned electrical or telecommunication transmission facilities for which is a projected easement or right-of-way, except as allowed under aph 6.b., below.
25 26 27		b.		lowing uses and activities are permitted, with written acknowledgement of nation with the affected utilities, within the setbacks described in paragraph pove:
28			i.	Sidewalks, walkways, and trails;
29			ii.	Bus shelters and bus turnouts;
30			iii.	Kiosks and seating units;
31			iv.	Utilities, utility easements and utility-related structures;
32 33 34			V.	Landscaping required by section 21.07.080, <i>Landscaping, Screening, and Fences</i> , and consisting of ground cover, shrubs and understory trees whose maximum height does not exceed 30 feet;
35 36			vi.	Surface parking required by section 21.07.090, Off-Street Parking and Loading;
37			vii.	Temporary parking as described in section 21.05.080;
38			viii.	Additional parking to that required by this title;

- 1 ix. Open space; 2 Fences and signs; X. 3 xi. Retaining walls; 4 xii. Remodeling of or addition to structures existing as of February 27, 1990, 5 so long as it does not further intrude within the setback area after that 6 date: and 7 xiii. Driveways and vehicular access points. 8
  - **c.** Applicable setback requirements stated elsewhere in this title may include the area of setback for electrical transmission facilities.

#### 7. Setbacks from Projected Rights-of-Way

#### a. Minimum Setback

Except as allowed under subsection 7.b. below, no new structural or land development activity requiring a building or land use permit shall be permitted within the minimum setback set forth in the table below from the existing or projected centerline of a street designated on the *Official Streets and Highways Plan* (OSHP), within 25 feet from the existing or projected centerline of a dedicated local street, or within 30 feet from the existing or projected centerline of a street, road reservation, or public use easement not so designated on the OSHP, but designated in an adopted neighborhood or district plan.

TABLE 21.06-5: SETBACKS FROM PROJECTED RIGHTS-OF-WAY CENTERLINE				
	Street Class on Official Streets and Highways Plan	Setback from Centerline (feet)		
IC	Neighborhood Collector			
IIA	Minor Arterial	30		
IIIC	Undivided Major Arterial			
IB	Neighborhood Collector	35		
I	Residential Collector			
IA	Industrial Commercial Collector	40		
II	Minor Arterial			
III	Divided Major Arterial	50		
IIIB	Undivided Major Arterial			
IIIA	Divided Major Arterial	65		
IV				
V	<u>Freeway</u>	75		
Local S	<mark>Street</mark>	<u>25</u>		

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1 2 3	b.	The fo	Itted Uses Within Setback Illowing uses and activities are permitted within the setbacks described in aph 7.a., above:
4		i.	Sidewalks, walkways, and trails;
5		ii.	Bus shelters and bus turnouts;
6		iii.	Kiosks, seating units and skywalks;
7		iv.	Canopies, awnings, incidental architectural features, and public art;
8		v.	Utilities and utility easements;
9 10 11		vi.	Temporary parking, temporary open space and usable yards, temporary fences and signs, or temporary retaining walls, as described in paragraph 7.d., below;
12		vii.	Additional parking to that required by this title;
13		viii.	Landscaping, but not required landscaping;
14 15 16 17		ix.	Remodeling of or addition to structures existing as of May 19, 1987, so long as such remodeling or addition does not further intrude within the setback area or increase the floor area of the structure within the setback area; and
18		x.	Driveways and vehicular access.
19 20 21	c.	Applica	ional Setback Requirements able setback requirements stated elsewhere in this chapter shall be in to those stated in this subsection 21.06.030A.7.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	d.	As use means and the a road 21.06. retaining area of	orary Features ed in this subsection 21.06.030A.7.d., the term "temporary" or "temporarily" that period of time between the issuance of a building or land use permit e right of entry conveyed to the municipality or other government entity for d project that affects the setback area required by this subsection 030A.7.d. Parking, open space and usable yards, fences and signs, and ng walls required by this title may be provided temporarily within a setback described in this subsection 21.06.030A.7.d. only if the director and the engineer first find that:
31 32		i.	The temporary features to be used on the lot conform to all other applicable requirements of this title;
33 34 35 36		ii.	An alternate site plan has been submitted with an application for a building or land use permit for permanent required features on the lot, excluding all setback areas thereon, in conformance with all applicable requirements of this title; and
37 38 39		iii.	An agreement between the owner of the lot and the municipality has been executed and recorded so as to give notice of the temporary requirements to be applied to the lot and of the date or event by which

the temporary features shall be abandoned in favor of the permanent configuration stated in the alternate site plan.

#### 8. Sight Distance Triangles

Sight distance triangles shall be unobstructed as required by title 9.

#### a. Prohibition

No person may place within a sight distance triangle area any structure between 2½ feet and eight feet above the nearest curb or street centerline grade, whichever is higher, except for:

- A public utility pole;
- ii. A tree that is trimmed so that the trunk is bare to a height of eight feet measured from the nearest curb or street centerline grade, whichever is higher; or
- iii. A warning sign or signal installed on the lot by a government agency.

#### o. Definition

As used in this section, the term "sight distance triangle" refers to the roadway area visible to the driver. The required length is the distance necessary to allow safe vehicular egress from a street, driveway, or alley to a major street. Criteria for required sight distance are given below.

#### c. Criteria

The sight distance triangle is shown in the figure below and described as follows:

- Point A is located on the minor approach 15 feet from the edge of major road travelway;
- ii. Point B1 is located in the center of lane 1;
- iii. Point B2 is located in the center of lane 2;
- Points C1 and C2 are located based on the design speed of the major road and is the distance shown in Table 21.06-6; and
- Point A is connected to Points C1 and C2 by a straight line.

<del>Table 21.06-6: Requir</del> Sight Distan	red Sight Distances in uce Triangles
Speed Limit (mph)	Sight Distance (ft)
<del>60</del>	<del>650</del>
<del>50</del>	<del>515</del>
<del>40</del>	<del>415</del>
<del>30</del>	<del>310</del>
<del>20</del>	<del>210</del>





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10	В.	Lot Co	overage <del>and Floor Area Ratio (FAR)</del>
11 12 13 14		1.	Lot Coverage Requirement Generally  No building, structure, or lot shall be developed, used, or occupied unless it meets the lot coverage and FAR requirements set forth in this chapter section 21.06.020 or in chapter 21.04, for the zoning district in which it is located.
15 16 17		2.	Structures Not Considered in Measuring Lot Coverage Unless otherwise provided in this title, all structures shall be considered in determining lot coverage except for the following:
18 19			a. Structures less than 30 inches above the finished grade level (such as paved terraces or ground-level decks);
20 21			<b>b.</b> Windowsills, bay windows, fireplace chases, belt courses, cornices, eaves, and similar incidental architectural features;
22 23			<b>c.</b> Handicap ramps that comply with section 21.06.030A.2.h., <i>Handicap Access Ramps</i> , above;
24 25			<b>d.</b> Fences, trellises, poles, posts, ornaments, lawn furniture, and similar and customary yard accessories; and
26			e. Hot tubs.
27	C.	Floor /	Area Ratio
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35		1.	Purpose Floor area ratio (FAR) establishes the amount of use (the intensity) on a site. FAR provides a means to match the potential amount of uses with the intended functions and character of the area and the provision of public infrastructure and services. FARs also work with the height, setback, and lot coverage standards to ensure the overall bulk of development is compatible with the area. It is also the purpose of this title to provide floor area ratio bonuses to encourage development characteristics that advance community objectives, such as affordable housing, below grade parking, and open space.

For the NMU, CMU, RMU, MT-1 and MT-2 zoning districts, table 21.06-3 establishes the maximum FAR for each district. Increases in allowable FAR are available through incentives provided in the mixed-use district standards at 21.04.030O.

#### b. **Downtown and Other Districts**

Maximum FAR in the DT-1, DT-2, DT-3, R-4, R-4A, and other districts in which FARs may apply are established within the district-specific standards in chapter 21.04. Increases in allowable FAR are available through incentives also provided in the district-specific standards.

#### **FAR Bonus Review**

An administrative site plan review shall be conducted on all developments proposed for a floor area ratio bonus, unless exempted in writing by the director.

#### d. **FAR Bonus Agreement**

Where a special feature is to be provided in order to receive an FAR bonus, the owner shall grant to the municipality a written agreement ensuring the continued

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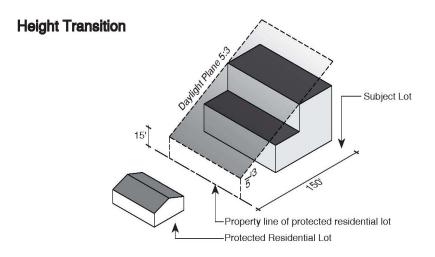
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provision of the special feature, which shall be recorded as a covenant running 1 2 with the land, binding upon all successors and assigns, and enforceable by the 3 municipality, prior to the issuance of any building or land use permit for the 4 development. 5 D. Height 6 **Airport Height Overlay District** 7 Nothing in this section allows a building, structure, or appurtenance to exceed the height limitations of the Airport Height Overlay District (21.04.060C.). 8 9 2. **Rules for Measuring Height** 10 Building height shall be measured as the vertical distance from grade plane to the midpoint of the highest roof surface, as shown in the illustrations at the end of 11 12 the chapter, subject to C.2. and C.3. below. 13 Structures that are not buildings shall be measured as the vertical distance from grade plane to the highest point of the structure. Fences on top of retaining walls 14 shall be measured from grade on the highest side of the retaining wall. 15 16 3. **Grade Plane Reference Datum** 17 The grade plane reference datum for determination of structure building height shall be 18 selected by either of the following, whichever yields a greater height of structure building: 19 The elevation of the highest adjoining sidewalk or ground surface within a fivea. 20 foot horizontal distance from the exterior wall of the building, when such sidewalk 21 or ground surface is not more than ten feet above lowest grade within a five-foot 22 horizontal distance from the exterior wall of the building. 23 b. An elevation ten feet higher than the lowest grade when the sidewalk or ground 24 described in the subsection 3.a., above, is more than ten feet above the lowest 25 grade. 26 **Existing Grade** 27 The elevation of base points for determining grade plane and structure height shall be 28 measured using the existing grade of a lot prior to construction, exclusive of any artificial embankment or where the ground has been built up to increase the ground elevation 29 30 around the building. In no case shall the existing grade be altered to obtain a higher 31 structure than is otherwise permitted in the district. 32 5. **Height Exceptions** 33 Except as specifically provided elsewhere in this title, the height limitations contained in 34 this chapter do not apply to spires and similar religious appurtenances, belfries, cupolas, 35 flagpoles, chimneys, antennas, rooftop mechanical equipment heating and ventilation 36 equipment, elevator housings, stairwell towers, elevator penthouses, parapets, firewalls, 37 open or transparent railings, solar reflectors, photovoltaic panels, skylights, or similar 38 appurtenances; provided, however, the following: 39 The appurtenance does not interfere with Federal Aviation Regulations, Part 77, a. 40 Objects Affecting Navigable Airspace; 41 The appurtenances cumulatively cover no more than one-third of the roof area of b. the building, except that when it has been demonstrated to the director and the 42

#### c. Standard

Structures on the subject lot shall not penetrate a daylight plane that rises inward over the subject lot at an angle of five feet of run for every three feet of rise, and starting from a height of 15 feet above existing grade at the nearest lot line of the residential (protected) lot.



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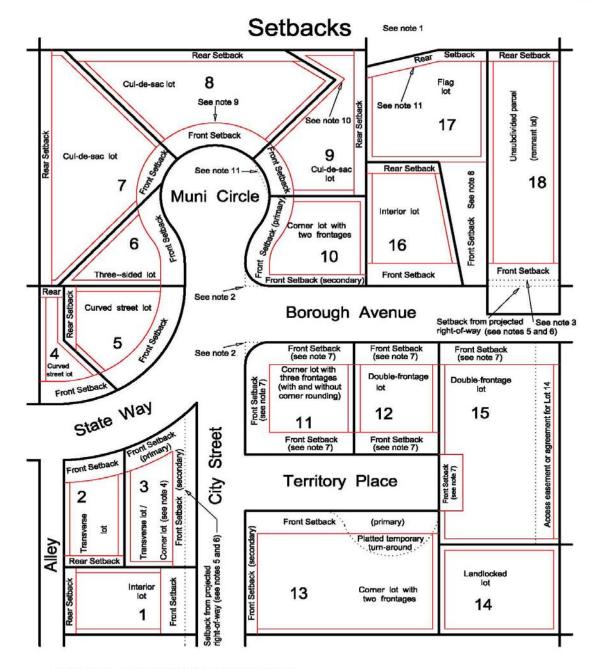
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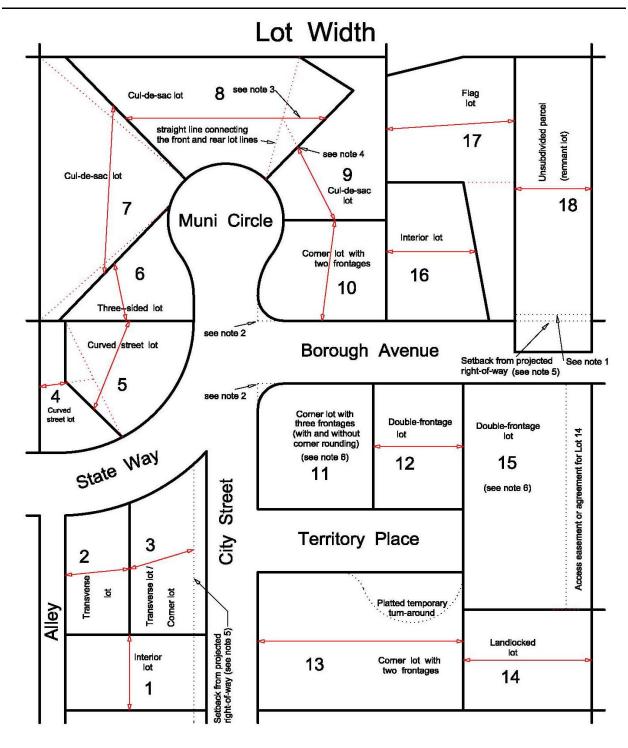
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#### d. Exceptions

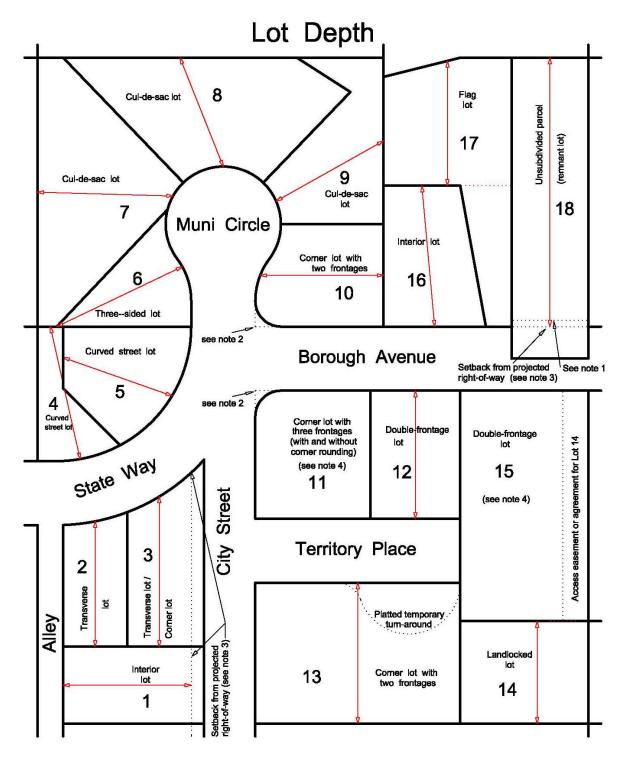
- Height exceptions in subsection D.5. above are not subject to the height transitions standard.
- <u>The director may exempt any portion of a proposed development which, being already completely blocked from the protected property by existing permanent structures or topography, will have not additional impact.</u>
- The director may exempt a proposed development if, because of topography or lot dimensions or configuration, the height transitions provisions would unduly restrict permissible development, and reasonable use cannot otherwise be made of the site of the proposed development.
- iv. Exceptions shall be the minimal action that would afford relief and shall cause the least interference possible with the intended protections for the residential lots.



- 1. All setbacks not called out in the illustration are side setbacks.
- 2. Front property lines intersect by extrapolation.
- 3. Section line easement, BLM road reservation, road or public use easement.
- 4. On corner, double-frontage, and three-sided lots, there are no rear setbacks, but only front and side setbacks.
- 5. The area between the property line and the setback from projected right-of-way is subject to the same regulations as a front setback.
- 6. The front setback is measured from the setback from projected right-of-way. See Section 21.06.020A.7.
- The director shall determine the depth of the front setbacks. Until such determination, full-depth setbacks apply on all frontages. See Section 21.06.020A.4.
- 8. The depth of this setback shall not be less than that requried generally in the zoning district.
- 9. The setback follows the curve of the lot line.
- 10. Side setbacks are extended to intersect.
- 11. The rear property line is the line (or lines intersecting at an interior angle of not less than 135 degrees) most parallel to the front lot line or chord of the front lot line.



- 1. Section line easement, BLM road reservation, road or public use easement.
- 2. Front property lines intersect by extrapolation.
- 3. The measurement extends to the side property lines. See Section 21.13.030.
- 4. The measurement does not extend beyond the property lines. See Section 21.13.030.
- 5. The setback from projected right-of-way is considered the front property line for computing lot width.
- 6. When the definitions do not unambiguously identify the lot width, the Director shall determine the lot width.



- 1. Section line easement, BLM road reservation, road or public use easement.
- 2. Front property lines intersect by extrapolation.
- 3. The setback from projected right-of-way is considered a property line for computing lot depth.
- 4. When the definitions do not unambiguously identify the lot depth, the Director shall determine the lot depth.

